

Patagonia Has the Finest
All-Year-Round Climate in
the United States; Altitude
4053 Feet; Good Schools

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

Patagonia Has Some Very
Promising Silver, Lead and
Copper Mines That Need
Capital to Develop Them

VOL. XIII

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PATAGONIA, ARIZONA, FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1925

(Single Copy 5 Cents)

NO. 14

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

C. B. Wilson lost a screen door last Saturday on the San Rafael Valley road, near the old Sorano place. He was bringing it to Patagonia on his truck and did not miss it for some time. Mr. Wilson says he still has the hinges and latch, which the finder of the door may have if he desires to eke the door, as they are not of much value to him without the balance of the outfit. The price of honest yis a clear conscience.

W. H. Collie of the Vaughn district was a Nogales business visitor Monday.

Miss Grace Van Osdale, who has been seriously sick for some time, is much improved.

Lee Parker and L. Lukel left Patagonia Thursday for the Huachuca mountains for a lion hunt. Ernest Reagan accompanied them to bring their automobile back to town, the hunters making the journey into the mountains on horses.

P. F. O'Neill, who is doing development work on his Rupert mine in the Santa Rita, was in town Thursday for supplies.

J. B. David has taken charge of the commissary at the Dixie mine, which is under bond and lease to George Elliott of El Paso.

The Dixie mine, in the Santa Rita, a lead-silver property, is showing some high-grade streaks that are getting bigger every day.

The Flux mine, under the management of E. F. Bohlinger, executor of the Richardson estate, has a carload of ore ready for shipment from Bloxton station, five miles south of town.

The old Mowry mine, W. J. Mitchell manager, has a carload of good lead-silver ore on the local platform ready for shipment.

Black Jack Garden was in town Monday from the Salero district.

Pete Turner, known as "Pete, the Sailor," as the new cook at the Pennsylvania ranch.

C. B. Wilson took a load of lumber to the Big Jim mine (Blue Nose), at Harshaw, Tuesday.

Ed Hainline, left Thursday for the Big Jim mine, where he will erect some buildings for the company.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Page passed through town Tuesday on their way to Sonolita, where Mr. Page inspected some calves being shipped by the Empire ranch.

Lee Reagan and family visited Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Stevens Wednesday. The Reagans reside in Tucson.

Banning Vail, manager of the Empire ranch, shipped 1500 calves Wednesday to the California market.

Bert Blabon and father, Charles Blabon, were Nogales visitors Monday.

Miss Sophie Sjoberg was a guest of Mrs. W. H. Collie of Vaughn over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Bud Baldwin of the San Rafael Valley were in Patagonia Tuesday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Nell McDonald were Nogales visitors Wednesday and Thursday.

Ed McFarland was in town Wednesday from Sorano canyon.

George Elliott of the Dixie mine left Friday for a short visit with his family in El Paso.

Mr. Wright, who has been operating the mines at Salero, arrived Tuesday from Tulsa, Okla., and went immediately out to the mines.

Grandma Trask, who has been on the sick list for some time, is rapidly regaining her health.

E. E. Bethell has been sick for the past week and is still suffering from a severe attack of flu.

Val Valenzuela Jr. was a Nogales visitor Saturday.

Miss Anita Temple spent the week-end in Nogales, the guest of Mrs. H. J. Patterson.

Fred Kolberg, mill man for Roy & Titcomb, Inc., of Nogales, was a business visitor here Tuesday. He went to Harshaw to interview the new superintendent of the Big Jim mine.

Judge George T. Coughlin left Monday for the Big Jim mine, where he has taken a position as hoist man.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Smith, parents of Mrs. W. C. Hooks, were week-end visitors from Phoenix.

Mrs. A. S. Henderson is on the sick list this week, suffering from the prevailing malady, flu.

Mrs. P. M. Etchells and children of Mansfield returned home Tuesday, after a month's visit in Patagonia.

Mrs. Harry Grantham and son, Horner Schoblin, left Wednesday for Phoenix, where they intend to make their home.

T. B. Grace, popular salesman for an El Paso firm, was calling on the trade Tuesday. Although he claims to be the best "solo" player in the southwest, he paid for four straight games here this week, which the local "sharks" put over on him.

Jack Peterson, superintendent of the Big Jim mine, at Harshaw, was in town Tuesday on business.

Lee H. Gould was in town Thursday to attend the Community Club meeting.

L. W. Ashford, traveling representative of the Mergenthaler Linotype Co., was in town Monday and called at the Patagonian office.

Immigration Inspector C. J. Trask was a Nogales business visitor Monday.

Immigration Inspector Lon Parker and wife were Patagonia visitors Tuesday. Mr. Parker is stationed at Campini Mesa.

County Attorney James V. Robins says more than \$18,000 back taxes were paid into the county treasury during the month of February and that \$33,000 in taxes has been received so far this month. It pays to make an honest effort to collect back taxes, a task that has been neglected in the past.

Mr. and Mrs. Bee Lewis returned Sunday to their Parker Canyon ranch. Mr. Lewis is seriously sick and had been in a Nogales hospital.

Carl Madsen and mother, Mrs. John Madsen, Mr. and Mrs. Bud Baldwin and Raymond Fitzgerald were Nogales visitors Monday.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Kinsley of Sonolita is suffering from a severe attack of spinal meningitis. The family is under quarantine. Mrs. Mary Steen of Mowry, who has been very sick at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Clyde Bass in Douglas, is reported much improved.

Miss May Hazlewood of San Rafael spent the week-end visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. V. Kinsley in Sonolita.

William Fessler, local barber, was a Nogales visitor Tuesday, where he was a patient of a dentist.

Harr Steen of Mowry was a dinner guest Sunday at the editor's ranch.

Dan Folz and family, who have been living at the Young ranch in the San Rafael Valley for the last two years, have moved to Nogales, where Mr. Folz is employed at a garage as foreman.

Mrs. Clyde McPherson and Owen Dierking of the San Rafael Valley were Patagonia visitors Saturday.

Helbrook-Adamans interests maintaining 24-hour day at local well.

The Patagonian, \$2; Worth the Price

Girl "Squealer" Hides in Prison Fearing Death From Dope Ring



At left—THE GIRL

"I know what it means, but even if they do succeed in murdering me, I can face even that unafraid. I will feel that I have atoned for my sins if I can save some of the girls who are daily being recruited from the shop and the street."

the authorities to clear up one of the strongest links in the drug chain; and now, defying threats of murder during the trial, and facing the possibility of being hunted and hounded for the rest of her life she writes the story of her sinister adventures.

THE CHINAMAN

From behind the protecting bars of a New York prison a pretty little fair-haired girl, once a member of one of the greatest dope distributing rings in the world, declares she is not sorry for having "squealed." Fearing the vengeance of the men whom she has betrayed, the pretty victim of the dope ring is confined at her own request, and as a material witness in the impending trial of a Chinaman accused of the murder of two men. She has already given information which has helped

In an article appearing in the April number of Smart Set, this girl, who is still in her teens, tells how she was lured into the service of the eastern branch of one of the two largest dope distributing rings in the world. She tells of her experiences in the Tong war, of her final escape; her betrayal of the ring's secrets; and she tells how this deadly traffic is carried on by young girls—"until their beauty begins to fade."

EMERGENCY RATE ON LIVE- STOCK IS EXTENDED TO 31ST

Advices covering the emergency livestock freight rates on cattle from Arizona to Texas points were received by the traffic department of the Southern Pacific railroad, authorizing the extended rates to be put in force on March 9.

The rates advised cover shipments of cattle from points in southern Arizona to points in the Texas Panhandle, including Delhart and Stratford. The emergency rates, which will continue at 35 per cent of normal livestock rates, will continue in force to March 31. These rates prevailed throughout December, January and February, during which time many thousands have been moved from drought-stricken regions to places where grass was available.

By having the rates extended to the end of March, cattlemen will be afforded ample opportunity to move larger portions of their remaining cattle, which may save them from starvation.

66TH CONGRESS PROVIDES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ARIZONA

More constructive legislation toward the upbuilding of Arizona was adopted during the Sixty-sixth Congress than during the entire period since the creation of Arizona as a territory, according to a summary compiled and announced this week by John R. Towles, Register of the U. S. Land Office at Phoenix.

Millions of dollars for the development of irrigation projects, relief for the livestock industry, and of further importance, provision for a senatorial investigation which will seek means of relief for cattlemen long at a disadvantage because of unfavorable market, price and range conditions were listed by Mr. Towles among the measures passed by congress and approved by the president.

Church Services March 18

Rev. O. C. Coppage of Nogales will hold church services in Patagonia Wednesday evening, March 18, at Cady Hall. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

Simons Elected President of Germany

Dr. Walker Simons was definitely designated as acting president of the German republic by the passage in the reichstag on its third reading of the bill so appointing him, says a Berlin cablegram.

SCHOOL NOTES (Mignon Stevens, Editor)

The A class is beginning some booklets for March.

The Primary room is learning a concert recitation entitled "Mr. March Wind."

The Sixth grade pupils have had some excellent lessons in geography.

The boys of the Sixth grade are much interested in "Ivanhoe."

In the arithmetic test Helen Seibold and Gabriela Perez received 100 per cent.

The Fourth grade pupils are learning to write letters with ink.

The Fourth grade reading class has been enjoying the stories about modern giants and fairies. The stories are: "Fairy Flamingo" (fire), "Giant Silverline" (water), "Giant Whirligig" (wind), and "Giant Pizzaway" (steam).

The Fifth grade history class has made good maps of Fremont's western explorations.

The Fifth grade language class is struggling with pronouns.

The following pupils received 100 per cent in a spelling test: Clara Valenzuela, Elefren Ochoa, Gabriela Perez, Francisca Moreno, Vivian May, Maria Sanchez, Lola Mend, Adeline Saldate, Alfredo Kin and Laura Valenzuela.

The Friday basket ball game between Patagonia and Rain Valley ended with a score of 49 to 8 in favor of Patagonia Jackrabbits. The Rain Valley team has had much less practice than the Jackrabbits and the day was very windy. Consequently, the playing was not fast. After the main game, the first and second teams of the Jackrabbits had a short practice play. The score was 2 to 0 in favor of the first team.

Miss Sjoberg is planning on arranging a game of basketball with Sonolita. We hope at our next game the day will be nicer and the attendance larger.

On the Lookout

Student—"What should I do for a man who has his nose broken in two places?"

Professor—"Tell him to keep out of those places."—Oral Hygiene.

"People who think too much of themselves do not think enough."—Columbia Record.

ELGIN NEWS NOTES

Howard Dalton was a Nogales visitor Thursday.

Henry Wood of Vaughn was a Nogales business visitor Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Collie, accompanied by Mrs. C. S. Collie, Mrs. Bartlett and Mary Cundiff, was a Nogales visitor Saturday.

Ralph Kiene was in Nogales Saturday.

The Southern Pacific "doodlebug" seems to have tried to use the highway for its trip Saturday, but found that it was not good going, and made the trip several hours later than usual on the railroad track.

N. L. Houston was in town Saturday.

Malcom Middleton of Nogales was an Elgin visitor Wednesday.

Guy Bryant, former resident of Sonolita, now living in Phoenix, was a visitor in the valley this week.

Mr. Harrison, a resident of the Vaughn district, delivered a big load of corn to the local warehouse this week.

Henry Barton was a Phoenix visitor this week, and Wesley Stoddard carried the Canille mail during his absence.

Lonnie Hunt has accepted a position with the Vail Cattle Company in California. His sinany friends wish him success.

here seems to be increasing interest in the Santa Cruz Patagonian here lately, and the writer thinks new subscribers are the order of the day.

Mrs. W. H. Collie was reported on the sick list last week.

The new truck of the Farrenkopf-Beebe ranch was seen making a hurried run toward the Canille district one evening last week. It is a question why a rush drive at night would benefit the dairy business.

Miss Beulah Bateman was ill the first part of the week.

One of the schools of the valley had a game of basket ball with the Patagonia school Friday. The local team played in hard luck and lost its game, but the next time they meet the tables may be turned.

Mrs. O. J. Rothrock, who has been sick for the past week, is slowly recovering.

Come to the Elgin valley and be happy.

Ira Rothrock was a county seat visitor last week.

Mrs. A. C. Dalton was in Nogales Thursday shopping.

Reagan and Cora Gardner and Eddie Farrenkopf were entertained by Lois Reeves Friday.

Mark Boosinger's new horn arrived this week, and, oh, what a noise will soon be heard.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Neil and Miss Beulah Bateman were county seat visitors Saturday.

Eddie Farrenkopf and Ira Rothrock were Nogales visitors Sunday.

It has just been learned that Mrs. Rose Hanson has joined the orchestra here, and we are wondering if she has decided to be the drum artist of the district.

PRES. CALLES GETS REPORT ON EVANS LAND ROW

Mexico City.—The report of the special investigating committee upon the alleged seizures by agrarians of lands and irrigation waters belonging to the San Pedro Coxtocan hacienda will enable the government to settle the sensational case which reached its climax with the assassination of the hacienda's owner, Mrs. Rosalia Evans, and the expulsion of the British charge des archives last ear, Foreign Secretary Saenz declared.

The commission, which is expected to return immediately from the hacienda in Puebla, will hand over its report to President Calles, who, according to the foreign secretary, will have the final word to say.

Secretary Saenz added that the government had insisted upon Stuart E. Grummen, third secretary of the American embassy, accompanying the commission.

Charley Chaplin's Mother Deported
Washington, D. C.—Mrs. Hannah Chaplin, mother of Charlie Chaplin, motion picture comedian, must leave the country by March 26, under a ruling of immigration officials.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS OF THE SANTA CRUZ COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
NOGALES, ARIZONA,
FEBRUARY 2ND, 1925.

The Board of Supervisors met pursuant to adjournment of January 5th, 1925. Present: Chairman James L. Finley, Members Robert A. Campbell, Hugo W. Miller, and Clerk A. Dumbauld.

This being the day set for the opening and consideration of bids for various county contracts for the ensuing year, the board proceeded with the same.

Bid for feeding of prisoners, the big of Wong Seen was presented, he bidding 34 (thirty-four) cents for each meal furnished. This was the only bid presented and was rejected by the board and the clerk was ordered and directed to readvertise for furnishing meals to the prisoners to be on file for consideration on March 2nd, 1925.

Bid for furnishing auto service to county officials: The bid of A. L. Peck Jr. was presented and was the only bid for the same. A. L. Peck Jr. bid as follows: For the furnishing of two 1924 model Dodge five-passenger cars, the sum of \$375.00 per month, all additional cars to be furnished as needed at a mileage basis of fifteen cents per mile.

Upon motion of Campbell and seconded by Miller and carried, the bid of A. L. Peck Jr. for furnishing of auto service was accepted and contract awarded to Peck for the ensuing year, and the bond for said contract was fixed at \$1000.00.

Bids for the furnishing of county supplies were received from the following, viz.: Manufacturing Stationers, Inc.; G. G. Morgan Printing Co., F. H. Reddington Co. and the Nogales Job Printers by C. W. Pottinger.

After comparison and due consideration of all bids presented, upon motion duly made and carried the furnishing got all bound books also county treasurer's monthly report blanks was awarded to G. G. Morgan Printing Co. of Phoenix, Ariz.

Upon motion duly made and carried, the F. H. Reddington Co. of Tucson, Ariz., was awarded the following, viz.: All loose-leaf books, sheriff's license receipts, school tax receipts, road tax receipts, assessor's personal property tax receipts, county order books, tax receipts, county warrants, assessment lists, census binders for same and assessment rolls.

For the publishing of proceedings of Board of Supervisors and official notices the bid of the Santa Cruz Patagonian, by Howard Keener, was the only bid submitted.

Upon motion of Campbell, seconded by Miller and carried, the contract for county publishing and printing was awarded to the Santa Cruz Patagonian.

Upon motion of Campbell, seconded by Miller, the Santa Cruz Patagonian was designated as the official paper of Santa Cruz county, Arizona, for the year beginning February 2nd, 1925, and ending February 1st, 1926. The care of county indigents was now considered. Mrs. George W. Parker appeared before the board and gave information showing receipts and disbursements for the past year as made also giving data on the amount collected by the Associated Charities and expended by them in this work. Mr. M. Escalada, A. M. Gillette and Bruce Curtis appeared before the board and expressed their views as to this work and all were of the opinion that the arrangement as it had been in the past year was a very satisfactory one and commended the management upon the work they had done, and asked that this arrangement be continued.

Motion of Miller that care of county indigent relief be left and remain under the present management for the ensuing two years, lost for want of a second, and this matter was held for further consideration.

Mrs. Grace A. Farrell, superintendent of schools, appeared before the board with the following for consideration of the board: Presenting the communication as follows, viz.:

"Inasmuch as in the past the arrangements for an automobile for my office under the present county contract have been most unsatisfactory, and in view of the fact that if I have an automobile for my own exclusive use I will be provided with transportation, and will be able to visit the county schools, a law requires of me, I hereby agree that if the County of Santa Cruz will purchase for the use of the county school superintendent a Ford roadster with speedometer, I will pay all costs of maintenance and repairs for said car and will run same from date until July 1, 1927, for the difference between the purchase price of said car and the sum of \$1135.00, being the amount of transportation allowance due the office of county school superintendent from now until said date. I also agree that when this car is not in use I will permit other county officials to use same for the sum of fifteen cents (15c) per mile, for which credit shall be given my office."

"GRACE A. FARRELL,
County Superintendent of Schools."

Inasmuch as the county has no automobile fund for purchase of cars and as Mrs. Farrell stated that she could purchase the car from the general school fund and in the course of two years make the adjustments and repay the amount of purchase price of car, the following motion was made: Upon motion of Campbell, seconded by Miller and carried, the board of supervisors gave their consent to the above arrangement as outlined.

The following bids for the burial of indigent dead were presented: Parker-Grimshaw Co., by W. H. Rice, manager, and Frank B. Carroon.

Upon motion of Miller, seconded by Campbell and carried, the bid of Frank B. Carroon was accepted and he was awarded the contract for the ensuing year, and bond fixed in the sum of five hundred dollars.

The appointment of a superintendent of health and a county physician was next to be considered, and the following applications were presented: W. F. Chenoweth, accompanied by a petition also a counter-petition, was presented; Will's Wood Starr filed an application also a petition for her appointment was filed, and T. Byard Pitts filed an application.

A general discussion and consideration of the above applications was had, after which the following motion was made:

Motion of Miller that Little Wood Star be appointed superintendent of health and county physician for the ensuing two years upon the terms and conditions set out in application.

Motion was lost for want of a second.

Motion of Campbell, seconded by Finley, that the application of W. F. Chenoweth be accepted, and that he be appointed superintendent of health and county physician for the ensuing two years, Campbell and Finley yes, Miller voted no; motion carried.

The county attorney was authorized and instructed to draw up a contract and bond for the appointment of W. F. Chenoweth as county superintendent of health and county physician as outlined by the board of supervisors.

M. W. Eason appeared before the board in protest to the Santa Cruz County Farm Bureau as conducted and managed and more particularly to the Farm Bureau system in general, particularly calling attention to the fact that 10 per cent of the rural residents could force upon the remaining 90 per cent of rural residents and citizens an institution and organization which the taxpayers were taxed to maintain and support.

Mr. Eason asked that the board of supervisors communicate with Senator Hardy and Representative Crenshaw and ask that they use their influence to have the present law amended to at least make it necessary for 51 per cent of the rural residents to petition for the establishment of Farm Bureaus, the board so instructed the clerk to write Senator Hardy and Representative Crenshaw that it was the opinion of the board that the per cent (10 per cent) was too small and that it should at least require 51 per cent of the rural residents to organize Count Farm Bureaus.

Upon motion duly made and carried, the board stood at recess until Tuesday, February 10th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

JAMES L. FINLEY,
Chairman.

Attest: A. DUMBAULD, Clerk.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
NOGALES, ARIZONA,
FEBRUARY 3RD, 1925.

The board met pursuant to recess of February 2nd, 1925. Present: Chairman James L. Finley, Members Robert A. Campbell, Hugo W. Miller, and Clerk A. Dumbauld.

O. A. Smith appeared before the board and reported the manner in which the county indigent work and Associated Charities work had been managed during the past year under his management and direction, stating that he had used his best judgment and had endeavored to get full value received for the money expended and that he had practiced economy when possible and that he had been careful in not making county charges which were not just county charges.

An application for appointment as county superintendent of outdoor indigent relief was filed by J. E. Dickens.

Upon motion of Campbell, seconded by Finley and carried, O. A. Smith was appointed as superintendent of outdoor indigent relief for the ensuing year at a salary of \$50.00 per month.

Anna B. Ackle appeared before the board asking for a typewriter and

(Continued on page 5)

STRAIGHT-LINE SILHOUETTE; COLORFUL KNITTED FROCKS

TO FLARE or not to flare, that is the question. The new coats and frocks give answer in the affirmative. However, so subtly is the flare making its appearance, the long, slender, straightline silhouette seems to be disturbed not at all. The method of the style creator seems to be to keep the coat or frock in the straight and narrow path to within a shallow depth of the hemline and then—the flare definitely asserts itself.

Sometimes the new flares are set on as an item distinct from the tubelike contour. The picture illustrates the

Grouped platings are successfully used to interpret the now-so-popular flare idea. How to appear slender and yet adopt the flare is also solved by using inverted plaits.

Now that winter is on the wane, comes again that oft repeated query, "My new spring wrap, oh what, oh what shall it be?"—or words to that effect. Why not try a knitted one? The new models justify the suggestion. That an up-to-the-moment brushed wool knitted coat is 100 per cent smart looking, is told in the affirmative by the picture herewith. The perfected



Exquisite Black Cloth Coat.

point. It will be noticed that this exquisite black cloth coat retains its slender silhouette, with the flare annexed as an afterthought. Thus the designer effects a happy compromise. Patrician style is stamped on every detail of this exclusive-looking garment. The perfect fitting sleeves, the handsome silk braid placed row and row on the flare and about the sleeves, the choice silver fox collar, are all expressive of the quality kind.

