

Patagonia Has the Finest
All-Year-Round Climate in
the United States; Altitude
4053 Feet; Good Schools

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

Patagonia Has Some Very
Promising Silver, Lead and
Copper Mines That Need
Capital to Develop Them

VOL. XIII

(\$2.00 a Year in Advance)

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA, FRIDAY, JUNE 26, 1925

(Single Copy 5 Cents)

NO. 29

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Among the Patagonians in attendance at the Elk's Birthday celebration were the following: Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Northcraft, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bethell, Ed Hahline, R. A. Campbell, E. F. Bohlinger, Val Valenzuela Jr., Fred Valenzuela, George T. Coughlin, P. M. Etchells and Howard Keener. An enjoyable time was had by all.

FOR RENT—4-room house in foothills of the Santa Rita mountains; has sleeping porch, hot and cold water, shower bath; \$25 a month, furnished. Inquire R. C. Larimore, Sonoma, Arizona. 1tp

George D. Elliott, manager of the Dixie Queen mine, came in from his camp Saturday, to spend a few days at the Commercial hotel.

The local immigration officers captured a Chinaman Monday who was headed for the interior without a passport. Tuesday the officers picked up three Mexican aliens. All of the men were returned to Nogales for deportation.

A. C. Bernard and Howard Griffin were week-end visitors at the Commercial hotel.

Mrs. K. R. Wilson of Tucson is spending a couple of weeks at the Commercial hotel.

J. W. Hildred and C. W. McHenry of Tucson spent a couple of days in Patagonia this week looking over mining properties.

WANTED—Children to board; \$20 by the month. Write or see Mrs. Bud Baldwin, San Rafael Valley, Ariz.

F. A. Berg of Phoenix was calling on the local merchants Wednesday.

Miss Hulda Ashburn left Saturday with a number of friends from Tucson for a visit to the Grand Canyon. They will be gone for two weeks.

Frank Sweeney of Tucson was in Patagonia Monday on business.

W. H. Hayward of Los Angeles was a Patagonia visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hooks and family returned Sunday from a week's vacation in the White mountains.

Mrs. C. J. Trask and Sara Baker left Wednesday for Nogales for a few days' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pierce and children have gone to Paradise Valley for a week's outing.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Etchells and children have returned to their home at Mansfield after a week spent in the county seat.

R. E. Kohler of Douglas was in town Saturday on mining business.

Neil McDonald of the Alta mine, in the Harsha district, was in town Wednesday for supplies.

Misses Falkner and Dooley of the Big Jim mine visited Miss Helen May at Crittenden Thursday.

J. J. Peterson, Geo. T. Coughlin, Tony Valenzuela, Mike Long, Mike Hogan of the Big Jim mine were in town Thursday.

John Vanderwalker was in town Thursday from the Salero district.

Fred Kollberg moved the last of his machinery to Salero Wednesday. He is installing a mill at the Eureka mine and expects to have it operating soon.

Mrs. James M. Little and Mrs. Bloodgood spent Wednesday and Thursday in Warren visiting friends.

Stanley Stoddard of Vaughn was a Sunday visitor at the T. G. Dunham ranch in the San Rafael Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Kinsley and daughter, Thelma, spent Sunday at the ranch of Elborg Kinsley in the San Rafael Valley.

Mrs. Merna Brown of Globe is at the San Rafael Valley ranch of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Williamson, where she will spend the summer.

San Juan's day, June 24, was celebrated by the Mexican population with a dance, which was well attended.

Mrs. Albert Gatlin and daughter, Ruth, motored to Bisbee Saturday. They were accompanied by Mrs. H. H. McCutchan and children.

Mrs. J. H. Reagan has gone to Sonora to join her husband, who is operating a mine there.

Sy Swyers was a Monday visitor in Nogales.

Fred Valenzuela, immigration inspector, left for his post at Naco following a month's visit in Patagonia with relatives and friends.

Dick Amado of Patagonia will box Bob Mandell of San Diego at Nogales July 4th, under auspices of the American Legion.

Tuesday while Pat Perez was driving down the Eureka hill, at Salero, the brake on his wagon failed to work. One of the horses were killed and Pat sustained a sprained ankle by jumping off the wagon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Trask were Nogales visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bethell were Nogales visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Nell McDonald spent a couple of days last week in Nogales, the guest of Mrs. Ed Wood.

A license was issued last week in Tombstone for the marriage in Warren, Ariz., of Miss Hazel Wilson of Patagonia and Ed. Goodman of Warren. Miss Wilson is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Wilson.

Ed Sheehy, customs inspector at Litchfield, was a week-end visitor in Nogales.

A dance will be held Saturday night at the San Rafael Valley schoolhouse. Everybody is invited to attend.

A dance will be held at the Calabasas schoolhouse Saturday night. Mrs. Hazel Sorrells will be hostess.

SEED FOR SALE—Black amber cane, corn, milo maize. Inquire Bud Baldwin, San Rafael Valley, Ariz.

Jose Corrales and Candido Matrechos were fined \$10 each on two counts of possessing and transporting liquor, and were given 30 days in jail in addition to the fines.

HEAVY RAIN VISITS SOUTHEASTERN PART OF THE COUNTY

San Juan's day fulfilled its duty in the expected manner by the precipitation of one of the heaviest rainfalls in the last five years in the southeastern part of the county. Wednesday, June 24, rain began falling about 7 o'clock in the evening and continued for several hours, flooding the country and filling all the dams and water holes to the brim. Canyons and creek beds were roaring rivers for the time being, and everybody is happy over the prospects of plenty of feed for the cattle as well as plenty of water. The farmers, too, are rejoicing, as the moisture means an opportunity to plant crops, which they have been unable to do so far this year.

It is estimated that at least two inches of rain fell in the San Rafael Valley, where the Mowry Wash overflowed its banks. Mowry, Harshaw, Washington Camp and Duquesne all report heavy precipitation.

The rain was rather light in Patagonia, where two heavy rains were reported last week.

"SHOWER" GIVEN FOR MISS ROSE WILLIAMSON

Saturday night a "shower" was given Miss Rose Williamson at the San Rafael Valley schoolhouse. Many useful and valuable presents were given the bride-to-be. A large crowd of friends attended. Dancing, ice cream and cake helped to pass away the pleasant event.

Strange things happen. Miss Minnie Murray, who won an Iowa beauty contest can also cook.

The only thing worse than a grouch is a cheerful idiot.

MARY ELLEN TRASK HONORED ON EIGHTH BIRTHDAY

The home of Mrs. R. C. Blabon was the scene of a birthday party Sunday afternoon, when a group of small guests were entertained in honor of the eighth birthday of her niece, Miss Mary Ellen Trask.

Blue and yellow crepe paper, arranged in a May pole effect, extended from the ceiling to the dining table, where each little girl found a blue and yellow basket filled with candy.

Following the opening and acknowledgment of the lovely presents, pineapple and strawberry ice cream and cake were served.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather, indoor games were played. The children enjoyed the party immensely and expressed a wish for another birthday party soon.

Those present included Marjorie Pierson, Edna Riggs, Harriet Evans, Lola Mead, Laura Valenzuela, Louise Stevens, Louise Baker, Ruby Steinborne, Jessie Gatlin, Catherine Carter, and Mary Ellen Trask.

CUMMING BOYS BOUND OVER FOR KILLING OF VILLA

Following an alleged duel near the Tumacacori mission June 18, Jim Cumming, prominent cattleman of Tubac, surrendered himself to the sheriff, admitting that he had killed Senobio Villa, one of his neighbors, after the latter had shot at him, claiming he shot in self-defense.

John Cumming, brother of Jim, was locked up also and is charged jointly with Jim with murder.

Testimony Monday in Justice C. L. Hardy's court was to the effect that Villa always went armed and that he was seen with a gun a half hour prior to the shooting.

No witnesses were present when the shooting took place except John Cumming, who testified that he was unarmed.

The men were released under bond of \$5000 each pending action of the grand jury.

SHAKE-UP IN DRY LAW PLANS

Washington, D. C.—The biggest shake-up in the enforcement machinery since prohibition was established in the United States has been ordered by the treasury department, effective August 1.

Ideals are queer things. They won't work unless you do.

ONE-DAY VOLUNTEERS WANTED FOR DEFENSE TEST DAY

Phoenix, June 26.—Enrollment of the greatest possible number of one-day volunteers by each unit of the defensive forces of the United States for the second national Defense Test is the goal toward which state and local committees are bending their efforts in preparation for the great nationwide patriotic demonstration to be held on the Fourth of July.

Success of the national Defense Test this year will be measured by the number of one-day volunteers secured for the units mustered in each corps area, by the number of men and women signing an expression signifying their support of the principles of national defense and their willingness to serve their country in the event of an emergency, and the total number participating in the patriotic demonstration.

In order to avoid congestion and delay in enrollment, local committees throughout the state are already at work signing up men between the ages of 18 and 45 for the National Defense Test. Each man enrolling is assigned to one of the units allocated to this community and is expected to march with his unit in the Defense Test parade on July 4. He incurs no other obligation, and his "enlistment" for the day simply signifies his willingness as a patriotic American citizen to serve his country if needed.

AMERICAN LEGION CONVENTION JULY 25 IN NOGALES

The American Legion convention to be held in Nogales July 2 to 5, inclusive, promises to be one of the largest gatherings ever held in the county seat of Santa Cruz county.

All arrangements are practically completed for the entertainment of the expected visitors. Among the sports arranged are dancing, swimming, baseball, boxing, etc.

Business sessions of the Legion will take up the first two days of the convention. There will be a grand parade at 2 p. m., July 4th, which will be led by the famous 25th Infantry band of Nogales.

Nogales will have on its best holiday attire in honor of the ex-service men, and many visitors are expected there, during the four days of the convention.

The fact that a woman will turn a man's head is the cause of many automobile accidents.

LORING IS BIG JIM DIRECTOR

Los Angeles.—William J. Loring, former president of the American Mining Congress and one of the leading mining authorities in this country, has become actively associated with the mining industry of the southwest. Announcement that Mr. Loring has been made a director of the Big Jim Mines, Inc., and has taken a substantial interest in the company was made Monday by A. G. Keating, president.

Loring's addition to the management of Big Jim is an indication of the national attention which the lead deposits of Arizona are attracting. The steady rise in the price of lead, the fact that no new mines are being discovered and the reported use of lead as a base for ethyl gas manufactured by some of the big eastern oil companies are factors which make this metal a favorite.

ELKS CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

The birthday celebration of the Nogales lodge of Elks was held Saturday and Sunday. The affair was attended by delegations of Elks from Tucson, Douglas, Globe, Bisbee and other Arizona cities. Many candidates were "buzzed" on the streets of the border city during the afternoon, Saturday, prior to the initiation ceremonies at the high school gymnasium later in the evening.

Among the candidates for initiation into the B. P. O. E. was Supervisor R. A. Campbell of Patagonia, who looked very dignified in a bright red and yellow swallow-tail suit during the afternoon "goat riding" of the candidates.

Sunday morning a special train bore the antlered herd and their friends to the Mascarenes ranch, in Sonora, where a barbecue, "badger" fight, dancing, and much cold beer were enjoyed. The special train returned to Nogales about 3:30 in the afternoon.

BIRTHS AND FRENCH MARINES FIRE ON CHINESE RIOTERS

Canton, China.—British and French marines protecting the British concession used machine guns June 23 against Chinese demonstrators who were parading along the Bund and around Shamen, the European quarter. One man was killed and several were wounded.

More to read in The Patagonian than found in most weeklies

Waiving of Grazing Fees For 1926 Favored by Greeley

Flagstaff, June 25.—(Special to The Patagonian)—The investigation which the subcommittee of the United States committee on public lands has been conducting in Arizona and which has been demanding the undivided attention of the entire state since the fourth of this month, when the first public hearing was held in Douglas, culminated June 17, when Col. Wm. B. Greeley, chief forester of the United States, announced highly important concessions to the demands of the Arizona stockmen for relief from conditions arising from the extreme drought of the last few years.

Waiver Extended

The chief forester stated that, after listening to the testimony of the stockmen at the various hearings of the senatorial subcommittee, consisting of United States Senators Ashurst and Cameron, of Arizona, that he would favor the extension of the waiver of forest grazing fees to include the year 1926 as has already been done for the present year.

Colonel Greeley stated that the appraisal of forest ranges in Arizona indicated that reductions should be made in fees over one-fourth of the area and that the policy concerning reductions would apply immediately, but where appraisals indicated that slight advances would be justified that such advances would in no case be made until the stock industry had recovered from its present depression.

He announced that the proposed cuts by the forest service in the number of sheep and cattle permitted to graze on the national forests of Arizona would be held in abeyance for this year at least on the Tusayan, the Coconino and the Sitgreaves forests of the north and that further investigation of the matter would be made on the other national forests of the state.

Will Allow Fences

He also stated that he would favor the establishment of local boards of appeal from the actions and decisions of the forest supervisors with representation being given to the cattle and sheep men as has been demanded by the stockmen at all of the hearings held in this state.

He also announced that a policy would also be worked out which would give national forest grazing permittees individual ranges which they could fence wherever practicable, and that the practice of allowing the dual use of ranges by both cattle and sheep would be abandoned wherever possible.

In regards to the complaints of the sheep growers that the established trails between the winter and the summer feeding grounds had been narrowed and that water holes and trails had been homesteaded until their use was rendered impracticable, Colonel Greeley announced that he had already issued instructions to all forest supervisors to cooperate with the stockmen in restoring the trail to a proper condition for use and to establish new routes wherever necessary.

Plans Improvements

He stated that the forest service will endeavor to work out new plans so that the proposed cuts in the number of livestock grazing on the national forests of this state will not have to be put into effect.

He said that he would recommend that the forest service cooperate on a 50-50 basis with the grazing permittees on the national forests in constructing necessary fences, and if congress would make the necessary appropriations he would be glad to have the forestry service assume the entire cost.

He stated that of the \$50,000 forest service funds available for range improvements during the fiscal year, \$23,000 would be expended on the Arizona forest ranges.

He testified that the investigation of the forest service had determined that a reasonable degree of grazing was not injurious to reforestation or conducive of erosion, but highly beneficial to the prevention of forest fires. He added that the forest service recognizes and appreciates that the stockmen assist in the extinguishing of thousands of small forest fires annually.

Would Construct Roads
In reply to questions put by Sena-

tor Cameron, Colonel Greeley said that he approved of the policy that the state construct a system of north and south roads in the state and that the forest service would cooperate by the construction of roads from the north line of Gila county to Flagstaff, and from the Old Trails road to the Grand Canyon. He agreed that the section of the Grand Canyon road in the national forest should be built and maintained by forest service funds. He expressed an opinion that congress should aid the construction of the entire project by direct appropriation.

Senator Ashurst stated that some evidence had been presented to the subcommittee that the national park service was holding up the work on the Grand Canyon approach road in order to force Coconino county to relinquish its title to the Bright Angel trail at the Grand Canyon.

Colonel Greeley stated that he had heard such rumors but that he knew nothing about it and was not a party to any such proceedings. He said that the forest service had set aside funds for the surveying of the Grand Canyon approach road over the national forest reservation and that the funds would be available on this first day of July.

ROSE WILLIAMSON AND J. W. BUCHANAN WED

Miss Rose Williamson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Williamson of the San Rafael Valley and James Wallace Buchanan of Warren, Ariz., were united in marriage Monday afternoon at the ranch of Miss Grace Van Osedale. The ceremony was performed by Justice of the Peace Howard Keener, in the presence of a few friends and relatives. Those present included Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Kinsley, Mrs. J. W. Williamson, the bride's mother; Miss Melvina Williamson, the bride's sister; Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Kinsley, Mrs. O. V. Kinsley of Sonoma, Miss Grace Van Osedale, and Mrs. Merna Brown of Globe, sister of the bride.

WHO DISCOVERED AMERICA?

Two recent events have received a troublesome old question.

In this Norse-American centennial speech President Coolidge referred to a Norse boy born in America 500 years before Columbus sailed. Some historians think that a Scandinavian colony existed in what is now Minnesota as early as 1350. This is supported by a stone found there bearing Norse characters which have been deciphered in Norway as referring to an early Norse settlement in America. At Richmond, Va., Italian-Americans wanted to erect a monument commemorating Columbus' discovery of America. The Ku Klux Klan objected and the city denied permission. However, this aroused the contrary faction to such an extent that the authorities were prevailed on to rescind their former action and designate a location for the statue.

No wonder our hens look so mad. We eat three billion eggs every year.

MICKIE SAYS—

SPEAKING OF STORIES OF SUCCESS, DID YOU EVER HEAR OF THE MAN WHO DID NOT BELIEVE IN ADVERTISING? HE BORROWED \$100 TO GO INTO BUSINESS WITH, WORKED HARD FOR FIVE YEARS AND DIED OWING \$1,000,000



Complete Confederate Memorial Coin Distribution Plans



COMPLETION of arrangements for the distribution of Confederate Memorial Half-Dollars to take place on July 8th in which more than five thousand commercial banks throughout the South are taking part, has been announced by Mr. Robert F. Maddox, Chairman of the Special Bankers' Committee supervising the distribution.

Mr. Maddox, Chairman of the Board of the Atlanta and Lowry National Bank, was formerly President of the American Bankers Association.

