

CANTU YEILDS TO MEXICAN GOV'T.

Cochise Co. Man Quits Dem. Governorship Race

ROBERTS OUT OF DEM. RACE FOR GOVERNOR LEAVING TWO

PHOENIX, Aug. 19.—C. M. Roberts of Cochise county, yesterday withdrew from the contest for the Democratic nomination for governor. Roberts issued the following statement:

"Believing no Democrat can afford to consider personal interest above that of his party, I have decided to withdraw from the contest for the Democratic nomination for governor.

"I wish to assure my many friends that their loyalty has been appreciated and that it will always remain one of my most pleasant memories."

The withdrawal of Roberts leaves the nomination contest up to Mulford Winsor and Mit Simms, secretary of state.

There had been rumors Roberts would withdraw, but he refused to confirm or deny them until last night.

The last of the nomination papers have been filed. One development which aroused considerable interest among political observers was the filing of nomination papers by State Engineer Thomas Maddock as a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States senator.

Mr. Maddock made the fourth Republican aspirant for the senatorship, the others being Ralph Cameron, E. S. Clark and E. M. Robinson. Democratic candidates for the senatorship are Marcus A. Smith, incumbent; R. C. Stanford, A. A. Worsley and John W. Norton.

Carl Hayden, Democrat incumbent, is unopposed for representative in congress by either party.

The Republican candidate for governor is Thomas E. Campbell, and the Democratic candidates are Mit Simms and Mulford Winsor. For secretary of state, the Republicans have Ernest Hall. The Democratic candidates are Charles de Sales Wheeler, H. E. Ross, E. A. Carroll and Nellie Hayward.

TIME FOR ADVANCE OF SUBSCRIPTION RATES DRAWING TO CLOSE

The time for renewal of subscriptions at the old rate is drawing to a close. On September 1st we must advance our present rate of \$2.00 per year to \$3.00 per year. On account of the high cost of paper and other materials we are compelled to make this advance.

This is the first advance ever made by The Patagonian. It is justified and every subscriber should take advantage of it. Send in your check now for one, two or three years subscription to the liveliest weekly news paper in the state. Our plans for the coming year mean that a bigger and better paper will be issued.

All Been Warned

We have warned our subscribers of this advance for the past month by running advertisements and news stories in this paper. We have also sent letters to our subscribers. Subscriptions must be in by September 1st.

The Patagonian is constantly boosting for the county in general. It is independent and fearless and ever ready to boost for any measure which will mean progress to the county. Every home in the county should have The Patagonian on the library table and new subscribers are coming in fast.

Many old subscribers have taken advantage of the low rate by sending in their check for renewals and others who have not done so are urged not to let grass grow under their feet but SUBSCRIBE NOW.

NEW MILL RUNNING

L. E. Miller, pumper at the Flux mines, was in town Tuesday and stated that the new mill which has just been installed was fired up last Sunday and is running under full headway every day. There is plenty of water now at the Flux pumping station and quite a good many men are at work in the mines. He stated that the outlook at present is quite encouraging.

Mrs. Marsh Fails To File For Nomination

Nomination for all county offices were filed yesterday with the clerk of the board of supervisors and the names filed will be placed on the ballot.

Both political parties have aspirants for every office with the exception of the school superintendent on the Republican ticket, which will be announced at a later date and in time for the general election.

One of the surprises of the filing of the papers was the failure on the part of the friends of Mrs. Geo. B. Marsh to file the necessary papers. Mrs. Marsh is in Europe at present but announced for the State Senate before she left.

The following are the names of Republicans who have filed their nomination papers:

State Senator: R. L. O'Neill.
State Representative: I. P. Frazier.
Supervisors: W. E. Karns and S. P. Noon.
Sheriff: Geo. W. White, Lou Stevens.
Treasurer: Katherine Burgoon.
County Attorney: A. H. DeRiemer.
Assessor: Leslie Rowley.
Recorder: M. Middleton.
Justice of Peace, Nogales: M. J. Cunningham.
Constable, Nogales: J. H. Johnson, J. M. Soto, Sr.
Precinct Committee, Nogales: F. J. Barry, A. H. DeRiemer, Charles L. Fowler, I. P. Frazier, W. F. Haynes, W. C. Payne and E. Titcomb.
Justice of Peace, Patagonia: Mrs. Amelia Isenhood.
Justice of Peace, Canille: W. E. Barr.
Constable, Canille: Steven Alexander.
Precinct Committee, Canille: W. E. Parr.
Justice of Peace, Elgin: George L. Post.
Constable, Elgin: Clarke Hickcox.
Justice of Peace, Vaughn: Ed Ellis.
Precinct Committee, Vaughn: Ed Ellis.

The following are the Democrats who aspire to offices and have filed their nomination papers:

State Senator: J. L. Schleimer.
State Representative: D. T. Frye.
Supervisors: O. F. Ashburn and J. A. Harrison.
Sheriff: John Bowman, H. J. Patterson, Thos. M. Cumming and George W. Parker.
Treasurer: Lucille Walker.
County Attorney: A. A. Trippel, E. V. Abernathy and J. L. Pitts.
School Superintendent: Mrs. J. A. Saxton.
Assessor: Victor J. Wager.
Recorder: Francis R. Duffy.
Justice of Peace, Nogales: J. W. Wilkey.
Constable, Nogales: Chas. Lopez.
Precinct Committee, Nogales: W. F. Chenoweth, J. A. Legarra, E. D. Miller, A. Redlock, M. A. Wuerschmidt and D. Bird.
Justice of Peace, Tubac: Wm. Lowe.
Constable, Tubac: R. Burriel.
Justice of Peace, Patagonia: H. Pendergrass.
Constable, Patagonia: D. Putman and L. C. Quinn.
Precinct Committee, Patagonia: C. L. Northerth and C. A. Pierce.
Justice of Peace, Hachshaw: R. Farrell.
Justice of Peace, Sonoita: W. F. Christmann.
Constable, Sonoita: H. H. Rickwalt.

WATER HITS CAR

The heaviest rain of the season fell throughout this section of country last Thursday night causing a big head rise to come down the creek which gashed to the top of the railroad bridge in the east part of town. After the water had receded until it was only about three feet deep Bert Crayne and wife of Elgin attempted to cross in their car but before they had reached midstream a big wave struck the car with such force as to send it on a wild scramble down stream, finally becoming stuck in a sand bar. The occupants waded out and the car was abandoned until the next morning when a force of the quick sand, which required about two hours hard work. The car was trailed back home seemingly in quite bad condition.

Mrs. H. H. McCutchan visited Nogales Tuesday, returning in the afternoon.

Candidates may find an outlet to the public by using The Herald and The Patagonian and by paying the usual political rate.

They Are All Wooing Her Now



PERTINENT PATAGONIA PARAGRAPHS

ELGIN Extracts

The many friends of Mrs. A. C. Dalton gave her a pleasant birthday party on August 6th. The crowd enjoyed themselves with various games after which ice cream and cake were served to the delight of all. The following named persons were present: Mr. and Mrs. Rathack, and son Ira; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Brooks and children, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reems and children, Henry Pike, Mrs. Cora Everhart and son Jackie, Eva Barnett and F. Neil. All had a good time and left wishing Mrs. Dalton would have at least three birthdays a year.

On the 14th Mary Olary celebrated her 18th birthday with a big dance and fine supper. There were present about 150 guests all of whom had a most enjoyable time, dancing till "the wee small hours of the morning." In departing all of the guests wished Miss Olary many more birthdays.

On the 16th Mrs. Fred Putman passed away after many months of suffering with cancer of the breast. She leaves a host of friends to mourn her loss.

F. Neil left Monday for Bakersfield, Calif., with his mother whose health had become rather poorly. She will visit her son Percy Neil at Bakersfield. Henry Pike will carry the mail during Mr. Neil's absence.

Miss Anna Sue Darty returned Monday after a tour of California.

Henry Pike and a party of friends motored to Nogales Monday.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Following are the names of some of the prominent arrivals at the Commercial hotel during the past few days: Charles A. Wheeler, Tucson; George W. Dooly, Tucson; E. V. Abernathy, Nogales; T. J. Ryan, Superior; Ralph A. Springer, World's Fair Extension mines; E. P. Pelletier, Tucson; W. J. Gordon and wife, Nogales.

ORE SPECIMENS

Mr. and Mrs. Mason of the Royal Blue Nose mines were in Patagonia Wednesday afternoon during the terrific rain which fell here, and they were water bound for several hours. Mr. Mason brought in some ore specimens which he turned over to C. A. Pierce for exhibition purposes. It is to be hoped that more of our mining men will follow Mr. Mason's example.

Rev. W. J. Gordon and wife of Nogales, who are spending their vacation on the Ashburn ranch, spent a day or two in town this week. Mr. Gordon is pastor of the First Baptist church of Nogales.

A. A. Trippel of Nogales, Democratic candidate for the nomination of county attorney of Santa Cruz county, was here yesterday shaking hands with the voters.

The public school of Patagonia will open on the first Monday in September with a full corps of first class teachers. Mrs. Wiseman of Nogales will be the superintendent. She is a sister of Judge O'Connor.