Speaking of the new flare effects, an interesting development along these lines is the inset of conical godets at intervals. This novel idea presents opportunity for charming effects, such as making the gores of a contrasting material, forming them of heavy lace, allover embroidering the set-in pieces, or touching them row after row.

Another unique conception of the flare is that of confining it entirely to the front of the coat or dress or skirt.

tailored simplicity of this garment, its long close-fitting sleeves, practical adjustable collar, bold plaid patterning are a few of those subtle details which convincingly bespeak style prestige. In its happily combined chocolate, sand and rose plaids with defined stripes and border, this garment emphasizes the vogue for high coloring.

According to advance showings, the coming season is destined to be a gorgeously colorful one. Indulge to heart's content in all the liveliest shades, is manifestly the spirit of the new fashions. When it comes to glorifying vivid colorings, this is and ever has been one of the outstanding fascinations of knitted outerwear. Take, for instance, the modish sports coats knitted in Bulgarian colors, which so recently have appeared on the scene of fashion. They are just about as colorful as orange, red, green, blue, black and white can make them, yet

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THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING
EVENTS IN THIS AND FOR-
EIGN COUNTRIES

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT
MARK THE PROGRESS
OF THE AGE

WESTERN

The Senate of the Arizona Legislature defeated by a vote of 11 to 7 a resolution proposing ratification of the Colorado river compact as accepted by the other six states of the river basin.

When Tommy Milton won the 250-mile automobile race at Culver City last week, he also broke the previous world record for the distance, it was announced by race officials in Los Angeles after checking their data on the contest. Milton's new record of 1 hour 38 minutes 38 seconds still needs the approval of the American Automobile Association contest board before it can be allowed to stand as official.

It is estimated in Portland, Ore., by state officials that the 10 per cent state tax enacted by the recent legislature on the retail price of cigarettes, smoking tobacco and snuff will amount to \$1,210,586 by the end of 1923. The reason cigars and chewing tobacco were made exempt from taxation was that cigarettes, smoking tobacco and snuff were expected to raise enough revenue to meet the deficit in state income.

R. G. Almsworth and several other employees of Henry Ford's Los Angeles plant who were arrested recently on suspicion of having received property stolen from the plant, were at liberty as the result of a telegram received from the automobile manufacturer directing the plant officials to "make men out of our employees, not felons," and instructing them that "if you must prosecute do so only with the ringleaders."

Governor Richardson of California transmitted to the Legislature a message urging ratification of the six-state Colorado river compact. He attached to his message copies of the resolutions which were adopted by the states of Wyoming and Colorado, which in effect ratified the compact just as it was originally drawn at Santa Fe, N. M., except that the new ratification is to become effective, with the approval of Congress, when six instead of the seven affected states have given the treaty their O. K. Arizona, which declined to ratify the seven-state pact, is given the right to ratify the new pact later.

WASHINGTON

Having pledged himself anew to the service of the nation in an inaugural ceremony of almost unprecedented simplicity, President Coolidge took up the four-year burden placed upon his shoulders by the people with no indication that he might change his simple program of "doing the day's work."

The Supreme Court's decision holding in effect that railroads are not compelled by law to submit labor disputes to the Railroad Labor Board and are at liberty to determine whom they will recognize as representatives of their employees, is expected to have a considerable effect on the board's authority.

Prohibition enforcement agents can lawfully stop and search an automobile without a warrant, the Supreme Court decided in a case from Michigan.

Secretary Hughes, appearing for the first time as chairman of the governing board of the Pan-American union, presented to it thirty-one projects, drawn up by the American Institute of International Law for the codification of international law as affecting this hemisphere. The projects will be transmitted by the members of the board to their respective governments and will form the basis of discussions at the forthcoming international congress of jurists in Rio de Janeiro.

When President Coolidge took the oath of office a small Bible which his grandmother gave him when he was 5 years old was used and it was opened at the first chapter of St. John, which at that time made the greatest impression upon his mind. It was originally planned to use the Bible on which Mr. Coolidge took the oath in his father's Vermont home in August, 1923, but this procedure was abandoned and Col. John C. Coolidge, the president's father, brought to Washington the smaller volume.

Secretary Mellon in a letter to President Coolidge informed the executive that the treasury's accusers charging irregularities in the handling of federal securities remain "as far now from proving their charges as they were in 1920."

Although an appropriation of \$125,000, approved by the budget bureau for use by the Commerce Department in attempting to eliminate radio interference, was killed in the final legislative jam in Congress, Secretary Hoover said the request for it would be received before the next Congress.

FOREIGN

The date of the German presidential election, at which a successor to the late President Ebert will be chosen, has been officially fixed as March 29.

The cabinet of Premier Fethi Bey of Turkey resigned after a stormy debate, during the course of which the extremists criticized the government's policy and demanded the general repression of all reactionary tendencies.

Six hundred and twenty-one persons were dead, 1,379 wounded, nine women had gone insane and damages totaling two million dollars had been inflicted as the result of the explosion of thirty-eight tons of dynamite and 186,500 litres of gasoline on Cajal Isle, three miles from Illo de Janeiro, Brazil.

The nobles and landlords of Russia have been given notice in a decree issued by the council of the people's commissars in Moscow that they must vacate all their land holdings by Jan. 1, 1923. This extinguishes completely the few remaining rights of the members of the old regime and places all property entirely in the hands of the proletariat.

Special dispatches received in London from Cairo say reports are current there of fighting near Jarabub, between Italian troops and Bedouins within Egyptian territory. Fifteen Bedouins were killed and many others captured, it is stated. The Italians are also declared to have been sharply engaged with the natives near Bengazi and to have suffered considerable losses.

A lottery loan will finance the 1928 Olympic games if the chamber of deputies at The Hague refuses to vote the appropriation of 1,000,000 florins for the games, now before the house, the Dutch Olympics commissioner has decided. The tickets will be put on sale in every country which took part in the Olympic games at Paris, provided its laws permit loans with lottery features. This excludes the United States.

For the first time in the history of the Catholic church a cardinal archbishop, Merry del Val, addressed in English 500 American pilgrims in Rome. The address was delivered from the altar choir in St. Peter's after the cardinal archbishop had celebrated mass and given communion to the pilgrims. Cardinal O'Connell of Boston, who headed the party on its holy year visit, expressed his gratitude to Cardinal Merry del Val for the honor bestowed.

The Roman Catholic church at St. Hilarion, sixty miles from Quebec, Canada, was demolished during the recent earthquake. It was reported in Quebec by the agent of marine and fisheries at Cape Salmon. Worshipers, who had filled the church a few moments before, left just before the quake, so none was injured. The edifice was only two years old and was considered one of the finest structures in Canada. Several wooden houses were badly damaged by the shocks. Thirty chimneys on houses were demolished and some villagers were struck by falling bricks.

GENERAL

The Moline Plow Company of Moline, Ill., incorporated under the laws of Virginia, was dissolved by order of the Chancery Court of the city of Richmond, Va., recently.

Fire which destroyed a 35,000-barrel tank filled with crude oil and a farmhouse on the tank farm of the Pure Oil Company at Cushing, Okla., burned itself out today with a loss of about \$90,000.

"Steve, Balough, 21, and Helen Balough, 18, cousins, Johnstown, Pa., read a marriage license issued in the Cumberland, Md., bureau, but, according to a telegram to authorities, the couple are brother and sister. They were married by the Rev. P. E. Blakey, pastor of the Second United Brethren church.

The Dutch schooner Zeehond and a \$200,000 cargo of wines, seized fifteen miles off shore in 1923, were ordered forfeited under an unprecedented ruling by Federal Judge Garvin of Brooklyn, authorizing the government to confiscate vessels landing or purposing to land liquor in the United States from any point on the high seas.

Hog prices will remain at a proportionately high level for more than a year, J. J. Gibson, manager and vice president of the Southwest American Live Stock Show, stated in Oklahoma City. Hog prices throughout the United States will continue their present price ascension, possibly halting when they reach \$15, Gibson said. He predicted that the \$15 level would be reached in less than sixty days.

Failure of the United States Senate to adopt the Bok world peace plan during the Sixty-eighth Congress caused Dr. Charles Herbert Levermore, author of the plan, to lose his chance—technically, at least—to gain the second award of \$50,000 offered by Edward Bok. The first award of \$50,000 was given Dr. Levermore upon acceptance of his plan by a special jury headed by Elihu Root.

The northeastern corner of the United States, a territory nearly 1,000 miles either way, recently felt the most severe earthquake within the memory of men. The shocks were distinctly felt as far south as Washington and were particularly violent in northern Maine and noticeable in Dayton, Ohio, and in Detroit, but which Chicago failed to note and did not reach the western coast. The shocks were so sharp in New York that great skyscrapers swayed as though they were ships at sea.

BRIEF ARIZONA ITEMS

Yuma County Water Users' Association plans to spend \$250,000 erecting a protective plant at Picacho wash.

Word has just been received in Patagonia that the Abe Lincoln mine, known as the Blue Nose, has been sold to Capt. C. C. Spicer and associates of Los Angeles and a deed given for the property.

Prevalence of hydrophobia among dogs in the Scottsdale, Lehi and Mesa districts led to the issuance of a proclamation by the Maricopa county board of health, establishing a strict quarantine of dogs in territories within a radius of six miles of the postoffice in Mesa, Lehi and Scottsdale.

Leon B. Westervelt, admitted embezzler of funds of the Mishkin Insurance Agency of Globe, who is now serving a sentence of from one to two years in the state penitentiary at Florence, is wanted at Green River, Wyo., for embezzlement, according to a letter received by Sheriff Edwards of Globe from Sheriff A. G. Morton of Green River county.

The Belmont Mining Company of Superior filed its incorporation papers with the State Corporation Commission in Phoenix and simultaneously with the formation of this new company all the holdings of the South Syndicate passed to the control and ownership of the Belmont. The new company has a capital stock of \$1,500,000 divided into that many shares of a par value of \$1. None of the stock of the new company will be offered to the public.

Harold Baxter, Phoenix attorney, has been appointed permanent special assistant to the attorney general of the United States with special assignments to cases and matters involving the protection of the rights of the United States government and of the Pima and other Indians in the waters of the Gila river as well as other assignments involving matters of irrigation under other projects in the southwest, according to an announcement made by Mr. Baxter a few days ago.

The annual conference of the forty-third district of Rotary International will be held in Phoenix Monday, March 16 and Tuesday, March 17. George H. Todd, governor of the forty-third district, will preside at this conference, which promises to eclipse all previous Rotary gatherings in this section, both in enthusiasm and the matter of attendance. In addition to the business sessions of the conference the governor of the forty-third district will be elected and installed for the coming year.

The largest raid, in point of liquor taken made during the present year was made by county and federal officials when they seized a seventy-five-gallon still, confiscated seventy-five gallons of moonshine liquor and arrested Richard Herman, alleged owner of the outfit. Officers stated that the still made of solid copper and scrupulously clean was in full operation at the time of the raid made at Herman's property located on Thomas road, five miles from Phoenix. Nine barrels of rye mash were found and destroyed.

Chamber of Commerce secretaries from Oregon, Washington, Arizona, Utah, Montana, Nevada, California, New Mexico, Texas, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, Alaska, Hawaii and the Mexican states of Sonora, Chihuahua and Sinaloa, will be entertained in Douglas by the Douglas Chamber of Commerce in April and May, when the first session of the western division is to be held under arrangements made by Paul C. Clingstone of San Francisco, manager of the western division of the United States Chamber of Commerce.

Jas. J. Godfrey of New York, president of the Mother Lode Copper Mines Company of Alaska, recently entered into an agreement with the Arizona Apache Mines Company of Salome, Ariz., to do approximately 4,000 feet of diamond drilling on the old Apache mine southwest of Salome.

The Hoopes Construction Company of Safford, John Hoopes in charge, is now occupied at Granville beginning on a program of widening and surfacing the Springerville road where such work is required. Forty miles of the highway come in for repaving at an expenditure of \$80,000, \$35,000 of which is appropriated by the federal government, while Greenlee county defrays \$25,000 of the outlay.

Regents of the University of Arizona, meeting in Tucson, opened bids for completion of the library building, granted Sabbath leave to three professors and hired three instructors. The general contract for the library was let to Herbert Brown of Tucson for \$127,000. J. Knox Corbett Company of Tucson was awarded the contract for hardware at \$20,000, and the Russell Electric Company of Tucson for fixtures at \$3,400.

Six Arizona boys, in competition with the best ropers from all over the West, won the steer team tying contest in the finals of the Tucson rodeo which closed in Tucson last week, taking the \$1,000 prize which was offered for the event. The winners of the team tying were: Carl Arnold and Ike Rude, first; Ivo Rude and Lewis Jones, second; Jesus Lopez and O. R. Parker, third.

United Verde at Jerome is moving 150,000 yards monthly by steam shovel; good ore is being uncovered and concentrator is to be erected.

BRITISH REJECT PEACE PROTOCOL

ENGLAND BALKS AT LEAGUE
PLAN TO OUTLAW
WAR

PEACE PACT DOOMED

AUSTIN CHAMBERLAIN, BRITISH
FOREIGN SECRETARY, STATES
LONDON'S POSITION

Geneva.—The Geneva peace protocol fashioned by the nations to outlaw war is not acceptable to the British empire, Austin Chamberlain, British foreign secretary, announced to the council of the League of Nations here.

In a lengthy pronouncement, Mr. Chamberlain clearly set forth the British objections to the protocol as at present framed.

Whether it will be possible to save the Geneva great peace effort by revision and amendment so that it can be assured British support, which is essential to success, will depend partly on the council, but especially on the league assembly, to which the entire question will presumably be thrown.

At all events it seems clear that serious remodeling will be necessary to satisfy British home objections as to military and naval commitments in the maintenance of peace, and the disinclination of the dominions to permit any examination by the league council of domestic questions like immigration.

Despite the announced English leaning out to a five-power guarantee pact which would include Germany, there is manifest a distinct tendency toward refusal to believe that the Geneva protocol is dead. Already signed by a considerable number of the powers, the opinion prevails in some League circles that the hostile view of England alone, powerful as it is, is not enough to sound the dirge of Geneva's anti-war convention.

The nations generally, it was pointed out, and especially the smaller states, who placed great hope in the protocol as guaranteeing their future security, will seek the right to be heard before the protocol can be definitely abandoned, and will demand an opportunity to revise the instrument.

Germany, with Russia looming still mysteriously in the background is an individual problem about which the lengthy council program revolves. To get Germany into the league is the desire of everybody, for she would then be under the same obligations to maintain world peace as the fifty-five nations which have already subscribed to the league covenant with all its solemn engagements.

Rockefeller Aids Negro School
New York.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has given \$1,000,000 to the Hampton and Tuskegee institute for negroes, it was announced by Dr. Anson Phelps Stokes, chairman of the special gifts committee of the Hampton-Tuskegee endowment fund. Mr. Rockefeller's donation was made unconditionally and brings the endowment fund now being raised to \$3,500,000.

Jury Acquits in Mail Robbery Case
Los Angeles.—Jack Elrick, Joe Bertsch and Frank Wilson, tried for complicity in mail truck robberies with Herbert Wilson, San Quentin "lifer" here in 1921, were found not guilty by a jury in Federal court here. The jury returning the verdict exonerating the trio after two hours' deliberation, ended a trial which lasted nearly a month.

Quartet Trade Mates
Bloomfield, Mo.—Mr. and Mrs. Curt Wallace and Mr. and Mrs. Otis Crayons, who will face Judge T. J. Vaughan in Circuit Court here on charges of trading mates, will plead guilty, they announced a few days ago. "We will pay the penalty for violating the law," Wallace said. "We will get our divorces as soon as possible. Then we will correct the marital error of exchanging husbands and wives by marrying our soul mates."

Atlanta Newspaper Gunned by Fire
Atlanta, Ga.—The sixth floor of the Atlanta Constitution was gutted by fire and damages estimated at \$100,000 resulted. Machinery in the composing room on the fifth floor and presses in the basement suffered from the flood of water poured into the building in the two-hour fight necessary to extinguish the fire. The Atlanta Journal immediately rendered the use of its facilities and the Constitution will be issued from the Journal's plant.

Fire Sweeps Las Vegas Freight Depot
Las Vegas, N. M.—The Santa Fe freight depot here was reduced to ashes and seven freight cars loaded with merchandise were partially destroyed by a blaze which had been fanned by a high wind. The loss is estimated at approximately \$80,000 by local railway officials. Combined efforts of two fire departments and the railroad's own fire fighting system failed to check the blaze which destroyed all of the local freight office equipment.

Hello Daddy - don't forget my Wrigleys

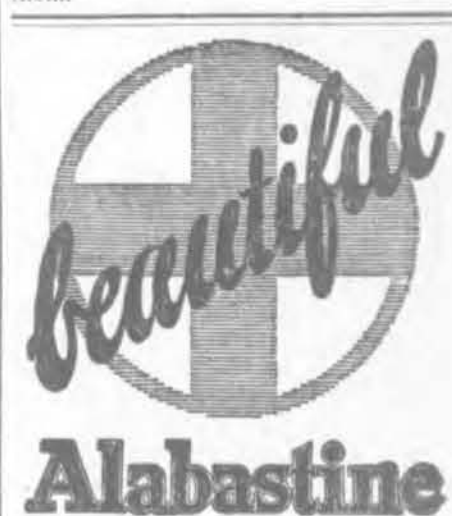
Slip a package in your pocket when you go home to-night.
Give the youngsters this wholesome, long-lasting sweet - for pleasure and benefit.
Use it yourself after smoking or when work drags. It's a great little fresher.



Average Life Is 56 Years

The average length of life in the United States is 56 years, an increase of 15 years since 1870, according to a recent report of the United States public health service, published in Popular Science Monthly. In the sixteenth century human life averaged only between 18 and 20 years.

No matter how penitentiaries are improved, no one likes to get into them.



Alabastine

—a dry powder in white and tints. Packed in 5-pound packages, ready for use by mixing with cold or warm water. Full directions on every package. Apply with an ordinary wall brush. Suitable for all interior surfaces—plaster, wall board, brick, cement, or canvas.

instead of
Kalsomine
or Wall Paper

Ask your dealer for Alabastine colorcard or write Miss Ruby Brandon, the Alabastine Company, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Get an
Alabastine
Color Card



What is your
hobby?

At least one hobby is demanded of every car owner. Economy and common sense demand that lubricating oil be a motorist's hobby.

Monafotor Oil welcomes miles. It smiles at heavy road duty. Monafotor Oil prolongs the life of any motor. Make Monafotor your motor hobby. It will pay you to use only Monafotor. Monafotor Manufacturing Co., Council Bluffs, Iowa. Toledo, Ohio.

MonaMotor
Oils & Greases

DR. HUMPHREYS'
"77" FOR

BEST
COLDS
GRIP
INFLUENZA

RESINOL
Soothing and Healing
Household Ointment

Especially is this noticeable in many of the one-piece frocks. From the back these frocks present the usual straight tube effect, with a ripple or ruffle extending across the front from the knees down. Thus is the style dictum for all fullness to be brought to the front carried out in many novel ways.

Patagonia Has the Finest All-Year-Round Climate in the United States; Altitude 4053 Feet; Good Schools

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

Cent P Cronin Librarian

Patagonia Has Some Very Promising Silver, Lead and Copper Mines That Need Capital to Develop Them

VOL. XIII

(\$2.00 A YEAR)

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1925

(SINGLE COPIES, 5c)

NO. 10

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Local Dance Nets \$40.50

The dance held Saturday night at Cady's Hall to raise funds for the fire fighting apparatus was well attended and \$40.50 was realized. E. H. Evans donated \$5 to the fund. The Community Club had a balance of \$10.46 on hand, which makes the total available for community use to date \$54.86.

Ed McFarland was a Patagonia visitor Saturday.

Mrs. A. C. Best and son, Ernest, of Besky's Canyon were Saturday shoppers in town.

Mike Long and Miss Thelma Decker of Harshaw were business visitors in Patagonia Saturday.

Among Patagonians who attended the funeral of O. J. Rothrock of Elgin Sunday were: C. J. Trask, Val Valenzuela Jr., Mrs. Lou Stevens, Mrs. Neil McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Farley.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Northcraft spent the week-end in Tucson visiting some friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vanderwalker left Patagonia Monday for Mesa, Arizona, where they expect to make their home.

W. M. Claydon, local shoemaker, was a business visitor to Benson Monday and Tuesday.

Dr. L. W. Kleen and family, Mrs. Nellie Bartlett and Mark Boosinger were Nogales visitors from Elgin Tuesday.

Bud Baldwin and wife and J. Ike Jones were recently sent visitors Tuesday.

Carroll Batte, traveling salesman for a school supply house, was in town Tuesday on business.

J. D. Rountree spent a few days in Patagonia this week from Cananea, Sonora, Mex., where he has a contract to drill water wells for the Cananea Cattle Co. He had completed 26 wells, and has many more to sink.

Senator C. A. Pierce was called to Nogales Wednesday on mining business.

Mark Boosinger of Elgin is spending a few days at the Commercial Hotel, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Farley.

John Chapman of Parker Canyon was a Patagonia and Nogales visitor Monday.

Bee Lewis, who has been seriously ill at a Nogales hospital with pneumonia, is reported improving.

Joe McKinney, manager of the Babacomari grant, at Vaughn, was a business visitor to Patagonia Monday.