Shipment of Memorial Half-Dollars from the various Reserve Banks on May 30th had passed a total of more than 2,000,000 coins, according to the Committee's announcement. In all the Southern states, committees of patriotic citizens appointed by the Governors, are cooperating



ROBERT F. MADDOX
Chairman of Special Bankers' Committee to supervise distribution of Memorial Coins

with the banks in pushing the sale of certificates redeemable for the

coins on July 8th. Great rivalry has developed among these committees and among the business concerns in the purchase of the coins. One Atlanta corporation has bought 10,000 coins for distribution among its agents in all parts of the world. A Virginia insurance company has also been a heavy purchaser distributing the souvenirs among new policy holders. Many banks are offering the coins as premiums to children opening new savings accounts, while in many schools and colleges of the South the coins are being given with the diplomas to graduating classes.

The coins, which bear the likenesses of Generals Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson are being utilized everywhere as "badges of honor" and are taking their place among the treasured heirlooms of Confederate heroes in whose honor they were minted.

INDEPENDENCE DAY, 1925



U.S.S. CALIFORNIA

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN

THIS year and next should be full years for that great American institution, the Fourth of July orator. For 1925 is the sesquicentennial of the beginning of the Revolution and 1926 is the sesquicentennial of the Declaration of Independence.

Moreover, it seems likely that Independence day—in part this year and more fully in 1926—will take on an added importance from a practical viewpoint by association with it of Defense day, which is now struggling for recognition as a national annual event with a fixed date. It was held for the first time September 12, the anniversary of the Battle of St. Mihel, in which the A. E. F. won a great offensive in the World War. Defense day is in effect a "muster" and trying-out of the various military agencies for national defense. If it is approved by the people, theoretically Independence day is a fitting date for it, for the Fourth of July was the day of local muster all over the country in early times.

Doubtless Independence day of 1926 will be the more exciting, for there is to be a nation-wide celebration under the auspices of the "Sesquicentennial Commission of Independence of the United States" to consist of nineteen members. The President and vice president and the speaker of the house are ex-officio members. The President appoints eight members, the vice president four senators and the speaker four representatives. It is the duty of the commission to promulgate to the American people an address and to prepare plans for a celebration program in co-operation with the officers of all state, city, civic and patriotic committees appointed for the occasion, even asking international participation, if it sees fit.

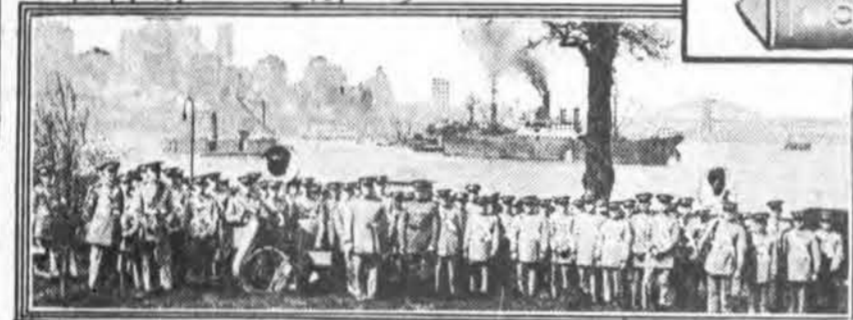
Moreover, Philadelphia is to have a celebration of its own in the form of an exposition to open June 1 and last until the close of the year. It is a part of the plan to demonstrate in a graphic manner the progress made in the United States in the last half century—since Philadelphia's famous centennial exposition. Other nations are expected to take part. The main purpose back of the display is to encourage more intimate commercial relationships, "and so hasten the coming of universal peace." The exposition is to occupy the entire 200 acres of League Island park in South Philadelphia and 400 additional acres adjoining. The city has provided for the building in the park of a stadium which will have a seating capacity of more than 100,000. Nine industrial buildings are planned, as well as structures to be erected by scientific and other associations. It should be a good show, for the United States has advanced tremendously in a thousand ways since 1876.

President Coolidge has recommended to congress favorable consideration of a request by Mayor Kendrick of Philadelphia, that the federal government participate in this sesquicentennial celebration. Mayor Kendrick asked for the designation of the secretaries of states and commerce to represent the national government at the exposition; the appointment of an advisory commission of 108 members composed of two representatives of each state and territory; authorization of the coining of 500,000 \$1.50 special gold pieces; 1,000,000 50 cent silver pieces, and a new one dollar bill depicting the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

Nevertheless, 1925 as a Fourth of July year has all sorts of thrills for the good American. First on the list was the celebration of the Lexington and Concord fights of April 19. Boston and its environs made much of it. Vice President Dawes and General Pershing were central figures. General Dawes is the great-grandson of William Dawes, Jr., who shared with Paul Revere the glory of the "Midnight Ride." One rode one way and the other another, spreading the alarm and meeting at Lexington to go together to Concord. It was an inspiring sight—when the Dawes of 1925 and the Dawes of 1775 met and exchanged greetings. The stirring scenes of one hundred and fifty years ago were re-enacted; there were patriotic addresses galore on historic spots and the radio carried it all to the people.

Then there were these one hundred and fiftieth anniversaries to attract attention: May 10, the capture of Ticonderoga by Allen and Arnold; May 20, the Mecklenburg Declaration at Charlotte, N. C.; June 1, the beginning of Kentucky under Daniel Boone; June 17, Bunker Hill. It was on July 3 that Gen. George Washington took command of the Continental armies at Cambridge, Mass., as commander in chief by virtue of appointment of congress; the anniversary is to be made much of by Boston.

DAWES (1925) AND DAWES (1775)



NEW YORK AFTER 150 YEARS



CONTINENTAL ARMY IN 1775

In addition, the American Farm Bureau federation, through its 45 state federations and 1,800 county farm bureaus, has planned for the nation "an old-fashioned Fourth of July, with a big chicken dinner, flags, bands and speeches."

Wrote President Coolidge in a letter to O. E. Bradfute, president of the American Farm Bureau federation:

"It was with great satisfaction that I learned of the plans of the farm bureau to take the lead in stimulating an organized, nation-wide celebration on the Fourth of July. The gathering together of our farmers and our townsmen in these country-wide celebrations will give a new significance to the day. Probably no activity is of more importance than the encouragement and development of our community life. In the early days in this country the church was the center of community life. Time and conditions have changed. We are in need of social, moral and spiritual as well as economic community action. I truly think these Fourth of July celebrations will play an important part in the encouragement of such community spirit."

President Bradfute has this to say regarding the farmers' celebration:

It is particularly fitting that American farmers should take the lead through their own organization in stimulating a great national, uniform celebration on the Fourth of July, for it was just 150 years ago that a group of American farmers gathered at Concord bridge in Massachusetts and fired the first shot in the great battle for American independence. From that day to this the American farmer has ever been the bulwark of our national independence. More than one million farm families are enrolled as members of county farm bureaus. And we are not limiting this celebration to farmers. We are asking each county farm bureau to invite the co-operation and participation of every individual and every organization within the county. And the national organization is asking for the assistance and co-operation of many national organizations.

As to the union of Independence day and Defense day, the original proposition was to have Armistice day made Defense day.

When the army general staff recommended in May that Defense day and Armistice day be combined, President Coolidge was found to be opposed to the plan. Armistice day, it was declared at the White House by a spokesman for the President, was one that should be dedicated above all else to consideration of peace. Being the anniversary of the day on which hostilities ceased in the most destructive war the world has ever known, Armistice day, President Coolidge thinks, should not be linked with official action of any kind suggestive of war.

The President, it was recalled by his spokesman, had just appealed forcibly to the nations of Europe to give a sincere demonstration of a will to peace and to uphold their war-torn resources. He has repeatedly, since assuming charge of the destinies of the United States, proclaimed this government to be most covetous of world peace and anxious that America take the lead in pointing the way to peace and the material prosperity which accompanies it. This being so, the prospect of America choosing Armistice day for a demonstration of its military arm is regarded by Mr. Coolidge as most inconsistent with his policy of international relations.

Defense day last year was held in September in the heat of the national political campaign, and quite a furor was raised concerning it by pacifist organizations at the time. The President was not opposed to taking stock of the nation's military resources as was done on that occasion in co-operation with the states. It was said by the spokesman, and he probably will not oppose an annual inventory of that kind if it is not proposed to combine it with Armistice day.

Another objection to the plan is the fact that it calls for voluntary action of the people in re-

sponding to the muster call and the further fact that there is no provision in the law for the Defense day program at any time. If such a military stock-taking of resources provided under the national defense act is to be undertaken annually, President Coolidge thinks congress should be consulted and should approve it by providing appropriate legislation.

Another thing that bothers the President is that the proposed program necessitates the expenditure of considerable money by the government and imposes upon the states a great direct expense, not to mention the indirect cost involved through the interruption of business that would be entailed in carrying out the proposal.

The President does not want to appear as in any way discouraging adequate preparedness. He is an earnest advocate of that, but he is just as earnest in his advocacy of government economy. The President would have the governors of states consulted as to their wishes in the matter. The states must co-operate, of course, and are relied upon by the War department to do their share in making Defense day a success.

The result was that the President expressed a preference for July 4 as the day on which the proposed national defense test could be most appropriately held. Then the question arose in the War department whether plans could be reconstructed in time to utilize July 4 this year. Many officers connected with the test last September felt that it would be better to abandon the plans this year rather than attempt to arrange the test in the short time available. They believed that rather than risk a failure, it would be preferable to postpone the holding of a defense test until July 4, 1926.

It was pointed out also that the regular army, National Guard, reservists and the citizens' military training camps would be engaged in July in their regular training programs, and these would be seriously interfered with if a defense test was held at that time. To assure an organized and successful demonstration, it is said to be vital that the personnel of these four branches be in their respective home communities at the time the plans are made, so that they can co-operate with the national leaders in charge.

So at this writing it seems impossible to say just what figure the Defense day test will cut in the Independence day celebration. It was quite a large performance last year, according to War department reports. These show that there were 6,535 local demonstrations, and that more than 16,000,000 people participated in one way or another. The regular army turned out 92,581 officers and men, the National Guard 167,633, and the organized reserves 59,168.

Fourth of July orators this year in search of a theme have a wide choice. They might do worse than to speak of some of the changes that 150 years have made. The Star-Spangled Banner of 1925 as compared with the Bunker Hill flag is a gorgeous theme, suggestive of the political progress of the nation. In 1775 we had nothing but little privateers under sail to fight our battles on sea. Today we have a proud navy, of which the California is a fine sample. The increase in population and material wealth is suggested by the picture showing the little book of the second census as compared with the big volumes of the fourteenth. When Gen. George Washington took command of the Continental armies July 3 at Cambridge a life and drum corps furnished the martial music. By way of contrast see the army band of today—with the New York of 1925 looming high in the background! All these suggest the growth of the United States of America from the thirteen colonies of 1775 to the wealthiest and most powerful nation of earth—the one nation dedicated to liberty, equal rights and the pursuit of happiness.

MY FAVORITE STORIES

By IRVIN S. COBB

(Copyright)

The Reason the Artist Quit

This, in effect, is in explanation of why a rather well known New York politician gave up free-hand drawing. Although without any artistic training, he rather fancied himself a pretty fair amateur sketch artist until a certain incident, which I am now about to narrate, came to pass.

In company with a newspaper man he was touring Spain. One morning in Mataga the two Americans dropped into a little cafe for breakfast. They knew no Spanish and their waiter knew no English. Largely by signs they made him understand that they wanted coffee and rolls. This was no very hard job inasmuch as coffee and rolls practically constituted the breakfast menu of the establishment. But when the newspaperman decided that he wished also a glass of milk difficulties arose.

Singly and in chorus they pronounced the word "milk." Then they spelled it out. They shouted it loudly as one always does, somehow, when using one's own language, one is dealing with a stranger who doesn't understand that language. The waiter merely shrugged his shoulders and spread his fingers in a gesture of helplessness.

The man who wanted milk imitated the action of one milking a cow, meanwhile moving plaintively, and then, to round out the illustration, went through the pantomime of emptying an imaginary glass. Still the waiter stared at him uncomprehendingly.

"Hold on," said the politician. "I've got an idea. I can draw about as well as the next one. Lend me a pencil; it won't take me a minute to make this fellow understand what you want."

With the pencil, on the table cloth he sketched rapidly what seemed to him, at least, a very clear and graphic likeness of a domestic cow, and, squatted down alongside the cow, his conception of a conventional milkmaid engaged in the act of milking. As he made the finishing strokes, the waiter, who had been watching the operation over his shoulder, burst into a delighted cry of "Si! Si! Señor!" and, tucking up his apron, dashed from the restaurant and ran across the street into the "shop of a tobaccoist."

"Now then," said the politician to his friend, "see what a knack with the pencil will do for a fellow when he gets into difficulties in a foreign country. I'll venture I could go all over the world, making my meaning clear by dashing off these little illustrations of what I meant and what I wanted, and never have any trouble at all about getting along."

"Maybe so," said the newspaper man, "but why in thunder did the waiter go to a cigar store for milk?" "Probably a custom of the country," said the artist. "The main point was that just as soon as he'd had a good look at my drawing he was on his way. He'll be back here in a minute with your glass of milk."

The prediction was only partly true. The waiter was back again in a minute or less but he brought no milk. Triumphant, and with an air about him of having accomplished a desired errand with satisfaction to all concerned, he laid down in front of his patrons two tickets for a bull-fight.

The Long Wait at Burlington

Included in my list of acquaintances is a gentleman who promotes sporting events. Originally he promoted foot-races, later he conducted balloon ascensions and parachute drops at county fairs and carnivals. Still later, keeping abreast of the march of progress, he turned aviator himself and bought an early model airplane with which, in the period when flying was more of a novelty than it is at present, he gave exhibitions aloft.

The members of a Catholic congregation in a suburb of New York city were striving to raise funds for a new rectory. In pursuance of this ambition they rented an old driving park and gave a fair which lasted for an entire week. For the crowning attraction on the final afternoon my friend was engaged to make a flight.

Now, the weather was lowering and the winds were capricious. Feeling a natural reluctance to trusting himself aloft under such circumstances the performer had recourse to an expedient he had employed on similar occasions in other parts of the country. He sparred for time in the hope that darkness would come and so save him from taking the risk. He tinkered with his engine. He fiddled with the plane. He unscrewed this bolt and he screwed up that one.

The assembled crowd, which was large, grew impatient over the delay. Finally the parish priest, who was acting as master of ceremonies, felt it incumbent upon himself to urge that the hired entertainer make good on his contract. He approached the aeronaut and to him he said:

"My son, can't you go ahead and give us the exhibition you promised us and for which we already have paid you in advance? These people have already been waiting more than an hour and a half for you to go up."

"Father," said my friend, "there's a bunch of folks out in Burlington, Iowa, that have been waiting more'n eighteen months for me to go up."

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

By Mary Graham Bonner

PARROT AND MONKEYS

"Well," said Polly, the parrot, "this is the greatest fun in the world."

"What are you talking about?" asked Larry, the monkey.

"Yes, tell us," said Jimmie, the monkey.

"I'm talking about you and all of your friends," said Polly.

"You say I lived in a private house before I came to the zoo. Before that I lived in a bird shop and before that I can't remember."

"Maybe I came from where my grandparents came but I'm sure I don't know. I never took much stock in family history. But at any rate the bird shop was my first home, my second was the home where a mother and daddy and some children lived and my third home is here in the zoo."

"This, as I said before, is the greatest fun in the world."

"Pray tell me why you think so," said Larry, as he swung by his tail and went back again on his bar so he could look at Polly in the next cage.

"Ah, because monkeys are so funny," said Polly. "One moment they're gay, the next sad, and the next sleepy and the next hungry."

"Well, well, well," chuckled Jimmie, "I don't see that that makes us any different from most creatures."

"People, and when I say people I mean grown-ups and children, are gay or sad or sleepy or hungry or some of those things one time or another."

"That may be so," said Polly, "but you're all so amusing. One never knows what you are going to do next."

"Neither do you know what people are going to do next," said Larry.

"Why don't you say they are funny?"

"Maybe they are," said Polly, "but they don't hang by their tails and squeal and make faces in the way you do, and I am having the greatest fun because I'm trying to copy you."

"Yes, that is why I'm having the greatest fun. I have grown tired of copying people who say 'Good-morning, Polly' and 'Polly want a cracker.'"

"Now I have a whole monkey house to copy and how glad I am the keeper has me for a pet and puts me in the monkey house where he is in charge."

"I'm having the time of my parrot life."

Just then a whistle was heard. A long, funny sort of a whistle.

The children who were visiting the monkey house looked this way and that, and the keeper laughed to see them. Oh, how the keeper laughed.

A big policeman had come into the monkey house and had said "hello" to the keeper, but the children had not thought there was anything funny in that.

"Still knows you eh," the keeper said to the policeman. "The children don't know what to make of it."

And the policeman answered, "Yes, Jimmie is very loyal and devoted."

Still the children had not been able to understand the whistling, and the keeper turned to the children and said:

"Did you see the policeman?"

"We did," the children answered. "And just before he whistled we heard another whistle."

"That was Jimmie, the monkey," said the keeper. "When the policeman came into this house he gave a long whistle."

"But you heard the monkey's whistle even before you heard the policeman give his, for Jimmie heard the policeman's step as he came in the door, and he recognized his step and whistled first."

"That policeman has been on his vacation lately but Jimmie knew his step, even though he hadn't heard it in over two weeks."

"You see Jimmie never forgets his friends."

And now the children watched the policeman as he talked to Jimmie, and the keeper talked to Larry who was his special pet, and the parrot watched and said to herself,

"This is a most friendly and intelligent place."