Mrs. A. L. Bennett made a business trip to Nogales Tuesday.

George Dooly, representing the Southwestern Supply Co., of Tucson, was here calling upon our business men Tuesday. Mr. Dooly has been making Patagonia for the past five years and says that it is a relief for him to spend a day or two here in the summer time. It is a strong believer in the future greatness of Patagonia.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pierce visited Nogales Saturday.

B. B. Smith, superintendent of the Blue Nose mine, was in Patagonia Monday. He reported a good rain the night before which was very acceptable to mining men as water was beginning to get down pretty low in the springs.

Ed Hainline went up to Nogales Saturday afternoon and remained over Sunday in the border city.

Mrs. A. C. Best was in from the ranch Monday, shopping and attending to other business matters. She was accompanied by her son Ernest Best and her daughter Mrs. Newell.

Hugh Coung, the Parker Canon stage driver, has purchased a new Oldsmobile truck and is now prepared to handle passengers and express business better than ever before.

V. P. Richards, bookkeeper in the First State Bank, Sundayed in Nogales. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Beatty of near Elgin were here shopping Monday. They report the road between here and Elgin in very bad condition due to the recent heavy rains and washouts.

H. J. Patterson visited Nogales Monday.

Ed Bolding was a business visitor to Nogales Monday.

C. R. Wilson made a business trip to Nogales Monday, returning in the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde McPherson of San Rafael Valley passed through here Monday en route to Nogales.

E. V. Abernathy of Nogales, candidate for the Democratic nomination of County Attorney of Santa Cruz County, was in Patagonia Monday looking after his political fences.

SONOITA Sayings

We are very sorry to report the passing away of Mrs. Fred Putman, which occurred last Sunday night, after several weeks of severe suffering with numerous cancers. The family and relatives have the sincere sympathy of the whole community in their sad bereavement. She was buried in Fruitland Tuesday afternoon.

Grace Cain of Patagonia is spending several days here as the guest of Francis Passow.

Mrs. Jim Velste spent two days in Tucson, going over to visit her husband who runs on the Southwestern between Tucson and El Paso.

E. H. Whitman made another trip into Tucson, going in with produce. The heavy rains kept him there about twenty four hours longer than he had intended.

G. S. Bryant was a visitor in Tucson and vicinity a few days since and was delayed an account of rain, but got in late the same night.

The omms and Davis families spent the day Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Guy Bryant.

Henry Hunter and family, accompanied by Mrs. Edwards, a sister of Mrs. Hunter, have gone to Ft. Sumner, N. M., to visit with relatives. They expect to be absent for some time.

Friday night lightning struck the stove pipe of Mrs. Fannie Barney's house, tearing a hole in it, but otherwise nothing was damaged. The lightning was very severe.

JUST A REMINDER

In answer to the repeated calls for specimens to be embodied in the large relief work of this county, for the State Fair, a few very fine specimens have been received. Many more are needed. Bring them in of your earliest convenience. Leave them with A. A. Pierce.

HEAVY RAIN

As a result of a very heavy rain Wednesday afternoon more water ran through the streets of the town than at any time this summer. The waters engulfed along Main street like a mill race for more than two hours, carrying logs, cans, buckets, and all movable obstructions lying in its wake. It was a regular gully washer and cleaned out the streets in good shape.

Mr. James Foly visited friends at O'Heenan the first part of the week.

R. N. Kenton was in town Tuesday with a truck filled with fine roasting ears which he readily sold at fifty cents per dozen.

E. S. CLARK TO MAKE ADDRESS AT NOGALES

Elias S. Clark, Republican candidate in the primaries for the nomination of United States senator, will speak at Nogales Friday night at 8 o'clock. The address will be made at the City park. In case of rain the talk will be given in the Lyric theatre or Army and Navy Union hall.

Clark is one of the most brilliant attorneys in the State. He resides at Prescott.

He is particularly anxious for the women of Santa Cruz County to attend the meeting.

Republicans of the county should come to Nogales Friday for the meeting as Clark has a message of importance to them.

Further announcement as to the exact location of the speaking will be made in these columns tomorrow.

MINING NOTES

Mr. Mayton B. Hoffenyan arrived from Duluth, Minn., Wednesday evening. Mr. Hoffenyan is interested in the McDonald Mining Co., operating the Hoesy mine, and is here because he enjoys our climate, and incidentally to take a look at the latest development upon his property.

As soon as the road from Patagonia to Mansfield is open for heavy hauling work will begin upon unwatering the Sweet shaft. The shaft house and equipment is ready for the efficient operator of this shaft.

The Morning Glory mine has recently cut a vein of iron sulphide, containing good copper and silver values. The company is figuring on putting in a concentrating plant but will further develop the ore bodies before doing this. The prospects at the Morning Glory are looking quite encouraging just at the present time.

LEAVES FOR NOGALES

V. P. Richards who has for the past two months held the position of bookkeeper in the First State Bank of Patagonia, has been tendered a position in the First National Bank of Nogales and will leave for the border city tonight to report ready for duty. Mr. Richards is a most estimable young man and has made a great many warm friends during his short stay in Patagonia. The Patagonian wishes him all kinds of success in his new position.

PICTURES AND PROPHECY

Evangelists Wallace and Owen are still attracting good congregations at the Gospel tent. This week they have been showing the prophecies of both the Old and New Testament predicting a great falling away from the primitive truths of early Christianity. Illustrating the seventh chapter of Daniel they say that in the twenty-fifth verse is a prediction that a great ecclesiastical power would arise thinking himself able to change God's law. It was a power that would also change times and they aver that this was done by the church in the Dark Ages and that among those changes has come a change of the Sabbath from the seventh day of the week to Sunday the first day. Many quotations were used from prominent church historians admitting that there is no Scriptural authority for the change as well as numerous claims of church leaders that it was the authority of the early church that made the change.

The meetings will continue for some time to come every night, except Monday and Friday evenings. Meetings as usual Sunday, services in the tent at 11 a. m. Rev. Prior will speak, the evening topic will be "Obedience."

J. A. Glidewell is preparing to plant cane in between the rows of corn on his place in the east end of town. He figures that even if the cane fails to mature fully it will make a lot of good hay which will come in quite handy this winter. In this Mr. Glidewell is correct, and other farmers having a few acres of ground not yet utilized will do well to plant it to cane.

A social dance at the opera house Sunday evening was enjoyed by quite a crowd of young people who report an excellent time. The music was furnished by home talent and was the recipient of many compliments.

LEAVES FOR CAPITOL TO MEET CHIEF NEXT WEEK

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 19.—President De la Huerta and Esteban Cantu, governor of Lower California, conferred yesterday by wireless say local newspapers. Cantu declared his willingness to surrender to the federal government and will come to the Mexican capital next week.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 17.—President Wilson is ready to recognize the present Mexican government if the latter agrees to the terms of the Helforth proposal from Secretary of State Colby, according to a message sent President De la Huerta by Fernando Calderon, high commissioner to the United States, says the Excelsior.

The proposition, according to this newspaper, first provides that American lives and property shall be respected.

Second, that indebitness shall be paid to foreigners who suffered losses during the revolutions.

Third, that the Carranza decrees which are found to be confiscatory, shall be abrogated.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HAS LIVELY MEETING

At a regular meeting of the Patagonia Chamber of Commerce last Saturday evening the following important questions were discussed:

The necessity for a bridge across the Sonoita river. Both local and through traffic are held up here for hours during periods of storms, and occasionally a car is washed down the stream and nearly buried in the sand, as was the case with a Sonoita car recently. When the Bankhead highway is under construction a bridge at this point is absolutely necessary. Another bridge at the Brash crossing on the Patagonia-Hachshaw road is also necessary. The channel here is narrow and deep and the cost of the bridge at this point would be nominal.

Another important road question is that of effectively holding the drainage from the canyon to the south of town. The water from this canyon drains north on Third avenue to Me-Kown avenue and then west through the main thoroughfare of the town. At times it overflows into the alley behind the store buildings and has washed into the stores, causing considerable damage to merchandise. Practically none of the county's road money has been expended upon the roads leading through Patagonia. It is, therefore, a most opportune time, when the Bankhead highway work is under way, that the drainage of the town's principal business street (which is the routing of this highway) be definitely disposed of. It is not necessary for us to suggest the manner in which this work can best be done, as the state engineers are well qualified to work out such problems, but it is well to state that there are two very feasible ways in which this drainage problem can be worked out.

The question of raising funds for the maintenance of the town's fire-fighting equipment was discussed, and it was decided that the owners of improved property within the confines of the city should each contribute their share toward the upkeep of this equipment. The cost is small, about \$80 a year. Thus it is seen that the assessment against any one person cannot work a hardship against anyone.

The matter of a satisfactory water and sewer system was discussed but no action will be taken upon the matter at present.

Mrs. Wiseman, the newly appointed superintendent of the Patagonia public school, was here on business Tuesday.