Irvin Kinsley, who was laid up this week with a severe cold, has recovered his usual good health.

Harry Steen of Mowry visited San Rafael Valley friends Sunday.

Ed Black and G. P. Woodward and son were Nogales visitors Tuesday.

Elbert Kinsley of San Rafael Valley was a Nogales business visitor Monday. He is in charge of county road work near Duquesne.

Pete Bergier of Patagonia bought a fine flock of sheep from Mr. Phillips of Vaughn the first of last week and has taken them to his ranch.

Jim Rountree, who is drilling water wells for the Greene Cattle Company in the San Rafael Valley, was a caller Sunday at the Black Cat ranch.

Jim Frazer has completed the agricultural census of this district for the United States government.

John McCarty is sheeling his corn crop, preparatory to delivering to the market.

Social at Pyeatt Ranch

A social evening was spent last week at the beautiful ranch of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pyeatt, at Canille. The following persons were present: (S. F. Mead) gn., Mo. d. O. H. s. s. B. Lewis and family, Joe Pyeatt and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hand, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Gardner, Mrs. Fannie Mathes, Mrs. Ozella Sorrells, Misses Luella Pyeatt, Cora Gardner, Rita Maloney, Vinnie Hand, Genevieve Lowrey, Catherine Joerger, Velma Sorrells, Florence Chapman, Laura Dunham, and Vernon Lewis; Messrs. Henry Barton, M. Gibson, J. A. Landers, Carl Joerger, Charles de Beoulin, Hira Sorrells, Lloyd Gatlin, Charles Bower, Billy Bower, Stanley Stoddard, Emory Stoddard, Westley Stoddard, Charles Thompson, Bert Thompson, Dempson Lewis, Roland Pyeatt, Graden Southard, Irena Pyeatt, John C. Joerger, Ed Sheehy, Otto Craig, Walter Lowrey, Russell Pyeatt, Reagon Gardner, and Douglas Pyeatt.

ENGENIA LITTLE RECOVERING

Eugenia Little, young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James M. Little of Duquesne fell and injured her head last week (Thursday). She was taken to Dr. A. V. Smelker in Nogales and is now under his care in St. Joseph's hospital. The baby is progressing well. She was not rendered unconscious by her fall. She will be kept quiet and remain under the doctor's care for some time. The grave danger of infection in such accidents seems to have passed.

VAUGHN NEWS

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATED WITH A DINNER

A birthday dinner was given for Charles Gardner Sunday, January 18, which was enjoyed by many friends, including the following:

Mr. and Mrs. Dan McKinney, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Blair, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. George Januel of Nogales, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Finley and family, Howard Dalton, Charlie Shields, C. L. Beauchamp, Roy Clark, and the Gardner family.

Penney Manager Returns

Robert S. Burns, manager of the J. C. Penney Co.'s Nogales store, who had been attending a meeting of store managers at Atlantic City, returned from the east this week. He says extreme cold weather pervades the east and he is glad to again be in the land of perpetual sunshine.

O. J. ROTHROCK DIES SATURDAY AT HIS ELGIN RANCH

Oliver J. Rothrock, 75, died Saturday, January 31, 1925, at his ranch, near Elgin. He was born at Lewisburg, Pa., May 11, 1851 and married his surviving widow, 41 years ago. The family moved to California in 1907, where they lived until 1913 when they came to Arizona, settling at Elgin.

Deceased is survived by his widow, Mrs. Sara Ellen Rothrock, three daughters, Mrs. C. J. Trask of Patagonia, Mrs. Sara Baker of Phoenix, Arizona; and Mrs. Grace Miller of Sacramento, Calif.; four sons, Bruce, of Dundee, Ariz.; Mohler, of Chico, Calif.; and Oliver and Ira, who are at home. There are six grandchildren.

Funeral services were held at the home ranch, at Elgin, Sunday, February 1, at 2 p. m., and were attended by one of the largest gatherings of mourners and friends that have been present at a funeral in the country district for many years.

The bereaved family have the sympathy of their friends.

Couldn't Stick Him

Prisoner: "There goes my 'at—shall I run after it?"

Rural Policeman: "What? Run away and never come back again? You stay 'ere and I'll get your 'at."

ARIZONA SEED CORN AT NATIONAL SHOW

March 2 to 7 has been designated as "Seed Corn Test Week" in Arizona and numerous community events are being planned in the state to impress upon corn farmers the necessity of careful seed selection to insure a normal 1925 crop. A country-wide observance is also to be launched during the week, the center of which is to be the National Seed Corn Show in Chicago under the auspices of the Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundation.

Prizes totaling \$2070 are offered to the corn farmers of the state for entries to the show, according to word reaching here from Chicago. In addition to the \$5 prize to be awarded to the farmer in this county showing the best ear of corn, \$1000 in gold is offered to the farmer in Arizona or the United States who exhibits the nation's champion ear. Another prize of \$1000 to the agricultural agent, farm bureau, agricultural or community organization of the country displaying the largest number of entries is announced.

The show is open to the entire United States. Any person—boy or girl, man or woman—may enter an ear of corn. Parcel post entries will be received any time up to the night of March 7, and each ear must have the name, address, county and state of its owner on a paper which should be wrapped securely around the ear with the writing on the outside. No ear will be awarded a prize until tested for vitality and disease resistance, the judges to be appointed by the American Society of Agronomy. Entries should be addressed to the National Seed Corn Show, Sears-Roebuck Agricultural Foundation, Chicago.

MRS. SARAH ANN REDDOCH, 75, DIES

Mrs. Sarah Ann Reddoch, 75, died in a Nogales hospital at 11:30 a. m. Monday, following an illness of nearly a week's duration. An operation had been deemed necessary, but the patient was too weak to overcome the effects of the surgery.

Mrs. Reddoch was one of the pioneers of Santa Cruz county.

She is survived by two sons, Jim and Arcus Reddoch, and a daughter, Mrs. J. W. Larimore. Jim Reddoch, the elder son, is on his way to South America, but Arcus and Mrs. Larimore were at the bedside of their mother when death came.

Funeral services were held at the family residence Tuesday afternoon, which were attended by a large number of friends, besides the surviving relatives. Rev. Henry Clark Smith read the funeral service. Interment was made in the Nogales cemetery.

Army Post Stays at Nogales

For some time rumors have been current that the U. S. army post at Nogales was to be discontinued.

Business and professional men of the county seat, through the Nogales chamber of commerce, have urged the authorities to let the soldiers remain on the border. Word was received from Washington this week to the effect that the camp was not to be removed.

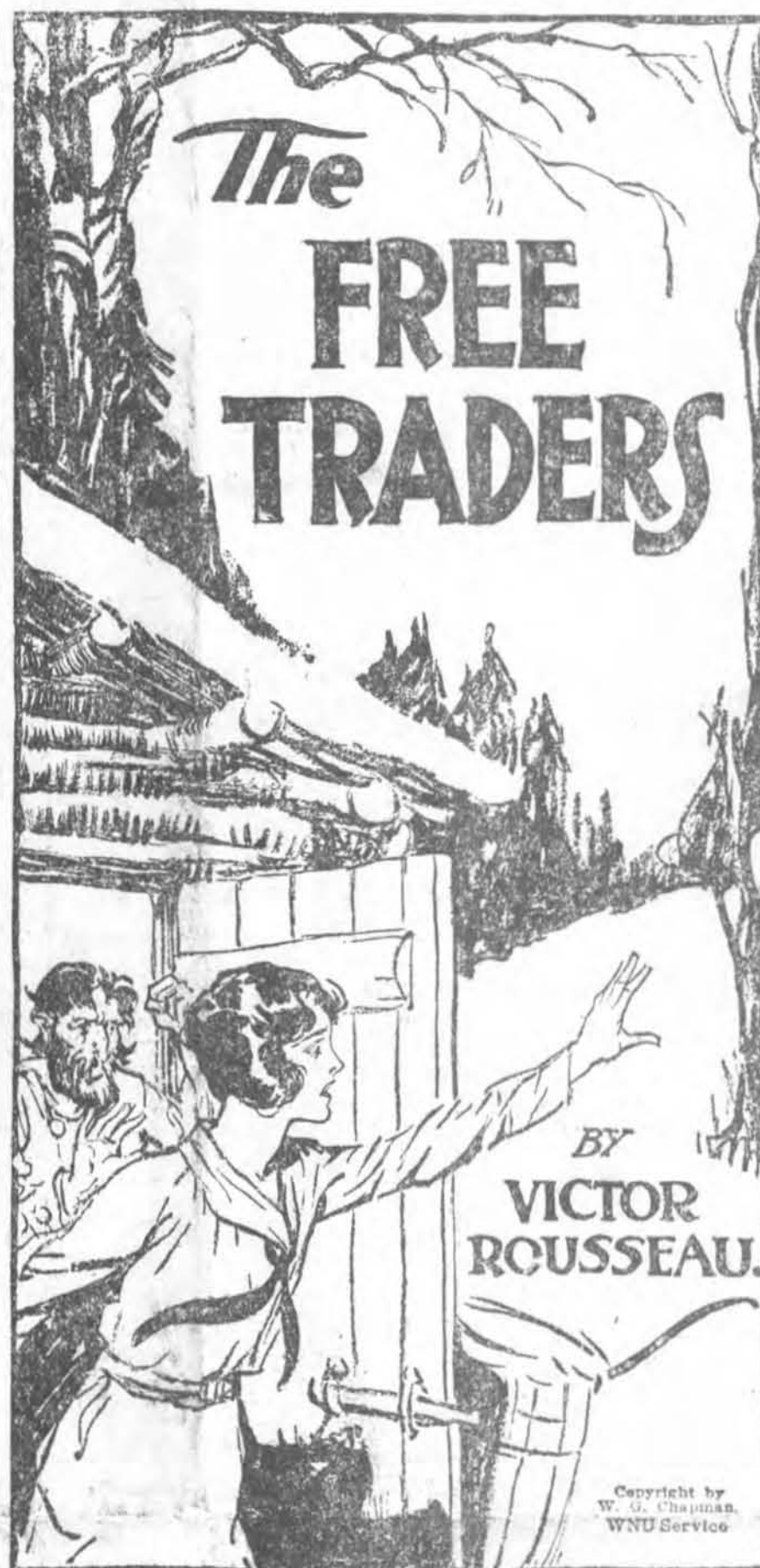
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ALLOWS FLIVVER FOR SCHOOL SUPT.

The County Board of Supervisors at its regular meeting Monday gave permission to the County School Superintendent to purchase a runabout for her use in attending to the official business of her office.

Heretofore it was necessary, when a car was needed to call upon the Sheriff's office and commandeer one of the cars furnished for use of the county officials and generally badly needed by the Sheriff's department.

HARDY'S BILL FOR ELECTION OF SUPERVISORS AT LARGE WINS?

Senator Leslie Hardy of Santa Cruz county has introduced a bill in the state legislature providing for the election of supervisors at large instead of by districts as is now done. The bill probably will be passed as it has received favorable support of many persons throughout the state as well as many legislators.



A STIRRING tale of the Canadian Northland, dealing with the brute passions of a band of outlaws and with the courage and other fine qualities of their nemesis, a member of the Mounted Police.

Two women figure in this story of thrills, strange scenes and hair-breadth escapes. Love, sacrifice and a glorious reward fall to one who is both a heroine and a real woman. A western story of romance and swift action.

OUR NEW SERIAL STARTING IN THE NEAR FUTURE

ONIONS FROM SPAIN DISPLAYED AT C. OF C.

Lee H. Gould, county agricultural agent, has sent the following communication to the Patagonian for publication. It will be of interest to many persons in the county, owing to the fact that many acres will be planted to onions this year.

"Two crates of onions that should be of interest to the people of Santa Cruz county are on exhibition at the chamber of commerce, Nogales. The onions arrived February 2 and were shipped direct from New York to the county agent. They came originally from Spain and are in the original package. One crate is from Valencia and the other is from Denia.

"E. L. Goodsell, manager of the foreign freight brokerage department of the Fruit Auction Company of New York, who is a personal friend of A. G. Stearns of the Mexico-Arizona Trading Co., shipped the onions to Nogales, so there is no question as to their being the genuine imported Spanish onions.

"These onions will be kept at the chamber of commerce for several days in order that all who are interested in a comparison of these onions with those grown in Santa Cruz county may have an opportunity to see them. They will be used for growing seed later."

IRVIN COBB TELLS HOW JOKES GO 'ROUND

After-dinner speakers and professional comedians of the stage are not responsible for the spread of good stories to the extent which they are credited, according to Irvin S. Cobb, who will contribute a column of his favorite stories in every issue of the Patagonian, beginning immediately.

"That honor properly belongs to telegraph operators serving on leased wires in newspaper offices," Cobb says. "Late at night, when the flood tide of news has ebbed to a low level, the operator, say in New York, tells his friend in Buffalo a good one he heard that afternoon.

"The Buffalo man ticks it along to Kansas City. The Kansas City man conveys it by dot-and-dash to a pal in Denver and the next morning the folks in San Francisco are grinning over it.

"For my column The Patagonian I have sought to choose those short stories which have made the greatest appeal to me, and I hope the reader may enjoy hearing them as much as I have enjoyed the work of compiling them."

Cobb has a fine collection in store for Patagonian readers. For a good laugh be sure to read them.

The 'Home Weekly'—The Patagonian

RADIO HELPFUL TO N. W. LUMBERJACKS

Before the coming of the radio few opportunities for education were to be had by lumberjacks in the great pine forests of the northwest, according to Palmer G. Lewis, spokesman for a group who recently sent in their appreciation to a San Francisco broadcasting station. But with radio receivers now in their camps, and with no other form of amusement available, lumberjacks find that isolation in the forest is driving them into listening even to educational programs over radio.

Miles away from the nearest town or road, seated around a loud speaker, employees of a western Washington logging camp in the Cascade mountains requested Mr. Lewis to send their appreciation to the sending station for entertainment and instruction broadcast.

SCHOOL NOTES

(Margaret Fortuna, Editor)

Today is Arbor Day. The "A" Class is making Valentine's spelling lockets.

The "B" Class is making lockets for new words.

The attendance in the Primary room for January was very good.

The officers that were elected in the Sixth grade to keep order are: Marj H. Evans, a. g. e. r. V. i. c. e. r. e. s. s. e. r. y. (heriff); Vivian Ragan, s. a. r. e. t. a. r. y, and Charlie Welland, t. r. e. a. s. u. r. e. r.

The Fourth grade is struggling with "parallels" and "meridians."

In the last spelling match there was but one member of the Fourth grade class that failed to spell all the words given.

The Fourth grade is learning how to do problems in multiplication using two figures in the multiplier.

In their last test in arithmetic most of the Fifth grade pupils received a grade of 90 or more.

The Fifth grade is learning how to multiply fractions.

The Fifth grade has almost finished its maps of Alaska. Alaska is interesting to us because it belongs to the United States, also because Miss Floberg lived there at one time.

The Five-Foot Shelf of Harvard Classics has been added to the school library. The principal subjects embraced in the series are history, geography, philosophy, religion, travel, science, government, education, criticism, poetry, and fiction. The school will be glad to have the public use these books.

Doris Siebold has been made school librarian.

Genevieve Amado got 100% in her last history test.

Doris Siebold has been absent from school because of illness.

GET TIME FROM RADIO INSTEAD OF TIDES

Cut off from the outside world for months by severe storms, white inhabitants of a little island near the Alaskan coast near Kodiak no longer find it necessary to set their clocks by the tides, but listen in over radio for the "sign off" of the announcers. "By watching the tides closely, we learn to tell the time within about 20 minutes," wrote Roy Gilley, guide into the "Valley of Ten Thousand Smokes," who lives on the island.

Card of Thanks

We wish to express to our many friends and neighbors our sincere appreciation for the assistance rendered during the sickness of our husband and father. Mr. Rothrock's illness was prolonged, and for that reason we are especially grateful to those who helped in many ways to lighten our burden and cheer the sick relative.

MRS. O. J. ROTHROCK AND FAMILY.

POISONOUS PLANTS KILL LIVESTOCK

Among the many anxieties of the range stockman, not the least is the worry occasioned by the presence of a great variety of plants poisonous to cattle and sheep. The problem of reducing the losses from this cause has been of much concern to the states in that region, and scientists of the U. S. department of agriculture have devoted much attention to finding the various plants responsible for the losses, describing them, and suggesting practices that will protect the industry.

No exact figures are available as to the number of animals lost each year through this cause, but there is evidence that the drain is heavy, probably as much as 3 to 5 per cent. Estimates are that stockmen in Colorado alone lose a million dollars annually as a result of plant poisoning. Sheepmen in Wyoming believe their losses from the same cause are nearly 15 per cent, most of the animals being mature ones which represent a large expenditure in their raising.

Investigations show that although there are many poisonous plants, most of the losses are caused by a few species. Practically all the deaths of sheep and cattle from plant poisoning are caused by death camas, larkspur, locos, water hemlock, laurels, milkweeds, western sneezeweed, Colorado rubber plant, woody aster, rayless goldenrod, fern, coyotillo, wild cherry, greasewood, oak, lupines, coffee bean, and Indian turnip. Some of these plants cause very heavy losses under certain conditions and some of them are only occasionally eaten in dangerous quantities.

Stockmen may protect themselves from losses by studying these various plants so as to be able to recognize them. The department is making investigations and has issued descriptions of a great many of them.

ELGIN NEWS NOTES

Mrs. Sara Baker of Phoenix attended the funeral of her father, O. J. Rothrock, Sunday.

S. M. Beebe and family spent Sunday in Nogales.

The minstrel show under the direction of Mrs. Charles Keen was given Friday night, and was a success in every way. The program was one of the most enjoyed that has ever been given under the auspices of the Elgin Community Club. The Elgin orchestra pleased the audience with several excellent selections. Barring discussions during the business session, the evening was greatly enjoyed by all.

O. J. Rothrock, one of our most prominent citizens, passed to the Great Beyond on Saturday. Funeral services were held at his home on February 2, at 2 p. m., and were attended by a host of friends and relatives.

Miss Kerr, teacher at the Vaughn school, attended the program at Elgin Friday night.

W. F. Neil and wife and Miss Bates were Elgin visitors Sunday.

Mrs. Grace Miller left Monday for Patagonia en route to visit her sister, Mrs. Sara Baker, in Phoenix. She has been with her parents for several weeks.

Lee H. Gould, county agricultural agent, spent the week in this end of the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Miller spent Friday in Nogales.

W. H. Collie was a Nogales business visitor Monday.

Oliver and Ira Rothrock were county seat visitors Monday.

The meeting held by taxpayers at Elgin schoolhouse Sunday is said to have resulted in much good.

M. E. Boosinger was a Patagonian visitor Monday.

Mrs. W. H. and Mrs. C. B. Collie were Patagonia visitors Saturday, and report a pleasant time at the dance given by the Community Club.

C. S. Cottle was a Nogales visitor Saturday.

Move to Elgin and enjoy life



SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

OFFICIAL PAPER
Santa Cruz County

HOWARD KEENER, Pub. and Owner

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Six Months \$1.50
Three Months \$1.00

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PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Advertising Rates on Application.

"NO FREEDOM LIKE U. S."

An anti-Bolshevik meeting was held in New York recently to hear Morris Gordin tell "Why I lost my faith in Communist Russia."

Newspaper reports stated that "one-third of the 660 persons at the meeting were women. The audience applauded every point Gordin made against present conditions in Russia, and there seemed to be unanimous approval of his declaration that Russia was slowly but surely progressing toward a 'republic of the united states of Russia.'"

"The speaker, formerly a student at the University of Chicago, was a draft-soldier in the American army during the World War. Until 1921, when he went to Russia, he was one of the leaders of the New York Communist Party. He returned here last September. Describing his conclusions regarding his nearly three years of experience in Russia, Gordin said: "I went there expecting to find a heaven of the people and for the workers instead I found a hell. The people have no say in their government, and little if any freedom in commercial or social activities. It is all a sickening dead level of political and industrial slavery, where the people are directed by a little group of dictators."

"The people may change this situation at any time, but so far as I they seemed everywhere, when I left I noted, to be passively resentful, too helpless to assert themselves. All around there was going on the economic, industrial and moral ruin of Russia."

"In the meantime the leaders of this terrible situation are holding on to the shreds of Communism in their visionary scheme of getting, through propaganda among other nationals, support for Communist domination."

"These selfish, misguided men, now in control, have trampled Russia politically into a big prison, a red dungeon. Before the unfortunate Russian people, most of whom would like to end their sufferings under this colossal failure, can expect any concrete help from other countries they must show their resentment of this false doctrine by attacking it themselves."

TRY THIS SCHEME WHEN YOU BEGIN A NEW PUZZLE

Here are a few tips on the solving of cross-word puzzles. Many readers of the Santa Cruz Patagonian already may have discovered them:

First, when you start a new puzzle, read through the definitions until you reach one which you recognize, and if you are fairly sure of your guess, jot down the word in the proper squares. Most puzzles contain several words which appear again and again—words such as "emu," "boa," "ail," "ra," and several others whose meanings are so limited that it makes variation in definitions almost impossible. Consequently, if you go through the entire list you will find quite a few words at the beginning, which will give you a good start.

Another thing to be careful of is the proper interpretation of definitions. Many words have several meanings or shades of meanings, which are likely to give the solver a wrong impression. Sometimes the word may be used as either a verb or a noun, but the definition, of course, will give only one meaning. For instance, think of the many ways of defining each of the following words: mop, heat, air, run, view, drop, set.

Of course, there are no set rules for this fascinating game; perhaps that is one reason for its popularity, but in any event these suggestions may help you through a tough puzzle. Turn to the one in today's paper and see how long it takes you to solve it.