"I'll certainly be more of a parrot for knowing such clever creatures. One can't help but pick up a little intelligence when one has in intelligence all around one."

"Why I'm ashamed I ever said anything so silly as 'Polly want a cracker,' though I suppose it suits some parrots."

Jimmie Never Forgets His Friends.

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

SPECIAL RUSH SERVICE secured if you mention this paper when writing firms below.

BOHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO.

Established 1879. MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING. All orders promptly attended to. Denver, Colorado.

THE METROPOLE

Denver, Colorado

Fireproof. 200 rooms, 180 baths. European Plan.

Rates without bath from \$1.50. With bath from \$2.50.

A most comfortable hotel offering splendid rooms and wonderful food at moderate prices.

Club Breakfasts 25c to 60c. Plate Luncheon 50c. Dinner \$1.25.

Also Service a la Carte.

Free Tourist Information Bureau.

Road Information.

Rest Rooms.

The Metropole is under the direction of The Compositum Management.

Edwin H. Lee, General Manager.

The Compositum. 600 rooms, 400 baths. Denver's New Four Million Dollar Hotel Now Building.

CLIP THIS AD

To introduce La Premier Pearl, a beautiful 30-inch indestructible pearl necklace, fancy rhinestone safety clasp, sent insurance prepaid for this ad and \$1.00. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail now, J. Fred Starkey, Co., 815 12th St., Greeley, Colo.

ELATERITE ROOFING

Roof and Waterproofing. Asbestos, Fibre, Cements and All Kinds of Roofing Materials. Ask Your Dealer or Write us. The Western Elaterite Roofing Co., 81-44 East 14th St., Denver, Colo.

SAVE \$10 TO \$20

on every saddle or harness. Buy direct from the factory. No middleman's profits. Send for free catalog—make to consumer.

Justin's Boots at Lowest Prices.

The FRED MULLER Saddle & Harness Co., 1417 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

\$15,000,000 RAIL CONSTRUCTION

PLANNED IN MOUNTAIN STATES

Denver—Railroads in the mountain district of the United States, embracing New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Wyoming, Nevada, Idaho, Montana and Colorado, are leading all other industries of the area in the matter of construction activity, and more than 15½ million dollars are being spent that way in two states of the district, Arizona and Montana, according to the May report of Quince Record, director of the employment service of the United States Department of Labor.

Government reclamation projects come next, it is indicated, though the amount of work contemplated is not mentioned, and telephone construction with a total of nearly 2 million dollars is third.

Expenditures by the Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Company, it is indicated in the report, will include \$211,000 in New Mexico; \$280,000 in Arizona; \$170,000 in Idaho, and \$1,234,000 in Colorado.

There is considerable activity in railroad circles, even exclusive of the construction projects in Arizona and Montana, with shops going at full force, additional trackmen being employed in several of the mountain states, and conditions which permit work in every branch of industry.

The largest railroad construction project involves 15 million dollars, and consists of the building of main line east and west through the Salt River valley. The other ½ million is laying of new steel and rebalancing in Montana.

Jury in Libel Case Disagrees

Yuma, Ariz.—The trial of George W. Lynn, Yuma publisher, for criminal libel, failed to agree on a verdict and was discharged by Superior Judge E. Elmo Hollinger. The court announced that the case will be set for re-trial some time in the fall, when another attempt will be made to sift the evidence for and against the state contention that Lynn libeled E. F. Sanguinetti, wealthy Yuma business man, when he printed an editorial in the Yuma Herald concerning alleged dangerous quantities of formaldehyde in milk from Sanguinetti's dairy.

Fifty Furniture Firms Fined

Chicago.—Fines aggregating \$166,000 were assessed against fifty chair manufacturers, who pleaded guilty before Federal Judge Adam C. Cliffe to violating the Sherman anti-trust act. The chair manufacturers are the first of 269 furniture firms named in grand jury indictments returned recently here after a grand jury investigation, to be sentenced. Fines were fixed, it was said, according to the financial standing of the defendants, fines ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000. No retailers were involved in the case.

Legion's New National Home Is Dedicated



This building, in Indianapolis, the new home of the American Legion, is completed and was dedicated June 17 with impressive ceremonies, it being proffered to the legion by Governor Jackson (right), representing the people of Indiana, and was accepted by National Commander Drain (left). The structure is the first unit of Indiana's ten million dollar war memorial.

Typical Scene in the Pageant of Lexington

There was a series of historical pageants in Lexington, Mass., recently, which attracted thousands of visitors. The illustration shows the town stocks with citizens jeering at the evildoers.



Red Chiefs Meet British Peer



Chief Evergreen Tree (left) and Chief Rising Sun, national president of the British Boys' Life brigade, on his arrival in Denver to attend the third general assembly of Y. M. C. A. Lord Radstock is on his way to Honolulu for the opening July 1.

Sun Compass for Mac



Lieut. Commander Richard E. Byrd, United States navy, in charge of the aviation unit of the MacMillan Arctic expedition, receiving from A. H. Bunstead, chief cartographer of the National Geographic society, the automatic sun compass which he will use on his flight in the Arctic. This device will take the place of the magnetic compass, which is not dependable in the Far North.

BEAUTY FROM TEXAS



Miss Eleanor Wilks, bathing girl, is the winner of the national bathing beauty contest at Atlantic City.

WEDS ONE MAN THICE



Mrs. Nola Eugie Austin of Miami, Fla., has just married Arthur Austin of Jacksonville, Fla., for the third time. She says if they cannot make a home, she will live with her mother.

POULTRY

CHECK BLACKHEAD IN TURKEY FLOCK

Every year blackhead in turkey flocks becomes a little more common, and every year the losses from the dread disease are a little larger. And while no positive treatment has ever been discovered, a remedy is being used by hundreds of successful turkey growers that proves very satisfactory if used before the fowls are in the last stages of the disease, says a writer in Successful Farming.

A slight lameness is usually discernible in a turkey coming down with blackhead. The bird gradually grows weaker, refuses to eat, but drinks an unusual amount. Diarrhea is usually present, and when the disease is in an advanced stage, the droppings are usually a bright yellow. The wings and tail are not held up. The head is drawn close to the body.

Sometimes the flesh parts of the head turn a bluish-black. If you are not sure whether it is blackhead or some other ailment that is affecting the bird, it will be wise to make a post-mortem examination. If the liver is covered with black or gangrene spots it will not be necessary to look further for the trouble. You may be sure blackhead is the trouble, and begin treatment accordingly.

Powdered ipecac may be used either as a remedy for blackhead or as a preventive. We prefer to use it as a preventive, as any disease is better prevented than cured. When blackhead enters our flock it usually causes the greatest losses before the pouls are six weeks of age. For this reason we begin feeding the ipecac to the pouls as soon as we begin feeding them.

It is fed in a wet mash—one teaspoonful of powdered ipecac to enough mash for 20 turkeys—twice a week. The same amount is given to the young birds and the mature fowls. This treatment will prevent blackhead entering your flock, though the youngsters are allowed to range with the older birds, and on infected ground.

If blackhead has entered your flock before treatment has begun, the sick birds should be fed half a teaspoonful of powdered ipecac in wet mash (for each bird) for three successive days. If the disease is not in the advanced stage it will not be difficult to remedy, but if the fowls are nearly dead when the treatment is begun, you cannot expect a large percentage of cures.

Heretofore, the only cure for blackhead has been to move to new, uninfected land, and this is usually only effective for the first season.

Do You Remember?

The following questions which are put to the red's flock keepers of Iowa by the Iowa State college are pertinent suggestions to all poultry keepers. "Do You Remember?" they say:

"When might ever spoiled the fertility or hatchability of an egg?"

"When a chick didn't make good growth when it has milk in its ration?"

"What a time you used to have getting a lot of early chicks hatched with hens?"

"When you had a mangy flock and wished some one would come along and get you started with a good breed?"

"The time you had 'rising' chicks on the old ground that had been used for 25 years without a change?"

"How your chicks 'rotted' when they were affected by worms and coccidiosis?"

"How you tried to fight internal parasites without the new method?"

Poultry Facts

Milk in some form should be kept before chicks during the first month.

One of the things that our culling should do is to weed out the persistent sitters. The heavy layers do not waste time in broodiness.

Many chicks are not getting enough green feed. If they are not on range carry sod to them or fix up a feeder and give them cut alfalfa or clover hay. You'll be surprised how they will eat it.

Wheat treated with copper carbamate to prevent stinking smut is not harmful to chickens, at least if fed for only a short time. Neither is it harmful to hogs when fed in small amounts.

Sunlight and cod liver oil are said to prevent leg weakness. So will getting the chicks onto the ground, either outside the brooder house or on chunks of sod placed on the brooder floor.

Remember that heavy, sudden rains and floods do great damage to young poultry which are not given brooder housing under the right conditions. A house set low and open to rats and vermin is a menace to the profits of the flock.

The DAIRY

PROTEIN REQUIRED TO PRODUCE MILK

Cows will not drink rank or stale water, and the milk will show the results. Care should also be exercised to see that the water supply does not become contaminated by sewage, wastes, and the like, since infectious diseases, such as typhoid fever, may be passed on to the milk consumer by cows drinking such contaminated water.

The butterfat of milk is considered the most valuable component. It is upon the content of this material that cream and to a large extent, milk are bought and sold. The percentage of fat in milk varies with the breed of cows and with the individuals of the various breeds. The Babcock test enables us to find this percentage. A cow must obtain an excess of carbohydrates and fat above that required for maintenance in order to make milk. It is questionable whether the percentage of fat in milk can be changed by the animal's feed, but at least the lack of sufficient amount of feed is a limiting factor in the milk and fat production.

The casein and albumen of milk to gether form its protein content. They are the essentials in making cheese. Proteins are specific in the work they will do. For example, feathers are 87 per cent protein but they wouldn't make milk. It is this fact that teaches us that a cow requires proteins of certain kinds for milk production. These proteins are found in linseed meal, gluten feed, cottonseed meal and alfalfa. The proteins of other feeds can be utilized for maintenance and milk production in the presence of proteins from the above feeds.

Milk sugar is manufactured by the cow from the carbohydrates and the fat obtained in the feed. This component will rarely be a limiting factor in milk production.

The ash content of milk indicates that a large quantity of minerals must be at hand to supply the demand. In case of insufficiency of minerals in the ration, the cow will draw upon her skeleton and show the result in a run-down condition and in falling off in milk. Salt, calcium or lime, and phosphorus are the minerals usually lacking. It is common practice to feed salt while calcium and phosphorus can be supplied by certain feeds such as cottonseed meal, wheat bran, alfalfa, or any legume.

Air Is Most Important Factor for Farm Stock

Air is one of the most important factors influencing the health of farm animals and it is therefore essential that adequate means of ventilation should be provided for buildings in which animals are kept during the winter.

There are two things which a ventilation system must do, according to Dr. C. D. Rice of the Veterinary pathology department, Iowa State college. These are to supply an abundance of fresh air and remove foul air without interfering with the health of the animals through the creation of drafts or excessive cold.

The average cow actually breathes about 1,100 gallons of air per hour, but in order to keep the air fairly fresh, new air must be supplied at the rate of about 500 gallons per minute. The hog breathes 345 gallons of air per hour and should have a supply of 172 gallons per minute, while the hen breathes about 9 gallons per hour and should have 4½ gallons supplied per minute.

The economical advantages of a proper ventilating system are evident from the results of one experiment in which milk production of a herd of 80 cows was increased 2,700 gallons, 80 cows increased 2,700 gallons, merely through the installation of a ventilation system. Farmers seeking information on the construction or installation of systems can get help from county agents, veterinarians, agricultural engineers or their state experiment stations.

Dairy Hints

Cows do not enjoy muddy milage, and milking horses sick.

Use a good, pure-bred sire. "Breed, don't just propagate."

One quart after garlic is eaten by a cow, the disagreeable flavor and odor of this pungent plant may be detected in the milk.

Just as an apple, good cows must be fed suitable dairy rations—balanced rations made of a good mixture that will encourage the cow to eat heartily.

A herd should number at least 15 cows before a milking machine is a time-saving investment, says one authority.

The only practical way to prevent the appearance of gamey flavor and odor in milk in regions where the weed infests pastures is to keep the cows from eating the plant.

Milk scales are "lactometers" which every dairymen should have to tell how far his cows go in production on the feed consumed.

Porridge Brings

Forth Argument

Porridge is passing as a staple article of diet in Scotland. It is giving place to ham and eggs. The Scottish board of agriculture, inquiring into the causes for this change in the national diet, is informed that ham and eggs for breakfast has become popular and the housewife will not be bothered to put on porridge as well. An eminent professor has declared porridge is an injurious diet, and tends to the development of rickets. On the other hand, the medical officer of health for Edinburgh is positive that while porridge may be troublesome to prepare, it furnishes ample compensation in the good foundation which is thus laid for a heavy day's work. The professor's condemnation of porridge, it seems, results from experiments he made upon puppies. They were fed on porridge and became rickety. Against this it is asserted that the puppies were kept in cages, got no exercise or fresh air and sunshine. If one regards the shepherd's collie, however, it is claimed that it provides a standing testimonial in the lower animal kingdom to the virtues of a porridge diet. From the day it is weaned it is fed on porridge and milk—very often the leavings from the plate of the shepherd.

Mission Play Is

Old Institution

California's famous mission play began its fourteenth season in February of this year in the old playhouse that stands in the shadow of the San Gabriel mission, founded by father Junipero Serra when the empire of Spain extended hundreds of miles above the Gulf of California.

More than 2,300 performances of the mission play have already been given. A member of the cast, Senorita Vignere, has missed only one of those performances. John Steven McGrouther, author of the drama, continues this year as director.

The mission play is a graphic and colorful picture of the Spanish regime in California from the days of the founding of the first mission at San Diego to the invasion of the Americans and the decline of the power of the mission. The principal role in the drama is that of Father Junipero Serra, who was the guiding spirit of the great religious enterprise undertaken by the Franciscans. This part was taken for several years by Frederick Warde, the Shakespearean actor.

Art Masterpiece Found

An extremely rare wax portrait, in high relief, of Prince Francesco del Medici, done by the celebrated sixteenth century artist, Benvenuto Cellini, has been presented to the San Marco museum by Giuseppe Val Gelpi, a widely known Florentine collector. The work, considered one of Cellini's masterpieces, is supposed by art students to have been executed between 1568 and 1570. It represents the prince in the age of adolescence, and is well preserved.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red, rough hands.—Advertisement.

Siberian Lumber Route

Effort is being made to establish an all-water route from western Siberia for lumber, which now must travel a longer distance overland on the Trans-Siberian railway to the Baltic sea or Archangel and thence to Great Britain by steamer.

Leisurely Remark

"I notice that a New York scientist declares that it is possible to measure time to 1/5,000th of a second," said a golfer at the Meadowbrook Country club as he prepared to drive, "and it strikes me that he has discovered the exact duration of the ideal working day."

Stair of Sighs

The Stair of Sighs was the flight of steps leading from the door of the prison to the forum in Rome, on which the bodies of those murdered by the emperors' orders were exposed.

Poisoned by Hair Dyes

Has-dye blindness in England has resulted in a general alarm against poisonous hair dyes.

Real Secrecy

"I'm engaged. Don't tell. Mary—Marvelous. Who said I tell first?"—Cornell Widow.

The most fluent talkers or most plausible reasoners are not always the most just thinkers.

Most men do not want to be very bad or very good, "which is why" reformation reforms them.

Tell Your Shoe Repairman You Want "U.S." SPRING-STEP Rubber Heels
A Better Heel to Walk On
And for the best shoe sole you ever had—
USKIDE
—the Wonder Sole for Wear
United States Rubber Company

Kremola
for the Perfection of Your Complexion
This pure snow-white cream removes all discoloration, freckles, blemishes, etc., and produces a soft skin and creamy complexion. At drug or department stores or by mail, 15¢. Send for free beauty booklet. Agents wanted.
DR. C. M. BERRY CO., 3875 Michigan Ave., CHICAGO

FOR OVER 200 YEARS
haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES
correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL.

Green's August Flower
for Constipation, Indigestion and Torpid Liver
Successful for 60 years. See and We bottle ALL DRUGGISTS

DAISY FLY KILLER
PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Kills house flies, stable flies, etc., and keeps them away from your food. It is safe for all animals and humans. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a stain. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a mark. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a trace. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a shadow. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a footprint. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a scent. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sound. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a sight. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a smell. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a taste. It is the only fly killer that kills flies without leaving a touch. It is the only fly killer



Newspaper Association Member
No. 1706

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF SANTA
CRUZ COUNTY

HOWARD KEENER
Publisher and Owner

Subscription Rates, in Advance:
One Year\$2.00
Six Months 1.50
Three Months 1.00

Entered at the Postoffice at Patagonia, Arizona, as second-class mail matter.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AT
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Advertising Rates on Application

FOR LIGHT WINES AND BEER

Arizona looms as a battleground in the movement to restore light wines and beer. Citizens will be afforded an opportunity this fall to hear several speakers of national reputation who will come here under auspices of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment, according to announcement of H. Martin, Arizona secretary for the organization.

It is to be hoped that with the coming of these speakers Arizonans will be given the opportunity to learn the truth about the prohibition situation as it is possible other speakers, representing opposite views, will also invade the state to support the dry side of the controversy.

If prohibition is the failure its enemies charge, remedial measures should be adopted to correct this failure in event a majority of the people desire that such steps be taken. If, as the noted Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler maintains, it cannot be enforced because the people don't want it, then it should be repealed.