ADDS FIXTURES

H. J. Chenette, the enterprising druggist, has recently put in more new show cases and shelves and this up-to-date drug store is now just about as full as it can well be. Mr. Chenette has also improved conditions in front of the store by filling up all chug holes with sand and gravel. It is a dull day when he is not planning new enterprises.

THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

WESTERN

Two men were killed by lightning near Fredonia, Kan. H. P. Wilson, a farmer, near Coyleville, was struck while working with a hay baler. Donald Riceby, 19, was killed at Altoona, ten miles east of Fredonia.

Aval Johnson, 15, said to have been missing from his home in Leachville, Ark., for eight months, was located at Elgin, Neb., according to information from that place. He had been traveling with a theatrical company.

A request for the appointment of a receiver for the Terminal Railroad Association of St. Louis was made in a motion filed in United States District Court at St. Louis by the Missouri Pacific, Missouri, Kansas & Texas, Frisco, and Rock Island railroad companies.

Millions of feet of timber near Dawson, Yukon Territory, has been destroyed by a forest fire which swept both banks of the Peel river for 100 miles. Two hundred men concentrated at Ross River post managed to save the post buildings, but were unable to stop the progress of the flames.

While cutting hay on his farm, Fred Lockwood, a rancher of the North Fork country near Eugene, Ore., cut off both feet of his 3-year-old daughter, who was playing in the tall grass. The little girl was not seen by her father until an instant before the scythe hit her. A surgeon from Florence attended the child's injuries.

The death list of Denver's riot victims, who were killed in mobs or who died from wounds received during the rioting which accompanied the strike of tramway men has been increased to seven by the death of Leonard Temmer, who was shot during the riot at the East Side bars, while the list of wounded still in hospitals has been reduced from fifty-two to fourteen by the release of a large number of patients, who have recovered sufficiently to allow them to leave the institutions.

A replica of the palace of the Legion of Honor is to be built at the entrance of the Golden Gate, on a hill overlooking San Francisco bay, as a memorial to soldiers who perished in the world war, according to Mrs. A. B. Spreckels of San Francisco, on her return from Europe. The memorial, of white stone and marble, will be decorated with gifts from allied nations and the rooms will be furnished with objects of European art. The memorial is to be built by Mrs. Spreckels and her husband, she said, adding she had brought the plans with her.

WASHINGTON

Loans of \$907,820 to the Chicago Great Western railroad and \$35,000 to the Ann Arbor railroad to assist the roads in purchasing additional equipment have been approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Federal income tax returns show that there are approximately 50,000 persons in the United States who might be classified as members of the "millionaire group" and that there are at least 20,000 millionaires now in the United States, it has been announced in Washington.

The increased cost of labor, with the shortage of paper, has led to a decision to discontinue free distribution of the Monthly Labor Review. The bureau of labor statistics at Washington announced that hereafter it would cost \$1.50 annually.

A total of 151 convictions have been obtained in the campaign of the department of justice against profiteering in Washington, it was announced. Since the campaign was instituted 1,854 arrests have been made and 1,436 indictments returned.

Exposure of what a war department announcement at Washington characterizes as a "despicable swindle," by which the mother of a dead soldier was the victim, prompted a new warning by the department that relatives of the soldier dead should pay no money to any person or organization for information as to burial places. Inquiries will receive prompt attention, the warning said. In the case exposed the grave of the soldier was never located. The swindler told the mother he would visit Washington if she would pay his expenses and see what could be done. Later he reported success and the body would be sent home.

Renewal until August 31, 1921, of the agreement between employers and producers in the California oil fields was announced by the Department of Labor at Washington. The 18,000 oil workers affected will receive an increase of 75 cents a day and employees in all other branches of the industry will get an increase of 25 cents a day.

Permission to increase express rates to absorb the wage award of the railroad labor board at Chicago, estimated at \$43,800,805, was asked from the Interstate Commerce Commission by the American Railway Express Company.

William Harrison Campbell, Negro, held at Washington charged with the murder of Mrs. Gertrude Harrison Mann, confessed that he was the man who attacked four women in and near Washington last June precipitating race riots. Two other Negroes are serving long sentences for three of the attacks Campbell confessed.

New wage schedules filed with the navy yard wage board at Washington represent an annual increase of \$45,000,000 for employees of the forty-three yards, according to an official estimate prepared by the board.

FOREIGN

Provisional President de la Huerta has issued a decree providing that Vera Cruz be reopened for rail and ship traffic.

Thirty-two persons were killed and several wounded in the explosion of a munitions depot at Florence, Italy. The explosion resulted from a fire.

Tens of thousands of rats which infest Paita, Peru, have caused the Peruvian government to order the town destroyed and rebuilt in a rat-proof manner. Yellow fever is raging in some districts of Peru.

Private advices from Danzig predict that Great Britain will in all probability be forced to proclaim a state of siege over the territory of the free city should the soviet army threaten to enter the Polish corridor.

The American motorboat Miss America, owned by Garfield A. Wood of Detroit and representing the Detroit Yacht Club, won the first race for the Harmsworth trophy, the international motorboat prize, contested in the Solent off the Isle of Wight.

Brigands who have terrorized the upper reaches of the Yangtze river in recent months found a sudden check put upon their activities when American and British gunboats were dispatched into the upper river from Shanghai, according to reports from Shanghai.

Dr. Walter Simons, minister of foreign affairs, in an interview in Berlin says Germany is prepared to resume diplomatic relations with Russia when satisfaction is given for the assassination of General Count von Mirbach, German ambassador to Russia, in Moscow, in 1918.

Walter Winans, widely known American resident of London, collapsed and died while driving his horse, Henrietta Guy, in a race at Pimlico park. Mr. Winans called out for his horse to be stopped, but before this could be done he fell off the sulky. He was dead when picked up.

Governor Esteban Cantu has offered to surrender possession of the executive office within two weeks, on condition that Provisional President de la Huerta stops sending troops into Lower California, according to an announcement by Juan Platt, personal representative of de la Huerta at Nogales.

The first new railroad line built by Poland since the armistice was formally opened for traffic recently, the line saving seventy kilometers between Warsaw and Poznan, the two largest cities in the new republic. Completion of this line connects more intimately the people of Congress Poland with the residents of the Poznan district, for generations under German rule.

GENERAL

Rear Admiral Edward Hickman, 74, retired, of Washington, D. C., is dead at Atlantic City.

Charles Wilson, negro bandit, died of starvation in the prison at Pottsville, Pa., after fasting for forty-three days. Wilson took his last food on June 29. He had not spoken to jail attendants for days.

Cleveland was chosen as next year's convention city by the United Master Butchers of America at the concluding session of the thirty-fifth annual convention in New York. Michael Kelly, Jr., St. Louis, was elected president.

Champion Jack Dempsey will probably fight Bill Brennan on Oct. 12 at the Polo grounds in New York, according to reports. Articles for the fight have been signed by the managers of the two heavyweights, the place and date of the bout remaining to be chosen.

The railway labor board at Chicago handed down a decision increasing wages of employees of the American Railway Express Company \$30,000,000 yearly. Eighty thousand men not provided for by the recent \$800,000,000 railway wage award are affected. The award is retroactive to May 1, 1920.

Two persons are known to have been killed, five missing and a number reported injured in a wreck of a carnival train on the Lexington division of the Chesapeake & Ohio, near Ashland, Ky.

With the bodies of 1,575 American soldiers in caskets below their feet and fifty-two living, khaki-clad men serving as attendants, the United States army transport Antelope arrived in New York from Danzig, Antwerp, Brest and Bordeaux. The soldier dead were landed at the army piers, where preparations to forward the bodies to their last resting place in "home cemeteries," were made.

Five sailors were severely wounded and a score of men received minor injuries in a battle at Revere Beach, Revere, Mass., between Metropolitan park police, who were barricaded in the police station and several hundred attacking sailors, marines and soldiers. The battle, precipitated by the attempt of a police officer to arrest a sailor on a charge of drunkenness, raged two hours and was only quelled when troops, sailors and police from adjoining cities aided the beleaguered Metropolitan officers.

Announcement was made at New York that a new unofficial record for a transcontinental automobile trip was established when a five-passenger touring car carrying United States mail from San Francisco to New York arrived in New York after a run of four days, 14 hours and 43 minutes.

Three bandits entered Sol Bergman's jewelry store in the heart of Cleveland, Ohio, shot and seriously wounded two employees, Frank Schuck and Jerome Suskin, looted the safe of jewelry and diamonds estimated at \$30,000 in value and escaped in an automobile.

An ice pick in the hands of a determined highwayman caused Fred Darr of Springfield, Mo., to lose his trousers and he is now wearing borrowed raiment and nursing ice pick wounds. Darr was stopped by the robber in an alley with a demand that he turn over his trousers. Darr refused, but complied after being prodded several times with the ice pick.

After shooting and killing his father at Fairview, N. J., in defense of his mother, Louis F. Gross, Jr., 21 years old, telephoned to the police and awaited arrest.

Southwest News

From All Over

New Mexico and Arizona

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

As a result of the killing of two Mexican sheep herders, William T. Johnson and George Robinson are being held at Williams, Ariz., on charges of murder.