The Patagonian, \$2; Worth the Price

PEOPLE'S FORUM

(Editor's Note.—Articles sent for publication in this column must be signed by the writer and his address given. The Patagonian prints this column as an accommodation to its subscribers and does not, by giving publicity to the articles, endorse the sentiments expressed. Nothing of a libelous or scurrilous nature will be published. We will return to the writer all copy not deemed proper.)

MINORITY FARM BUREAU EXTENSION SYSTEM—IS IT "TRUTHFUL?"

In a recent edition of the Tucson Citizen, dated Feb. 26, there appeared an article framed by Director Ross of the University of Arizona and President Dudgeon of the Pima County Farm Bureau, in which several untruths were stated. These statements were meant to kill Senate Bill 89, which denounces the 6 per cent minority rule and substitutes 51 per cent (constitutional) majority rule in regard to Farm Bureau taxation.

Mr. Ross says: "While on its face Senate Bill 89 may seem just, in practice it would mean an impossible task in each county to secure 51 per cent of those in farming pursuits as members of the county farm bureaus."

Now the proposed law doesn't state that 51 per cent of the farm bureau membership must be those of farming pursuits. It says rural voting residents. And they can be merchants, federal officers, bootleggers, or any other class, so long as they are rural voting residents. So why the untruth, Mr. Ross? Mr. Ross further states: "The present law requires that 10 per cent of the farming population of a county hold membership in its county farm bureau in order to secure appropriations for extension service from boards of supervisors."

The law doesn't say farming population (this is misleading). It says rural voting residents. And, further, doesn't tell you that the law reads that the majority of thirty 10 per cent can impose a yearly tax of from \$6000 to \$11,000 to keep this unamerican farm bureau system in each county. The majority of that 10 per cent is a fraction over 5 per cent.

President Dudgeon says: "If this Senate Bill 89 should pass it would undoubtedly be the death of extension work in the whole state."

I say that any system that can't stand up under the laws of the Constitution of the United States should die a prompt, sudden death.

Imagine 6 per cent of the rural residents forcing a \$6000 tax on the balance of us. Why, the relatives of the six officials can control and impose this tax—time eternal. However, you cannot expect anything else than misstatements and underhand propaganda from such a system.

Mothers and fathers, don't forget when you give your boy or girl into the hands of this menace that you not only endorse this minority rule of less than 6 per cent but you allow your boy or girl to be trained to respect it. The system realizes that once it gets a stranglehold on your boy or girl you'll never be able to get rid of it.

The farm bureau system of our nation is the most unamerican, unconstitutional, unlawful system we have in this nation, and I call your attention to the fact that the United States government has not made Henry Ford's Dearborn Independent retract one statement made in the recent exposure in that newspaper entitled "The Exploitation of the American Farmer By a Bunch of Jews and Their Gentile Front." And I say the Farm Bureau system and many of its officials are the "Gentile Front," and anyone doubting this statement can be furnished evidence and proof by me.

Sincerely and thoughtfully,

M. W. EASON.

Stockman and Farmer, Canille, Arizona.

FRANKLIN GAZETTE, DATED OCT. 7, 1757, FOUND BY COLLEGE

A copy of Benjamin Franklin's Pennsylvania Gazette, printed in German script and dated Oct. 7, 1757, is included among 59 early American manuscripts that have just been unearthed at Wagner College, a Lutheran institution at Grymes Hill, Staten Island.

The copy of the Pennsylvania Gazette contains a few letters from foreign cities on the first page and elsewhere it is recorded that "last Monday William Masters and Benjamin Franklin were elected to the upper senate from Philadelphia."

Another of the manuscripts reports a speech delivered in 1763 by Frederick August Conrad Muhlenberg, speaker of the first house of representatives, on "Proof That Contentment Is the Greatest Wealth."

MAKING THE "POOR" PAY

Secretary Mellon once more urges the need of tax reform.

One of the most difficult things for the non-investing public to understand is the foll yof excessive taxation levied to "make the rich pay."

When investors keep their money in business and meet excessive taxes, they collect these taxes from the people through higher prices. When they withdraw capital from business rather than take risks—as billions have been withdrawn—they are able to escape taxation altogether by purchasing tax-free securities, thus defeating not only the purpose to tax them but the effort to add to government revenue.

At Louisville, Ky., is the greatest leaf tobacco market in the world.

TRADE AT HOME WEEK STARTS NEXT MONDAY

Monday, March 16, will witness the opening of the fourth annual "Trade at Home—Use Arizona Products" week held in Arizona—the fourth concerted effort on the part of civic organizations of the state to keep Arizona money in Arizona, where it will develop the state's industry and resources and do its bit for the prosperity of ever ycitizen.

Practically every city in the state will join in observance of the week through its chamber of commerce, in every case the campaign being "Buy in Your Home County," with the added "Use Arizona Products" slogan for the state as a whole. And as a sequel to the various local movements, purchasing agents, wholesale dealers, farm organization representatives and manufacturers will meet in a buyers' and sellers' conference in Phoenix March 18 to get together to improve the preparation and distribution and promote the consumption of the state's varied products.

Throughout the week it will be stressed everywhere that trading at home will result in actual benefit to the individual purchaser; that it is a matter of individual advantage as much as civic patriotism. There is real proof for this view, too.

The sole result of trading at home is the creation of more business, and a more permanent prosperity. But what are the results of developing the business of your community?

One result is the growth of present business and the establishment of new ones. This means employment of more people, and room for new residents. It also means there will be more taxable property and more people to pay for public improvements; schools, roads, parks, paved streets, etc.

Another result is that increased volume of business may well mean lower prices, by reducing the proportionate overhead. Add to that the more efficient service it will be possible to give and the larger stocks which may be carried.

All these items apply with equal force to the use of Arizona products to build up the business of the entire state, with resultant additional employment, greater taxable property. "Trade at Home—Use Arizona Products" is merely another way of saying "Make Prosperity." And somehow everybody has more money when times are prosperous.

MINING CONFERENCE MARCH 19

On the evening of Thursday, March 19, there will be held at the Firemen's Club, a mining conference, under the auspices of the Nogales Chamber of Commerce. The meeting opens at 8 o'clock.

"Conference" is the correct term to use in connection with this meeting, as its purpose is to get those directly and indirectly interested in mining in Santa Cruz county, and northern Sonora into a conference to exchange ideas as to how best to promote the mining industry in this district.

The time is ripe for giving impetus to this important mining region. If this is to be done, your assistance is needed. It is hoped that every owner of a mine or good prospect will be present at the meeting.

Dean Butler of the College of Mines of the University of Arizona will deliver an address; a number of prominent mining men also will be on the program. There will be entertainment features on the side.

Great interest is being manifested in this conference and the mining committee of the Chamber of Commerce believes that excellent results will follow.

NOGALES CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
By I. P. Fraizer, Chairman
Mining Committee.

LEGAL NOTICES

FORM SELECTION PUBLICATION ACT MARCH 30, 1922

Serial No. 057678

United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, February 12, 1925.

Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of requirements of the Act of March 20, 1922 (Pub. 173), Henry Pyent, of Canille, Arizona, has made application to select

T. 21 S., R. 19 E., G. & S. R. M. Lot 1; S $\frac{1}{4}$ S $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, and all or Lot 2; S $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{4}$ W $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, not embraced by homestead entry survey No. 288, in Section 31. This tract extends to the Forest Boundary on the line of Lots 1 and 2 and partially surrounds homestead entry survey No. 288, containing approximately 163.94 acres.

In exchange for
T. 21 S., R. 18 E., G. & S. R. M. Section 35, 160 acres.
T. 22 S., R. 18 E., G. & S. R. M. Sec. 2, which is more particularly described in the metes and bounds survey covered by List 3-441 and homestead entry survey No. 72. And also timber to the amount of 100 cords.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described or desiring to object because of the mineral

LEGAL NOTICES

character of the land or for any other reason to the disposal to the applicant should file affidavits of protest in this office on or before the 3rd day of April, 1925.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register.
First publication March 6, 1925.
Fourth publication March 27, 1925.

SUMMONS

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT
Of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona.

State of Arizona, Plaintiff, vs. C. F. Von Petersdorff et al., Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, and the Complaint filed in the said County of Santa Cruz in the office of the Clerk of the said Superior Court.
Number 1698.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA TO C. F. Von Petersdorff, S. Balderramos, Manuel Jasso, Miguel Tanori, Lillian E. Shanfelt, Raymond Grijalva, H. A. Corpe and Rosenda B. Corpe, his wife, Otto and Martha Mayer, husband and wife, Herbert R. Turner, Bettie C. Larimore, Filomena de Figueroa, Miguel E. Artiz, and Rudolph and Dolores Bachman, husband and wife, Catrina Mendez, Eva Pike, Lucas B. Rodriguez, Louis C. Hummel and Emma Hummel, his wife, R. R. Spence, Unknown Owners of Lots 25 and 26 in Block H of Patagonia Townsite, in Santa Cruz County, Arizona, Maria Vegas, Wong Doo, Defendants, Greeting:

In a suit brought to recover delinquent taxes YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, and answer the Complaint therein filed with the Clerk of this said Court, at Nogales, in said County, within twenty days after the service upon you of this Summons, if served in this said County, or in all other cases within thirty days thereafter, the times above mentioned being exclusive of the day of service; or judgment by default will be taken against you.

Given under my hand and seal of the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, this 21st day of February, 1925.
(SEAL) ROBT. E. LEE,
Clerk of the said Superior Court.
First publication February 27, 1925.
Fourth publication March 20, 1925.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

(No. 053084)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, January 29, 1925.

NOTICE is hereby given that Simon T. Lindly, of Tombstone, Arizona, who, on January 25, 1922, made forest homestead entry (List 3-1151), No. 053084, for H. E. S. 261 (053084), a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning with Corner No. 1, whence the corner of Secs. 33, 34, 3, 4, T. 21 and 22 S., R. 17 E., bears S. 5 deg. 50 min. W., 117.39 chains; thence N. 19 deg. 23 min. W., 19.44 chains to Corner No. 2; thence N. 69 deg. 07 min. E., 55.36 chains to Corner No. 3; thence S. 77 deg. 08 min. E., 23.31 chains to Corner No. 4; thence S. 0 deg. 04 min. E., 14.96 chains to Corner No. 5; thence S. 75 deg. 14 min. W., 70.36 chains to Corner No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 159.72 acres in Section 27, surveyed, T. 21 S., R. 17 E., G. & S. R. M., Coronado National Forest, Arizona, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. P. Merrill, U. S. Commissioner, at Tombstone, Arizona, on the 21st day of March, 1925.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles H. Yarbrow, James Parker, James L. Rountree, Charles Everhart, all of Elgin, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register.
First publication February 13, 1925.
Fourth publication March 13, 1925.



Service Built In

Goodyear Tires are not only good to look at, they have the quality which makes for long wear and tire satisfaction built right into them. And they cost no more than less satisfactory tires.

EAST SIDE GARAGE

R. C. Blahon, Proprietor.

Patagonia,

Arizona

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT
Of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona.

Action brought in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, and the Complaint filed in the said County of Santa Cruz in the office of the Clerk of the said Superior Court.

The State of Arizona, Plaintiff, vs. J. M. Hiser, et als., Defendants.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA TO J. M. Hiser and Beula Hiser, Mrs. A. M. Davis, Juan Portillo, J. P. Hohusen, Pearl H. Pratt, Francisca de Tapia, Francisca Pesquera, H. O. Fitzsimmons, Luz de Elines, Matilde R. de Carillo, Jesus Suarez, Alviria Suarez, Rosa Suarez, Frank Clark, Franco Alonzo, Amella Juvera, Francisca Juvera, Jesus Juvera, Dolores S. Dabdoub, E. A. Dabdoub, John E. Stelzer, Mrs. John E. Stelzer, Hugh S. Benton, Joaquin Ramos, Benito Fernandez, Carmen G. Estrada, John Rafferty, Defendants, Greeting:

In a suit to recover delinquent taxes YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, and answer the Complaint filed with the Clerk of said Court, at Nogales, in said County, within twenty days after the service upon you of this Summons, if served in this said County, or in all other cases within thirty days thereafter, the times above mentioned being exclusive of the day of service; or judgment by default will be taken against you.

Given under my hand and seal of the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, this 12th day of February, 1925.

(SEAL) ROBT. E. LEE,
Clerk of the said Superior Court.
First publication Feb. 20, 1925.
Fourth publication March 13, 1925.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT
Of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona.

The State of Arizona, Plaintiff, vs. Geronimo S. Sicre, et als., Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, and the Complaint filed in the said County of Santa Cruz in the office of the Clerk of the said Superior Court.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA TO Geronimo S. Sicre, John Peterson, O. H. Mankel, Jesus F. de Castelan, George Roberts, Adela de Mexia, Mildred L. Hardie, Stephen Alexander, Ysedon M. Rodriguez, Amparo Aguirre, Margarita Chamberlain, Anastacio Rodriguez, J. T. Spillman, Alfredo Monge, Jr., Guadalupe de Parada, E. R. Acosta, J. P. Hall and Harry Dolson, Emilia de Martinez, Luciano B. Flores, Pedro Gonzales Arechiga, Defendants, Greeting:

In a suit brought to recover delinquent taxes YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, and answer the Complaint therein filed with the Clerk of this said Court, at Nogales, in said County, within twenty days after the service upon you of this Summons, if served in this said County, or in all other cases within thirty days thereafter, the times above mentioned being exclusive of the day of service; or judgment by default will be taken against you.

Given under my hand and seal of the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, this 17th day of February, 1925.

(SEAL) ROBT. E. LEE,
Clerk of the said Superior Court.
First publication February 20, 1925.
Fourth publication March 13, 1925.

Dr. W. F. Chenoweth
Physician and Surgeon
Nogales, Arizona

DUFFY & ROBINS
Attorneys-At-Law
Nogales, Arizona

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

The AMERICAN SHOE SHOP, needing larger quarters, leased the building formerly occupied by the Barnett Meat Market, where a continuation of former patronage, as well as new business, is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Mail Orders Will Be Welcomed. I pay return postage.

WM. MOORE CLAYDON

NOGALES-PATAGONIA SHORT LINE

"THE CONVENIENT, COMFORTABLE WAY"

Leave Nogales	9 a.m.	Arrive Patagonia	10:30 a.m.
Leave Patagonia	11 a.m.	Arrive Nogales	12:30 p.m.
Leave Nogales	5 p.m.	Arrive Patagonia	6:30 p.m.
Leave Patagonia	7 p.m.	Arrive Nogales	8:30 p.m.

Auto Stage leaves on Schedule Time at Montesuma Hotel, Nogales, and from the Patagonia Drug Company, Patagonia.

STAG BARBER SHOP

Geo. Januel, Proprietor. Nogales, Ariz

Hot and Cold Baths

Patagonia Barber Shop

WILLIAM FESSLER, Proprietor

Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty

PATAGONIA

ARIZONA



Patagonia recently witnessed the destruction of an adobe building by fire. The husband and father was away from home and the wife and mother was sick in bed. There was no insurance on that building.

What a blessing it would have been for the family had the building been insured in a good company, such as I represent.

Fire may come at any time, even though you have used every precaution and have what you think are fireproof buildings—and when it does come, sweeping all before it, are you fully protected against financial loss? We will be glad to talk the matter over with you at your convenience.

COME IN TO SEE ME ABOUT RATES
AND LET ME SHOW YOU SOME
INSURANCE FIGURES

Howard Keener

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

INAUGURAL ADDRESS

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE PLEDGES FURTHER REDUCTION IN TAXES; POLICY OUTLINED

Washington.—Following is the text of President Coolidge's inaugural address:

My Countrymen:

No one can contemplate current conditions without finding much that is satisfying and still more that is encouraging. Our own country is leading the world in the general readjustment to the results of the great conflict. Many of its burdens will bear heavily upon us for years, and the secondary and indirect effects we must expect to experience for some time. But we are beginning to comprehend more definitely what course should be pursued, what remedies ought to be applied, what actions should be taken for our deliverance, and are clearly manifesting a determined will faithfully and conscientiously to adopt these methods of relief.

Already we have sufficiently rearranged our domestic affairs so that confidence has returned, business has revived, and we appear to be entering an era of prosperity which is gradually reaching into every part of the nation.

Realizing that we cannot live unto ourselves alone, we have contributed of our resources and our counsel to the relief of the suffering and the settlement of the disputes among the European nations. Because of what America is and what America has done a firmer courage, a higher hope, inspires the heart of all humanity.

Make Freedom a Birthright

These results have not occurred by mere chance. They have been secured by a constant and enlightened effort marked by many sacrifices and extending over many generations. We cannot continue these brilliant successes in the future, unless we continue to learn from the past. It is necessary to keep the former experiences of our country both at home and abroad continually before us, if we are to have any science of government. If we wish to erect new structures, we must have a definite knowledge of the old foundations.

We must realize that human nature is about the most constant thing in the universe and that the essentials of human relationship do not change. We must frequently take our bearings from these fixed stars of our political firmament if we expect to hold a true course. If we examine carefully what we have done, we can determine the more accurately what we can do.

We stand at the opening of the one hundred and fiftieth year since our national consciousness first asserted itself by unmistakable action with an array of force. The old sentiment of detached and dependent colonies disappeared in the new sentiment of a united and independent nation. Men began to discard the narrow confines of a local charter for the broader opportunities of a national constitution. Under the eternal urge of freedom we became an independent nation. A little less than fifty years later that freedom and independence were reasserted in the face of all the world and guarded, supported, and secured by the Monroe doctrine.

The narrow fringe of states along the Atlantic seaboard advanced its frontiers across the hills and plains of an intervening continent until it passed down the golden slope to the Pacific. We made freedom a birthright. We extended our domain over distant islands in order to safeguard our own interests and accepted the consequent obligation to bestow justice and liberty upon less favored peoples. In the defense of our own ideals and in the general cause of liberty we entered the great war. When victory had been secured, we withdrew to our own shores uncompensated save in the consciousness of duty done.

Throughout all these experiences we have enlarged our freedom, we have strengthened our independence. We have been, and propose to be, more and more American. We believe that we can best serve our own country and most successfully discharge our obligations to humanity by continuing to be openly and candidly, intensely and scrupulously, American. If we have any heritage, it has been that. If we have any destiny, we have found it in that direction.

But if we wish to continue to be distinctively American, we must continue to make that term comprehensive enough to embrace the legitimate desires of a civilized and enlightened people determined in all their relations to pursue a conscientious and religious life. We cannot permit ourselves to be narrowed and dwarfed by slogans and phrases. It is not the adjective but the substantive, which is of real importance. It is not the name of the action, but the result of the action, which is the chief concern. It will be well not to be too much disturbed by the thought of either isolation or entanglement of pacifists and militarists.

Peace to the World Intended

The physical configuration of the earth has separated us from all of the old world, but the common brotherhood of man, the highest law of all our being, has united us by inseparable bonds with all humanity.

Our country represents nothing but peaceful intentions toward all the earth, but it ought not to fail to maintain such a military force as comports with the dignity and security of



CALVIN COOLIDGE

a great people. It ought to be a balanced force, intensely modern, capable of defense by sea and land, beneath the surface and in the air. But it should be so conducted that all the world may see in it, not a menace, but an instrument of security and peace.

This nation believes thoroughly in an honorable peace under which the rights of its citizens are to be everywhere protected. It has never found that the necessary enjoyment of such a peace could be maintained only by great and threatening array of arms. In common with other nations, it is now more determined than ever to promote peace, true friendliness and good will, through mutual understanding and mutual forbearance. We have never practiced the policy of competitive armaments. We have recently committed ourselves by covenants with the other great nations to a limitation of our sea power. As one result of this, our navy ranks larger, in comparison, than it ever did before.

Removing the burden of expense and jealousy, which must always accrue from a keen rivalry, is one of the most effective methods of diminishing that unreasonable hysteria and misunderstanding which are the most potent means of fomenting war. This policy represents a new departure in the world. It is a thought, an ideal, which has led to an entirely new line of action. It will not be easy to maintain. Some never moved from their old position, some are constantly slipping back to the old ways of thought and the old action of seizing a market and relying on force. America has taken the lead in this new direction, and that lead America must continue to hold. If we expect others to rely on our fairness and justice we must show that we rely on their fairness and justice.

If we are to judge by past experience, there is much to be hoped for in international relations from frequent conferences and consultations. We have before us the beneficial results of the Washington conference and the various consultations recently held upon European affairs, some of which were in response to our suggestions and in some of which we were active participants. Even the failures cannot but be accounted useful and an immeasurable advance over threatened or actual warfare. I am strongly in favor of a continuation of this policy, whenever conditions are such that there is even a promise that practical and favorable results might be secured.

World Court Approved

In conformity with the principle that a display of reason rather than a threat of force should be the determining factor in the intercourse among nations, we have long advocated the peaceful settlement of disputes by methods of arbitration and have negotiated many treaties to secure that result. The same considerations should lead to our adherence to the permanent court of international justice.

Where great principles are involved, where great movements are under way which promise much for the welfare of humanity by reason of the very fact that many other nations have given such movements their actual support, we ought not to withhold our own sanction because of any small and incidental difference, but only upon the ground of the most important and compelling fundamental reasons.

We cannot barter away our independence or our sovereignty, but we ought to engage in no refinements of logic, no sophistries, and no subtleties, to argue away the undoubted duty of this country by reason of the might of its numbers, the power of its resources, and its position of leadership in the world, actively and comprehensively to signify its approval and to bear its full share of the responsibility of a candid and disinterested attempt at the establishment of a tribunal for the administration of even-handed justice between nation and nation. The weight of our enormous influence must be cast upon the side of a reign not of force but of law and trial, not by battle but by reason.