There is no doubt in the mind of any man who is familiar with the activities of his neighbors that a wholesale disregard for the prohibition law is in evidence everywhere. Many of our most eminent jurists declare that the law of respect for the prohibition law is responsible for the law of respect for countless other laws. Surely this creates a dangerous situation.

If the prohibition law really is unenforceable, as Dr. Butler maintains, the proper thing to do is to repeal it or modify it to the extent of permitting light wines and beer. Anything is better than the poisonous stuff served by bootleggers.

STILL TOO FOR INVENTORS

When you read a prophecy that upon the world's supply of oil or coal will be exhausted, do not worry about freezing to death or not having transportation fuel, says the Sunset Magazine. Science will find a way. There is always the heat from the sun to be controlled; there is the mighty power of the tides going to waste and human intelligence will make use of these when an urgent need comes for their use. The achievements of the recent past justify faith in man's ability to keep pace with demands of advancing civilization.

Imagine the skepticism of the average citizen 40 years ago, if some one had seriously tried to make him believe that 1925 would witness what is now accepted as commonplace.

The telephone, the automobile, the airplane, the motion picture, the X-ray machine, the phonograph, wireless telegraphy and radio have come within the memory of men who would feel insulted if called "old." And now we are sending photographs by wire and it is predicted that soon we will be able to see a motion picture in our homes through the aid of the radio.

When the steam engine was invented there were plenty of individuals who believed that the limit had been reached. A few today may sigh as they consider the gloomy thought that there is no longer opportunity for invention. That is because they are lacking in imagination.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
Signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher*

FEDERAL INSPECTION RAISES QUALITY OF FARM PRODUCTS

Phoenix, June 25.—Federal inspection as a means of raising quality and extending markets for Arizona farm products is making a real stride ahead this summer, with laying of the foundation for federal hay inspection and inauguration of federal cantaloupe inspection.

Last Monday marked the opening, in Mesa, of a department of agriculture course in the new government alfalfa hay grades, designed as an educational movement by which hay buyers, graders and dealers can get thoroughly acquainted with the newly established grades and in turn acquaint growers with them. His is expected not only to make possible a material raising in the standards of hay shipped, but pave the way for regular federal hay inspection next season, by which time the grades will be in effect throughout the country. Nearly a score of buyers, graders and interested growers are in attendance.

The school is in charge of two of the federal hay experts, and was arranged by the Maricopa County Hay Association with cooperation of the Arizona Industrial Congress. It will last approximately three weeks, and is the second course of its kind to start in the country.

The end of this week federal inspection of cantaloupe shipments will be started in the Salt River Valley, a federal inspector having been obtained by the Industrial Congress, on request of several independent shippers and growers. This inspection will prove of great benefit in making cash sales of the melons in advance of arrival at terminal markets, and will also be valuable in improving packing.

DR. NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER TO VISIT ARIZONA IN FALL

Miami, June 25.—Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, world-famous educator, will address a mass meeting in Miami and Globe some time this fall under auspices of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment in an effort to win public sentiment in favor of light wines and beer. This announcement was made by Harry Martin, secretary of the Arizona division for the association.

Capt. W. H. Stayton, founder and national vice president of the organization, may also speak in the district. Among other noted members of the association who will deliver addresses in Arizona during October, November and early December are Marshall Field, millionaire Chicago merchant; the Rev. Mr. Heathcote of Australia; William Metson of California, and Douglas Field Malone, former collector of the port of New York.

"An attack will be made upon the prohibition law as a menace to all laws," says Secretary Martin, who adds: "the fundamental points in which the so-called dry law is a failure will be discussed by these speakers. They will convince fair-minded persons of the fallacy of continuing this national joke."

LET THE EAST SET PACE FOR ITS OWN CHANGES

"The decisive factor in the next decade or two," says David Starr Jordan, distinguished educator and student of Oriental problems, "may turn on the willingness of the West to let the East set the pace for its own changes."

He speaks especially of Japan, which is making remarkable progress along lines not likely to hurt any other nation that doesn't interfere. But his remarks apply just as well to China in her present state.

China is rather torn up, to the annoyance of foreign nations that make money out of China. But after all it is mainly China's business, just as our own Revolution and Civil War were mainly your business, and the World War was mainly Europe's business.

The Far East may be a menace, but it is less likely to be so if the Christian nations obey their own Golden Rule. They don't want the Orient butting into their affairs. Why not but less into Oriental affairs?

SACRAMENTO BOY IS SOUGHT BY PARENTS

San Francisco, June 25.—A statewide search for Donald Moore, 23, son of Thomas Moore, special agent for the Southern Pacific at Sacramento, has just been launched here by his father in cooperation with city, county and state peace officers.

The boy was last seen May 31 when he left his home at 1189 Thirtieth street, Sacramento, when he told his mother that he was going downtown. No word has been received from him since and his parents fear that he has met with foul play.

Dan O'Connell, chief special agent for the Southern Pacific, has notified the company's special officers to be on the lookout for the missing lad. During the World War young Moore served in the navy.

Health and Home

PROPER FOOD FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN

The age during which children are attending school may apply be called "The Dangerous Age." It is the period of rapid growth and every care should be taken to insure the child of a normal and healthy body. The idea of eating only fit and wholesome foods should be early impressed on the younger members of every family in order to protect them against later ill health and its accompanying unhappiness. If the utmost care is not taken in the diet that is used by children, cases of food poisoning, indigestion and kindred ailments may result.

And milk, being the chief item in the diets of most children, should be carefully guarded. It is, because of its nature, prone to infection if exposed to germs and may soon become unfit for use. Wherever there is the slightest reason for doubt as to its purity and food value, steps should be taken to insure the sterility and the fitness of milk intended for consumption by children. Many mothers have adopted the excellent practice of using milk that is absolutely pure and sterile and free from any germs or bacteria. The most satisfactory, as well as the safest milk used in preparing food for the growing child is evaporated milk. It is sterile, and therefore safe. It is more digestible than market milk. Its uniformity, convenience and cost are qualities that recommend it.

The following dishes are well suited to the needs of the growing child; they are easily digested and very nourishing:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Caramel Custard. | |
| 1 cup evaporated milk | ¼ cup sugar |
| 1 cup water | (caramelized) |
| 1 egg | 2 tsp. sugar |
| | ¼ tsp. salt |
| | ¼ tsp. vanilla |
| Scald the diluted milk. Caramelize the sugar and add to milk to dissolve. Beat eggs slightly, add sugar, salt, and flavoring and combine with scalded milk. Pour into custard cups and set in a pan of hot water and cook in a moderate oven. When done, a knife blade run in the center will come out clean. | |
| Fish Chowder. | |
| 1 pint raw fish cut in 1-inch dice | 3 cups boiling water |
| 2 small potatoes, sliced | 1 cup evaporated milk |
| 2 onions chopped fine | 1 cup water |
| ¼ pound fat salt pork, sliced | 5 crackers |
| Fry out the salt pork. When brown, remove pieces of pork and put fish, potatoes, and onions in kettle. Cover with boiling water. Simmer until potatoes are tender. Add the milk and cook 5 minutes longer. Season with salt and pepper. Just before serving add the crackers. | |

ADVERTISED CULTURES FOR NON-LEGUMES WORTHLESS

Worthless preparations calculated to stimulate nitrogen fixation in such non-legumes as corn, cotton, and tobacco, are being offered the farmer at the rate of \$1 a pound, says the U. S. department of agriculture.

The farmer should not waste his time or money on such doubtful preparations, cautions the department. Even the most alluring advertisements and claims should fall on deaf ears. All effort to inoculate the seeds of non-legumes with nitrogen fixing bacteria has failed, says the department. Corn, wheat, oats, rye, cotton, tobacco, and other non-leguminous plants do not harbor such nitrogen fixing bacteria in their roots, nor in their stems and leaves, although such is the assertion of some commercial concerns engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling commercial cultures for inoculating the seed of these non-legumes.

On the other hand, the use of commercial cultures for inoculating the legumes—such as alfalfa, clover, vetch, peas, soy beans, and cowpeas—is often to be recommended. These and other legumes attain their best development if their roots have many well-developed nodules in which the nitrogen fixing bacteria are present in large numbers. Not all soils contain these desirable bacteria in the right quantity or quality to assure a normal natural inoculation, but fortunately this lack can be supplied by the use of properly prepared commercial cultures.

Man y investigators have tried to select and cultivate useful bacteria in the laboratory for the artificial inoculation of the soil or seeds of non-leguminous plants, hoping that results would be similar to those secured when the legumes are inoculated artificially. However all efforts made in this direction have failed thus far and all such commercial cultures have been found to be without value to the farmer.

Usually these cultures prepared for the non-legumes have been found to contain such substances as dried animal manure, compost, guano, phosphates, lime, and prepared humus. All of these substances are in the nature of a fertilizer and may, if relatively large amounts of them are applied in pot or small plot tests, stimulate noticeable growth. This apparently beneficial effect from the substance will be as a fertilizer and not as a nitrogen fixing agent.

DYING LEAD WORKERS SEE NICE BUTTERFLIES

New York.—Deaths from poison in a lead plant which caused the victims to have hallucinations of seeing butterflies, was revealed in New Jersey following the deaths of workers in a plant using radium to paint watch dials. Eight persons are reported to have been killed in this manner during the last 18 months. Three hundred are seriously ill at Deepwater, N. J., at the plant of the E. I. DuPont de Nemours Company.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

(053077)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, June 17, 1925.

NOTICE is hereby given that Elsie L. Douglass, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on March 25, 1922, made forest homestead entry (list 3-4387), No. 053077, for the N½ of Lot 1, Lot 2, S½ of Lot 3, SE¼NW¼ (N¼SW¼NE¼, N¼NE¼SW¼, Township 20 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before O. G. Fallor, Clerk of the Superior Court, at Tucson, Arizona, on the 31st day of July, 1925.

Claimant names as witnesses: Owen Velsir, Frank Burch, John Knapp, H. H. Christensen, all of Sonoita, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register.
First publication June 26, 1925.
Fifth publication July 24, 1925.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

(042676)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, June 12, 1925.

NOTICE is hereby given that Hugh S. White, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on April 24, 1920, made forest homestead entry (list 3-4345), No. 042676, for the SE¼SE¼, E½E½SW¼, SE¼, Sec. 22, SW¼SW¼, Sec. 23, NE¼NE¼, E½NE¼, E½E½NW¼, NE¼, E½ of Lot 1, E½E½W½ of Lot 1, Section 27, Township 20 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 23d day of July, 1925.

Claimant names as witnesses: Al Hilton, R. C. Larimore, Harrie Rickwalt, Ira D. Brooks, all of Sonoita, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register.
First publication June 19, 1925.
Fifth publication July 17, 1925.

NOTICE OF INCREASED ASSESSMENTS

At the June meeting of the Board of Supervisors, sitting as a Board of Equalization, the board, with the information then possessed by it, believed that the following assessments on the following described properties are each too low, namely:

The Texas Company, merchandise, raised from \$2,000.00 to \$10,000.00.
Kress Company, merchandise, raised from \$3,750.00 to \$15,000.00.
M. Karam & Sons, merchandise, raised from \$47,000.00 to \$53,500.00.
Sam Friedman, merchandise, raised from \$1,800.00 to \$2,500.00.
Southern Arizona Power Company, gas, electric light, ice and power plants, machinery and equipment, raised from \$522,321.00 to \$607,724.00.
Magma Copper Company, mines, raised from \$70,155.51 to \$125,000.00.
Magma Copper Company, machinery and buildings, raised from \$5,976.20 to \$23,450.00.
Vall and Ashburn, range cattle, raised from 3,300 head to 5,200 head.
Vall and Ashburn, bulls, raised from 132 head to 200 head.
Vall and Ashburn, range horses, raised from 15 head to 45 head.
Vall and Ashburn, saddle horses,

LEGAL NOTICES

raised from 45 head to 75 head.
Vall and Ashburn, machinery and equipment, raised from \$300.00 to \$800.00.

Clyde McPherson, range cattle, raised from 270 head to 440 head.
Clyde McPherson, bulls, raised from 10 head to 22 head.

The owners of the above property and all who are interested therein are hereby notified that the Board of Equalization will meet at the office of the Board of Supervisors in the Court house of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, at 9 o'clock a. m. of the first Monday of July, 1925, at which time and place they will take up, consider and determine whether the assessments above specified, or any thereof, shall be increased, when and where you can be present, with such witnesses as you may bring, and so given a hearing. These assessments will be taken up by the board and considered in the order as they appear above, unless, for some good reason or cause first shown, the time is extended in any case.

A. DUMBAULD,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, Santa Cruz County, Arizona.
First publication June 12, 1925.
Fourth publication July 3, 1925.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON APPLICATION OF ADMINISTRATRIX FOR ORDER TO MORTGAGE REAL ESTATE.

In the Superior Court, County of Santa Cruz, State of Arizona.

In the Matter of the Estate of Moises Valdes, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Carmen V. de Valdes, administratrix of the estate of Moises Valdes, deceased, praying for an order to remortgage certain real estate belonging to the estate of the said Moises Valdes, deceased, for the uses and purposes therein set forth:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that all persons interested in the said estate appear before this Court on the 14th day of July, 1925, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room of this Court, at the City of Nogales, in the County of Santa Cruz, Arizona, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the remortgage of such estate.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that a copy of this order be published at least four (4) successive weeks before the said day of hearing in the Patagonian, a newspaper printed and published in said County of Santa Cruz, Arizona.

Dated the 8th day of June, 1925.
W. A. O'CONNOR, Judge.
First publication June 12, 1925.
Last publication July 10, 1925.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona.

Estate of Moises Valdes, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Moises Valdes, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said Carmen Vde Valdes, administratrix, at the office of Elbert R. Thurman in the Court House of Santa Cruz County, Arizona, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said County of Santa Cruz, Arizona.

CARMEN VDE VALDES,
Administratrix of the Estate of Moises Valdes, Deceased.
Dated at Nogales, Arizona, this 8th day of June, 1925.
First publication June 12, 1925.
Last publication July 10, 1925.

Patagonia Barber Shop

WILLIAM FESSLER, Proprietor

Children's Hair-Cutting a Specialty

PATAGONIA

ARIZONA

COWBOYS, MINERS, ROAD MEN, FARMERS AND FAMILIES

I am still in business and giving satisfaction, using the best leather the market affords and this, coupled with superior workmanship, is what is bringing success.

THE AMERICAN SHOE SHOP

Located next door to the Evans Mercantile Company's store

PATAGONIA

ARIZONA



You'll agree that there can be no better Meat than the Beef you get from us. Order your favorite cut today and see how tender and juicy it is.

CITY MARKET

PATAGONIA, Sy Swyers, Prop.

ARIZONA

Dr. W. F. Chenoweth

Physician and Surgeon

Nogales, Arizona

DUFFY & ROBINS

Attorneys-At-Law

Nogales, Arizona

STAG BARBER SHOP

Geo. Januel, Proprietor

Nogales, Ariz

Hot and Cold Baths

FIRE! FIRE!



When the dreaded cry of fire comes and it happens to be your buildings, can you be free from financial worry, knowing that you are fully protected from loss by a policy in one of our strong companies? Every fire insurance company doing business in Arizona must charge the same rates on their risks. Don't be fooled by a promise of low rates. Choose the BEST and most RELIABLE company. Information concerning rates, etc., cheerfully given by this agency.

COME IN TO SEE ME ABOUT RATES

AND LET ME SHOW YOU SOME

INSURANCE FIGURES

Howard Keener

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

FOR DEVELOPMENT WORK, FOR SMALL HIGH GRADE VEINS,

Here Is the Mill

Efficient, Economical,
Easily Handled, Simple

Price \$3200

10-15 TON FLOTATION MILL

Extra Cost for Boiler and Engine, or Gasoline

Engine, From \$1200.00 to \$1600.00

Roy & Titcomb

Incorporated

NOGALES, ARIZONA

Children Cry for



Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria is a harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of

Constipation
Flatulency
Diarrhea

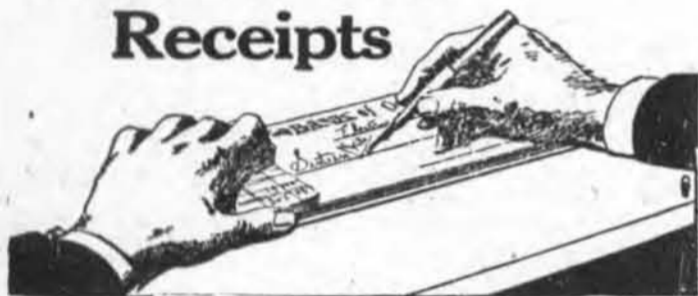
Wind Colic
To Sweeten Stomach
Regulate Bowels

Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and

Natural Sleep without Opiates

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Checks Are Receipts



Checks are the best receipts in the world for paid bills. Our record of the canceled Check as it is paid and passes through our books forms a chain of evidence that cannot be surpassed or disputed. Starting a Checking Account with us is a simple matter. Let us tell you how.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NOGALES
NOGALES, ARIZONA
Assets Over \$3,000,000

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY

Our meats are known all over the state. Our meats are butchered in Arizona

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY
NOGALES, ARIZONA



WE HAVE A STOCK OF
Kelly-Springfield Tires
AND TUBES

We Also Carry
AUTO ACCESSORIES, GAS, OILS,
AND GREASES

We deal in Wood, Hay, Grain, and Poultry Feed, and do Hauling, both light and heavy. See us FIRST.