Officially there are 54,000,000 gallons of whiskey in bonded warehouses in the United States, a dwindling of about 15,000,000 gallons since January 16th, when prohibition became effective, according to John P. Kramer, federal prohibition commissioner today.

This year's cantaloupe crop in the Salt river valley in Arizona has been gathered and shipped. Official estimates place the crop shipped at 1,040 cars. Including about 70 carloads spoiled by aphids, the crop was 1,100 carloads, or 385,000 crates, or 3,445,000 melons. The acre yield was 150 standard crates.

The secretary of agriculture has approved the recommendation of Thomas Maddock, state engineer of Arizona, for the dedication of federal aid funds to the building of the Phoenix-Glenwood road, according to advices received at Phoenix by the state highway department. The road is seven miles in length.

After being shut down for over a year, the big crushing mill of the Phelps Dodge Corporation at Tyrone, N. Mex., has resumed operations. The rounded crusher and mill by the installation of new machinery will make possible the recovery of 80 per cent of the copper ore handled, and production is expected to reach 2,000,000 pounds per month.

The seventh annual Dona Ana county fair will be held at Las Cruces, N. Mex., early in the fall and preparations are now being made to handle the largest attendance in history. A crowd of men has been at work for the past three weeks on the ground, repairing fences and buildings and the entire fair grounds will be put in the best shape possible.

One of the fastest auto roads in Arizona is embraced in the 22½ miles of improved highway extending from Mesa toward Florence. Next to permanent hard surfacing there is concrete which has been laid presents an ideal finish, which with the easy grades and sweeping curves makes auto travel easy, safe and pleasant.

The population of Albuquerque in the 1920 census has been announced by the census bureau in Washington as 15,157. This is an increase of 4,137, or 37.5 per cent over 1910, when the population was 11,020. The percentage of increase was smaller than in the ten-year period from 1900 to 1910, which was 76.7. In the period from 1890 to 1900 the increase was 64.8 per cent.

According to reports coming from the town of Buchanan, N. Mex., the derelict of the National Exploration Company's well near there is completed and actual drilling will be started within a few days. Drilling on all the other wells of this company is progressing rapidly, and as soon as the Buchanan well is started it will be rushed to completion as early as possible.

As soon as the car shortage improves, the immense quantities of wheat now stored in the elevators of Curry county, N. Mex., will start on its long journey nearly half way around the world. According to Clovis elevator men, most of the wheat from that part of the state will be shipped from there to Galveston, where it will be loaded on the big transport that will take it to various European ports.

After about four months delay since the lost drill was recovered, the W. W. Cox Oil Company is about ready to renew work on the well at Las Cruces, N. Mex. Trucks are at work getting things ready for the crew, who are expected to be at work in a very few days. Previous to the arrival of the crew the company will have the casing lowered from its long grip on the sand, so that actual drilling can be started at once.

D. D. Branson, of Tucuman, N. Mex., met with a serious accident when a truck load of wheat turned over with him on the hill south of town. Mr. Branson and his family were en route to Tucuman from his ranch near Kirk, and upon reaching the hill he found a neighbor, Mr. Warren, stuck with a truck load of wheat near the top. Mr. Warren, being an inexperienced driver, was rather nervous about backing the truck down to get a new start, and Mr. Branson offered to do it. Attempting to put his foot on the brake Branson threw in the reverse clutch and before he could correct his mistake, the truck backed over the high embankment and turned over, pinning him underneath.

Mesquite honey of Arizona is finding its way to the east to vie for favor with the famed clover honey of New York state and other rival flavors. Bee men along the Salt River valley report the best season they have ever known, and say that mesquite honey is selling at an average of \$5,000 a car load.

After having been closed more than six weeks on account of high water in the Colorado river, the ferry at Ehrenburg, Ariz., has again been opened to motor tourists, according to information received from there.

Mountainair, N. Mex., citizens have organized another baseball team which is to be composed of many of the old-time players in that vicinity and some of the best in the state. This will make three teams in the town and it is expected that some sunny games will be staged during the rest of the season.

Several arrests in northern Arizona have been ordered as a result of an investigation of cases of theft and misbranding of cattle, according to Ed W. Stephens, secretary of the Livestock Sanitary Board, at Phoenix.

PROBLEMS FACING STRICKEN WORLD

Shall Chaos or Reconstruction in Europe Follow the Great World War?

WHY BOLSHEVISM IS MENACE

Governments and Men in High Place Have Erred From the Beginning in Their Methods of Fighting Its Propaganda.

Article XXX.

By FRANK COMERFORD.

The bolshevik government launched a great propaganda drive to bring about disorder, it was, and is, a criminal conspiracy to destroy the peace of the world. It is an appeal to the discontented, an effort to mobilize the unrest of the world under the red flag of violence. In cunning and completeness bolshevik propaganda is in a class by itself. It is poisoned publicity. The bolsheviks carefully kept their methods out of their propaganda. They emphasized the poverty of the world. They pictured conditions, always charging these conditions to the inequality of distributing and laying the blame at the door of the capitalist system. They invented fine-sounding phrases, in which they concealed the seeds of hate. They quickened the prejudices of the people; they pretended to sympathize with the poor. They urged men to unite and strike for freedom. Had the governments of the world met this propaganda with the truth and common sense, they would have used every available agency to tear the mask from the bolshevik government and show the working people of the world the true character of that government and the methods by which it sustains itself. The allied governments contented themselves with telling the people that bolshevism was a bad, dangerous thing, a pitfall. Instead, they should have thrown searchlight on it and let the people see its rottenness and its danger. Instead of fighting propaganda with propaganda, falsehood with abuse, fire with fire, they should have fought fire with water, propaganda with truth, cunning with frankness, and an enlightened and educated populace would have turned a deaf ear to bolshevik propaganda. The "Red" peril in the world would not be the dangerous menace it is today.

Working People Took Alarm.

The working people noticed that a portion of the press previously allied with the "interests" and against the right of the people, thundered most bitterly against the bolshevik government. This class of papers denounced bolshevism, called it names, but gave little space to the calm, cool, plain statement of the truth about bolshevism. They were as "red" in their conservatism as the Reds were false in their propaganda. The newspapers of this class have not the confidence of the general public; they have long been under suspicion. The bolshevik propagandists were in a better position to get results than the conservative press, and for three reasons: first, the bolsheviks had the sympathy of the workers of the world because of their connection with the liberation of Russia; second, the bolsheviks appeared as the under-dog in the fight; third, the conservative press suffered from its past reputation as the mouthpiece of those who stood in the way of better living conditions for the great majority. Many leading business men, capitalists of industry, followed the example of the conservative press and denounced bolshevism instead of exposing it. These men were under suspicion and their attitude confirmed the belief growing in the minds of the workers that bolshevism would benefit them. These same men denounced the workers in their own countries when they sought better conditions. Working people remember that most of the reforms that has come has been won from the same conservative class; seldom, if ever, has a right been conceded to the working class. They have had to fight, strike for it, and even in this hour some of the leading figures of the employing minority call men bolsheviks who are not communists, who are not bolsheviks. On the contrary, they are good citizens, seeking, as they have a right to seek, a larger share, a fairer measure of the things they produce. These methods, these attitudes, have reacted in the minds of men who toll, and I have heard many of them accept the challenge and proudly boast that they were bolsheviks, although in truth they were not.

Investigators Unfairly Treated.

Someone drew a curtain of silence around soviet Russia. At least so it seemed to the people. Men who came out of Russia and brought with them reports which displeased their governments were abused, their reports suppressed. Bullitt, Robbins and Steffens are examples in America. The public at once came to the conclusion that these men had found conditions in Russia good; that bolshevism was a safe, sane plan of government; that it was succeeding. Of course, this is not the real story. These men brought out of Russia, but the abuse, heaped on these men, the silencing of these men, spoke louder and more eloquently than any report could have done. An English paper went so far as to

Powerful Light

If you have ever crossed the ocean you know that one of the first glimpses you get of America is the flash of Thatcher's light, off Cape Ann. It can be seen a very great distance. Josephus, the historian, writes that there was an ancient lighthouse which could be seen forty-two miles. It was erected by Ptolemy Soter in the island of Pharos, off the coast of Alexandria, Egypt.—Boston Post.

charge the prohibition movement on the United States with being in league with the bolsheviks, saying that its object was to make restless the workers by denying them alcohol, hoping that out of this restlessness would come revolution.

Another appeal to prejudice permitted by the allied governments, was that the bolshevik movement was a Jewish movement; that Lenin and Trotsky were Jews and that the soviet machine was Jewish from beginning to end. What difference could it make to freeminded people whether the leaders of the bolshevik movement were Jews or not? While the mass of the people are thought not to be educated, they have the common sense to see in such propaganda an effort to make them hostile to bolshevism by inciting race prejudice.