We have never any wish to interfere in the political conditions of any other countries. Especially are we determined not to become implicated in the political controversies of the old world. With a great deal of hesitation, we have responded to appeals for help to maintain order, protect life and property, and establish responsible government in some of the small countries of the western hemisphere.

Our private citizens have advanced large sums of money to assist in the necessary financing and relief of the old world. We have not failed, nor

shall we fail to respond whenever necessary to mitigate human suffering and assist in the rehabilitation of distressed nations. These, too, are requirements which must be met by reason of our vast powers and the place we hold in the world.

Some of the best thought of mankind has long been seeking for a formula for permanent peace. Undoubtedly the clarification of the principles of international law would be helpful, and the efforts of scholars to prepare such a work for adoption by the various nations should have our sympathy and support. Much may be hoped for from the earnest studies of those who advocate the outlawing of aggressive war. But all these plans and preparations, these treaties and covenants, will not of themselves be adequate.

One of the greatest dangers to peace lies in the economic pressure to which people find themselves subjected. One of the most practical things to be done in the world is to seek arrangements under which such pressure may be removed, so that opportunity may be renewed and hope may be revived. There must be some assurance that effort and endeavor will be followed by success and prosperity. In the making and financing of such adjustments there is not only an opportunity, but a real duty, for America to respond with her counsel and her resources. Conditions must be provided under which people can make a living and work out of their difficulties.

But there is another element, more important than all, without which there cannot be the slightest hope of a permanent peace. That element lies in the heart of humanity. Unless the desire for peace be cherished there, unless this fundamental and only natural source of brotherly love be cultivated to its highest degree, all artificial efforts will be in vain. Peace will come when there is realization that only under a reign of law, based on righteousness and supported by the religious conviction of the brotherhood of man, can there be any hope of a complete and satisfying life. Parchment will fail, the sword will fail; it is only the spiritual nature of man that can be triumphant.

Program Is to Assist

It seems altogether probable that we can contribute most to these important objects by maintaining our position of political detachment and independence. We are not identified with any old world interests. This position should be made more and more clear in our relations with all foreign countries. We are at peace with all of them. Our program is never to oppress, but always to assist. But while we do justice to others, we must require that justice be done to us. With us a treaty of peace means peace, and a treaty of amity means amity.

We have made great contributions to the settlement of contentious differences in both Europe and Asia. But there is a very definite point beyond which we cannot go. We can only help those who help themselves. Mindful of these limitations, the one great duty that stands out requires us to use our enormous powers to trim the balance of the world.

While we can look with a great deal of pleasure upon what we have done abroad, we must remember that our continued success in that direction depends upon what we do at home. Since its very outset, it has been found necessary to conduct our government by means of political parties. That system would not have survived from generation to generation if it had not been fundamentally sound and provided the best instrumentalities for the most complete expression of the popular will.

It is not necessary to claim that it has always worked perfectly. It is enough to know that nothing better has been devised. No one would deny that there should be full and free expression and an opportunity for independence of action within the party. There is no salvation in a narrow and bigoted partisanship. But if there is to be responsible party government, the party label must be something more than a mere device for securing office.

Unless those who are elected under the same party designation are willing to assume sufficient responsibility and coherence, so that they can co-operate with each other in the support of the broad general principles of the party platform, the election is merely a mockery, no decision is made at the polls, and there is no representation of the popular will. Common honesty and good faith with the people who support a party at the polls require that party, when it enters office, to assume control of that portion of the government to which it has been elected. Any other course is bad faith and a violation of the party pledges.

People Expect Unity of Action

When the country has bestowed its confidence upon a party by making it a majority in the Congress it has a right to expect such unity of action as will make the party majority an effective instrument of government. This administration has come into power with a very clear and definite mandate from the people. The expression of the popular will in favor of maintaining our constitutional guarantees was overwhelming and decisive. There was a manifestation of such faith in the integrity of the courts that we can consider that issue rejected for some time to come.

Likewise, the policy of public ownership of railroads and certain electric utilities met with unmistakable defeat.



CHARLES G. DAWES

The people declared that they wanted their rights to have not a political but a judicial determination, and their independence and freedom continued and supported by having the ownership and control of their property, not in the government, but in their own hands. As they always do when they have a fair chance, the people demonstrated that they are sound and are determined to have a sound government.

When we turn from what was rejected to inquire what was accepted, the policy that stands out with the greatest clearness is that of economy in public expenditure with reduction and reform of taxation. The principle involved in this effort is that of conservation.

The resources of this country are almost beyond computation. No mind can comprehend them. But the cost of our combined governments is likewise almost beyond definition. Not only those who are now making their tax returns, but those who meet the enhanced cost of existence in their monthly bills know by hard experience what this great burden is and what it does. No matter what others may want, these people want a drastic economy. They are opposed to waste. They know that extravagance lengthens the hours and diminishes the rewards of their labor.

Economy Is Keynote

I favor the policy of economy, not because I wish to save money, but because I wish to save people. The men and women of this country who toil are the ones who bear the cost of the government. Every dollar that we carelessly waste means that their life will be so much the more meager. Every dollar that we prudently save means that their life will be so much the more abundant. Economy is idealism in its most practical form.

If extravagance were not reflected in taxation, and through taxation both directly and indirectly injuriously affecting the people, it would not be of so much consequence. The wisest and soundest method of solving our tax problem is through economy. Fortunately, of all the great nations this country is best in a position to adopt that simple remedy. We do not any longer need wartime revenues. The collection of any taxes which are not absolutely required, which do not beyond reasonable doubt contribute to the public welfare, is only a species of legalized larceny. Under this republic the rewards of industry belong to those who earn them.

The only constitutional tax is the tax which ministers to public necessity. The property of the country belongs to the people of the country. Their title is absolute. They do not need to maintain great military forces; they ought not to be burdened with a great array of public employees. They are not required to make any contribution of government expenditures except that which they voluntarily assess upon themselves through the action of their own representatives. Whenever taxes become burdensome a remedy can be applied by the people; but if they do not act for themselves, no one can be very successful in acting for them.

The time is arriving when we can have further tax reduction, when, unless we wish to hamper the people in their right to earn a living, we must have tax reform. The method of raising revenue ought not to impede the transaction of business; it ought to encourage it. I am opposed to extremely high rates, because they produce little or no revenue, because they are bad for the country, and finally, because they are wrong. We can not finance the country, we can not improve social conditions through any system of injustice, even if we attempt to inflict it upon the rich. Those who suffer the most harm will be the poor.

This country believes in prosperity. It is absurd to suppose that it is envious of those who are already prosperous. The wise and correct course to follow in taxation and all other economic legislation is not to destroy those who have already secured success but to create conditions under which every one will have a better chance to be successful. The verdict of the country has been given on this question. That verdict stands. We shall do well to heed it.

These questions involve moral issues. We need not concern ourselves much about the rights of property if we will faithfully observe the rights of persons. Under our institutions their rights are supreme. It is not

property but the right to hold property, both great and small, which our constitution guarantees. All owners of property are charged with a service. These rights and duties have been revealed, through the conscience of society, to have a divine sanction. The very stability of our society rests upon production and conservation. For individuals or for governments to waste and squander their resources, is to deny these rights and disregard these obligations. The result of economic dissipation to a nation is always moral decay.

Agriculture Improving

These policies of better international understandings, greater economy, and lower taxes have contributed largely to peaceful and prosperous industrial relations. Under the helpful influences of restrictive immigration and a protective tariff, employment is plentiful, the rate of pay is high, and wage earners are in a state of contentment seldom before seen. Our transportation systems have been gradually recovering and have been able to meet all the requirements of the service. Agriculture has been very slow in reviving, but the price of cereals at last indicates that the day of its deliverance is at hand.

We are not without our problems, but our most important problem is not to secure new advantages but to maintain those which we already possess. Our system of government made up of three separate and independent departments, our divided sovereignty composed of nation and state, the matchless wisdom that is enshrined in our constitution, all these need constant effort and tireless vigilance for their protection and support.

In a republic the first rule for the guidance of the citizen is obedience to law. Under a despotism the law may be imposed upon the subject. He has no voice in its making, no influence in its administration, it does not represent him. Under a free government the citizen makes his own laws, chooses his own administrators, which do represent him. Those who want their rights respected under the constitution and the law ought to set the example themselves of observing the constitution and the law.

While there may be those of high intelligence who violate the law at times, the barbarian and the defective always violate it. Those who disregard the rules of society are not exhibiting a superior intelligence, are not promoting freedom and independence, are not following the path of civilization, but are displaying the traits of ignorance, of servitude, of savagery, and treading the way that leads back to the jungle.

Welcomes Co-operation of Congress

The essence of a republic is representative government. Our Congress represents the people and the states. In all legislative affairs it is the natural collaborator with the President. In spite of all the criticism which often falls to its lot, I do not hesitate to say that there is no more independent and effective legislative body in the world. It is, and should be, jealous of its prerogative. I welcome its co-operation, and expect to share with it not only the responsibility, but the credit, for our common effort to secure beneficial legislation.

These are some of the principles which America represents. We have not by any means put them fully into practice, but we have strongly signified our belief in them. The encouraging feature of our country is not that it has reached its destination, but that it has overwhelmingly expressed its determination to proceed in the right direction.

It is true that we could, with profit, be less sectional and more national in our thought. It would be well if we could replace much that is only a false and ignorant prejudice with a true and enlightened pride of race. But the last election showed that appeals to class and nationality had little effect. We were all found loyal to a common citizenship. The fundamental precept of liberty is toleration. We can not permit any inquisition either within or without the law or apply any religious test to the holding of office. The mind of America must be forever free.

It is in such contemplations, my fellow countrymen, which are not exclusive but only representative, that I find ample warrant for satisfaction and encouragement. We should not let the much that is to do obscure the much which has been done. The past and present show faith and hope and courage fully justified.

Here stands our country, an example of tranquillity at home, a patron of tranquillity abroad. Here stands its government, aware of its might but obedient to its conscience. Here it will continue to stand, seeking peace and prosperity, solicitous for the welfare of the wage earner, promoting enterprise, developing waterways and natural resources, attentive to the intuitive counsel of womanhood, encouraging education, desiring the advancement of religion, supporting the cause of justice and honor among the nations.

America seeks no earthly empire built on blood and force. No ambition, no temptation, lures her to thought of foreign dominions. The legions which she sends forth are armed, not with the sword, but with the cross. The higher state to which she seeks the allegiance of all mankind is not of human, but of divine origin. She cherishes no purpose save to merit the favor of Almighty God.

IRISH PARLIAMENT HOUSE



Chosen Representatives of the Nation Meet Again in Their Old Home.

Proud Record Made by Irish Soldiers in the World War

If the heart of Ireland was missing from the great conflict, her fists were sure there and did double duty.

It has been said and read that you can't keep an Irishman out of a fight, and we know that in all the wars that have taken place since Ireland has been on the map her sons have taken a big part and have often been the biggest scrappers in the scrap. But during the past few years—during the fighting of the biggest fight of all—it has been said by many that the Irish were doing nothing. And a few went so far as to say that Ireland was pro-German and was helping the central powers.

But, in going behind the scenes and getting at the true facts, we find that, although the heart of Ireland was missing from the great conflict, her fists were sure there and did double duty. Mrs. Katherine Edelman asserts, in the Philadelphia Press. From a careful perusal of English, Irish and American newspapers—from the statements made by many allied officers and men returned from the front; from statistics compiled by many of the leading societies in Ireland, and from England's own list of regiments and men in the war also from the writer's own personal knowledge (being in Ireland at the outbreak of the war and seeing thousands of Irish soldiers marching away to join the conflict)—we find the following facts to be about the true situation:

At the outbreak of the war with Germany there were thousands of Irishmen soldiers in the British army, and the thin red line of British heroes that won such glory at the beginning of the war and most of whom are now lying under the soil of Belgium and France, numbered among them thousands of Irishmen. In saying this, we are not trying to take one bit of glory from those noble British heroes. Their bravery was superb, but not greater than that of their Irish comrades. Ask any English Tommy and he will tell you what the Irish Guards, the Royal Irish, the Dublin and Munster Fusiliers, the Connaught Rangers and other Irish regiments did in the war. The Irish Guards (composed of men of splendid physique) showed exceptional bravery. In the first years of the war the regiments mentioned above were almost wiped out, but at the signing of the armistice nearly every regiment had more men now than at the beginning of hostilities. And every man that joined was a volunteer. Think of that! In Dublin alone, since the outbreak of the war, between 40,000 and 50,000 Irishmen enlisted, and that is only one city in Ireland. And there have been some who said "Ireland was pro-German." If she were pro-German, do you think that over 50 per cent (the official figures are 58.1 per cent) of her man-power would have enlisted since the outbreak of the war, and that does not take into consideration the thousands of Irishmen who were working in England, Scotland

and Wales at the outbreak of the war and who enlisted in English regiments. And look at the colonies. They sent a South African Irish regiment; Canada sent the Quebec Irish, and the Vancouver Irish Fusiliers, and in the Australian regiments it is said that nearly one-half the men were of the Irish race. And we all know of the thousands of O'Briens, Murphys, Maloneys and Mahoneys, who swelled the ranks of our own glorious army.

When the war began Ireland sent 15 regiments into the fighting zone. In addition to these, there was the London Irish, the Liverpool Irish and several other regiments composed mostly of Irishmen who had enlisted in England, Wales and Scotland. There was not a part of the fighting line held by the English from which Ireland's sons were missing. We all know the story of the Dardanelles and Gallipoli, that cost England so many of her bravest officers and men, and here it was that thousands of Irish lads laid down their lives for the cause. The Dublin and Munster Fusiliers were almost wiped out as they daringly tried to make a landing on that mined beach, where the pitiless shells from the enemy guns fell fast. Brave young lads, going to almost certain death—but never a faltering among them all. Ask anyone who saw those heroes. If the Irish were pro-German?

PEACE KEYNOTE OF ST. PATRICK'S WORK

Overthrow of Paganism Wonderful Achievement.

St. Patrick's day! What thoughts and emotions these words arouse! A captive youth; a slave; a swineherd—but his soul is free, while, to him, his captors are in the bondage of Pagan darkness!

The slave escapes and begins the long task of preparing to liberate his captors.

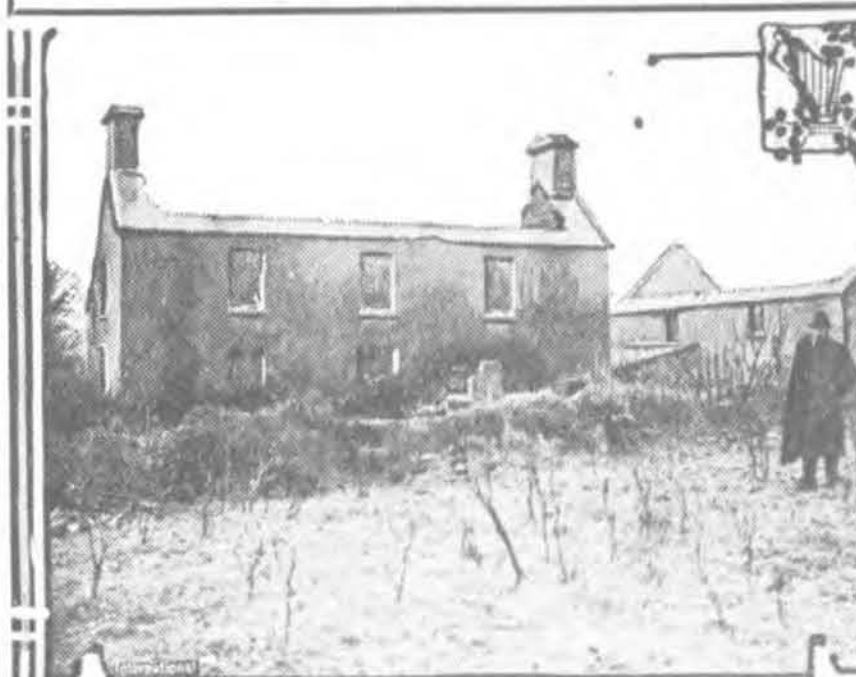
This task he finally accomplished with a success unparalleled in history. He led his captors captive! He found a nation Pagan. He left it Christian with not a life sacrificed—not a drop of blood shed in effecting the change! And this good work he accomplished in Erin while the world outside was convulsed by the death agonies of the Roman empire.

St. Patrick's day more than any other, except Christmas day, evidences the appeal that lies in the story of the Crucified One; the great message of peace and reconciliation.

It is not merely an Irish event; it is world-wide in its significance, and there are few things needed more in the world of today than another Saint Patrick.

Ardenly do we rejoice that the nation which Patrick freed from the shackles of Pagan bondage is in a large measure free from the political despotism which so long oppressed it.—Illinois State Register.

HOME OF GREAT IRISH LEADER



The birthplace of the late Michael Collins, leader of the Irish Republican government, at Mallow. His brother is shown standing in the foreground.



Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria is a harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of

Constipation Wind Colic
Flatulency To Sweeten Stomach
Diarrhea Regulate Bowels

Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and

Natural Sleep without Opiates

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*.
Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.



Women Like to Come to This Bank

There's a spirit of friendliness and cordiality about this bank that radiates and promotes a Good Will not found in a bank that is merely a stronghold of stone and steel.

And that's why women make this their headquarters for their financial dealings. They like the cheerful atmosphere and sincere courtesy,

You, too, will see the difference when you come in to get acquainted.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NOGALES
Nogales, Arizona.
ASSETS OVER \$3,000,000.00

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY

Our meats are known all over the state. Our meats are butchered in Arizona

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY
NOGALES, ARIZONA



WE HAVE A STOCK OF Kelly-Springfield Tires AND TUBES

We Also Carry
AUTO ACCESSORIES, GAS, OILS,
AND GREASES

We deal in Wood, Hay, Grain, and
Poultry Feed, and do Hauling, both
light and heavy. See us FIRST.

PATAGONIA ICE & LIGHT
PLANT

BEFORE IMPROVING PROPERTY
be sure your title is clear. Title to much
land in Nogales, Patagonia and other
parts of this county is cloudy.

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY ABSTRACT
AND TITLE COMPANY
F. A. French, Mgr.

Nogales Arizona

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Grace Van Osedale and Howard Keen
er have notary's commissions and can
handle all legal papers requiring a
notary's seal.

B. P. O. E.
NOGALES LODGE NO. 1397
Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of
each month at Elks' Home on Mor-
ley Ave. Visiting brothers always
welcome.

W. J. CRYDERMAN, Exalter Ruler.
ROBERT E. LEE, Secretary.

It's better to insure your property
than to wish you had. See Howard
Keener at the Patagonian office.—Adv

Official Proceedings of Bd. of Supervisors

(Continued from page 1)

protectograph for the county treasurer's office; also asked that a switch-
light be placed in the corridor of the courthouse.

The board ordered the light and switch to be installed, but did not
authorize purchase of typewriter and protectograph, as these items had not
been included in the budget and the office expens account of the treasur-
er's office was overdrawn already.

The Western Union Telegraph Company quoted the cost of time service
to be installed in the courthouse at a cost of \$1.25 per month, they to fur-
nish, install and maintain a clock.

The clerk of the board was authorized to have same installed.

The bond and contract of A. L. Peck Jr. for auto service for county
officials for the ensuing year was presented and approved by the board
and signed by the chairman and clerk.

The following communication was received from W. A. O'Connor, judge
of the Superior court:

"Honorable Board of Supervisors,
Santa Cruz County, Arizona.

"Dear Sirs: Please take notice that I have this day made a court order
appointing Charles P. Lopez Spanish interpreter and bailiff in and for the
County of Santa Cruz, State of Arizona.

"It is impossible for a court to function very much without either one
of the above officials, therefore this order.

"Please fix an adequate wage for Mr. Lopez in the performance of his
duties, pursuant to amove order, and I would suggest not less than \$125.00
per month.

"Yours respectfully,

"W. A. O'CONNOR,
"Judge of Superior Court."

A certified copy of the above mentioned court order was filed by the
clerk of the superior court.

Upon motion of Campbell, seconded by Miller and carried, the appoint-
ment of Charles P. Lopez as court interpreter and bailiff was approved and
salary fixed at \$125.00 per month.

A communication from the United States Land Office, Phoenix, in re-
ference to bill before congress asking for waiving of grazing fees on the
forest for ear 1925 was read and the following telegram ordered sent to
United States Senator Ralph H. Cameron:

"Due to the drouth and critical financial condition of the stock industry
of our state and county, we, the board of supervisors of Santa Cruz County,
Arizona, wish to endorse and urge the passage of a joint resolution intro-
duced in the United States senate by Senator Cameron waiving National
Forest fees for the year 1925."

Communication from John Maloney of Ruby in reference to work on
the county roads between Ruby and Pena Blanca was presented and the
clerk ordered to advise Mr. Maloney by letter that there was an arrange-
ment being made with the Forest service for work on the roads in this
forest district b which the county and forest department would share the
expense equally, also that the work deferred to would be taken in by this
arrangement.

A viewers' report on the Beebe and Farrenkopf road was presented and
accepted b the board, and the date of March 2nd, 1925, set as the date for
hearing of objections and claims for damage. The clerk was further or-
dered to certify to the Corporation Commission the proceedings had in
connection wit this road, as the same calls for a railroad crossing.

Upon motion dul made and carried the following resolution was
passed:

"BE IT RESOLVED, By the Board of Supervisors of Santa Cruz County,
Arizona, That any county official or person who while driving or operating
an automobile which is under contract to be supplied for the use of
county officials, who shall be careless, negligence, or reckless driving
or use shall cause such automobile or any of its equipment to be become
damaged, destroyed or lost shall be held liable for such damages caused
by his or her carelessness, negligence or recklessness and which charges
might become charges against Santa Cruz County and not covered b in-
surance carried on such automobile."