PATAGONIA ICE & LIGHT
PLANT

BEFORE IMPROVING PROPERTY be sure your title is clear. Title to much land in Nogales, Patagonia and other parts of this county is cloudy.

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY ABSTRACT AND TITLE COMPANY

F. A. French, Mgr.

Nogales, Arizona

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Legal papers requiring a Notary's Seal and acknowledgment will receive proper attention if brought to Miss Grace Van Osedale, San Rafael Valley.

B. P. O. E.

NOGALES LODGE NO. 1397

Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at Elks' Home on Morley Ave. Visiting brothers always welcome.

V. J. WAGER, Exalter Ruler
ROBERT E. LEE, Secretary

It's better to insure your property than to wish you had. See Howard Keener at the Patagonian office.—Adv

What the World Is Doing

As Seen by Popular Mechanics Magazine

Jazz Horn Requires No Skill and Sounds Like Trombone

The "Swanee saxophone," an instrument for playing jazz music, introduced in England for use in either orchestra or



solo work, does not require a trained artist and can be played by anyone able to hum a tune. Equipped with two bells, the device is said to produce the effects of a muted trombone or trumpet. There are no keys on the instrument, the player forming the various notes and tones through the mouthpiece. Since the horn may be played without the need of printed notes, it can be used in connection with other instruments by a performer unskilled in music and does not necessitate long practice to master its operation.

Carelessness as Fire Cause Blamed for Millions Loss

If carelessness and attempts to profit illegally from insurance could be eliminated, an annual fire loss of about \$475,000,000 in this country, or three-fourths of the total destruction by flames, could be avoided, according to estimates. The insurance companies are doing what they can to reduce the total by constant vigilance over the causes of fires and in deterring persons guilty of arson. In cooperation with the board of fire under-

writers, squads are maintained in various parts of the country, like units of a state police force, to investigate suspicious blazes. Every morning large insurance companies get a list of all the fires that occurred throughout the country the previous day. These are closely analyzed, the kind of business and the owners who suffered losses being noted.

Rate of Population Increase Declining in U. S.

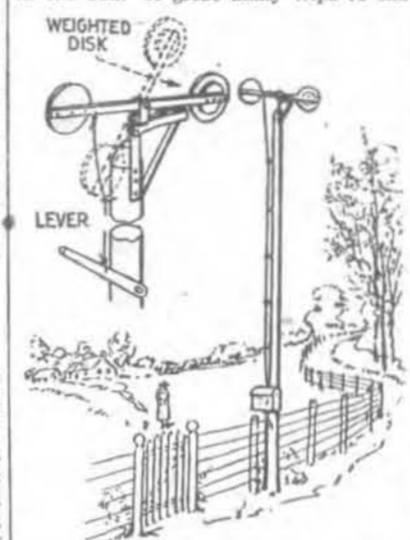
The population of continental United States on January 1 of this year was 114,311,000, according to estimates prepared by the national bureau of economic research. The survey reveals that the rate of increase is declining, the last year's gain, 1,627,000, being only 1.44 per cent as compared with 1,936,000 or 1.80 per cent increase for 1923. A growth of 1.42 per cent and 1.60 per cent was recorded for 1922 and 1921, respectively. Decreases in the birth and death rate and in the number of immigrants were noted, immigration accounting for only one-fifth of the population increase in 1924. It was also found that more persons are working for some one else than ever before. Only 9,657,000 were in business for themselves last year. Employees increased from 29,959,000 in 1920 to 33,266,000. It is estimated that the population of the country will be 148,700,000 by 1950.

"Snow" from Cottonwoods Prevented by Acid Spray

Spraying seed-bearing cottonwood trees with a two-per-cent sulphuric-acid solution has been found an effective way of preventing the showers of fluffy down that often prove a nuisance later in the year. The preparation can be applied with the usual equipment and at slight cost. Trees that require the treatment are distinguished from the others by their buds, which have small greenish clusters instead of the "red neckties" that grow on the male or cottonless trees.

Farmer's Mail Signal

A Maine farmer, whose home is situated nearly a mile from the highway where the mailbox is located, made a semaphore to enable the mailman to signal the delivery of mail. It consists of two disks attached to a crossarm, which is pivoted at the top of a high pole and connected to a lever at the bottom of the pole to permit changing their position. One of the disks is weighted so that when the lever is not drawn down the crossarm is horizontal. The other disk is about 18 in. in diameter and painted like a target. A length of galvanized-iron wire is attached to the crossarm near this disk and to the lever, which is pivoted on the post. When mail is delivered, the mailman simply pulls down the lever and slips the end under a rope loop to keep it in this position. This pulls the painted disk down and tells the farmer that there is something in the box. A great many trips to the



mailbox are eliminated by this device. The arrangements of the bracket on which the crossarm pivots is shown in the drawing.

DEMON CARBON A GAS EATER

By Edwin Greer

An important detail to watch, and that which keeps the engine running efficiently, is compression. An engine with faulty compression may appear to run fairly well when the car is rolling at a reasonable speed or when it is working hard. Lost compression shows up when the car is being driven at comparatively low speed.

Under either of these conditions the engine will run with an irregularity that makes the car jerk or lurch instead of running steadily, as it should. This condition indicates that there is considerable loss of power and that much more gasoline is being burned than when the engine is developing its full power.

Thousands of gallons of gasoline are wasted every day by motorists because of the inefficient operation of their engines. In fact, gasoline mileage may be cut in half through compression loss, and still the engine may continue to run fairly well, according to the ideas of the amateur driver.

If the engine is not running well and a compression loss is suspected the easiest way to detect it is to use the crank and turn the engine over by hand, thus feeling the compression in each cylinder. You will nearly always find that some pistons will go over compression much easier than others, and this means that somewhere there is a leak in this cylinder.

The number of miles which a car should run without having the valves reground varies greatly, depending upon oiling and other conditions.

With the average car under normal running conditions it is probably wise to have the valves ground at least once every 5000 to 7000 miles, depending upon the running condition of the engine.

ARIZONA INDUSTRIAL REVIEW

Phoenix—Bond issue totaling \$300,000 to be voted upon for purchase of athletic field for Union High school and site for construction of high school for negroes.

Florence—Preliminary work started on construction of San Carlos dam.

Holbrook—Large lettuce shipments being made from McNary.

Mesa—Summer resorts in mountains near here being enlarged and man yeotages under construction.

Chandler—New water system to be constructed at cost of \$100,000.

Arizona stockmen grazing cattle on national forests will save payment of \$450,000 by waiver of fees for last half of current year.

Prescott—Curran Mines sell twelve Tucson—New university building is nearing completion.

Vail—Cement plant may result here if prospect work by Portland Cement Company uncovers desirable class of cement rock deposit sufficiently large to warrant commercial development.

claims in Walker district for \$38,000. Yuma valley will have 20,000 acres of seed alfalfa this year.

Canyon Station—Valuable deposit

and 63 per cent antimony found here.

Mesa—Immediate construction of modern packin plant on main highway between this place and Tempe planned by Tremaine Alfalfa Ranch and Milling Company.

Phoenix—American Soap Company opens soap manufacturing plant here.

Flagstaff—Arizona Lumber and Timber Mill, largest in the southwest, doubles plant capacity and logging here. Will build 12-mile logging railway this year.

Tucson—Ben Loman cyanide mill, Quijota district, handles 125 tons of ore daily.

Yuma—Plans under way for immediate construction of swimming pool and bath house.

Wellton—Five thousand people attend fett marking Southern Pacific main line through Gila valley.

The Republican administration is again being lambasted by patriotic citizens for its frozen patriotism. They have had a number of new stamps designed lately and not one of them has the face of our great president, Woodrow Wilson, on them. They fear the power of his name even though his soul has ascended into Heaven.

Clarence Darrow, the great criminal lawyer, is going to defend evolution when it is put on trial in Tennessee. Now Tennessee won't be able to "hang" evolution, after all. Maybe it will only get ten or twenty years in the penitentiary.

Subscribe for your home paper; \$2.

WALTER P. CHRYSLER'S TRAFFIC TALKS

Whether a motorist or a pedestrian — always be thoughtful and courteous. If a motorist—if making a left-hand turn, edge to the middle of the street. Do not make a left hand turn from the right side of the street.

In turning into another street, edge over to the right if turn is to the right. Do not make a right hand turn from the middle of the street.

Drive in a straight line. When compelled to get out of that line make sure it is apparent to car behind you what you intend to do.

Howard Keener, at the Patagonian office, will acknowledge your legal papers, put the Notary's Seal thereon — and has for sale all kinds of legal blanks.

PATENTS

are being quickly sold to manufacturers and capitalists. If you have an invention, send us a model or sketches for search and report on patentability.

Our book on patents and trade-marks sent to any address.
D. SWIFT & CO.
7th & E. Sts., Washington, D. C.
Established in 1889.



Let Us Worry

When your engine refuses to function, tell us about it. We will not worry about it—we'll fix it in a jiffy and you'll be on your way. That's our business.

EAST SIDE GARAGE

R. C. Blabon, Proprietor

PATAGONIA

ARIZONA

Yes, We Do Job Work

You will find our prices satisfactory

Come in

BABY CLOTH—R. I. Red, even color and red to the skin; Barred Rocks, Black Minors, Golden Buff and White Leghorns, Tanager and Tom Burton strains. Order now; season will soon close.—ENOCH CREWS, Seabright, Calif. 410-21.

MEN, WOMEN sell guaranteed silk hosiery direct to wearer beautiful goods, fashioned and full fashioned, wonderful colors. Prices lower than stores. Sell only. We pay every day. INTERNATIONAL SILK HOSIERY CO., Norristown, Pa. 301.

MAKE MONEY taking magazine subscriptions. Full information and confidential catalogue on application. SUNSET SUBSCRIPTION BUREAU, the largest subscription agency west of Chicago (owned and operated by SUNSET Magazine), 460 Fourth St., San Francisco.

The Patagonian, \$2; Worth the Price

WASHINGTON TRADING CO.

DRY GOODS

SHOES

MEN'S LEATHER SLEEVE

SHEEP LINED COATS

AND VESTS

"TOWERS" SLICKERS

12 OZ. CANVAS—48 inches wide

LADIES' SWEATERS

FANCY PURSES AND VANITY

CASES

"EIFFEL" SILK HOSE

Washington
Trading Co.

Patagonia, Arizona.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home appointment for the traveling public is the

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby. Dining Room in connection



That Sense of Security

Which comes with the realization that you have succeeded in saving something spurs you on to redouble your efforts toward making financial progress.

Decide to make 1925 a profitable year by opening a Savings Account at this bank. Come in now and get Book that will record your financial progress.

Sonora Bank & Trust Co.

NOGALES, ARIZONA

Assets Over \$1,000,000



Why get along with makeshifts in the kitchen, where so many hours of work are done each day, when you can come here and, at very small cost, choose kettles and pans that will make your kitchen complete and lessen materially your kitchen work?

WHITE ENAMEL WARE

The following special values will prove especially interesting to thrifty shoppers:

Berlin Kettles \$1.00 to \$1.50
Coffee Pots \$1.25 to \$1.60

A full line to choose from; all sizes.

THE CORNER STORE

Patagonia, Ariz.

FOCUS ON SPORTS APPAREL; SHOES FOR THE FASTIDIOUS

JUST at this season of the year when all our world goes jaunting about on vacations and outings, fashion interest centers on sports clothes and designers busy themselves with new versions of the best liked styles. We see the prophecies that this would be a "white summer" fulfilled today in sports and other apparel in which white predominates, with touches of

self in a way that is forceful and betrays where his thoughts dwell. But as a result of his logic he usually strikes the nail on the head, and now he is saying that women are wearing millinery on their feet. This is a very arresting and revealing remark—a tribute to the daintiness and beauty of current styles in footwear. Women have grown so fastidious in



Clever Sports Costume.

color introduced in details of the dress or in accessories worn with it.

The white skirt, usually plaited, and made of silk crepe, wool or rayon materials, maintains its important position for street and sports wear and is worn with a blouse of gay printed silk showing colored patterns on a white ground. White crepe de chine with printed border designs in high colors is used for these blouses, which are made with short kimono sleeves, the border appearing at the bottom of the blouse. All white blouses of crepe de chine prove themselves useful for either sports or other wear. One of these, with a white plaited skirt, is shown in the picture, worn with a scarf and hat set of printed silk. The ends of the scarf are finished with

the matter of clothing their feet that we stand in need of terms less unflattering than "shoes" or "footwear" to describe the creations that bootmakers are turning out.

Kid is the favorite medium for the graceful and dainty footwear which distinguishes the summer season. Practically all the shoes for street wear or for afternoon are made of it and also many of the dressier types for evening. The new models prove very flattering to the feet made with toes a shade more rounded and heels a trifle higher than they have been—all feet look small in them. Styles are conservative and elegant, with many attractive combinations of leather to give them interest, and endless variations of the strap slipper and oxford to choose from. The handsome pumps of black kid, trimmed with a shaped band of white kid, shown here worn with a crepe afternoon frock, are typical of present styles. In the slippers at the right the pinnacle of summer comfort and style is achieved in brown kid worn with silk hose to



Some Popular Shoes.

ribbon, extended into ties that fasten about the wrists. By this clever contrivance the scarf plays a double role making a graceful sleeve drapery.

When a blouse of printed silk is worn with a white skirt, fashion favors a white hat and scarf set, the scarf finished at the ends with a border like the silk in the blouse. Or if a white blouse with colored border is chosen the scarf is bordered to match, or motifs cut from the printed silk are applied to it at the ends.

In footwear white strap slippers or sport shoes, or black slippers are popular but do not monopolize the showings of summer sports shoes. Light gray and tan, or combinations of white with a color in shoes having a definite sports character, contribute variety in dainty footwear. Other interesting accessories shown are the gay Chinese parasols of paper that will withstand a little shower, for one thing, and elegant jackets and coats for another.

Concerning the apparel of women mere man has always expressed blind-

ness, and this outfitting of the feet is approved for morning or afternoon, with tailored for dressier costumes. Below are handsome white kid oxfords for wear with summer frocks and sports clothes and equally good style with tailored suits and frocks. They will delight those women who choose white footwear in summer.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

(By 1925. Western Newspaper Union.)

Plaited Jabot

An interesting style note of a black satin frock is a plaited jabot of white chiffon.

UP TO DATE NEWS FROM ALL SOURCES

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING
EVENTS IN THIS AND FOR-
EIGN COUNTRIES

CURRENT EVENTS OF INTEREST

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT
MARK THE PROGRESS
OF THE AGE

WESTERN

Mark Collins, acquitted in Salt Lake City of a first degree murder charge developed from the killing, Oct. 11, 1924, of C. H. McQuown, former mayor of Buhl, Idaho, will go back to Butte county, California, to face a highway robbery charge.

Bathed and clad in clean clothes, refreshed with sleep and food, Robert Hill, imprisoned for fifty-seven hours in the Black Hole of the Baltic mine tunnel near Grass Valley, Calif., was the center of a family reunion at his home the day after the rescue.

The election of Miss Gertrude Valle of Denver as president, and the announced recommendation of the time and place committee that Cleveland be selected as the meeting place for 1926, were the outstanding developments during the day at the National Conference of Social Work, held in Denver.

Frederick Ray Martin of New York, commencement day speaker at Rhode Island State College at Kingston, R. I., took for his topic, "Our Mania for Legislation," saying in reference to the complaint of a few years ago, that business was being strangled by law making, "Today the plaint is broader, that private rights, individual habits, even thoughts, are being hampered by legislative enactments."

Several stone picks or hammers, believed to be implements of prehistoric man, have been found by workmen at a depth of over 100 feet in sodium sulphate deposits at Camp Verde, near Jerome, Ariz. Two of the finest specimens were forwarded to the Smithsonian Institution. Position of the implements, when found, indicates they positively were contemporary with the deposits of sodium sulphate, local archaeologists declared.

One fireman was killed and three injured in two spectacular fires in separated districts of San Francisco. The largest fire burned away three of the principal packing houses in the Islala Creek section and thousands of cattle ready for slaughter were sent roaming through the streets when they were freed from their pens by firemen. The Islala Creek fire did damage estimated in early reports at \$1,000,000.

President Coolidge still is hopeful that the Colorado river compact will be ratified by all states affected. He believes that objections which have arisen in Arizona will be overcome. With regard to waterways generally, Mr. Coolidge is of the opinion that the government should not go into the business of generating power, but that flood control is properly a function to be met by public funds. In carrying out flood protection, development of power may often be a minor factor.

WASHINGTON

Admiral S. S. Robison, commander-in-chief of the battle fleet, has been selected to succeed Admiral Robert E. Coontz as commander-in-chief of the United States fleet.

While President Coolidge will be kept in constant touch with government affairs during his summer stay at Swampscott, Mass., arrangements are being made to afford him as much relaxation and freedom from the cares of office as possible.

The recent flareup in the Mexican situation is not expected by the State Department to hamper Ambassador Sheffield when he returns to Mexico City, probably this month.

Express companies are justified in maintaining charges for the shipment of bodies which are double the usual passenger rates, the Interstate Commerce Commission held recently in dismissing a complaint brought by undertaking associations.

The primary object of the MacMillan-navy expedition which sailed from Boston last week is to make a hydrographic survey by airplane of the last great unknown region of the northern hemisphere, that territory lying between the north pole and Alaska and covering 1,000,000 square miles.