A great crack was made in the curtain of silence drawn around Russia. Through it came the startling news that the bolshevik government planned the nationalization of women. No fact about Russia was given greater prominence and publicity. I have talked to many men who were bitterly opposed to bolshevism, and in the last analysis I found the only tangible basis for their opposition was that the program included national prohibition. One insurance company in America used the "Nationalization of Women" in its nationwide advertising. Of course, it is obvious to thinking people that the plan of nationalization of women was a falsehood, and the workers concluded it was designed to poison the public against bolshevism. Anyone who thinks for a minute will realize, first, that the nationalization of women is not a necessary part of any economic program, second, that one could not get a hundred men or women in any country of the world, who are not degenerate, to subscribe to a program which contemplated the registration and promiscuous violation of their mothers, wives, daughters, and sweethearts. The Russians are human beings; their women are their mothers, wives, daughters, and sweethearts.

Foundation for Silly Story. This evil and unnecessary lie about the bolsheviks grew out of the fact that in a little city, Ufa, a drunken man made the proposal that they should adopt such a plan. A group in the town of Saratov, calling themselves anarchists, issued a decree in April, 1918, containing among other provisions the following:

"From March 1, the right to possess women having reached the ages of seventeen to thirty-two is abolished. The husbands may retain the right to use their wives without awaiting their turn.

"In case of resistance, the husband shall forfeit his rights.

"All women according to this decree, are exempt from private ownership and are proclaimed to be the property of the whole nation."

It was unfair to charge this to the soviet government. It was never put in practice, and it is only fair to say that with the exception of the two cases cited above, it was never even contemplated by anyone. This libel of the bolsheviks strengthened their cause in the allied world. Months after it was exposed the world was swept with another evil, unnecessary and false bit of propaganda. It was complained that this second piece of news was intended to corroborate and confirm the nationalization of women; its open object was to create hostility for the bolsheviks. It achieved exactly the opposite result. It was that the bolsheviks had decided to abolish Christian names, that henceforth children would be named by number. To illustrate, the first born would be Smith No. 1, the second child in the Smith family would be Smith No. 2, and so on. This was given first-page space in the press of the world. It was printed as serious news, as truth. It fell of its own weight.

Summing up unrest in Europe and in America, I have found that this general course of conduct has caused the people to increase their suspicion of the political governments, of the press, of the leaders of business and industry. These posed lies have molded a judgment in the general thought of the world, and that is that bolshevism is being cried down, libeled and slandered, starved, assaulted, and fought, because its success meant the death of special privilege and the birth of the "New Order." This judgment has come to pass because we have not used our resources to bring the real facts to the public mind; because we have injured our credibility by unnecessary, evil and false charges against the bolshevik regime.

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The Invitation. Two recruits in a Scottish regiment were visiting an English church for the first time. They had not been seated long before the organist began to play a very lively volunter. This was something new to them, and they listened in astonishment, not being used to music of that sort in church. One of them was then aroused from a reverie by a tap on the shoulder. Turning around, he saw a lady, the owner of the pew, who smiled at him, wishing to pass to her seat. He did not take in the situation. "No, no, mum!" he said. "Take my mate here—you'll find he can dance much better than me!"

Movies in New Zealand. About 95 per cent of the motion pictures shown in New Zealand are American productions.

Herrings Popular. There are more herrings eaten than any other kind of fish.

"Parisian Frogs" The ancient heraldic device of Paris was three frogs, and so Parisians came to be called frogs. On this matter Brewer's Dictionary of Phrase and Fable states that the question, "Qu'en disent les grenouilles?"—What will the frogs (people of Paris) say? was in 1791 a common court phrase at Versailles. The Italian poet, Tasso, who lived from 1544 to 1595, called frogs "The symons of the ditch."

BRITISH LABOR OPPOSE WAR

LABOR PARTY WILL RESIST ANY FORM OF MILITARY INTERVENTION.

THREATEN RETALIATION

WOULD CUT OFF COAL SUPPLY TO FRANCE IN CASE OF WAR.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London, Aug. 14.—The opposition of British labor to assistance in the war against Russia was voiced with unanimity at a conference representing all elements of the workers.

Resolutions adopted "billed with satisfaction the Russian government's declaration in favor of the complete independence of Poland" and pledged the British Labor party to resist any form of military intervention.

The meeting approved the action of the triple alliance of labor organizations in forming a council of action to deal with the situation arising from the government's policy, and it recommended the levy of a half penny upon every member of the party to raise a fund for the requirements of the council.

The adoption of the resolutions was ratified by the delegates at the invitation of William C. Adamson, chairman of the Labor party in the House of Commons, who presided.

J. H. Thomas, secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, said that if circumstances demanded, it would be for the whole labor movement to decide upon direct action.

"Desperate and dangerous as is our method," he continued, "we believe that the disease is so dangerous and the situation so desperate that it is only desperate and dangerous methods that can prevent calamity. The resolutions do not mean that it is to be a mere strike or a simple 'down-tools' policy. If they are to be effective, they mean a challenge to the whole constitution of this country."

Robert Stille of the miners' organization said: "If France and General Wrangel cut off Russia's coal supply, will it be interfering too much with France if the British miners and railwaymen cut off France's supply?"

Asserting that the British labor party members were the only people able to prevent an attack on Russia, he went on, amid cheers:

"I want to thank our comrade, Winston Churchill, for uniting the British democracy. We couldn't do it ourselves. Now the British people have achieved unity. God send us the sense to preserve it."

Tom Shaw, secretary of the International textile workers, bitterly attacked the league of nations for not preventing Poland's offensive against Russia.

Robert Williams, general secretary of the Transport Workers' Union, asserted that labor was far more representative of the sentiment of the country than the house of commons and better qualified to pass on the "go to war and go to hell" policy.

By its resolutions the council of action was instructed to remain in being until it secured guarantees that the British forces would not be used in support of Poland or any other military or naval effort against soviet Russia; second, of the withdrawal of the British naval forces blockading Russia, and third, the recognition of the soviet government and the establishment of unrestricted trading and commercial relations between Great Britain and Russia.

The conference concluded by singing the "Internationale" and cheering enthusiastically.

Wireless Now Across Atlantic.

Washington.—Commercial, private and press radio messages to France will be accepted beginning from now on by the naval communication service. The charge for commercial and private messages, the Navy Department announced, will be the same as the prevailing cable rate, while the charge on press messages will be 10 cents a word. Messages to France will be transmitted by way of the high-power radio station at Lyons.

Objector Gets Pardon.

San Francisco.—Carl Haessler, formerly a university professor of Milwaukee, who has been imprisoned since the early days of the war as a conscientious objector, has been released from the military prison at Alcatraz island here on a pardon from President Wilson, the prison announced. Haessler originally was imprisoned in the penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

Can Walk After 12-Story Fall.

San Francisco.—Napoleon Brooks, negro cement worker, who fell from the twelfth story of a building under construction at Fresno, April 3, 1920, was able to walk into the office of the State Industrial Accident Commission a few days ago to receive \$187.47 compensation and the first of weekly benefits of \$20.83 to be paid until the termination of his disability. In the fall he sustained a fractured skull, a crushed right foot, fractured bones in several parts of the body.

Express Rates Increase.

Washington.—An increase of 12.5 per cent in express rates has been authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Request of the American Railway Express Company for increases averaging 25.16 per cent were found not justified by the commission with the exception that rates on milk and cream may be equalized with those contemporaneously applied by the railroad lines. The 12.5 per cent increase, it was estimated unofficially, will add approximately \$2,000,000 to annual income.

BACK HURT ALL THE TIME

Mrs. Hill Says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Removed The Cause.



Knoxville, Tenn.—"My back hurts me all the time, I was all run down, could not eat and my head bothered me, all caused by female trouble. I was three years with these troubles and doctors did me no good. Your medicine helped my sister, so she advised me to take it. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Liver Pills and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and now I am well, can eat heartily and work. I give you my thanks for your great medicine. You may publish my letter and I will tell everyone what your medicines did for me."—Mrs. PEARL HILL, 418 Jackboro St., Knoxville, Tennessee.

Hundreds of such letters expressing gratitude for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished are constantly being received, proving the reliability of this grand old remedy.

If you are ill do not drag along and continue to suffer day in and day out but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

From the Moon. "Now they have airplane bootleggers." "Getting their moonshine direct, hey?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent life insurance companies, in an interview on the subject, made the following statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

All Embrasive. "What did the Egyptians worship?" "Crocodiles, mountains, alligators and other insects."

Sure Relief



SLOW DEATH

4,000 War Men Study Farming

Disabled Ex-service Men Placed in Agricultural Training in Various Institutions.

1,500 READY FOR COURSE

Many of the Men Are Illiterate and Must Be Given a Course in Elementary Work to Fit Them for the Farm Course.

Washington.—More than 4,000 disabled ex-service men have been placed in agricultural training and in addition there are probably 500 engaged in pre-vocational work preparatory to a course in agricultural training. Perhaps 1,500 more have been approved for the course.

Special placement has been suggested and is being sought for tuberculous men in hospitals and sanatoria.

The men approved for agricultural training may be placed into three general groups:

(a) Men who went into the war from college or high school, and, returning, have entered the agricultural colleges.

(b) Men with an eighth grade preparation who are admitted into sub-college two-year courses, Smith-Hughes or other schools of agriculture.