A communication from the Arizona Good Roads Association enclosing
membership application for year 1925 was read and the clerk ordered to
enclose demand to the association for making claim for membership fee
of \$25.00.

Upon motion of Campbell, seconded b Miller and carried, the county
treasurer was instructed to adjust all school sinking funds as provided by
Paragraph 2745 of the School Laws of Arizona. Paying particular attention
to the proper crediting of all interest or income earned by the said sinking
funds.

The following official bonds were presented and approved and signed
by the chairman: J. W. Larimore, county engineer, \$1000.00; A. D. Page,
constable Precinct No. 1, \$1000.00; A. Dumbauld, Clerk, Board of Su-
pervisors, \$2000.00; Agnes G. Hamlin, Deputy County Treasurer, \$10,000.00, and
notarial bond of Frank J. Duffy.

The following monthly reports of county officials and precinct officials
were presented and ordered filed: Sheriff, superintendent of health, clerk
of court, assessor, county recorder, superintendent of outdoor indigent
relief, John A. McCarty, Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 15; Richard Farrell,
Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 5; Charles E. Hardy, Justice of the
Peace Precinct No. 1; County Treasurer, and Santa Cruz County Fair Com-
missioner.

A communication from Robert Thompson, forest ranger at Canille, in
reference to the matter of cattle-guard between Patagonia and Harshaw
being in bad condition, Mr. Thompson reported that the matter had been
referred to the Tucson office for further consideration.

The following claims and demands were presented, audited, allowed
and ordered paid out of the various county funds:

C. A. Gardner	Road work (teams)	\$ 47.25
C. A. Gardner	Road work (teams)	21.00
Frank Seibold	Road work	14.00
Henr WoWod	Road work (teams)	94.50
Roy Blair	Road work	21.00
Earl Yeary	Road work	17.50
Irlin Kinsley	Road work	24.50
Harry Steen	Road work	127.75
Francisco Pons	Road work	39.00
Elbert Kinsley	Road work	156.00
B. W. Curtis	Road work	45.50
Harry Steen	Road work	97.00
Irlin Kinsley	Road work	49.00
E. L. Kinsley	Road work	163.50
B. W. Curtis	Road work	49.00
Henry Wood	Road work (teams)	35.00
Evans Mercantile Co.	Road supplies	42.25
Evans Mercantile Co.	Road supplies	137.00
Roy & Titcomb, Inc.	Roa dwork	8.25
Francisco Pons	Road work	40.50
Good Roads Machinery Co.	Road supplies	32.51
J. A. McCarty	Road viewer	5.40
J. W. Larimore	Road viewin gan dengineering	78.30
M. Johnson	Rental wagon, road work	5.00
Standard Oil Company	Oil, road work	10.42
Anna B. Ackley	Canceled road orders	151.88
A. L. Peck Jr.	Gas and oil, motor cop	7.59
A. L. Peck Jr.	Auto service, sheriff's office	350.00
C. D. Rankin	Repairs and improvements, county jail and sheriff's office	833.00
W. F. Chenoweth	Care of county indigents	12.50
Southern Arizona Power Co.	Gas, electric and supplies	58.04
Howard Keener	Publishing and printing, J. P. office	202.75
Victor J. Wager	Expense, county assessor's office.	165.28
Mrs. H. J. Brown	Care of indigent	11.25
Mountain States Tel. Co.	Phones and tolls	63.15
O. A. Smith	Outdoor indigent relief	222.00
J. F. Johnson	Rental of room for elections.	25.00
U. of A. Agricultural Ext. Serv.	County agent	125.00
Arizona Children's Hosp. Assn.	Care of indigent	5.00
Geo. B. Marsh, Inc.	Supplies	4.80
H. W. Purdy	Examination of insane	10.00
Wallace Button	Supplies	8.92
H. H. McNeil Co.	Supplies	17.00
James V. Robins	Expense, county attorney's office.	1.00
F. W. Hannah	Premiums on bonds	57.50
J. D. Halstead Lumber Co.	Supplies	14.43
Western Union Tel. Co.	Telegrams	13.24
H. J. Brown, Sheriff.	Sheriff's contingent fund	166.00
Manufacturing Stationers	Supplies	61.00
E. H. Stoltz	Supplies	16.50
O. A. Smith	Supt. outdoor indigent relief	50.00
G. G. Morgan Printing Co.	Supplies	18.90
G. G. Morgan Printing Co.	Supplies	18.50
Burroughs Adding Mch. Co.	Adding machine, count treas.'s office	274.30
Burns Flower Shop	Funeral flowers	10.00
Sonora News Company	Supplies	3.30
F. H. Keddington Co.	Printing and books, supplies.	188.35
Sonora News Company	Supplies	9.70
Wing Wong Seen	Feeding prisoners	37.92
Anna B. Ackley	Jury certificates canceled	68.30
Southern Trust Co.	Premium on insurance	20.00
Southern Trust Co.	Premiu mon bonds	5.00
Southern Trust Co.	Premium on bonds	152.50
Allen Smith	Coroner's jury	6.00
Ed Ellis	Election board	5.00
Hank Myers	Coroner's jury	3.00
J. E. Dickens	Coroner's jury	3.00

(Continued on page 8)

MEETING TO BOOST MINING TO BE HELD IN NOGALES MARCH 19

Great interest is being manifested
in the forthcoming meeting of the
mining committee of the Nogales
Chamber of Commerce, according to
Chairman I. P. Fraizer, who stated
that he expects to have some of the
biggest and most influential mining
leaders present for the affair when it
is called up March 19 at the Fire-
men's Club. The meeting is slated
for 8 o'clock.

At this time arrangements have
been made for the presence in No-
gales of Dean Butler of the University
of Arizona College of Mines, who will
be the principal speaker. Besides
Dean Butler, a representative of the
American Smelting and Refining Com-
pany also will be present, together
with mining men, prospectors and op-
erators of both Santa Cruz county
and northern Sonora.

The purpose of the meeting is to
promote mining in this county and in
Sonora, and to gather data from mine
operators and prospectors in an ef-
fort to place the Chamber of Com-
merce in a position to aid and exploit
mining in these two great districts.
That the meeting will be successful
is assured by receipt of letters from
prominent mining men in Arizona and
Mexico requesting information per-
taining to the meeting.—Nogales Her-
ald.

U. S. COMMISSIONER MRS. BUSH

Mrs. Nellie T. Bush, attorney of
Parker, Ariz., has taken the oath of
office which makes her the first wom-
an United States commissioner in the
state. Mrs. Bush, following her in-
duction into office, gave out the warning
that she will exercise the maximum
o f power carried with her office to
discourage bootlegging, violations of
the Mann act and trafficking in stolen
automobiles.

Lee Parker, Trapper, Has Record
Lee Parker, ex-government trapper,
recently killed an old mountain lion in
the Huachuca mountains which he
says has destroyed more than \$1000
worth of livestock in that region. The
feline measured more than 10 feet
and the hide was sold for \$20. While
trapping for the government, Mr. Par-
ker, with the aid of his bloodhounds,
which he says can't be beat for work,
killed 45 mountain lions, 4 panthers,
300 cootes and hundreds of wolves.
Mr. Parker is considered one of the
best trappers in this part of the state.
He is at present on a hunting trip in
the Huachuca mountains.

Luther Burbank, 76, Celebrates
Santa Rosa, Calif.—Luther Burbank
celebrated his 76th birthday March 7
b working as usual in his experimen-
tal gardens. He was the recipient of
congratulatory messages from all over
the world. Among those who felicit-
ated him by wire were Thomas A.
Edison and Henry Ford.

Disqualified
Uncle Jack asked Little Cella if she
didn't want him to play with her.
"Oh, no," she said. "We're playing
Indian an' you're no use, 'cause you're
scalped already."—United Presbyterian
an.

More to read in The Patagonian
than found in most weeklies.

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For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Children Welcome

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.



AN HOTEL reflecting the
comfort of competence,
the solidity of substance,
the good taste of refine-
ment. Attractive for wom-
en alone and to the "whole
family." Service, not un-
like a well-appointed, gen-
erously conducted home,
without ostentation. Safe-
ly patronized and recom-
mended. Commercial-res-
idential.

Location central and unexcelled.
Modern. European. Rates reasonable
GARAGE ADJACENT
Patronage Appreciated
You've tried the rest,
No wtry the "BEST"
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Guaranteed hosiery, samples your
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boosters and
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Florida produces more than four-
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MEN'S LEATHER SLEEVE

SHEEP LINED COATS

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"TOWERS" SLICKERS

12 OZ. CANVAS—48 inches wide

LADIES' SWEATERS

FANCY PURSES AND VANITY

CRACKS

"EIFFEL" SILK HOSE

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Trading Co.

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One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home
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COMMERCIAL HOTEL PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby.
Dining Room in connection



That Sense of Security

Which comes with the realization
that you have succeeded in saving
something spurs you on to redouble
your efforts toward making financial
progress.

Decide to make 1925 a profitable
year by opening a Savings Account
at this bank. Come in now and get
Book that will record your financial
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Sonora Bank & Trust Co.

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STOP AT THE CORNER STORE!

You will receive the prompt, careful
service for which this store is noted.
And the excellence of the Groceries
will cause you to thank us for suggest-
ing this easy method of remembering
what you wish in our store.

THE CORNER STORE

Patagonia, Ariz.

THE FREE TRADERS

JIM RATHWAY

SYNOPSIS.—Lee Anderson, Royal Canadian Mounted Police sergeant, is sent to Stony Range to arrest a man named Felly for murder. He is also instructed to look after Jim Rathway, reputed head of the "Free Traders," illicit liquor runners. At Little Falls he finds Felly is credited with having found a gold mine, and is missing. At the hotel appears a girl, obviously out of place in the rough surroundings. A half-breed, Pierre, and a companion, "Shorty," annoy the girl. Anderson interferes in her behalf. The girl sets out for Siston Lake, which is also Anderson's objective. He overtakes her and the two men with whom he had trouble the night before. She is suspicious of him and the two men are hostile. Pierre and Shorty ride on, Anderson and the girl following. In the hills the road is blown up, before and behind the two. Anderson, with his horse, is hurled down the mountain side, senseless. Recovering consciousness, Anderson finds the girl has disappeared, but he concludes she is alive and probably in the power of Pierre and Shorty. On foot he makes his way to Siston Lake.

CHAPTER V—Continued

Satisfying himself that there was no way of approach except by water, unless there existed some trail across the swamps, which there was no time to find, Lee waded into the lake, then swam.

The current ran strong; the shock of the icy water at first numbed, then invigorated him. It cleared the doubts and fears of night from his brain. Swimming diagonally against the current, in a few minutes Lee had reached the flat terrain at the base of the promontory.

He waded ashore, shaking himself like a dog. On the terrain were heaped great mounds of waste and garbage from the encampment above; piles of disintegrating cans, rotting cases, innumerable bottles partly covered with the silt and protruding from it the accumulation of a long period.

Looking through the mist, Lee perceived a small York boat, of the kind used universally between Hudson's bay and the Mackenzie, riding moored against the rocky edge of the promontory some distance away.

The elevation, long, low, and flat, formed an ideal fortress; with the only approach apparently by water, it was evident that it would be a formidable proposition for any body of the police to attack, in the event of defense.

Lee began to make his way across the terrain, keeping under the shelter of the cliff to escape observation from the huts above. It was growing light now, and he could see the surroundings clearly. He reached the end of the patch of ground without coming upon any place by which it might be possible to ascend to the summit of the promontory.

He hurried back, doubling on his tracks, examining the cliff in the other direction. He reached the other side of the flat terrain, only to find that the elevation presented the same insurmountable flank to him everywhere.

But then of a sudden he realized that the York boat must be drawn up at the point of entrance. And it was with this that he must make his flight with the girl, beaching the boat across the water somewhere, talking to the forests.

And without hesitation he took to the water again and swam with steady strokes toward it. In two or three minutes he had gained its side.

The kidnappers must have left their horses at some refuge or rendezvous in the forest and brought the girl by boat to Siston lake.

And it was evident that they could not have arrived so much as an hour before.

The York boat was moored opposite a cleft in the great dome of the promontory, which offered easy access to the summit. Lee waded ashore once more. But before attempting the ascent he drew his automatic from its holster and examined it. The holster was lined with waterproof, and only a few drops glistened upon the surface of the weapon.

Scrambling up the acclivity, Lee saw the two huts among the trees immediately overhead. He scrambled up the low wall of rocks, and was about to step on to the elevation when of a sudden a man came out of the farther hut and made his way toward the nearer one.

Lee ducked his head down just in time to escape detection, and through the interstices between the bowlders he watched the man until he had entered the hut immediately above him.

He looked about forty years of age. He was shorter than Lee, but apparently of great strength. He had an untrimmed black beard, he walked with hunched shoulders, and there was a look of singular ferocity and cunning on his face.

A dangerous, treacherous customer, Lee thought, Rathway!

When he had disappeared within the hut Lee stood up. Craning over the rocks, he could just catch a glimpse of the interior. He saw the man standing over what looked like a camp bed, on which he could distinguish the head and shoulders of a girl, lying perfectly still.

Lee's heart leaped. He gripped his automatic, levelled it.

A single shot from where he stood, well aimed, would be sufficient.

And at that moment instinct and desire struggled with discipline as never before, with the maxim inculcated during his eight years of service, never to take life except when life is in immediate danger.

Then discipline won. Lee let the muzzle drop.

And at that moment he heard the growling voice of the man, and the answer of a third person inside the hut—a woman.

The words were inaudible, and now, hesitating no longer, Lee scrambled over the rocky ridge and made his way toward the door obliquely, so as to remain concealed from the sight of those within.

The man's voice rose in a falsetto snarl.

"What do I mean to do with her? What would I do with her? She's mine, ain't she?"

"And what about me?" Low as the voice was, restrained, yet passionate, something about it sent a sudden shiver through Lee, and for a few moments he could only remain a helpless listener.

"You?" he laughed. "You can stay on here's long as you want to, I guess. There's Pierre and Shorty if you want a man—"

"You coward!" Her voice was vibrant with indignation. "I tell you you've made a mistake in bringing that girl here. You'll regret it. That mine doesn't exist. And when she finds you've fooled her, what are you going to do?"

"So we're jealous, are we? Well, I've been tired of you for a long time," he jeered.

"Jim—" There was desperate pleading in the woman's tones—"I gave up all for you. Let her go. Don't cast me off. I love you, Jim—"

And now Lee knew. A mist trembled before his eyes, and, gripping his automatic, he sprang forward to the door. He must have shouted, though he was unconscious of everything but the desire to get Rathway by the throat.

Wheeling, Rathway swore, and then, heedless of Lee's pistol, leaped.

But in the moment before they closed, Lee saw the woman's face and knew her for his dead love, who had broken his life and changed it utterly—Estelle.

Lee did not shoot. Instinctively he obeyed that unwritten law of the police tradition not to take life save in the last extremity.

But the sight of this sinister figure, the wholly incredible presence there of Estelle, the woman who had wrecked his life, and the girl lying unconscious on the bed in this man's power, aroused in Lee's heart a sleeping devil of whose existence he had hardly been aware at any time in his life before.

He was conscious only of a mad desire to kill, but to kill with nature's own weapons, in obedience to man's instinctive law.

Clutching his automatic, Lee leaped to meet Rathway's charge, and breast to breast they met, rebounding like balls of rubber. Rathway's hand shot out and grasped Lee's wrist before the weapon descended. Then, interlocked, they stood almost motionless, matched so evenly that neither budged an inch before the other for a full minute.

Rathway's sneering face was upturned to Lee's. Malice and hate gleamed from his bloodshot eyes. Beside them stood Estelle, with her hands

clamped in the gesture that she had made at the moment of Lee's intervention, struck dumb and motionless with terror and amazement.

Rathway was proving himself the stronger. Malice and hate became triumph, derision. Lee's pistol hand was being bent back. Lee adapted himself with quick instinct to the discovery that he was the weaker in arm and shoulder muscles. As Rathway's body slowly assumed a forward tilt, shifting his center of gravity, Lee suddenly drove his knee into the back of Rathway, causing the man to stumble forward. The impetus of the body projected against him sent the pistol flying out of Lee's hand; but Lee, in the moment of Rathway's loss of equipoise, drove his fist home into his face, splitting his lips and sending him reeling.

In an instant they were together again, delivering and receiving a suc-

cession of pile-driver blows that fell like flails upon each other's faces and bodies. They clinched, rebounded, clinched again; then of a sudden Rathway got home a furious kick to the groin that sent Lee stumbling.

For the first time Estelle screamed, and that aroused Lee to the consciousness that he must finish his enemy almost immediately, before aid arrived. He shook away the film that was creeping over his eyes, and, sick and nauseated from the kick, he closed with Rathway again. They went to the floor of the hut together, and struggled there like two dogs in the dirt.

There was no longer any attempt at tactics. The primitive instinct to read and tear possessed both of them equally. They scrambled about the floor of the hut, clawing at each other's throats. Lee got Rathway's beard in his right hand, and with his left began smashing at his nose and lips.

Rathway bellowed, his hands closed on Lee's throat, clung there, worrying him like a bulldog. Lee felt that he was fainting. He was slowly forced over; Rathway's fingers closed on his neck.

The two tightened, and the walls of the hut began to waver. Lee's trachea flattened, his lungs felt as if they would burst. Rathway grinned diabolically into his face; his beard like some foul fungus swept it. Lee flung his arms out instinctively to breathe. One of his hands encountered something. It was the pistol.

Lee's fingers closed on it. And, as if he concentrated all that was left of himself in his left hand, he raised the weapon and brought it crashing down upon Rathway's skull.

Instantly Rathway's clutch relaxed, his eyes glazed, as chicken's eyes glaze at the moment of death. The man's head dropped foolishly forward on Lee's breast. A stream of curses was cut off in foolish mutterings.

Lee struggled to his feet and stood gasping for breath, while Rathway, mumbling stupidly, swayed to and fro upon his knees on the floor of the hut.

Suddenly Estelle appeared to be galvanized into life. With a low cry she ran to Rathway's side, knelt down by him, and put her arms about him. She drew his head down on her knees and began chafing his hands. She looked at Lee in bitter hate.

"Haven't you done me wrong enough in the past, that you should come here to kill my man?" she cried. "Do you think you can arrest him? You couldn't get a mile from here before you would be captured."

But Lee, without paying any attention to her, hurried to the bedside, and looked down at the captured girl. She lay there, an unconscious, huddled heap, one knee bent under her. Her face was deathly white, and there was a scarp wound at the back of her head which had been bleeding freely. She breathed faintly. Her hair was cut short and jagged about her head, making her look more than ever like a boy.

Estelle laid Rathway gently down and came toward Lee with sudden comprehension. "It's for her!" she whispered earnestly, laying her hand upon his arm. "You came here to rescue her?"

She read the answer in his eyes. "Oh, I'll help you, I'll help you, then!" she cried wildly. "You'll take her away! Trust me, then, and listen to me. There's no time for explanations now. It's only a miracle of luck you found him alone. Some men are due at any moment in the motorboat. Two more have gone to meet them with a message. They're coming from down the lake. There may be just time to escape them. You must take the York boat. You can't pull it alone against the stream. Keep to the left channel past the island, then run ashore, and you'll be safe in the forest, wherever you are going. Hurry, hurry!"

Lee made no audible reply, but his mind automatically registered Estelle's instructions. He bent over the girl again, raised her in his arms so that her face rested against his shoulder, and carried her out of the hut.

As he turned at the entrance he saw that Rathway had risen to his knees again.

Blood was dripping from the wound in his scalp, and he was staring about him in the eager effort to remember.

Lee crossed the open space at a run, scrambled down the descent, placed the girl in the bottom of the boat, and, seizing a pair of oars, began to pull furiously for midstream. The current caught him and sent him whirling along toward the long, flat, wooded island in the middle of the lake that came into view.

In a minute or two, however, the flow of the river, diffused over the whole of the lake, ceased to afford him any appreciable assistance. The heavy York boat responded only slightly to the pull of the single oarsman, seeming to creep on by inches.

Suddenly Rathway appeared upon the promontory, Estelle beside him, clinging to him. He pushed her from him, shaking his fist at Lee, and his hoarse, furious bellow came across the water like the roaring of an enraged beast of the forest. For a few moments he stood thus outlined against the rising sun; then he disappeared.

Lee struggled at the oars. From

By
Victor Rousseau
(Copyright by W. G. Chapman.)
WNU Service.

time to time he strained his ears to catch the sounds of the oncoming motor boat. Although the new arrivals would know nothing of his activities at the promontory, he was pretty sure that any solitary oarsman appearing in that region would be stopped by them; then he would be at their mercy, for Pierre and Shorty would be members of their party.

If once he could round the point of the island, where he would be out of sight both of the promontory and of the motor boat coming up the channel, he could pull straight for the lake shore, take to the woods, make for the mission, where he meant to leave the girl for safe-keeping.

Lee felt his spirits rise. It was a matter only of a half hour. And there were two packs in the boat. With one of these they could live in the forest till she was able to continue the journey. And, looking down at the unconscious girl, he felt again that odd sense of tender companionship in his heart for her, fed, perhaps, by the realization that the one thing he had dreaded had not come to pass.

He had feared that if ever again he met Estelle the old passion for her would flare up in him. Now they had met, and that love of the past filled him only with wonder, and a vast pity for her, that she should have come to this—to be the discarded companion of an outlaw. He no longer resented his wrongs. It was as if a cleansing sponge had been passed over all that had happened.