A new commander-in-chief of the United States fleet, to succeed Admiral Coontz upon completion of the Australian cruise this summer, has been selected by the Navy Department, and announcement of the appointment is expected soon. Admiral Coontz will command for two years service as commander-in-chief, and will be assigned to other duty.

Washington has been selected for the 1925 national convention of the Ku Klux Klan. It was learned a few days ago. The time for the meeting has not been announced but it is understood to be the wish of Imperial Wizard Evans to hold the "Klonovention" here.

Secretary Kellogg's statement concerning conditions in Mexico has drawn an equally plain-worded reply from President Calles, who regards as an insult the implication that Mexico is on trial before the world in the guise of a defendant.

FOREIGN

A dispatch to the New York Evening Post from Hongkong said that more than 700 Yunnanese were slaughtered at Canton by the victorious Cantonese army which captured that city last week.

The American delegates at Geneva signed the protocol outlawing poison gas and bacteriological warfare at the closing session of the international conference of the limitation of traffic in arms and munitions.

Persia withdrew from the arms conference being held in Geneva because of the conference's decision that Persian ships in the Gulf of Persia could be searched if suspected of engaging in forbidden arms traffic.

Sydney, Nova Scotia, police assisted by special constables recruited from the United Mine Workers of America, frustrated an attempt to loot a warehouse of the British Empire Steel Corporation at Glace Bay.

President Calles, in a statement issued in Mexico City, said that Mexico would not modify her agrarian policies. The statement was issued to deny reports that Mexico intended to change these policies because of the recent statement of Secretary of State Kellogg.

The British consul at Swatow, a port to the northeast of Canton, telegraphed to the British authorities in Shanghai that a general strike had commenced at Swatow and naval protection was required. The British sloop Blue Bell was ordered to proceed from Hongkong to Swatow.

Another note emphasizing the gravity of the situation caused by recent disturbances in China and calling upon the Chinese government to take measures was sent to the foreign office at Peking by the Italian ambassador, Signor Cerruti, representing also other members of the foreign diplomatic corps.

All but one member of the Greek cabinet which resigned last week have been reappointed in a new ministry formed under the presidency of Andreas Michalopoulos, who also retains the portfolio of foreign affairs. It was reported in a dispatch received in Washington by the Hellenic Information bureau.

"If the government of Mexico, as affirmed, is now on trial before the world," President Calles of Mexico says, "such is the case with the government of the United States, as well as those of other countries, but if it is to be understood that Mexico is on trial in the guise of a defendant, my government absolutely rejects with energy such imputation, which in essence would only mean an insult."

GENERAL

Garber and Osterdock, Clayton county, Ia., towns, were flooded as a result of the overflowing of Turkey river after a heavy rain.

Mrs. Edith Nourse Rogers, widow of John Jacob Rogers, was overwhelmingly nominated to succeed him in Congress at a special primary election held in Lowell, Mass.

Warren S. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and one of the leading labor leaders and labor financiers of the country, died in a hospital in Cleveland, Ohio, last week.

The advisory board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met in Cleveland, Ohio, and selected William B. Prenter, Cleveland, to succeed Warren S. Stone as president of all brotherhood activities, effective immediately.

Thirty-six persons were killed and approximately seventy injured, several of them perhaps fatally, when a special five-car train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, speeding from Chicago to Hoboken, was derailed at Rockport, three miles from Hackettstown, N. J. The victims were on their way to New York to sail Tuesday afternoon on the Republic of the United States lines, for Bremen, Germany.

The validity of the Tennessee law prohibiting the teaching of evolution in public schools of the state is the principal question involved in the trial at Dayton, July 10, of John T. Scopes, for the alleged violation of the law. A. T. Stewart, attorney general of the eighteenth judicial district, declared at Winchester, Tenn.

Scott S. Goodnight, dean of the University of Wisconsin, announced in Madison, Wis., that a sophomore in the School of Commerce has admitted the theft of the examination questions which were stolen from Bascom hall and sold to students at \$5 and \$10 a set. The identity of the student is being withheld. According to the dean, the youth confessed with a show of bravado, and boasted that he had made \$80 out of his venture.

Fruit crops are short. Apples and pears, as well as peaches, are expected to be in lighter supply than last season. The shortage of fruit is attributed in Chicago by the United States government bureau of agricultural economics, and is stated to be the effect of a severe winter, or of spring frosts in some sections and of dry weather in others. Prospect of fewer peaches than last year is especially apparent.

DeHart Hubbard, the University of Michigan's sensational negro athlete, finally achieved his aim to crack all standing marks for the running broad jump before he left college. In his final collegiate appearance in the national intercollegiate track and field games on Stag field, Chicago, he set a new world's mark when he leaped 25 feet 10 1/2 inches.

A vast army of Rotarians—officially estimated at 12,000—from the "four corners of the earth," stormed Cleveland to attend the sixteenth annual convention of Rotary International.

BRIEF ARIZONA ITEMS

A crowd estimated at between 5,000 and 7,000 was on hand in Prescott to witness the fifth annual ceremonial of the Smoki people.

Fines in Police Court at Douglas for the fiscal year ending May 31 totaled \$4,258, the report shows. There were 876 arrests by the police.

Peter Robertson, Jr., 14-year-old son of Judge and Mrs. Peter T. Robertson of Yuma, was drowned while swimming in a canal a short distance from Yuma.

Members of the Senate sub-committee on public lands held a two-day hearing in the District Court room at Phoenix with Senators Cameron and Ashurst, both of Arizona, Tasker L. Oddie of Nevada, and Andrew A. Jones of New Mexico, and Robert N. Stanfield of Oregon in attendance.

Members of the Phoenix City Commission have authorized the city to purchase the Phoenix Street Railway Company of Arizona at salvage prices. The action of the commission ends a long controversy between city officials and representatives of the traction company as to the operation of the railway system.

A waiver of grazing fees on national forests for the last six months of 1925 has been approved by Secretary Wm. Jardine of the Department of Agriculture, members of the sub-committee on public lands announced at a hearing in Phoenix. Notice of Secretary Jardine's approval reached the sub-committee just as the hearing was being opened and it was read into the records. The waiver, finally given, will constitute a portion of the relief for the cattlemen throughout Arizona, as has been developed in the hearings conducted by the sub-committee in four Arizona cities.

The Industrial Survey report released by the U. S. Employment Service of the U. S. Department of Labor at Denver, Colorado, states that a well balanced condition exists in the supply of and demand for labor in practically all lines of industry in Arizona. Employment increases are noted in agricultural activities, general construction and on municipal improvement work and building in the larger cities. Departure of many migratory workers to states to the north and east for seasonal work is reported. The shipping of cantaloupes is the source of much additional employment for unskilled workers. Cotton cultivation is the chief source of employment, with labor in connection barely ample to meet demands. Industrial plants operating full time, industrial labor ample. Building and general construction is particularly active and includes a \$280,000 construction program by a telephone company. Progress is being made on the \$4,000,000 Horse Mesa dam and on construction of the \$15,000,000 main line railway east and west through the Salt River valley. Work will soon commence on the San Carlos dam in the Florence-Casa Grande valley. Municipal improvement work and highway construction is getting under way and affording increased employment to many chiefly unskilled workers. Lessening somewhat of metal (copper) mining activities is noted; metal miners released indicated to be absorbed in extensive new metal mine development work in the near future. Unskilled metal mine labor ample, but a scarcity of skilled hard-rock metal miners, especially in the Ajo district exists. Lumbering, more extensive near Flagstaff and McNary is at high point of activity. Railway shop employment is steady; train service employment increasing with the advent of the melon shipping season.

Establishment in Arizona of a national home for tuberculosis dependents of ex-service men not specifically cared for by existing provisions of the veterans' bureau regulations, was advocated by the Arizona Department of Veterans of Foreign Wars at their recent meeting in Prescott.

More women than men, a gain of one-third over last year; at least one student from nearly every town in the state—these were the features brought out by the registration for the summer sessions at the University of Arizona in Tucson. Dean C. F. Huffaker announced that at the close of registration 231 completed registrations had been made.

Favorable weather during the past month has resulted in considerable improvement in cattle conditions, according to a report made in Phoenix by officials of the Arizona Industrial Congress, who have recently completed a survey of range and cattle conditions. Scattered showers in various sections of the state have benefited the ranges, according to the report, although additional precipitation is badly needed, particularly in the southern part of the state.

Ramsay Patterson, well known lion hunter, was acquitted by a jury in Superior Court at Prescott of killing James Shears, aged prospector. The jury was out a half hour. Ralph Anderson, Patterson's companion, will face a similar trial, to be held in the future.

Chas. Crowley, night special officer in the Archison, Yopka and Santa Fe switching yards at Winslow, was seriously and possibly fatally wounded when stabbed in the abdomen in an altercation with Mexicans who stole a ride on a freight train.

SINCLAIR WINNER IN TEAPOT DOME SUIT

JUDGE KENNEDY EXONERATES
FORMER SECRETARY FALL
AND OTHER PARTIES

OIL LEASE IS HELD VALID

UNITED STATES TO APPEAL DECISION GIVEN IN TEAPOT DOME CASE

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Teapot dome rightfully belongs to Harry F. Sinclair's Mammoth Oil Company, T. Blake Kennedy, United States district judge, decided here, when he completely upheld every act in the process which resulted in the granting of the big Wyoming oil field concession to Harry F. Sinclair.

Beaten, but not ready to quit, counsel for the government, Albert D. Walton, United States district attorney, announced a few hours after the decision had been handed down that an appeal would be taken.

Judge Kennedy's decision contained the following ruling:

That the executive order signed May 31, 1921, by President Harding, transferring the naval oil reserves from the jurisdiction of the Navy Department to that of the Interior Department was legal and not obtained from the chief executive by fraud.

That an act of Congress of June 4, 1920, under which the lease and other negotiations were consummated, clothed the secretary of the navy with full power to do everything that was done in negotiating the naval oil leases.

That the "loan" of \$25,000 by Sinclair to Fall in June, 1923, was a "suspicious circumstance," but that the ready explanation given by Sinclair's attorney, J. W. Zevlev, to a senate investigating committee and the lack of evidence that any attempt at secrecy was made over the transaction gave it the badge of a legitimate transaction.

That the government's allegations of fraud had not been sustained.

That former Secretary Denby, former Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Roosevelt, Rear Admiral J. K. Robison, chief of navy engineering, who acted as Denby's agent; S. S. Finney, former assistant secretary of the Interior, and H. Foster Bain and A. W. Ambrose of the federal bureau of mines, "must be considered as absolved from any incriminating fault as to fraudulent motive" in their action in connection with the negotiations.

That there was no undue secrecy in concealing the fact that a lease had been granted to Sinclair, and that the government's charge that opportunities were not given persons other than Sinclair to negotiate leases was not borne out by the evidence.

Persons who held mineral leases in Teapot dome were absolved of blame for demanding compensation for vacating their holdings, Judge Kennedy ruled, setting forth that Fall's requirement that Sinclair acquire quitclaim deeds to all these claims as a prerequisite to getting a lease probably was the best way of definitely settling the matter of such ownership. Regarding the claim of John C. Shaffer, Chicago and Denver newspaper publisher, who had independent holdings in the reserve, Judge Kennedy declared that Fall may have believed that "Shaffer had some particular right which should be recognized, and for that reason interceded with the prospective lessee in his behalf."

That in carrying out the provisions of the June, 1920, law the then secretary of the navy, Edwin Denby, did not usurp the powers of Congress, as alleged by the government.

Every major allegation made by the government was crushed under the decision.

Spain Joins France in Blockade

Paris.—A blockade of the Moroccan coast by French and Spanish warships to prevent arms and munitions reaching Abd-el-Krim, the warring leader of Moroccan tribesmen, has been declared. There will be no supreme command, but the French and Spanish naval units participating in the blockade will take instructions from their respective admirals. French ships may enter Spanish zone ports and vice versa. The blockade extends from Mogador on the Atlantic coast to Alhucemas Bay on the Mediterranean, embracing the northern coast of Morocco.

Fall Gives Bond for Appearance

El Paso, Texas.—Former Secretary of Interior A. B. Fall gave bond before United States Commissioner A. J. W. Schmidt here for appearance in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, Oct. 6, to answer charges growing out of the Teapot Dome and Elk Hill oil leases.

Start Chicago-New York Air Mail

New York.—Formal launching of the New York-to-Chicago night air mail service has been announced for 8 o'clock on the night of July 1. The mail is scheduled to arrive at the Chicago postoffice at 6:30 o'clock the morning of July 2, the 784 miles journey requiring 10 1/2 hours. Colonel Paul Henderson, second assistant postmaster-general, announced that the route had been established at a cost of \$600,000. Twenty-four planes will be used.

WAS NOT FIT TO DO HER WORK

Dreadful Condition of Mrs. Fullerton's Health Remedied by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Clearfield, Pa.—"I cannot begin to tell you how much Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me in every way. Before taking it I couldn't stand on my feet without pains running all through my whole body from my waist down, just like threads pulling. I was not fit to do any work. My mother got me to try the Vegetable Compound and I have found great benefit, and I not only recommend it for such troubles, but to build up the whole system. I have used it for most everything that gets wrong with me. When I begin to feel nervous and irritable I don't stop long in getting a bottle of the Vegetable Compound. If I haven't got one in the house, it gives a fine appetite and makes a new woman of me. You may use this testimonial in my own town or anywhere else, and I will answer any letters I receive."—Mrs. RUSH FULLERTON, 625 S. 2nd Street, Clearfield, Pa.

If you are suffering from nervous troubles, irritability, give the Vegetable Compound a fair trial. For sale by druggists everywhere.

Don't let baby be tormented by skin trouble! Apply Resinol Ointment and see how quickly the itching and burning stops.



Resinol

FIRST AID TO BEAUTY AND CHARM

Nothing so mara an otherwise beautiful face as the inevitable lines of fatigue and suffering caused by tired, itching skin. ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic, Healing Powder, insures foot comfort. It's a Toilet Necessity. Rub it in your shoes in the morning. Slip it on at night. Let your mirror tell the story. Trial package and a Foot-Ease Walking Shoe sent Free. Address Allen's Foot-Ease, Le Roy, N. Y. Sold at Drug and Department Stores.

Sunday School Record

James Frankfield, a member of the Grace Lutheran Sunday school at Bethlehem, Pa., has a record of attending Sunday school every Sunday for 19 years without an absence. He braved blizzards and disordered travel to be in his seat every Sunday during that period. Rush Schmale of the same church is a runner-up for the record with 17 years without an absence.

Seemed Wasted Time

Whistling merrily at his employment, an expert workman busied himself in combining bits of feather, horse hair, books and red flannel. There came along a visitor, evidently one from the rural districts, who viewed these operations with palpable astonishment. The workman explained that he was making artificial flies. The stranger's comment was expressive. "Gosh, aren't there enough real ones in season?"

Mouths and Bread

Cherlyman—My boy, learn to be contented. Mouths are never sent with out bread to feed them.

Practical Boy—Aw, but the mouths are sent to our houses and the bread to yours.—London Passing Show.

Nature's Protection

Leaf insects, which thrive on the guava tree, mimic the leaves so closely that they change color with the leaves as the season advances.

A great character is somewhat dwarfed as you become intimate with it; but it may be your fault.

School of experience has a yell; and the yell is heard frequently and unobtrusively.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION



6 BELL'S Hot water Sure Relief

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

The Purity of Cuticura Makes It Unexcelled For All Toilet Purposes

The Vanishing Men

By RICHARD WASHBURN CHILD

(Copyright by E. P. Dutton & Co.)
(W. N. U. Service)

SYNOPSIS

Out of uniform, at the end of the World war, with the rank of major, Peter DeWolfe, young American of wealth and family, is urged by an English comrade in arms, Everly Benham, to visit the Benham home and meet the Englishman's mother and sister, and, incidentally, Brena Selcoss, young woman about whom there is an air of mystery. Muriel Benham, Everly's sister, becomes infatuated with Peter, but he is interested only in the mysterious Brena Selcoss, of whom he has had only a glimpse. Muriel urges him to forget her, warning him that if she (Brena) should like him he is in danger of "vanishing—like the others." Peter gets a phone message from Brena to meet her.

CHAPTER III—Continued

He found her sitting at a table beside a window overlooking Bond street, where the fog was like a gray steed and panserbury hurrying home were like solids stirred up to the surface from the bottom of some kettle. She greeted him with a quiet smile and pointed to the empty chair.

Peter, conscious of his shrewdness, said exactly what she had said—nothing. He sat down across from her, and for the benefit of the waitress whom he could see out of the corner of his eyes as a black dress and white apron, he pointed to Brena's steaming chocolate and nodded. He did not take his gaze from his companion's large dark eyes which had in them the same look he had seen once before and which had made him think of eyes which knew no death but had been looking out upon the world for centuries and centuries. A friend of his had once advanced the idea, at a dinner party in New York, that men and women's souls were new or old, that some of those present had been aged through countless residence in human form back through eras of history, that others had been created only a few hundred years ago and that still others were new souls just out of the wrapping. Peter recognized as he looked into this young woman's eyes that if he, in worldly terms, were a half a dozen years older than she, in fact, she had outlived him in rounds and rounds of ages.

Her eyes were so compelling that it was difficult to give attention to the fact that her countenance had in it a baffling riddle. Her face was long with a straight and perfect nose below a forehead which might be considered by a classicist lacking a good fraction of an inch in height. She had a full rounded chin below lips so flexible and of so warm and rich a moist color that their thinness was scarcely noticeable. But there was combined in her features, which taken together were by no means perfect, a still beauty which represented the Greek in her, with some undercurrent of shimmering chameleon elusiveness.