(c) Men of elementary grade, ranging from illiterate to the seventh or eighth grade, who of necessity must have pre-vocational instruction in order that they may receive scientific training intelligently and benefit to the greatest degree.

The first and second groups have given the federal board and the institutions to which they have been recommended very little trouble, as they enter the changes if sent to the institution at the beginning of the school year or a term, and if not they frequently can be brought up to class work by evening.

Third Class Troublesome.

The third group has given the federal farm board and all the institu-

tions great trouble. Insurmountable difficulties seem to have arisen. In varying numbers they form the problem at every state agricultural college and school, and they constitute from 25 to as high as 50 per cent of the men approved for agricultural training.

This large percentage is due to the fact that these men for the most part are from isolated country districts where the opportunities have not been so great for early education.

Former parents have been unwilling to allow the boys more than a very ordinary education, for fear of losing them from the farm. Many have had no opportunity. Such are usually older men, 15 or 20 years past country school age. Many of the men are therefore practically illiterate, and to this number must be added the foreign illiterates; that is, foreigners who are illiterate from the English standpoint.

These difficulties constitute a real problem to the federal board and the institutions to which these men are sent. State institutions are not always prepared to do the elementary work necessary to advance the men to a knowledge of English and mathe-

Would Restore Mexican Mints

Nogales, Ariz.—The chamber of commerce has joined with Charles Butters, mining expert of New York and San Francisco, to promote the formation in Mexico of an association of silver producers to rebuild the abandoned mints throughout the nation and thus bring about once more the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Mr. Butters states that if the old-time minting plan is re-established it will mean that Mexico will coin 500,000,000 ounces of silver.

The mining expert has extensive interests in mines in Mexico, Salvador

and Nicaragua, and is known for his introduction of the cyanide reduction process into Mexico. He says the greatest need of Mexico today is small change and "hard money."

Too Much Paper Money.

The revolutions and the world war, says Mr. Butters, have stripped Mexico bare of silver coins. In its place, he says, is a vast quantity of paper money issued by the varying governments as fiat money. He blames the great flood of paper money in Mexico for most of the suffering in that nation in connection with the various revolutions.

His plan, backed by the Nogales chamber of commerce, is to have the old mints rebuilt and placed in operation by the association of silver mine interests at the cost of the association. Then the cost of the renewed mints would be recovered by the association from the mint profits over the course of years. Upon the paying out of the capital charge in restoring the mints they are to be returned to the Mexican federal government as its property, to be thereafter operated under supervision of the federal government.

Benefits Are Threefold.

This system, according to the silver mine expert, has threefold benefits: First, it will at once restore to Mexico the "hard money" and small change needed by merchants, banks and business men and now lacking; second, it will provide a permanent primary market at home for large amounts of silver production; third, it will stabilize the silver market because the Mexican home requirements will take up a great quantity of silver now exported and sold on a speculation market through San Francisco for the Orient.

Also this will serve to stimulate silver production because of the better market conditions and thus raise the primary market price for the semiprecious metal.

President Bracey Curtis of the chamber of commerce has named a committee of prominent men to take up the mint proposal with Gen. Alvaro Obregon on his impending visit to his home in Nogales, Sonora, this month.

maties where they can receive and be benefited by the agricultural training. However, without exception, the state institutions are convinced it is their patriotic duty to assist the federal board in making preparation to extend the necessary pre-vocational training, and have changed wonderfully in favor of training disabled men in spite of their educational handicaps.

Form a "Guidance School."

Dr. Walter J. Quick, training officer, worked out an elementary school, which he termed a "guidance school," where such men were collected and instructed in the elementary common branches and in elementary agriculture. The school has been made prerequisite to certain courses that Dr. Quick has designed as agricultural unit courses. They are divided into units of one month each, cover one year continuously from month to month and may be entered any month.

A man may take one or several unit courses, one as a major and others as minors related to the major, while at the same time he continues in the common branches of the guidance school.

Nearly all the state institutions will allow the men credits for the work done in the unit agricultural courses, which now include a two-year course, as well as the one-year.

These plans of the guidance school and agricultural unit courses were reduced to definite form and mimeographed for the benefit of all institutions offering agricultural training to the disabled class.

Geyzers Are at Best This Year

Activity of Old Faithful and the Rest New Wonder of Yellowstone National Park.

TERRACES GORGEOUS IN COLOR

Great Depth of Snow Last Winter Believed Responsible for Unusual Brilliance of Natural Phenomena—Deer Often Seen.

Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.—Interesting changes have developed this year in the natural wonders of Yellowstone National Park. Led by Old Faithful geyser, which has shortened the intervals of its performance by almost a quarter of an hour, and is now playing every 64 minutes, the geysers and hot springs are on their best behavior, promising a season of unsurpassed beauty, as if mindful that the number of visitors is expected to exceed 100,000 for the first time in the history of the park.

Unusual depth of snow during the winter, followed by a rainy spring, is believed to be responsible for the brilliant colors of the natural phenomena. Abundant moisture has been stored in the underground passages feeding the geysers, and springs to enable them to excel their previous exhibitions.

The Grand has become the park's most powerful geyser. It is playing once or twice each day, and for ten to thirty minutes affords a magnificent spectacle of a fountain of steaming water 200 feet in height, which is succeeded by five to twelve distinct eruptions. Giant and Geantess have been giving great exhibitions.

Constant has discontinued operations, its activity apparently transferred to the Whirligig, directly across the foot-path.

Terraces Gorgeous in Color.

Mud Boiler has changed its tactics and is discharging water that is almost clear. Scores of small geysers are constantly in action and of course Old Faithful, which attains a height of 125 to 170 feet, is observed hourly by persons from all parts of the world, as in previous years.

At Mammoth Hot Springs, the headquarters of the park administration, the terraces are a marvel of gorgeous coloring, where the hot water ripples over the unique formations. With the single exception of Minerva Terrace, which is less splendid than in past years, all of the terraces are performing with great volume. Cleopatra apparently is trying to make up for Minerva's deficiency by starting a new channel where the coloring changes daily.

Jupiter, for many years the finest of all the terraces, has lost its leadership, being surpassed by the prosaically named Pulpit Terrace, which is sending more water than ever from its sapphire pool over a series of beautifully curved basins, fretted and colored like some old Gothic carving, until more than 200 feet below a conduit is reached, which takes the warm waters from all the springs into the open-air bathing pool.

Deer Appear Occasionally.

Hymen Terrace is attracting great attention because of the abundance and exquisite shape of the algae, or tectaceous plants, which give the terraces their color. Nowhere else in the park are to be found such graceful formations, floating in the water like ostrich plumes of delicate green.

Angel Terrace has developed a rich pink coloring, much like a birthday cake, a resemblance enhanced by the trees which the growing terrace reached out and killed, and which

now stick out through the crust like white candles. Occasionally a deer can be seen and photographed, nibbling the salty eruptions from the trees.

Orange Spring Terrace, which has grown to a great mound 15 feet high, has a tiny assistant, an "off-spring," to quote the pun of a visitor, which bubbles merrily at the original level of the parent spring, affording a comprehensive view of how the terraces have been built.

Mineral springs in the park, including the apollinaris and iron springs, which are eagerly sought by visitors desiring to drink the waters, are producing great quantities.

CRUSOE'S ISLAND AS A PARK

Chilean Government May Make a Pleasure Resort of Castaway's Home.

Honolulu, Hawaii.—Robinson Crusoe's cave may soon be converted into sleeping quarters for globe trotters, according to Prof. W. A. Bryan, vice-president of the Hawaiian Historical Society. The Chilean government, Prof. Bryan said, is considering creating a national park and tourist resort on the island of Juan Fernandez, famous as the abode of Alexander Selkirk, the shipwrecked sailor, on whose castaway career Daniel Defoe based his novel.

Modern hotels and other attractions would be erected on the island, according to plans being considered. The beauty and verdure of the island, Mr. Bryan says, is similar to the oldest part of the Hawaiian Islands.

Two nights were spent by Prof. Bryan recently in Selkirk's cave. He is at present in the south seas seeking proofs of his theory of a submerged continent in the Pacific.

PARIS BUYS TRACTION LINES

Inadequate Surface Transportation in French Capital to Be Improved.

Paris.—Paris' slow and inadequate surface transportation is expected to be vastly improved beginning next year, when the department of the Seine, which is Paris and its suburbs, is to take over all systems.

Payment is to be made in 30 annual installments now fixed at nearly 40,000,000 francs each, but which the authorities hope may be decreased by bargaining.

There are 117 street cars and 44 autobus lines, operating 2,540 cars and busses. The companies are capitalized for 420,000,000 francs.

It is said that motor boats are growing popular in Paris.

GIRLS PUT TO TEST

Juvenile Laboratory Latest Court Innovation in Denver.

Decisions Based on Manner in Which Juveniles Pass Mental and Physical Tests.

Denver, Colo.—A juvenile laboratory is a new addition to the machinery of the courts of Denver, through which wayward boys and girls pass before Judge Ben R. Lindsey. Upon the manner in which the boy or girl passes the mental and physical tests depends the ultimate disposal of his or her case.