The left channel between the island and the shore was almost blocked, in places, with reeds and water growth. It was a huge water morass of dead vegetation, nearly half a mile wide. A few more strokes, and he meant to pull toward the lake's shore.

The pulling had grown to be an enormous effort. Lee was again conscious of fatigue. He felt drowsy in the increasing warmth of the sun. He could have fallen asleep in a moment.

But suddenly his senses leaped into activity. From far away he had caught the urgent warning of imminent danger, the faint put-putting of the motor boat.

CHAPTER VI
Trapped on the Island

And instantly he began straining at the oars again, redoubling his efforts to gain the shore before the motor boat rounded the point.

And of a sudden his attention was attracted by something creeping along the opposite shore. It was a small canoe and a single man in it—Rathway!

It was impossible not to admire the courage that inspired the man after the drubbing he had received. Rathway was, of course, on his way to warn the expected party.

Lee drove hard for the left middle channel of the lake. The main body of Siston lake came into view, a vast expanse of shining water, the shores receding into the hazy distance, out of which a small, black object began to be visible, like a bug skimming the surface.

Now the canoe containing Rathway was almost abreast of him.

A few more furious pulls—ten, fifteen; now canoe and motor boat and promontory were all hidden behind the point of the island. Lee labored at the oars, turning the York boat's head toward the bank. Once there, they would be safe. But his strength was failing him. Curse the clumsy boat, which hardly seemed to move!

The putting of the motor engine had grown infernally loud. It added a horror of its own to that sense of pursuit which makes the bravest man something of a coward, the added horror of the fugitive who hears the distant bay of bloodhounds.

Then suddenly the motor stopped. That meant that the canoe had come abreast of it. Rathway was passing the intelligence. And the shore was still a hundred yards distant.

There was no chance of reaching it unobserved. It would be neck and neck for it, and it was doubtful whether Lee could have escaped alone, much less with the girl and the pack to carry. He swung the boat's blunt nose toward the nearest patch of reeds. Twenty yards! He put all his strength into that last effort. Now the reeds were closing about him. In front of him a little open channel appeared. Using one shortened oar as a paddle, he drove vigorously, and found himself in temporary safety. A thick wall of reeds extended between himself and open water, rendering the York boat invisible.

Then the motor began to roar. The shouts of its occupants became audible. The motor boat had rounded the point. Lee had escaped discovery by the skin of his teeth.

And very cautiously, so as not to betray his whereabouts by any undue agitation of the reeds, Lee pushed the boat toward the island. His plan must now be to drive ashore, trusting to escape detection until nightfall and to make the wooded shore of the lake in the darkness.

Through the reeds the marshy shore began to be visible, and a sandy spit projecting to the water's edge. Above it was a hummock overgrown with birch and red spruce, with a tangle of sheep laurel and birch and poplar behind it.

Lee worked his heavy boat noiselessly toward this spit. But suddenly he stopped. The motor boat was com-

ing up the open channel hardly a stone's throw distant. He could hear Rathway in it, bellowing commands to his companions. He could hear the reeds rustling against the boat's side as she forced her passage through them.

"They're not in here!" he heard Rathway say with an oath. "Get into the channel and beat up the island!"

Lee, crouching in the stern of the York boat with his pistol in his hand, breathed a sigh of relief as the motor boat withdrew. The roar of her engine began to grow fainter. In a few minutes it had died away.

Lee forced the York boat ashore upon the spit of sand, and stooping, raised the girl in his arms and carried her into the shelter of the spruce thicket, where he laid her gently down. For the first time since her injury, he had the opportunity of examining

her. Her prolonged unconsciousness alarmed him.

But she was beginning to revive at last, and, after assuring himself that the pulse beat fairly strong, he proceeded to make as thorough an examination as possible of her injuries.

He turned his examination first to the cut in her head. He tore strips from his shirt, went down to the water and cleansed them thoroughly; then, returning, he proceeded to wash and bandage it. It was a bad gash from a rock, and she had bled a good deal, which was a good thing, relieving the concussion which had no doubt been the cause of the prolonged insensibility. Having ascertained that she seemed to have received no bodily injuries beyond contusions, Lee examined her limbs. He saw that one knee hung awry. In a moment he had the knitter off, and discovered that the joint had been dislocated.

Short of the setting of a broken bone, there are few operations more painful than the restoration of a joint into position, and Lee prayed fervently that the girl's unconsciousness would last until he had put to her service the knowledge which he had acquired with the Canadian army medical corps upon the western front.

It was unnerving, holding that white knee between his hands, so instinct with life, so fragile, delicate, so wonderful when viewed as a piece of mechanism which he was to manipulate like some clumsy journeyman, called in to repair the work of a master.

Fortunately Lee had assisted at precisely that same operation several times in the field; and, trying to disregard the moans of pain that came from the girl's lips as he proceeded, he fumbled with the displaced bone.

But that struggle was terrible, for the body of itself knows no dignity. Conscious, Lee knew that the girl would neither have flinched nor moaned; but unconscious she could not control the protests of the body, which had to be restrained by something almost brutal in its frank violence.

But Lee struggled on, feeling the shaft head of the bone scour the edges of the socket under the cap. A final struggle, the weight of his whole body and shoulders thrown to his task—and suddenly it was accomplished.

Anderson faces a pretty tough proposition. What on earth is he going to do with this helpless girl?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Ancient Use of Copper

Copper and copper-alloy objects are found in the prehistoric remains of Egypt, dating back to the fourth dynasty, 3500 to 4700 B. C. It was found in Asia Minor dating probably to 3000 B. C., and in China to about 2500 B. C. The remains of the Mycenaean, Phoenician, Babylonian and Assyrian civilizations (1100 to 500 B. C.) have yielded a variety of copper and bronze objects.

Frank L. Peckham, department commander of the department of the District of Columbia, is the first enlisted man to hold that position. He served as a private and corporal in the tank corps and motor transport corps in this country and in France.

Born in Philadelphia in 1888, Mr. Peckham was taken to Washington by his parents while an infant. He received the degree of bachelor of laws in 1908 and of master of laws in 1909 from the National University Law school.

At the age of eleven, he became a page in the United States senate. From 1905 to 1919 he was closely associated with Louis A. Coolidge, well known Washington newspaper correspondent. He was private secretary to Mr. Coolidge during his term as assistant secretary of the treasury under Presi-

dent Roosevelt. He then became an examiner in the customs division of the treasury. He resigned in 1910 to begin the practice of law.

Mr. Peckham has been very active in the affairs of the American Legion. He joined Tank Corps post No. 19 in 1919. He was senior vice commander and later commander of the post. He acted as spokesman for a special committee from the department of the District of Columbia to protest to President Harding against the release of the so-called "political" prisoners. He led the fight against a proposed appropriation for the relief of German women and children, which was defeated in congress.

In April, 1924, Mr. Peckham was married to Miss Marguerite G. Kondrup, of Washington. Mrs. Peckham has been an active member of the American Legion Auxiliary. She is now president of Tank Corps post's unit of the Auxiliary. Mr. Peckham, who was a delegate to the San Francisco and St. Paul conventions of the Legion, is a charter member of Vulture Local 174 of the Forty and Eight.

Legion's First Gun in Illegal Voting Battle

Hundreds of persons, aliens and those otherwise disenfranchised, voted at the last general election in Colorado, according to Denver American Legion officials. Many, in so casting their ballots, knew they were voting fraudulently, the Legion charges.

The Legion fired its first gun in a campaign to purge politics in Colorado when John C. Vivian, commander of the department of Colorado, conveyed to District Attorney Joseph W. Hawley prosecute eight alleged aliens who are charged with unlawfully exercising the rights of citizens in the last election. The Legion will probably initiate similar action in other sections of the state.

Too Busy

"Picked up any clues in that murder case yet?" asked the reporter.

"Wa-all," drawled the chief of police, as he scratched his official head, "the boys have been so busy lately enforcing the parkin' law, lookin' fer places where they sell reg'lar beer, keepin' an eye on the bathin' suits an' censorin' books an' 'movies,' that they haven't natcherly had time to get started on that case."—American Legion Weekly.

After Twenty-Six Years

Twenty-six years is a long time to wait to be proclaimed a hero by your country. That has been the experience of Col. Harry O. Willard, retired, adjutant of the American Legion post at Lewistown, Mont., who was recently given a citation by the War department for displaying gallantry in action at Las Quashas and Santiazo during the Spanish-American war in Cuba.

The
**American
Legion**

(Copy for This Department supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

ENLISTED MAN IS MADE COMMANDER

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Born in Philadelphia in 1888, Mr. Peckham was taken to Washington by his parents while an infant. He received the degree of bachelor of laws in 1908 and of master of laws in 1909 from the National University Law school.

At the age of eleven, he became a page in the United States senate. From 1905 to 1919 he was closely associated with Louis A. Coolidge, well known Washington newspaper correspondent. He was private secretary to Mr. Coolidge during his term as assistant secretary of the treasury under Presi-

dent Roosevelt. He then became an examiner in the customs division of the treasury. He resigned in 1910 to begin the practice of law.

Mr. Peckham has been very active in the affairs of the American Legion. He joined Tank Corps post No. 19 in 1919. He was senior vice commander and later commander of the post. He acted as spokesman for a special committee from the department of the District of Columbia to protest to President Harding against the release of the so-called "political" prisoners. He led the fight against a proposed appropriation for the relief of German women and children, which was defeated in congress.

In April, 1924, Mr. Peckham was married to Miss Marguerite G. Kondrup, of Washington. Mrs. Peckham has been an active member of the American Legion Auxiliary. She is now president of Tank Corps post's unit of the Auxiliary. Mr. Peckham, who was a delegate to the San Francisco and St. Paul conventions of the Legion, is a charter member of Vulture Local 174 of the Forty and Eight.

Legion's First Gun in Illegal Voting Battle

Hundreds of persons, aliens and those otherwise disenfranchised, voted at the last general election in Colorado, according to Denver American Legion officials. Many, in so casting their ballots, knew they were voting fraudulently, the Legion charges.

The Legion fired its first gun in a campaign to purge politics in Colorado when John C. Vivian, commander of the department of Colorado, conveyed to District Attorney Joseph W. Hawley prosecute eight alleged aliens who are charged with unlawfully exercising the rights of citizens in the last election. The Legion will probably initiate similar action in other sections of the state.

Too Busy

"Picked up any clues in that murder case yet?" asked the reporter.

"Wa-all," drawled the chief of police, as he scratched his official head, "the boys have been so busy lately enforcing the parkin' law, lookin' fer places where they sell reg'lar beer, keepin' an eye on the bathin' suits an' censorin' books an' 'movies,' that they haven't natcherly had time to get started on that case."—American Legion Weekly.

After Twenty-Six Years

CORNS

Lift Off—No Pain!



Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly the corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the foot calluses, without soreness or irritation.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Don't take chances of your horses, or mules being led up with Distemper, Influenza, Pink Eye, Laryngitis, Hooves, Coughs or Colds. Give "SPOHN'S" to both the sick and the well ones. The standard remedy for 30 years. Give "SPOHN'S" for Dog Distemper. 60 cents and \$1.50 at drug stores. SPOHN MEDICAL CO. GOSHEN, IND.

Three Generations Find Beecham's Pills the Only Remedy

"I have a very weak stomach and Beecham's Pills are about the only laxative I can take that does not nauseate me." "I have also found them beneficial to my children; one especially, who inherited her mother's weak stomach. There is no remedy I value as much as Beecham's Pills. I have tried others without success." Mrs. A. Humphries, Methuen, Mass. For FREE SAMPLE—write B. F. Allen Co., 417 Canal Street, New York. Buy from your druggist in 25 and 50c boxes. For constipation, biliousness, sick headaches and other digestive ailments take

Beecham's Pills

LOCAL AGENTS Part or Full Time

A real opportunity to build a profitable business in your own locality. Our Novelty Knitted Sport Dresses and other knitted garments sold direct to your neighbors and friends mean attractive commission paid daily. Sample outfits. Frequent seasonal offerings bring you easy sales from every customer. Write S. H. ALLEN, 1111 MILLS, Inc., 360 B'd'y, New York City, Dept. F.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling—Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair—Keeps Hair Soft and Silky—Sells Everywhere. Write S. H. ALLEN, 1111 MILLS, Inc., 360 B'd'y, New York City, Dept. F.

HINDER CORNS

Removes Corns, Calluses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c by mail or at drug stores. Hilsco Chemical Works, Patheque, N. Y.

RUB YOUR EYES?

Use Dr. Thompson's Eye Remedy. Buy at your druggist or 1155 River, Troy, N. Y. Booklet.

PATENTS

Send model or drawing for Preliminary Examination. Booklet free. Highest references. Best results. Promptness assured. WATSON P. COLEMAN, Patent Lawyer, 614 O St., Washington, D. C.; Denver, Colorado, 1501 13th Street.

Audience Outtalks Orchestra

Complaint has been made in Edinburgh that during the overture of a comic opera members of the audience talked so loud that the music could not be heard.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION 25 CENTS 6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief BELLANS 25c AND 75c PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

That which is so universal as death must be a benefit.—Schiller.

When a man says, "I fear the worst," he is too often glad of it.

Children Cry for



Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Wm. C. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Year's Oil Output

Preliminary estimates indicate that the total world production of crude oil in 1924 may have equaled the 1923 output. While the two leading producers—the United States and Mexico—appear to have registered a decline, this has been largely counterbalanced by increased output in some other countries, as Russia, Persia, Rumania and South America—notably Venezuela.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your everyday toilet preparations. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them.—Advertisement.

Invention of Great Value

A chemical product resembling glass and useful for many of the same purposes recently was perfected by Fritz Pollak, a German inventor, says Popular Science Monthly. It can be rolled, bored, polished or cut, without the tendency to splinter that glass has. Because of this quality it is useful especially for automobile windows, optical instruments, ornaments and toilet articles. The inventor arrived at this product by condensing carbamide and theocarbamide with formaldehyde.

DEMAND "BAYER" ASPIRIN

Take Tablets Without Fear If You See the Safety "Bayer Cross."

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 23 years. Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin. Imitations may prove dangerous.—Adv.

Specialization

Very Much Worried Man (running into office of throat specialist)—Doctor! Doctor! Come quickly! My little girl has swallowed a button. Specialist—What kind of button? Very Much Worried Man—Celluloid. It came from— Specialist (holding up hand)—You'll have to go to Doctor Wilkinson if it's celluloid; I remove only metal ones with an embossed design.—Life.

Supply and Demand

First Loafer—Do you want to buy any tobacco, old man? Second Ditto—No; I've got plenty already. First Ditto—That's good. Then give me a pipeful. I ain't got a bit.—Sydney Bulletin.

START THIS TREATMENT NOW!

There's nothing like Tanlac to purify the blood, put the stomach and liver in working order and build up a run-down body. If you are nervous, suffer from indigestion, have rheumatism, torpid liver, constant pain, don't delay taking Tanlac another precious day. Millions of men and women have been benefited by this great tonic and builder that is compounded after the famous Tanlac formula from roots, barks and herbs. Buy a bottle of Tanlac at your drug store today. See how you start to improve right from the first. Most likely two or three bottles will put you on your feet, make you feel like a brand new person.

Take Tanlac Vegetable Pills for Constipation

TANLAC FOR YOUR HEALTH

Grave Kept Lighted

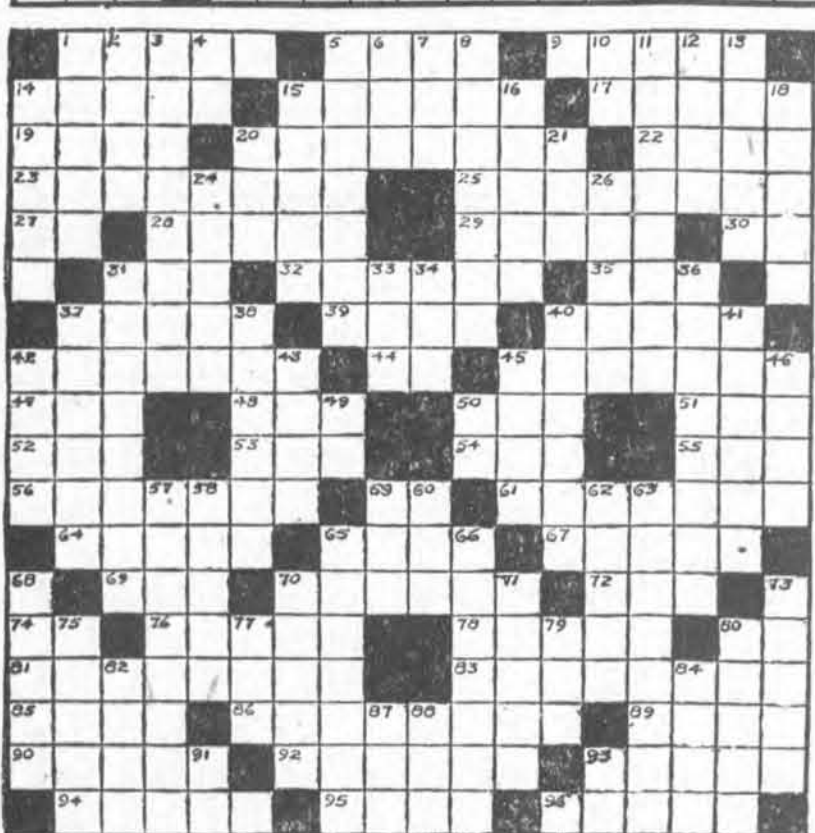
The strangest memorial in honor of the dead has been put into effect by a resident of Hartford, Conn., who has had two electric lights placed over his wife's grave. These lights are turned on 24 hours daily and the bereaved husband expects to create a fund to keep them burning for all time.

Dark Walls Absorb Light

For kitchen walls, light colors are cheerful and clean in appearance and have the added value of diffusing the light so as to brighten the dark corners.

Gossips believe all they hear and what they don't hear they take for granted.

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



(Copyright, 1925.)

- Horizontal.
- 1—Savory
 - 5—Cuts
 - 9—Visible moisture
 - 14—Ladies
 - 15—Cruel ruler
 - 17—Part of a Mohammedan house
 - 19—On any occasion
 - 20—Judicious
 - 21—Priest
 - 23—Encounter
 - 25—Constructive metabolism
 - 27—Else
 - 28—Slow (musical term)
 - 30—Peninsula in East Asia
 - 30—Toward
 - 31—Downcast
 - 32—Killer
 - 35—Utmost possible
 - 37—Pertaining to eye
 - 39—Water pitcher
 - 40—Limb (anat.)
 - 42—Not lawful
 - 44—Note of musical scale
 - 45—Covered with a cupola
 - 47—Conical mound of earth
 - 48—Fear
 - 50—American protective association
 - 51—Daughter of Cadmus (myth.)
 - 52—Read with attention
 - 53—Beverage
 - 54—Transgress
 - 55—Nothing
 - 56—Crouches
 - 59—Interrogation
 - 61—Shrill, discordant whistle
 - 64—Precedent
 - 65—Highway
 - 67—Bean, set as a prop
 - 69—Angling term
 - 70—Goddess of the hearth
 - 72—One
 - 74—Conjunction
 - 76—Public assembly
 - 78—Porcelain
 - 80—One
 - 81—Falcetto tenor voice
 - 83—Capturing cattle
 - 85—A special privilege
 - 86—Of boundless extent
 - 88—Yvonne
 - 90—Wanderer
 - 92—Philosophers
 - 93—Engraved circular piece of metal
 - 94—Restore
 - 95—Term used in printing
 - 96—Disinfectant
- Vertical.
- 1—Flavor
 - 2—Expression of hearty assent
 - 3—Blow through
 - 4—Part of verb "to be"
 - 5—Regular contraction of the heart
 - 6—Curve
 - 7—Contest between nations
 - 8—Cowardly fellow
 - 9—Exclamation
 - 11—City in California
 - 12—Verbal
 - 13—Forgive
 - 14—Lure into danger
 - 15—Colors
 - 16—Drift
 - 18—City in Georgia
 - 20—Put on
 - 21—Sailor
 - 24—Re-examine
 - 26—Defy
 - 31—Lustrous
 - 33—Tool
 - 34—Ammunition
 - 36—Body that gives light
 - 37—Oily
 - 38—Carried in a wagon
 - 40—Pineapples
 - 41—Aged
 - 42—Disease of the skin
 - 43—Prevaricates
 - 45—Noble
 - 46—Child's toy
 - 48—Parent
 - 50—Like
 - 57—Interpreter to an embassy
 - 58—Person afflicted with abhorrent disease
 - 59—Goddess of the dawn
 - 60—Article of apparel
 - 62—An opera
 - 63—Signifies
 - 65—Retaliates
 - 66—Language as modified by local peculiarities
 - 68—Silk fabric
 - 70—Sharpen
 - 71—Accumulate
 - 73—Ministering spirit
 - 75—Gentleman
 - 77—Sort of glove
 - 78—Beast of burden
 - 80—Record of a single year
 - 82—Designate
 - 84—Indicating presence of iodine (comb. form)
 - 87—Pithy saying
 - 88—Misleading statement
 - 91—From (prefix)
 - 93—Mine

The solution will appear in next issue.

Solution of Last Week's Puzzle.

DEMILITURE COPAS
URINE TAPED ANENT
CATARACT VENEZUELA
ASH MAHARAJEE RIB
TERMER TAN ETHICS
AID IMP SAT
SPIN COPIES MUMP
TACITURN RELEASER
ALPS CORE WOOD DO
LOTE LEPER YEAS
ARC VIM MAR
BUNSEN ELI YODELS
ANN SURRENDER LIT
STATUTES DISGUISE
SITAR DETER UNCLE
OPERA ERODE EATER

NURSERY RHYME PUZZLE



ONE shoe off, and one shoe on,
Hurry up your dressing, my son John;
Breakfast is ready, steaming on the table,
If you don't come soon, 'twill all go to Mabel.