"You are shocked at my behavior," she said at last, arranging the white ruffling at her throat as if she preferred to treat Peter's state of mind casually. "Perhaps you are pleased?"

"The two go together," he said quickly.

"You did not ask me who I was. Yet, you had never heard my voice before."

"That struck you forcibly after you left the telephone," Peter told her with authority. "It was not surprising. I had never heard your voice. But I had seen you. It was only necessary to look at each other—"

"Yes, that was memorable," she said solemnly, and looked far away. "But unfortunately the tempo of this meeting does not warrant that little laugh of yours," she went on in reproval. "I came to London to see you, but I came because of Muriel Benham."

Peter looked up in dismay. He said, "You don't mean that she told you—?"

"No one told me," said Brena Selcoss. "You were there. I heard scraps of conversation. Once I heard my own name. It was no fault of mine. Nor is it a fault of mine that with Mrs. Benham's word or two about Muriel's desire to go away, after your sudden departure for London, that I can see what has happened. I have come down from the country to beg you to go back."

Peter shook his head from side to side.

"In some way—some mysterious way—just such a thing as this involves me always. I have been, unwittingly, the cause of—"

"Oh, no, you haven't," said he, with vigor.

Apparently she did not hear; she leaned forward and said, with great earnestness. "It touched me deeply—"

about it. I left Beaconsfield Heath because of it."

Brena sat back in her chair with a sigh which appeared to Peter to state, sincerely, relief from a great anxiety. She folded her expressive hands, interlocking her fingers, free of all rings, and allowed her eyelids to almost close.

"I would have liked to stay longer," he said.

"Why?"

"To see you."

"You did not know me."

"I had seen you."

"But I would not care much for that kind of judgment," she said. "It is a man's great delusion to base inclinations on a glance."

"Women do it, too," said Peter. "I admit—we both admit—that it is a mistake, don't we?"

"Yes—perhaps. I am not sure."

"Then you too hoped that I would stay?"

She neglected his question completely, but she did not rebuke him for that smile of pleasure that had arisen with the idea that she, too, had a belief that upon a rare occasion the exceptional first exchange of the eyes is a true and a wise guide to the importance of the future. Peter felt a glowing sense of understanding and of companionship.

Suddenly, with a quick tensing that startled Peter, she looked swiftly about from face to face of the persons, men and women, who sat at the other tables. He saw in her eyes at that moment the look which Benham had described so vividly—that expression of fear of some unknown peril.

"You have been in the country a long time," he said as promptly as he could. "You do not like London, evidently."

She smiled rather sadly. "I love London. But I choose to stay at my

little retreat among the old beech trees. I have not come to London since last summer."

"And you have no inclination to play in London—to forget Beaconsfield for a day?" he asked. "Of course, now you are here."

"I do not know anyone in London, now," she said. "I have an apartment here—one which I had when I first came to England."

"Come to England?" He inquired when, without using the words.

"Yes, three years ago. I think it must have been three centuries."

She sat for a long time thinking, and the coming and going of the waitress with check and change did not interrupt her thought. Peter believed that she was debating something; therefore he said, "Life—even little life—the pleasures—the decent pleasures—well, they ought to be seized."

"You have a sentient mind," she said, wakened.

"Then do it, whatever it is," he said. "There are two kinds of persons in the world—the minus persons and the plus persons, negative folks and positive folks. You notice I say folks; I am from America."

"So am I," she said.

"Well, do it!" said Peter, referring to the undisclosed problem.

"Perhaps I have shut myself up too much," she said reflectively. "I did not know how much I loved to see human beings—just see them sitting here and there, walking in the street, jostling each other, so various, so like—"

"Unsolved riddles."

She looked into his face long and as if conducting a search.

"I want to stay in London for a few days," she said at last, shaking her gloves as if to express the thrill it would give her.

"Why not?" asked Peter. "Even if staying in London is the hazardous business which you seem to think it is, no one will know."

He waited.

She greeted him with a quiet smile and pointed to the empty chair.

little retreat among the old beech trees. I have not come to London since last summer."

"And you have no inclination to play in London—to forget Beaconsfield for a day?" he asked. "Of course, now you are here."

"I do not know anyone in London, now," she said. "I have an apartment here—one which I had when I first came to England."

"Come to England?" He inquired when, without using the words.

"Yes, three years ago. I think it must have been three centuries."

She sat for a long time thinking, and the coming and going of the waitress with check and change did not interrupt her thought. Peter believed that she was debating something; therefore he said, "Life—even little life—the pleasures—the decent pleasures—well, they ought to be seized."

"You have a sentient mind," she said, wakened.

"Then do it, whatever it is," he said. "There are two kinds of persons in the world—the minus persons and the plus persons, negative folks and positive folks. You notice I say folks; I am from America."

"So am I," she said.

"Well, do it!" said Peter, referring to the undisclosed problem.

"Perhaps I have shut myself up too much," she said reflectively. "I did not know how much I loved to see human beings—just see them sitting here and there, walking in the street, jostling each other, so various, so like—"

"Unsolved riddles."

She looked into his face long and as if conducting a search.

"I want to stay in London for a few days," she said at last, shaking her gloves as if to express the thrill it would give her.

"Why not?" asked Peter. "Even if staying in London is the hazardous business which you seem to think it is, no one will know."

He waited.

She greeted him with a quiet smile and pointed to the empty chair.

little retreat among the old beech trees. I have not come to London since last summer."

"And you have no inclination to play in London—to forget Beaconsfield for a day?" he asked. "Of course, now you are here."

"I do not know anyone in London, now," she said. "I have an apartment here—one which I had when I first came to England."

"Come to England?" He inquired when, without using the words.

"Yes, three years ago. I think it must have been three centuries."

She sat for a long time thinking, and the coming and going of the waitress with check and change did not interrupt her thought. Peter believed that she was debating something; therefore he said, "Life—even little life—the pleasures—the decent pleasures—well, they ought to be seized."

"You have a sentient mind," she said, wakened.

"Then do it, whatever it is," he said. "There are two kinds of persons in the world—the minus persons and the plus persons, negative folks and positive folks. You notice I say folks; I am from America."

"So am I," she said.

"Well, do it!" said Peter, referring to the undisclosed problem.

"Perhaps I have shut myself up too much," she said reflectively. "I did not know how much I loved to see human beings—just see them sitting here and there, walking in the street, jostling each other, so various, so like—"

"Unsolved riddles."

She looked into his face long and as if conducting a search.

"I want to stay in London for a few days," she said at last, shaking her gloves as if to express the thrill it would give her.

"Why not?" asked Peter. "Even if staying in London is the hazardous business which you seem to think it is, no one will know."

He waited.

She greeted him with a quiet smile and pointed to the empty chair.

little retreat among the old beech trees. I have not come to London since last summer."

"And you have no inclination to play in London—to forget Beaconsfield for a day?" he asked. "Of course, now you are here."

"I do not know anyone in London, now," she said. "I have an apartment here—one which I had when I first came to England."

"Come to England?" He inquired when, without using the words.

"Yes, three years ago. I think it must have been three centuries."

She sat for a long time thinking, and the coming and going of the waitress with check and change did not interrupt her thought. Peter believed that she was debating something; therefore he said, "Life—even little life—the pleasures—the decent pleasures—well, they ought to be seized."

"You have a sentient mind," she said, wakened.

"Except me," he said.

Her eyelids narrowed almost imperceptibly as she answered. "But doubtless dozens of persons claim your time here. It is, to use your expression, known that you are in London."

"No, no, no," protested DeWolfe, impulsively. "Not a soul."

She drew on her gloves.

"I think I will stay in London," she said, and Peter thought he heard her murmur under her breath, "God forgive me."

CHAPTER IV

He was reckoned a shrewd player of life. Men who knew Peter DeWolfe best say that if he left his traveling bag on the sidewalk on Fifth avenue while he did some shopping within some store, it was only because he had estimated carefully the psychology of any thief and concluded that one could depend upon human nature to believe that luggage sitting alone on the pavement was placed there as a trap. Peter always found his bag where he had left it.

This is said because, unless some complex reasoning and calculation of the same kind can be applied to his conduct, it is necessary to say he went blind into love of woman.

"A few—a very few—men—and fewer women," Peter said once in a letter, "know just how near the top of the world can be reached by the adventure of free days together where there are no hours, and time springs in magic jumps from noon to next daylight perhaps, and the world is a playground and a city is your toy and mankind is the ultimate friend of both of you. Unfortunately," he added, "the men who have the quality of greatness to see that such a companionship over a span of hours is a greater accomplishment than a life in a law office or the presidency of some blooming bank are few. Those who ever find the girl are fewer. And those who can prove some essential quality of a gentleman and a whole man needed to walk that delicious tightrope up above the moon, without taking a vulgar step into space with a nasty crash on landing, are fewest of all."

He may have been demonstrating these words. But apparently he had abandoned his inquiry into the mystery of past and future. He had abandoned suspicion of her or curiosity about her life, though ever and again he found her glancing around with the unexplained fear in her dark eyes, as if she expected to meet the eyes of recognition or find some fiend walking softly along behind. Outwardly he had given over all but one inquiry, and that was the exploration of the heart and mind and soul of Brena Selcoss.

Just when he had shelved his first purpose, awakened by Benham's challenge, and when he wiped from his mind the memory of his one moment of dread of this girl, which, of course, might be traceable to Muriel's extraordinary and tragic warning, perhaps Peter himself could not have told. It might have been at the moment when, after their first evening of strolling aimlessly through the mystery of the symbolic fog with their selves reaching toward one another, he had perched like two ravens on the pediment of Trafalgar monument, superfluous, content and watching the blurred lights of one motor omnibus after another move like luminous fish in cloudy water.

"What time is it?" Peter had asked, listening in vain for the great bell of St. Paul's.

Brena Selcoss, sitting on her own coat, drew back the loose sleeve of her white silk waist from her rounded cream-colored wrist and, after a glance at her watch, had said, "It is after two. I am hungry and I am cold."

Peter had said quickly, "Perhaps it is my fault. But you wouldn't go to the theater or the cafes. How could I deal with any one who stubbornly insists upon exploring alleys and arcades and the banking district and Hyde park until an old campaigner's legs are almost worn out?"

"You couldn't."

"I shall find a place now and I shall like to see you eat," he had said, jumping up. "There are some persons, after all, who give us delight when they eat. Did you ever see an old French peasant woman who was really fond of animals feeding them? Why, her brown wrinkled face was a smile like a lighthouse! And I can imagine wearing that smile when one's own children are over their bowls of gruel. Yes, I shall like to see you eat. I am sure. I would like it still better if I had planted and harvested or caught everything which was put before you. But that cannot very well be, because I'm not a farmer or a trapper or Isaac Walton—only a New York idler. Besides, Trafalgar square has no soil for turnips, no brook trout, no prenasats."

She had looked up with a wistful smile. "Who is pleased when you eat?"

"Nobody," he said. "You see I am an orphan. There is an old waiter at the club. I forgot him. He rubs his hands when I am hungry, but for all I know it is because the palms itch. He waited on my father—the banker—"

and he looks like a shaven Mephistopheles. That's all I can remember."

"You may come with me, then, to my chambers," she had said. "We can stop on the way—goodness knows where—but somewhere and get eggs and butter and cheese and milk. We'll go there."

"Can you cook?" he had exclaimed. "Oh, no. Not at all. Does that make any difference?"

"Why should it?" Peter had inquired with sincerity. He had come to the point of departure from his first ideas of his destined relationship with Brena Selcoss.

In the days which had flowed on, Peter's coming and going at the new hotel to which he had moved so that no one might attach themselves to him, attracted the attention of the doorman with the worn livery, brass buttons and chronic apoplexy. "A very peculiar young 'un," he had said to the porter. "A 'wery odd 'airpin! 'E's in an 'out at hall hours. I think 'e's gaming."

Perhaps he was. That might have been how he began. But the delight of a concentrated nothing-to-do settled over the two and Peter's steamer at last left the dock at Liverpool with American soldiers blaspheming between decks like a swarm of hornets returning to their hive and a purser scratching his head over the name of one DeWolfe, who was printed on the passenger list but did not claim his telegram. Peter had lost himself and, like a runaway child, he was glad of it. There was only this difference—for Peter not one but his lawyers would make a search.

If one desires to know how far the breaking down of conventions had gone, it is only necessary to point out that upon one occasion where a laughing Sunday crowd had gathered about a hectic man preaching revolution from a stepladder in Hyde park, Peter had sat down with the girl to listen. The sunlight was comfortable, and the voice of the orator rose and broke with the regularity of waves upon a long warm beach, and Peter, dropping back with his head on the grass, watched a silvery airplane up from Hendon wheel about like a gray beetle who couldn't decide where to light, until he fell asleep.

When he awoke he was generating apologies. He intended to say that Brena and he, like fairy folk, had acquired the magic exemption from sleep but that, of course, occasionally—

None of his embarrassment was negotiable; she, too, was asleep; her hair, with its red-brown variations of autumn leaves, was alive with the sheen of the sunlight, her arm was under her forehead. The orator had spun his web to the end and all the crowd had buzzed away like escaping flies; but a little stray dog, with a face badly needing soap and water, had gone to sleep at her feet with its face on its paws, whining over a dream of a piece of meat with legs which could run faster than he.

To them life had become abundant with those unnoticed values, neglected by the commiserable blind beings who run along the ribs of unimaginative existence with their hands put into the coarse fist of some conventional, vulgar purpose. Together they went to the docks at night and listened to Chinese coolies in the gallery of a tramp steamer from Hongkong, where up from the yellow smoking interior, as from a yellow smoking volcanic crater, arose the strange crooning, bubbling, wailing songs of the Far East. They went to Hampstead and laughed at the snug little houses with their washed, respectable faces. They strolled through the National gallery, where they found a room of portraits of men of the time of Pitt, all of whom, as if by a manner of the time, had their hands thrust palm down into their buttoned coats; they called it the Stomach-ache gallery. They sat on strange doorsteps while Peter wrote verses to the unknown inmates behind the barrier. They invited a match woman to dine with them and were well repaid by hearing from her lips a discourse upon the conceit of each age which always flatters itself into belief that it is the world's crisis. They said good-night at all hours, they ate when hungry, and were as skillfully silent when the mood came as they were spontaneously chattering when their minds danced together.

Peter might have guessed, but he could not have known to what crisis this would lead.

"We have not forgotten how to play," he said to her.

A look of pain had come into her face, and into her eyes the old look of fear.

"I don't like it when you look like that," he had said.

"How?"

"Afraid."

"I'm afraid of nothing, Peter—nothing which makes ordinary fear in ordinary hearts. Peter. You will see some time that I am not afraid."

She had laughed at his perplexed expression, but without joy.

"Don't you bother about me," she told him. "You've promised that you wouldn't, you know."

He nodded. "I've kept my word."

"What?"

"Perhaps I'd better go back tomorrow—back to Beaconsfield."

It was the first word suggesting the end of their holiday. Both knew that this word must finally be spoken, but Peter had not expected to see quite the quick pallor which came into Brena's face as she forced out the sentence.

"We agreed, Peter, didn't we? And the time has come, I think."

DeWolfe felt as one who had been touched suddenly and unexpectedly

upon the elbow by the dank, bony fingers of a corpse.

"There is one evil passion which I think does more harm than all the others," he said, clasping his strong hands over one knee. "It's fear. It ought to be made a crime."

"You know nothing of fear," she replied quietly. "You have not lived with fear day in and day out—year after year."

"No, I have not lived with fear at all," he went on, looking straight into her eyes. "I have not lived with it because it is a parasite. I have been wounded, but I learned that five-eighths of the pain was fear. I have been apprehensive of some terrible calamity and the fear was the major part of the calamity. There are men in the world in myriads who fear that they may lose their money. Fear is worse than poverty, Brena. For God's sake, let's not fear!"

"I did not say that I had fear," she said. "I only said I had lived with fear."

"The world is a fool about fear," Peter drove on. "It makes cowards, but it is also the mother—"

"Of what?"

"Of murderers," he said.

Brena was silent.

To Peter, as the day came to an end, it became more and more plain that she had indeed decided to go from London. She spoke of it as if it were a flight from some kind of danger.

Once she said, "You are much too nice to take any risks, Peter." He had asked her about these risks, but she said, "Among other risks, that of wasting your energies on something which leads nowhere." When they had dined at a little cafe in Jernyn street, she said, "Come home with me. No one sees us go in and out. It is like a nest hidden in an old stump. We can talk and then—"

"What?"

"Good-by. Good-night. Good-by."

All the way up Regent street she kept her arm through his as if she feared that suddenly the mortal part of him would melt away, as if this contact might be made so real that it would live on in memory, and sometimes the illusion of this strong forearm, warm through its sleeve, might return to her.

The apartment, which she had retained without occupancy for some unexplained cause, was on a street of colorful brick houses, where three street lamps, spaced with irritating precision, spread their radiance on the front walls in a fan-shaped insolation. It was in a house at the far end of this street—modest quarters for one who appeared to have plenty of money at her command; two flights of carpeted stairs led up to a little landing and her door.