Judge Lindsey asserts that a wayward girl has three ages. He explains it in this manner: A girl may be thirteen years old, have the physical development of a girl of eighteen and the mental development of a child of ten years.

The judge says that whenever a girl appears in his court, the first procedure is to obtain her three ages, through methods developed by medical men and psychologists. He declared he intends to make the juvenile laboratory available to the mothers of Denver so they can obtain the three ages of their children and use this information in providing against indiscretion and possible criminality.

An appropriation has been granted for the conduct of the proposed laboratory and the judge is seeking to obtain the services of expert psychologists to take charge of the work.

The judge describes in this fashion how the department already has aided one mother:

"A mother came to me the other day and complained that she had a daughter of nineteen who gave her no trouble and a daughter of fifteen who desired social privileges that no mother could give a girl of her age. I told her that her fifteen-year-old daughter was nineteen biologically and had all the impulses and emotions of the older girl without any of the good judgment that comes with later years."

"The younger girl is the one who, obeying mature impulses without mature judgment, gets into trouble on automobile parties and at dances."

"We have been accustomed to classifying girls as good and bad. Sometimes the difference is merely that one who came into mature life when she was possessed of good judgment is the good girl and the other who came into mature physical development when she was young and foolish is the bad girl."

FRENCH COUNTESS HERE



A passenger on the "La Savoie" of the French line recently was Le Comtesse de Turenne, here on a visit to friends in this country.

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

DECEMBER MARKETS.

Cattle.	
Beef steers, grass and dry	\$12.00@14.00
Beef steers, grass fed, good	12.00@12.50
Beef steers, grass fed, fair	11.50@12.00
Beef steers, grass fed, poor	11.00@11.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very poor	10.50@11.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra poor	10.00@10.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra poor	9.50@10.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra poor	9.00@9.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra poor	8.50@9.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra poor	8.00@8.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra poor	7.50@8.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra poor	7.00@7.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra poor	6.50@7.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra poor	6.00@6.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra extra poor	5.50@6.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	5.00@5.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	4.50@5.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	4.00@4.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	3.50@4.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	3.00@3.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	2.50@3.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	2.00@2.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	1.50@2.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	1.00@1.50
Beef steers, grass fed, very extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	0.50@1.00
Beef steers, grass fed, extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra extra poor	0.00@0.50

Hogs.	
Good hogs	\$13.50@15.00
Sheep	\$11.50@12.50
Lambs	\$12.50@13.50
Yearlings	\$13.50@14.50
Wethers	\$14.50@15.50
Ewes	\$15.50@16.50

Dressed Poultry.	
The following prices on dressed poultry are net to O. B. Denver.	
Turkeys, 10 lbs. or over	45
Turkeys, 8 lbs. to 10 lbs.	40
Turkeys, 6 lbs. to 8 lbs.	35
Turkeys, 4 lbs. to 6 lbs.	30
Turkeys, 2 lbs. to 4 lbs.	25
Turkeys, 1 lb. to 2 lbs.	20
Turkeys, under 1 lb.	15
Geese	25
Roosters	20

Live Poultry.	
Turkeys, 10 lbs. or over	30
Hens, 8 lbs. to 10 lbs.	25
Ducklings	20
Geese	15
Broilers, 1920 crop	10
Cocks	5

Eggs.	
Eggs, strictly fresh, near	\$12.50@13.50
Count	12.50@13.50
Loss off, per doz.	1.40@1.47

Butter.	
Creamery, first grade	55
Creamery, second grade	50
Process Butter	45
Packing stock	40

Butter Fat.	
Direct	55
Station	50

Fruit.	
Apples, new, Colo. box	\$3.00@4.00
Cantaloupes, standard crts.	4.00@5.00
Cantaloupes, pony crts.	3.50@4.50
Pears, box	2.50@3.00
Watermelons	2.25@3.50

Vegetables.	
Asparagus, lb.	1.10@1.15
Beans, navy, cwt.	8.50@9.00
Beans, Pinto, cwt.	8.00@8.50
Beans, Lima, lb.	2.25@2.50
Beans, green, lb.	.90@.95
Beans, wax, lb.	.90@.95
Beets, Colo. doz. bunches	2.90@3.00
Beets, cwt.	3.00@3.50
Cabbage, Colo. cwt.	1.25@1.50
Carrots, cwt.	4.00@5.00
H. H. Cucumbers, doz.	60@70
Celery, Colo. doz.	30@40
Corn, Colorado, doz.	40@50
Leaf lettuce, h. b. doz.	40@50
Letts, head, doz.	3.00@3.50
Onions, Colo. cwt.	2.50@3.00
Green peas, lb.	1.00@1.20
Peppers, new	2.00@2.50
Radishes, long h. b. doz.	20@30
Radishes, round h. b. doz.	20@30
Rhubarb, lb.	.03@.04
Sprouts, cwt.	.90@1.00
Turnips, cwt.	5.00

HAY AND GRAIN.	
Buying prices (bulk) carloads, F. O. D. Denver:	
Corn, No. 2 yellow	\$2.00
Corn, No. 1 mixed	2.25
Oats, per cwt.	3.00
Barley, per cwt.	3.30

Hay.	
Timothy, No. 1, ton	\$19.00
Timothy, No. 2, ton	18.00
South Fork, No. 1, ton	20.00
South Fork, No. 2, ton	19.00
Alfalfa, ton	25.00
Second bottom, No. 1, ton	25.00
Second bottom, No. 2, ton	24.00
Straw	10.00

HIDES AND FELTS.	
Denver Price List.	
Dry Flint Hides.	
Butcher, 16 lbs. and up	22
Butcher, under 16 lbs.	20
Fallen, all weights	18
Bulls and stags	12
Culls	10
Dry Salt Hides, Etc.	
Wool pelts	15
Short wool pelts	10
Butcher shearings	5
No. 2 murrain shearings	5
Bulls, saddles and pieces of pelts	10
Green Salted Hides, Etc.	
Cured Hides, 25 lbs. up, No. 1	16
Cured Hides, 25 lbs. up, No. 2	15
Bulls, No. 1	14
Bulls, No. 2	13
Glues, hides and skins	10
Kip, No. 1	12
Kip, No. 2	11
Calf, No. 1	10
Calf, No. 2	9
Branded kip and calf, No. 1	11
Branded kip and calf, No. 2	10
Part cured hides, 25 lbs. or less than cured	10
Green hides, 25 lbs. or less than cured	10
Green Salted Horsehides.	
No. 1	15.00@15.50
No. 2	14.00@14.50
Headhides, 5 lbs. each	1.00@1.50
Ponies and glues	2.50@3.50

EASTERN LIVE STOCK.	
At Chicago.	
Chicago, Aug. 12.—Cattle—Receipts: 11,000; mostly generally steady; some early sales stronger; plain heavy steers lower; top, \$17.25; bulk good and choice, \$15.25@17.00; half fat grassers uneven; bulk grass, steady, \$9.50@14.75; good butcher cattle, \$12.50; cowboys and cutters, \$10.00@12.50; steady; medium cows, \$6.25@8.50; 200 lbs. lower; calves, 25@50 lower; choice vealers, \$15.00@15.25; few tops, \$15.50; stockmen steady.	
Hogs—Receipts: 19,000; opened steady to lower than yesterday's average; closed 10@12.50; higher than early; top, \$12.00; bulk light and butchers, \$14.75@15.50; bulk packing, \$13.50@14.50; 160 lbs. pigs, 25@30 lower; bulk, desirable hinds, \$11.00@11.50.	
Sheep—Receipts: 25,000; killing; uneven; uneven, 25@30 lower; 4 cars prime Idaho lambs, \$12.50; few native lambs, \$12.50; many around \$12.00; culls largely 7.50@9.00; fat ewes, \$7.75; feeders, slow.	

Chicago Cash Grain.	
Chicago, Aug. 12.—Wheat—No. 2 red, \$2.59.	
Corn—No. 2 mixed \$1.57@1.61 No. 2 yellow, \$1.60@1.65	
Oats—No. 2 white, 75@78 No. 4 white, 74@76	
Rye—No. 2, \$2.00@2.10	
Barley, 1.10@1.14	
Timothy, 26.00—25.00@11.00	
Hay, 26.00—25.00@11.00	
Produce—Normal	
Lard, 31@37	
Tallow, 13.75@15.25	

Chicago Dairy.	
Chicago, Aug. 12.—Butter—Firm. Creamery, 44@45	
Cheese—Steady. Receipts: 12,128 cases. Pats, 46@47.50; ordinary Pats, 41@42.50; at market, state included, 39@40.50; American Malted Milk, 18@18.50	
Butterfat—Active. Receipts: 27,622 lbs. 46@47	

Metal Market.	
Cash metal settlement prices	
Bar silver (United States) 95%	
Bar silver (foreign), 95%	
Zinc, 17.61	
Copper, 16c	
Lead, 8.50	

French Nurse Visits Former Patients



Madame Henri Raquin, who nursed for four years in the French base hospital and for one year in the American base hospital near Bois, has come to America to visit the boys she attended in her own country. Here are two of her patients at Walter Reed hospital, Washington, whom she never expected to see again when they left France, both double amputation cases. Corporal Adolphus McKennie, on the right, has two artificial legs which serve him well, but Lieut. Robert S. Fletcher has no stumps to which legs can be attached. Army surgeons are still wrestling with the problem of constructing a special basket for him.