Find Mabel and the speaker. Upper left corner down along back. Upper right side down back of head.

MY FAVORITE STORIES

By IRVIN S. COBB

(Copyright.)

The Poor Aim of Mr. Zeno

When the circus reached the small Vermont town the proprietor feared for awhile that his afternoon performance might lack its chief feature. The star of the aggregation was Zeno, the Mexican knife thrower, answering in private life to the name of Hennessy. Twice a day Zeno, dressed in gaudy trappings, would enter the arena accompanied by his wife, a young, plump and pretty woman in pink tights, and followed by a roustabout bearing a basketful of long bowie-knives and shining battleaxes. While the band played an appropriate selection of shivery music the young woman would flatten herself against a background of blue planking which had been erected in the middle of the ring. There she would pose motionless, her arms outstretched and her feet close together. Then Zeno, stationing himself 40 feet from her, would fling his knives and axes at her, missing her each time by the narrowest of margins. Presently her form would be completely outlined by the deadly steel, but such was Zeno's marvelous skill that she took no hurt from the sharp blades which pinned her fast.

But on this day Mrs. Zeno had fallen ill and, although the circus owner offered a reward for some one who would take her place, he could find no volunteers among the members of his staff. In this emergency the invalid's mother—who by the same token was Zeno's mother-in-law—and who traveled with the show in the capacity of wardrobe mistress, stepped forward and agreed to serve as an understudy. In order that the performance might not be marred.

The hour came. Forth came Zeno, wearing his professional scowl, slightly enhanced. His mother-in-law, skinnily and homely, with her hair knotted in a knob on her head and her daughter's dressings hanging in loose folds upon her bony figure, followed him closely. She plastered herself flat against the wooden background. Zeno gave her a look seemingly fraught with undying hate. He took up his longest, sharpest bowie-knife. He tested its needle-like point upon his thumb. He poised it, aimed it, flung it.

Like a javelin it hurtled on its hissing flight through the air. Striking tip first a scant quarter of an inch from the lobe of the mother-in-law's left ear, it buried itself deep in the tough oaken planking and stood there, the hilt quivering.

The pause which ensued was broken by the astonished voice of a lank native sitting on the lowermost tier of blue seats industriously milking his whiskers:

"Wall, by Heck—he missed her!"

A Fifty-Fifty Proposition

The original of Peter Dunne's immortal character, "Mr. Dooley," kept a saloon in Chicago much frequented by newspaper men. He was a born wit, and in his way—and a very good way it was, too—a philosopher and a student of human nature in its varying aspects.

One wintry evening as he perched behind his bar in friendly conversation with two of his regular patrons whose reputation as a ready borrower and a poor payer was more than city-wide.

"Uncle John," he said briskly, "I'm detailed to an out-of-town assignment and I'm a little short of cash—need some coin for traveling expenses. Slip me a ten-spot, will you? I'll hand it back to you sure on pay night along with the rest of the small loans I've had off of you lately.

The old man's face gave no sign of his real feelings. He lifted his broad bulk, waddled to the damper, extracted from the till a bill and without a word passed it across the bar to the promising man.

The latter, murmuring his thanks, started to cram it in his pocket but took a second glance at the greenback.

"Hold on here, Uncle John," he said. "I needed ten bones and this bill is only a fiver."

"That's all right, me son," said Uncle John; "it makes the thing come out even."

"What do you mean, makes the thing come out even?"

"Why, five I lose and five you lose," said Uncle John.

A Radical Difference Noted

A friend of mine has a friend who has a friend who, according to his other two friends, went abroad while Victoria, the beloved, was still on the throne of Great Britain.

In London one night the traveler saw Madame Bernhardt play in "Anthony and Cleopatra."

The scene came where Cleopatra receives news of Mark Anthony's defeat at Actium. Bernhardt was at her best as Egypt's fiery queen that night. She stabbed the unfortunate slave who had borne the tidings to her, stormed, raved, frothed at the mouth, wrecked some of the scenery in her frenzy and finally, as the curtain fell, dropped in a shuddering, convulsive heap.

As the thunderous applause died down, the American heard a middle-aged British matron in the next seat remarking to her neighbor in tones of satisfaction:

"How different—how very different from the home life of our own dear queen!"



Feel Achy After Every Cold?

ARE you lame and stiff; tired and nervous—constantly troubled with backache and twinges of pain?

Have you given any attention to your kidneys? Grip, colds and chills, you know, are apt to be mighty hard on the kidneys. And if the overtaxed kidneys fail to properly filter the blood, impurities accumulate and throw the whole system out of tune. Then may follow daily backache, rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness and annoying kidney irregularities.

In such conditions a good stimulant diuretic should help the kidneys flush the poisons out of your system. Use Doan's Pills. Doan's have helped thousands. Are recommended by folks you know. Ask your neighbor!

A Colorado Case

F. H. Hutchinson, paperhanger, 1911 E. Thirty-sixth Ave., Denver, Colo., says: "My kidneys were so disordered that my rest was broken at night on account of the secretions passing too freely. My back was lame and sore and when I stooped, sharp catches took me across my kidneys. Doan's Pills proved to be just what I needed and one box rid me of the trouble."

Doan's Pills

Stimulant Diuretic to the Kidneys

At all dealers, 60c a box. Foster-McMillan Co., Mfg. Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

After You Pass Sixty

He was nearly seventy and, arriving at the office of the doctor who was trying to save the hearing he had, said he had stopped on the way at a dentist's about his "plate" and at the oculist's about his glasses.

"That reminds me," said the doctor. "Mrs. —, who is about your age, said to me: 'After you pass sixty it is just patching and patching.'"



Some jazz ballads sound like swearing set to music.



SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN" and INSIST!

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds Headache Neuralgia Lumbago
Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Safe Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monosaccharide of Salicylic Acid

75% of disease avoided through internal cleanliness

WHEN you are constipated, poisons are formed in the accumulated food waste, and reach all parts of the body. The first results, headaches, biliousness, a feeling of "heaviness," etc., serve as warnings of graver diseases to follow if this intestinal poisoning continues unchecked.

This is why intestinal specialists state that constipation is the primary cause of three-quarters of all illness, including the gravest diseases of life.

Physicians Advise Lubrication for Internal Cleanliness

Medical science has found at last in lubrication a means of overcoming constipation. The gentle lubricant, Nujol, penetrates and softens the hard food waste, and thus hastens its passage through and out of the body. Thus, Nujol brings internal cleanliness.

Nujol is not a medicine or laxative and cannot gripe. Like pure water, it is harmless. Take Nujol regularly and adopt this habit of internal cleanliness. For sale by all druggists.



Nujol

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. For Internal Cleanliness

ARMY STORE

NOGALES, ARIZONA

SUPREME BRAND KHAKI PANTS —Reduced to \$3.00 Absolutely the best grade we carry in stock and every pair guaranteed.	
KHAKI SHIRTS —Coat Style \$1.75 Made of khaki jean cloth, heavy wear.	
SENTINAL KHAKI SHIRTS \$1.15 Special for this week only.	
TAN SHIRTS, COLLAR ATTACHED \$1.95 Fine mercerized cloth, heavier than soisette.	
CORDUROY PANTS —Reduced to \$3.95 This is the regular \$5.50 grade.	
ARMY WOOL PANTS —Long \$2.95	
CHALMERS UNION SUITS —Regular \$2.50, now \$1.75	
LEATHER JERKINS —Army, new, now \$3.50	
WHIPCORD PANTS —Latest shade, hard wear \$4.95	
DOUGHBODY SHIRTS —Reduced to \$1.50 Very heavy cotton flannel, two pockets, colors khaki, brown, blue, grey.	
We carry a stock of over 500 pairs of dress pants at all times, all sizes and patterns.	
OFFICERS' DRESS SHOES —Best quality \$4.95	
ARMY FIELD SHOES —For farm and road work \$3.95 This shoe has triple sole and with rough side of leather out.	
ARMY SHOES \$3.95, \$4.95 and \$5.95	
DRESS SHOES —For men and boys, specially low priced.	
LEVI STRAUSS WAIST OVERALLS —Special \$2.00	
EVERWEAR & NOTARE WAIST OVERALLS —Special \$1.35	
Only the best grade of BIB OVERALLS AND JUMPERS is in our stock—just received.	
BOYS' OVERALLS —Sizes 4, 6, 8 85c	
BOYS' OVERALLS —Sizes 10, 12, 14, 16 \$1.00	
All merchandise guaranteed, and we try to sell standard brands only.	

TRADE AT THE ARMY STORE

HOTEL BOWMAN

Nogales, Arizona

TUCSONIA HOTEL

Tucson, Arizona

HUGO W. MILLER
ASSAYER AND ORE BUYER
Nogales, Arizona

ASSAY PRICE LIST
Gold, Silver, Lead, Copper, Iron, Zinc, Manganese, Lime, Graphite, Insolubles and Sulfur, each \$1.00
Gold-silver in one sample \$1.00
If assayed in duplicate \$1.50
10% Discount on lots over \$10.00
Ores bought f.o.b. Nogales, Ariz., at 90% of smelter value, less \$5.00 per lot, sampling and assay charge.
Accuracy and promptness our aim, 11 years in present business.

Virginia boys have made wonderful records on the farm. One boy grew 174 bushels of corn to a measured acre. This state leads in the oyster industry.

North Carolina has the highest mountain peaks east of the Rockies.

DR. M. A. WUERSCHMIDT
Optical Specialist

Arizona Optical Co.

313 Morley Avenue

NOGALES, ARIZONA

PIGGLY WIGGLY

All Over the World

NOGALES, ARIZONA

Going Up!

During the past six months there has been a continual advance in all Grocery Items, but your PIGGLY WIGGLY prices have remained the same. Why? Because PIGGLY WIGGLY are BUYERS FOR THE PUBLIC, Not Sellers.

SUGAR, 100 Pounds	\$7.90
SUGAR, 10 Pounds	79c

FLOUR

Swan Down, 24 Pounds	\$1.30
Swan Down, 48 Pounds	\$2.60

MACARONI

AMERICAN BEAUTY, Per Package	7½c
Tri-State, Per Package	7c

CORN FLAKES

Post Toasties	10c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes	10c

ROLLED OATS

Avondale, 20-Ounce Package	12c
Armour's, 20-Ounce Package	9c

COFFEE

Your Luck, 1-Pound Can	53c
Your Luck, 2½-Pound Can	\$1.30

PIGGLY WIGGLY

All Over the World

NOGALES, ARIZONA

Official Proceedings of Bd. of Supervisors

(Continued from page 5)

A. J. Stinson	Coroner's jury	3.00
A. L. Peck Jr.	Coroner's jury	3.00
W. T. Cook	Coroner's jury	6.00
Pan Dickens	Coroner's jury	6.00
M. F. Donlan	Coroner's jury	6.00
Jack Cohen	Coroner's jury	6.00
Jack Cohen	Coroner's jury	6.00
Pat Hannan	Coroner's jury	6.00
F. J. Schmidt	Coroner's jury	6.00
Anna B. Ackie	Expense, county treasurer's office	20.00
The following names appearing upon the payroll of Santa Cruz County for the month of January, the same were audited and ordered paid out of the county salary fund:		
M. Marsteller	Superior judge	\$108.88
Robert E. Lee	Chief superior court	187.50
James V. Robins	Court reporter	125.00
E. R. Thurman	County attorney	208.32
Anna B. Ackie	County treasurer	62.50
Agnes B. Hamlin	Deputy county treasurer	187.50
Victor J. Wager	County assessor	187.50
Mary C. Carey	Deputy county assessor	125.00
Tracy Bird	County recorder	187.50
Beula O. Bird	Deputy county recorder	62.50
James L. Finley	Chairman board of supervisors	108.32
Robert A. Campbell	Member board of supervisors	91.66
Hugo W. Miller	Member board of supervisors	91.66
A. Dumbauld	Clerk board of supervisors	150.00
H. J. Brown	Sheriff	300.00
H. J. Patterson	Under sheriff	150.00
Arcus Reddick	Jailor	125.00
J. W. Hathaway	Deputy sheriff	125.00
Charles P. Lopez	Jailor	125.00
Tollie L. Wren	County ranger	125.00
James G. Kane	County ranger	125.00
H. B. Shreve	Janitor	125.00
W. F. Chenoweth	County health and physician	175.00
Charles E. Hardy	J. P. Precinct No. 1	150.00
A. D. Page	Constable Precinct No. 1	5.00
Howard Keener	J. P. Precinct No. 2	25.00
James G. Kane	Constable Precinct No. 2	5.00
Mrs. George W. Parker	Matron	5.00
Charles P. Lopez	Court interpreter	15.00
J. W. Hathaway	Court interpreter	15.00
W. A. O'Connor	Superior judge (4 days)	16.12

Upon motion duly made and carried, the county treasurer was instructed and ordered to transfer the sum of \$3850.00 from the county general fund to the county salary fund, and a further sum of \$1000.00 from the county general fund to the county expense fund.

There being no further business to come before the board they adjourned, to meet March 2nd, 1925, at 10 o'clock a. m.

JAMES L. FINLEY,
Chairman.

Attest: A. DUMBAULD, Clerk.

TIME EXTENDED FOR RETURN TO U. S. OF ANIMALS DUTY FREE

Representative Carl Hayden sent a copy of the following resolution to The Patagonian, which is self-explanatory:

Joint resolution extending the time during which certain domestic animals which have crossed the boundary line into foreign countries may be returned duty free.

RESOLVED, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That despite the provisions of paragraph 1506 of Title II of the Tariff Act of 1922, horses, mules, asses, cattle, sheep, goats, and other domestic animals, which heretofore have strayed across the boundary line into any foreign country, or been driven across such boundary line by the owner for temporary pasturage purposes only, or which may so stray or be driven before May 1, 1925, shall together with their offspring, be admitted free of duty under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, if brought back to the United States at any time before December 31, 1925.

Section 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall, under regulations prescribed by him, remit and refund any duties on any such domestic animals and their offspring returned to the United States after December 30, 1924, and before the enactment of this resolution. Such refunds shall be made upon application therefor made within one year after the enactment of this resolution. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such amount necessary to make such refunds.

Approved, February 21, 1925.

ARIZONA TO GET REFUND OF GRAZING FEES

By direction of the secretary of agriculture, the chief of the first service at Washington has telegraphed to District Forester F. C. W. Pooler, at Albuquerque, to refund all grazing fees collected in Arizona for January, February and March, and not to charge any fees for April, May and June, according to a telegram received from Representative Carl Hayden. The telegram also states that is the drought continues further relief will be ordered after July 1.

A statement from the forest service said the secretary of agriculture has authorized the grazing of 239,397 cattle and horses, and 193,959 sheep and goats for the ten-year period 1925-1934 on the eight national forests of Arizona. Forester Pooler of Albuquerque stated that in any case there will be no increase in grazing fees during the 1925 grazing season, and that in cases where the reports on range appraisal recommend decreases of fees they will be made effective at once.

The forest supervisors, Mr. Pooler stated, are receiving applications for grazing privileges on the national forests, and permits are to continue for a ten-year period, and soon will be issued.

With a total area of 32,818,569 acres Alabama has a forest area of 29,099,000 acres.

SOLONS PARE HUGE APPROPRIATION BILL

Phoenix.—The senate, on Tuesday, cut the general appropriations agreed upon by the house so elaborately that prior to the noon recess the house adopted a resolution to notify the senate that they were ready to adjourn on March 12.

There is ever indication that final settlement of the appropriations for the next two years will not be disposed of at this session and that little if any further legislation will be enacted.

In its consideration of the appropriations bill the appropriations for state historian, national guard, vocational education, Colorado river gauging, state loan board, weights and measures department, and child welfare board were purposely omitted. All state departments, including the educational institutions, came in for drastic reductions. The house indefinitely postponed consideration at this session of the workmen's compensation bill and the constitutional amendment to make same operative.

It is legislative deadlock between the house and senate, with the governor refusing to take an active part in the adjudication of the differences.

RAILROAD EFFICIENCY CITED AS MEANS TO LOWER RATES

Railroad operating expenses were \$1,270,000,000 less in 1924 than in 1920, principally on account of increased efficiency in management and operation, only 30 per cent of this being due to reduced wage scales. This is shown by figures just compiled and made public by the Railway Age.

There have been large reductions in freight rates since 1920 and the Railway Age looks to increasing efficiency of the railroads as a means toward further reductions of rates in the future.

The Railway Age points out, however, that the railroads have not for any year earned the 5 per cent return permitted by law, and urges that no further substantial reductions in rates be made until railway managers have the chance to raise and invest needed capital and do other things necessary to secure maximum economy in operation.

LIVESTOCK MEN TO GIVE DANCE

Saturday, March 21, the second annual dance of the Santa Cruz County Livestock Association will be held at Sonolita Fair Hall. Music will be furnished by a five-piece orchestra from the 25th Infantry, Nogales. Admission will be \$1 a couple. The ladies of the district will serve a lunch during the evening, which will be a treat at 25 cents per person. Everyone is invited to attend and have the most enjoyable evening of the season.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE

"COLD IN THE HEAD"
Is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds" are generally in a "run-down" condition. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a treatment consisting of an Ointment, to be used locally, and a Tonic, which acts quickly through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces, building up the System, and making you less liable to "colds". Sold by druggists for over 40 years. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS IN STATE AT END OF FEBRUARY

"Between seasons" dullness was reported in most retail lines during February, but the general business level, though varying in different localities, was above that of the corresponding month of last year.

Agriculture is getting away to an early start this season. Cotton acreage will be increased somewhat, with much larger planting of Pima long-staple in Maricopa county. Alfalfa and grain acreages will be about the same. Spring lettuce will begin moving from the Salt River Valley early in March, 1900 cars being forecast. Range conditions remain unsatisfactory, precipitation being needed throughout the state. Mild weather has helped the condition of stock, but losses have occurred in several sections. The outlook for spring cattle movement is somewhat more encouraging. Sheep shearing is well started, and the lamb crop has been good. The mining industry continues unchanged, the copper market standing just under 15 cents a pound. Both domestic consumption and foreign shipments last year were materially increased over 1923.

Checking transactions in principal cities of the state as reported to the Arizona Industrial Congress fell below January figures, but compared well with those for February, 1924.

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TOO MUCH GOVERNMENT

Thirty-eight state legislatures met during January, and one meets later in the year. In 1923 they received over 60,000 bills, and passed 15,000 as laws. There are now approximately 2,000,000 laws and ordinances in the United States, and about 200,000 new ones being added yearly. State governments that in 1903 cost \$182,000,000, an average of \$2.26 per capita, cost \$1,450,000,000 in 1923, or \$13.10 per capita. The total state and national government cost in 1923 was 15 per cent of the national income, where it was only 7 per cent of the national income in 1903.

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Many Important Values

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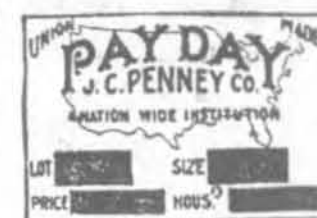
Made for and Sold Exclusively by the J. C. Penney Co.



Overalls: Made of heavy, strong blue denim. 2 seam legs. 2 hip, 2 side, watch and rule pockets.
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Bar-tacked pockets—to prevent ripping. Cut extra full and roomy all over. Double stitched seams for longer wear.

Remarkable Garments **1.49**

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Boys' "Pay-Day" Overalls

Built Just Like Dad's!

Heavy Blue Denim and Union Made!

Sizes	Sizes	Sizes
3 to 7 Years	8 to 12 Years	13 to 17 Years
\$1.10	\$1.19	\$1.29

Work Shirts

Men's "Big Mac" Brand
Fast color chambray. Cut full. Two large button pockets.

79c

Work Shirts

"Compass" Brand
Dark blue mercerized chambray, also khaki.

\$1.69

Men's Work Pants

Genuine Moleskin

Black and white striped. Tailored as carefully as men's good dress pants. 2 side, 1 watch and 2 button flap hip pockets. Cuffs. Belt loops.

\$2.98

Men's Unlined Work Shoes

Of Chocolate Retan



Stout, sturdy work shoes; Bluchers; soft tip for comfort; medium sole; welt. A real service shoe to withstand moisture at

\$3.98

Khaki Pants

For Men

Good weight olive drab khaki drill. Cuff bottoms; two side, watch and hip pockets; sewed on buttons.

An excellent value at the low price of—

\$1.69

"Nation Wide" Men's Work Suits

Triple stitched seams for real service; cut large and roomy; Union Made; bar-tacked seams to prevent ripping of good grade khaki drill.

Medium Weight

\$2.98

"Big Pay" Men's Work Socks

Made for service and durability, of heavy two-ply twisted yarn; extra reinforcement for heel and toe. Colors black and cordovan. Sizes up to 12. Low priced at—

19c

"Kyber" Cloth Shirts—"Vat" Dyed



These "vat" dyed shirts are fast color against sun, tub and perspiration.

Excellent grade cotton pongee; collar attached or neckband styles; flap pocket; big value at—

\$1.98

Work Gloves

For Men's Rough Wear

Band top or gauntlet; strong and durable; only—

49c to \$1.98

Our Obligation to You and to Others

The saying, "goods well bought are half sold," tells only a part of this Store's story.

Our obligation to our customers does not end with the actual purchase and sale of goods.

Every purchase you make from us must be the best from the standpoint of quality and price.

Large volume buying for our hundreds of Stores assures greater values than are ordinarily to be had.

Each sale in this Store must carry with it absolute satisfaction to the customer. Our responsibility does not end until you are finally pleased.

J.C. Penney Co.