She lit the lamp in the corner while Peter took the key from the hole, and the expanding light showed again the gray and gold room with its chintz curtains and its old English mahogany and the carved desk with its burly-maple panels and the hangings woven in Java at the windows. But Peter closed the door gently with his foot because he saw none of the room where the light was dim. Once more, as when he had seen her first, she stood beneath a light which poured down upon her its flood, emphasizing her as if she, of all the universe, had the quality of radiance and life. She had thrown aside her cloak; she stood with an aura of eternal youth about her, a girl who had come out of the ages and would live on without end, the center of all things. She gazed back at Peter from her dark eyes, wondering, waiting for him to move.

He walked toward her slowly, but without hesitation. In his face there was a square look—the look of a fixed will that has come into its own at last.

"Brena, I'm going to break my promise."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

First "Boucaniers"

The name "boucanier" was given to practical English, Dutch and French adventurers, united in their opposition to Spain, who maintained themselves chiefly in the Caribbean sea during the Seventeenth century. The first of the class were French settlers, whose occupation originally was hunting the wild cattle on the islands, especially Hispaniola, and preserving the flesh at little establishments called "boucans," they being known as "boucaniers." After being driven from these pursuits by the Spaniards, these boucaniers took to piracy, particularly upon Spanish vessels, and to raiding Spanish settlements on the islands and mainland. Their career closed about 1700.

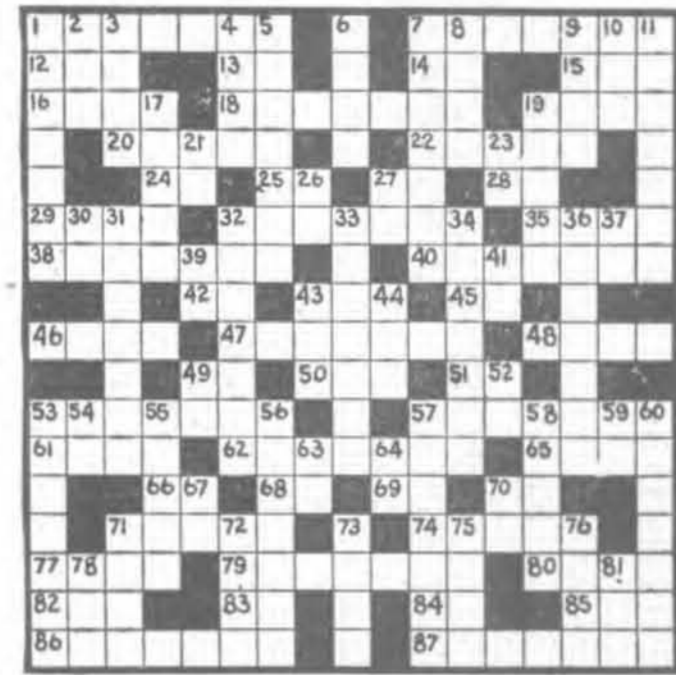
Animal Life on Everest

Animal life, it appears, is to be found on high mountains far beyond plant growth. The highest growing plant that the Mount Everest expedition of 1924 observed was the blue vetch, at 18,000 feet, but animals live at as great a height as 22,000 feet. "A minute and inconspicuous black spider," says a member of the expedition, "hops about on rocky cliffs and hides beneath stones in those bare places that happen to be swept clear of snow by the wind. I cannot think on what it lives at such a height. In these altitudes there is no other living thing—nothing but rock and ice." This little spider is worthy of note as being the highest permanent inhabitant of the earth.

Slow in Missing \$2,500

A grocer of Cardiff docks, Wales, left his case containing \$2,500 in treasury notes in his automobile outside his office for an hour, then drove to another part of the city before he learned that the case and contents had been stolen.

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



(Copyright, 1925.)

- Horizontal.
- Made a noise like a frog's
 - Having ten feet
 - Prefix meaning "through"
 - Abbreviation for part of the Bible
 - To inspire with respect
 - Brings to a finish
 - Something associated subordinately
 - Building to which flour is made
 - Boy's nickname
 - A claw
 - Abbreviation for southern state
 - A note of the scale
 - Negative
 - Name of a saint
 - Tools of a manicure
 - After a while
 - A small fish
 - Exclamation
 - To inquire
 - Abbreviation for an island in the eastern part of the United States
 - A single call
 - To repair
 - Imperious pronoun
 - An incident
 - A poisonous plant of the southwest United States
 - An explorer of the Congo
 - To give relief
 - Plural personal pronoun
 - Abbreviation for high school
 - Conjunction
 - Abbreviation for

Special Offering

Of collar-attached Shirts—mercerized, heavier than soisette. Four colors—white, tan, gray and blue. These are the latest style combined with comfort, and sell regularly at \$2.25.

Only 20 dozen of these on hand
Priced at \$1.45 each

Nainsook Union Suits—At.....59c and 95c

Union Suits—B. V. D. style, made in Bro-die Soisette cloth, at.....\$1.50

Army Khaki Shirts—Two large flap pockets, at, each.....\$1.25

Levi Strauss Overalls—At, each.....\$2.00

Gaberdine Dress Pants—Regular at \$6.90.
Pair.....\$5.50

Raincoats of all descriptions. Also a few used Army Raincoats in perfect condition.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

ARMY STORE
NOGALES, ARIZONA

"If everybody had a sense of humor," says a philosopher, "stupid people could not make a living." But if everybody had a sense of humor there wouldn't be any stupid people.

What this country needs is fewer needs.

There is a complaint from the treasury department that the dollar bill does not last as long as it formerly did. Yes, we had observed the fact also.

The key to success locks the door to excess.

PIGGLY WIGGLY

All Over the World

Fancy Medium Size Prunes, per pound.....14c

SUGAR—10 Pounds.....74c

Green Coffee, per pound.....25c

Corn, No. 2 can, each.....14c

Tomatoes, No. 2 can, each.....14c

Macaroni, Spaghetti, Noodles, per pkg.....6½c

Hams, per pound.....33c

Bacon, per pound.....36c

Large Box Matches.....4½c

FRUIT JARS

Kerr, Pints, per dozen.....95c

Kerr, quarts, per dozen.....\$1.15

Kerr, half gallons, per dozen.....\$1.60

TWO THOUSAND MORE ITEMS—ALL PRICED AT A SAVING TO YOU.

PIGGLY WIGGLY

All Over the World

NOGALES, ARIZONA

GARDNERS FIND ADVANTAGES IN SAVING OWN SEED

The home or local gardener and the greenhouse gardener will often find it advantageous and profitable to save their own seed, at least for some of their vegetables, says the U. S. department of agriculture. In earlier times the home saving of seeds was the rule. His custom has practically ceased, although there are distinct advantages even under present conditions for continuing the practice.

The tendency of large-scale vegetable producers at present is to produce vegetables that are suitable for shipping long distances, and this has caused a decided lessening of varieties handled. The characters necessarily chosen for these varieties that will ship long distances are determined by shipping and market requirements, and do not have high culinary quality has been neglected. Both the home and market gardener are in a position to profit by growing vegetables of high culinary quality. This is best done by saving the seed of proven varieties at home.

Many garden varieties carry place names or names of persons which occasionally indicate that they have been developed by community selection in the localities shown. As late as the middle of the last century many individual market gardeners in this country jealously guarded the seed of certain varieties and strains which represented years of intelligent selection in their hands. A few such superlative varieties are yet to be found in the possession of gardeners near the old market gardening centers. That there are advantages in thus saving seed where it is grown is generally recognized.

These advantages are two-fold: (1) The selection which the gardener gives his seed plants, while not greater than the seed grower gives his seed stock, is often better than can be given to the seed that is placed on the market; and (2) the plants selected will be the ones which succeed best under local environment. Certain vegetables in which cross-pollination is normal will, of course, mix badly if two varieties are seeded in one garden together.

Weather or other conditions sometimes cause a short crop of seed or a failure. Fortunately, well-matured seeds, if properly stored, with the possible exception of those of the parsnip and onion, will retain their vitality for from three to five years. It is thus possible to tide over poor years and to grow most of the seed needed for a small garden.

Rockefeller keeps books showing every penny he ever makes. Well, we are headed for a paper shortage—that's all.

The communists are losing ground in Bulgaria. They are 17 assassinations behind the imperialists.

Catarrhal Deafness

Is often caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing. Unless the inflammation can be reduced, your hearing may be destroyed forever.

DR. J. A. CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. Sold by all druggists for over 40 Years. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

DR. BAYARD FITTS

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist

NOGALES, ARIZONA

DR. M. A. WUESSCHMIDT

Optical Specialist

Arizona Optical Company

313 Morley Avenue

NOGALES, ARIZONA

HOTEL BOWMAN

Nogales, Arizona

TUCSONIA HOTEL

Tucson, Arizona

HUGO W. MILLER

Nogales, Arizona

ASSAY PRICE LIST

Gold, Silver, Lead, Copper, Iron, Zinc, Manganese, Lime, Graphite, Insolubles and Sulfur, each.....\$1.00

Gold-silver in one sample.....\$1.50

If assayed in duplicate.....\$1.50

10% Discount on lots over \$10.00

Ores bought f.o.b. Nogales, Ariz., at 90% of smelter value, less \$5.00 per lot, sampling and assay charge.

Accuracy and promptness our aim.

11 years in present business.

"Americans Too Generous"

Says Noted Prima Donna

"America is little understood and less appreciated abroad," said Madame Ina Bourskaya, mezzo-soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Company, speaking recently in New York.

"But I came here a refugee from poor, distracted Russia," added Madame Bourskaya, "and the courtesy and kindness of my reception I treasure in my heart. We hear abroad of the business accuracy and shrewdness of Americans and of nothing else concerning them."

"My own experience convinces me that Americans are not half business-like enough. They are primarily tender hearted. They are open to every appeal for help, justified or not."

"We have seen that so splendid a generosity is likely to go unthanked; that the thought of repayment to America may prove irksome to the recipients of her generosity. I repeat that Americans are too generous."

"I expect to spend my days in America. Not only are the people generous and kind, they have also a deeper trait—thoughtfulness. Every great holiday, Christmas, New Year's, Easter and on my



MADAME INA BOURSKEYA

birthday, I receive hundreds of greeting cards. What a beautiful custom it is, to send greeting cards to one's friends. I cherish them more than words can tell. Americans are too generous I repeat again, but it is a magnificent fault."

DEVELOPING PULLETS

By L. C. Boggs, Ext. Poultryman
It is a common thing to hear a person boast that he has several pullets producing eggs at the age of four months. Such comments indicate that this is the first time that such a thing has happened in that particular flock. After experiencing the after effects of extreme early egg production in young pullets, the poultryman ceases to boast and considers it a misfortune if any of his pullets start to lay until they are at least 14 months of age.

From all external appearances the pullet may appear thoroughly mature at four months, but such is not the case, and if a pullet is allowed to produce eggs before full development has taken place small pullet eggs will be produced for a long period of time.

Where trap nests are used observations can be made of this phase of production. An early producing pullet is also more apt to molt in the fall and winter than one that comes into production at a later age.

The proper method of holding pullets back to keep the molt from producing at too early an age is to cut down on the amount of animal protein in the ration. If you are feeding the proper mash mixture, equal parts by weight of bran and egg laying mash, and the pullets show signs of coming into production too early, cut down on the amount of egg laying mash in the mixture. If they continue to give evidence of premature egg production it may be necessary to cut out the mash entirely and feed only scratch grain.

Make sure that the pullets are fat before they start producing. Heavy egg production is a terrific strain on the body of a young bird. It rapidly reduces the surplus fat and depletes the necessary elements for egg production and consequently egg production ceases.

If milk is being fed as a source of animal protein instead of meat scrap in the egg laying mash, the amount of milk should also be reduced.

C. M. T. CAMPS OPEN JULY 28TH

Oklahoma City, June 26.—Two thousand young men from 17 to 24 years of age, including the farmer's boy, the banker's boy, merchant's boy, the millionaire's boy and the widow's helpful son, and young men in all walks of life, wanted by the United States government for training at Fort Sill, Okla., and Fort Sam Houston, Texas, July 28 to August 26, 1925.

The government pays all necessary expenses of those attending, including transportation, food, shelter, uniforms, equipment and medical and dental attention while in camp.

Presidents Roosevelt, Wilson, Harding and Coolidge approved of these camps, and President Coolidge is sending his only son to camp this year.

Parents, relatives and friends cordially welcome and particularly invited to visit them on week-ends.

For application blanks and information, address Major William Noble, Oklahoma City, Okla.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION

The U. S. civil service commission has announced an examination for junior stenographer and junior typist (men only), for the field service, at Nogales, Arizona. For information in regard to the requirements and the character of the examination, and for application blanks, apply promptly to the local secretary, U. S. Civil Service Board, Postoffice, Nogales.

Only 20 cents per person is spent for soap each year in spite of the fact that Saturday night still comes every week.

Trainer of Boxers Gives Diet Hints

To Kid Howard of Chicago and his new system of training and conditioning.



Sammy Mandell

Sammy Mandell, the present lightweight boxing champion of the world, gives a great deal of the credit for his meteoric rise to stardom in the world of pugilism. When Mandell first started fighting, he was small, weak and undeveloped, but after turning himself over to Howard it was only a short time before he took the decision from Sid Terris of New York that resulted in him being recognized as the boss of the lightweights. Howard's system is unique in that it works no hardship on the athlete who is in training. Unlike the systems that have been used for years, this prominent and successful trainer of men makes conditioning more of a pleasure than a distasteful necessity. Instead of demanding that his men eat only certain things he advises them to eat what they want and when they want it as long as it is cooked in a proper manner. Mr. Howard, in a recent interview on the subject of diet and condition, said, in part: "Years ago it was a task, and an unpleasant one, for a boxer or a wrestler to train for a hour because he was forced to literally starve himself unless he wanted to eat steaks and chops at all times. I remember that when I was training for a match, I was so truly tired of steaks that I choked every time that I ate one but it was steak or nothing. I advise my men to diet at all times but it is perfectly possible for them to diet and, at the same time, to enjoy their food. My only 'don't' is the one regarding the eating of such combinations as fresh milk and cheese, and fruit with cream. In fact, I advocate the use of evaporated milk entirely. Vegetables are fine and the more that the athlete eats the better he will be for it. Pastry, of certain kinds, such as homemade pies, cakes and cookies, if made correctly, and with pure butter, evaporated milk and pure lard, are very beneficial. Steaks and bolts are ideal. Taken as a whole, any food, with a few exceptions, is all right if properly cooked and eaten without gorge."

And one has but to look at Howard, who is the most religious user of his own system, to realize that it is a success.

REVIVE VACCINATION FUSS

When smallpox claimed more than its usual number of victims in the District of Columbia, Pennsylvania and Maryland the public health service urged people to be vaccinated as a precautionary measure. In the capital city all those exposed to the disease agreed to vaccination except nine members of the Chiropractic Research University. They were arrested under an act of congress passed in 1897, which provides compulsory vaccination as a check to the spread of the disease.

Dr. Alfonso Chatfield was singled out for the court test. After several hours of deliberation a jury in the district police court found him guilty of refusing to be vaccinated. A motion for a new trial has been filed and the anti-vaccine element hopes to bring the matter before the supreme court. It contends that the "gornas" injected into the body as vaccine are detrimental to health.

In Chicago, in 51 months, there have been 442 unsolved murders. Maybe the Chicago police are busy on cross-word puzzles.

What the Democratic party needs is the conversion of a lot of its leaders into followers.

J.C. Penney Co.

A NATION-WIDE INSTITUTION—Incorporated

571 DEPARTMENT STORES

MORLEY AVENUE
NOGALES, ARIZONA

No "Sales"

But Every-Day Savings

make your buying at this Store safe, sound and satisfying at all times. Our prices never change except when market conditions change. We prefer to give you the lowest possible prices every day rather than occasionally at a "sale."

Ramona Cloth In Colors!

Makes Clever Summer Clothing

For the tailored dress or suit—for the zippy sport dress—for cunning clothes for the kiddies—Ramona Cloth fills the need! It is a linen finish fabric of great satisfaction.

Fast Colors!

A variety of stunning colors as well as white! The colors will not fade with washing. And this material, the sale of which is exclusively in the hands of the J. C. Penney Company, is priced splendidly at the yard, 36 in. wide,

45c

Voile Dresses

Newest Colors

In soft, pastel shades for Summer, these lace-trimmed voile dresses are pretty enough to wear anywhere! And they are priced to appeal, at

\$4.98

Wash Frocks

Printed Voiles

The reasonable dress for Summer is a voile frock! And it's particularly stylish if it's printed voile. See our new arrivals, at, each,

\$4.98

Crepede Chine

Stylish Colors

Who doesn't want a Crepe de Chine Dress! There is wonderful style in the fabric, and the colors leave nothing to be desired.

For satisfactory wearing qualities, Crepe de Chine is unsurpassed!

\$1.89

Radium Silk

In Lovely Colors

Radium makes such pretty Party Frocks! Those who want really beautiful undergarments choose this also. It wears well.

In the 39/40 inch, there are two qualities, priced at

\$1.98

Fine Quality

English Broadcloth

Striped and plain English Broadcloth. It launders faultlessly! This is noted for its splendid wearing quality.

The yard,

59c

The Merchant's "Turn-over"

A good store in which to buy does not necessarily carry the largest stocks.

Large stocks often contain "shelf warmers"—undesirable goods; left-overs or shop-worn.

Our stocks are completely replaced several times each year—spice and span new goods are almost constantly coming in and going out.

This is what the merchant calls "turn-over"—the more times he can turn his stock each year the healthier his business is.

Frequent "turn-over" insures new, up-to-date, reliable goods at all times. Thus, the Store Dependable.

J.C. Penney Co.