Flyer With Summons Overhauls Fast Train

Denver, Colo.—Harry G. Saunders, attorney, chased a Union Pacific train in an airplane to serve a summons on J. D. Bird, who Saunders says, was feeling jurisdiction of the Denver courts.

Learning that Bird was to leave the state, he hurried to the Union station, but missed the train. In a friend's airplane he chased the train, speeding 120 miles an hour. They reached Hudson ahead of the train and served

Staple & Fancy Groceries Hardware of All Kinds

Wholesale and Retail
MAY BE HAD AT ALL TIMES
at
Patagonia's Up-to-Date Store
EVANS MERCANTILE CO

"A Penny Saved

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If you have not already started a savings account, begin now to prepare for the inevitable day when you are no longer a producer.

You will be surprised at the results, in a few years, after you have commenced systematically to save money for the "rainy day."

Our banking institution offers you the best protection for your savings.

The First National Bank of Nogales

Nogales, Arizona.

ASSETS OVER \$2,000,000.00

The old standby for---

Fresh Beef, Mutton, Pork and
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Patagonia Meat Market

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AMERICAN FURNITURE EXCHANGE

Buy and sell new and SECOND HAND furniture of all kinds.

Just compare our prices before buying elsewhere.

Out of town trade solicited and carefully attended to.

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The Greatest Windmill Improve-
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Samson has always represented Strength,
Quality and Service. Power, Increased
Efficiency, Less Expense.

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THE First State Bank of Patagonia

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accommodation consistent with
conservative banking.

Stimulate business conditions
by doing you banking business
at Home.

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Santa Cruz Patagonian

H. R. SISK, Publisher
R. B. EDGELL, Editor

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One Year.....\$2.00
Six Months.....1.50
Three Months.....1.00

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nia, Ariz., as second-class mail matter.

EDITORIAL

If people would get rid of their suspicions and their cussedness and go to work and determine to produce to the maximum some of our most serious problems would disappear. One reason the profiteers have had such a cinch is because the supply of everything has been limited.—Palestine (Tex.) Herald.

The producers have produced right well this year. The crops now coming on are said to be good, all over the country. Some factories are shutting down for lack of orders, they say. If true, this means that manufacturers, at least in some lines, have reached the saturation stage. The profiteers are still busy in some lines, but their big days are past. For awhile the American people bought recklessly and in defiance of all the rules of personal economy. But they have sobered up and settled down. They have ceased to be hysterical with their money.

As if to heighten the morale of the man who has grown despondent trying to figure how he might make his last year's suit look as good as new, official word comes from Washington to the effect that experts are to give serious consideration to the possibility of introducing and popularizing paper suits in this country. It is said—and we want to put particular emphasis upon that qualifying clause—that paper suits are proving successful in Germany and Austria, and it is expected that they will go like hot cakes in this country. The most attractive things about them is that they may be retailed at sixty cents each. We imagine, however, they would be easily punctured, especially if worn by a stout man.

There are certainly some great principals in human nature as well as government, which seem never to change. Away back in 1770 Edmund Burke observed this one: "To complain of the age we live in, to murmur at the present possessions of power, to lament the past, to conceive extravagant hopes of the future, are the common dispositions of the greatest part of mankind."

One of our valued exchanges, commenting upon the speed maniacs traveling up and down the country, says: "The speeders continue to hit it up in this town. And some people evidently do not know there are any traffic rules or laws. A good angel presides, for, as miraculous, as it may seem, nobody has been killed up to this good time."

Mr. McFarland of the Tennessee Senate is polite, but frank. He introduced a resolution requesting all men and women from outside the State who were there in the interest of suffrage or against it "please to go away and leave us alone, as we, feeling capable of fighting our own fight, would prefer your room to your company."

We sometimes wonder if only bad men run for office since about all of the candidates are painted black by their political opponents.

Our idea of a good fellow is one that will be still when he differs from us in politics.

CONFESSED KILLING HUSBAND THROUGH JEALOUSY



Mrs. Alexandra Sokolowsky, who in an alleged confession to the New York police, admitted that she poured acid over her husband's face as he slept, causing his death, though she only meant to disfigure him, so the "other

State Briefs

HAYDEN—Pending construction of 100-ton concentrating plant, Magna Chief ships 50 tons ore daily to smelter.

MIAMI loses five buildings by fire. NOGALES is building at rate of \$50,000 per month.

JEROME—Development of Verde Bonanza begins on large scale.

PHOENIX — The range conditions throughout state show improvement.

SAFFORD to start construction of new postoffice building at once. Safford theatre closed for complete remodeling.

CASA GRANDE—Proposed new hotel completely financed by local men.

YUMA—Necessary acreage for proposed oil test well being rapidly signed up.

MESA—W. F. Openshaw realizes net profit of \$2,600 from 8 acre grape crop.

PHOENIX to get aerial passenger service to Tucson next spring.

YUMA—Experts pronounce valley cotton crop one of best in United States.

BRAWLEY—Imperial Oil & Dev. Co. reporting good showings in test well.

NOGALES—Recent rains add 1000 percent to county pasture areas.

DOUGLAS—Douglas-Bisbee highway completed to be opened to public Aug. 16th.

MIAMI—Construction of highway to old Dan Williamson camp planned.

PRESCOTT—Bannie mine in Walker district shipping high grade ore.

PHOENIX—Union Auto Transportation Co. establishes stage line to Florence.

FLAGSTAFF—One carload of baby fish to be planted in state lakes and streams.

CHANDLER—Rebuilding of Brooks service station under way.

SAFFORD—County fruit growers to organize to promote industry.

TUCSON—Bids for construction of 2 more sections of Tucson-Ajo highway advertised.

YUMA—Federal aid for construction of highway to Welton approved.

AJO—New Cornelia No. 1 well completed, pumping 1,000,000 gallons daily.

CASA GRANDE—W. E. Balcom installing 50 h. p. pumping plant.

PHOENIX—State engineer estimates cost of Apache Trail between \$1,000,000 and \$1,500,000.

TUCSON—Construction of Randolph railroad again being advocated, cost estimated \$15,000,000.

WILCOX—Grand Reef mine reported taken over by American Lead & Zinc interests.

PHOENIX—Combined resources of state and national Arizona banks total \$100,000,000.

JEROME citizens complain of miserable mail service.

FRUGAL WIFE BEATEN WHEN SHE REFUSES TO SELL RANCH

PHOENIX, Aug. 17—Because she wouldn't sell her ranch so he could use the money to get back to Mexico, her husband beat her with a harness strap, Mrs. Pedro Silvas told sheriff's deputies. Both of her arms bore black and blue welts.

Mrs. Silvas, who acquired a little ranch at Tolleson through 15 years hard work as a ranch cook, said she married Silvas after she had taken care of him for a year on a big cattle ranch.

She "fell" for his tale of gratitude and promises that she wouldn't have to work any more, she said.

Since Obregon has gained the ascendancy in Mexico, Pedro has been troubled by a yearning to return there and wanted the money from the ranch, she said to pay his way.

This is the second time that Pedro has tried whipping her, she declared. Once she forgave him. Now she's going to get a divorce.

MADDOCK ANNOUNCEMENT START SOMETHING AMONG G. O. P. CANDIDATES

PHOENIX, Aug. 17—Announcement of Tom Maddock, state engineer, as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the United States senate is regarded in political circles, particularly Republican circles, as the latest move on the part of the Republican "Big Four" to assert their leadership and serve notice upon all others that they must be consulted in the matter of seeking for office in Arizona.

The Maddock candidacy, it is stated, will be regarded with particular hostility by the friends of Elias Clarke, of Prescott, who has been an announced candidate for some time, and will be looked upon with even less favor by Ralph Cameron, who was first in the field.

Bear Brand hosiery for boys and girls. Washington Trading Co.—Adv.

woman" would cease to love him. Her husband, Frank Sokolowsky, widely known organizer in the American Federation of Labor, was found dead in his home in New Haven, Conn., on the morning of June 26. Mrs. Sokolowsky was arrested in New York after having been a fugitive from justice for more than a month.

Lard In Campbell's Motor Makes Hurry-Up Lubricant

PHOENIX, Ariz., Aug. 17—An automobile will run with lard as a lubricant, but the resulting odor, as of frying bacon, would be tantalizing to a hungry person, according to Governor Thomas E. Campbell.

Fording a creek in northern Arizona the governor's car stalled in fine sand. When pulled out by cowboys, it had sand all through the machinery. That was taken apart and cleaned, but the oil also had sand in it and straining the oil was impracticable.

No other supply was at hand. It was 40 miles to the first place where oil could be obtained. Lard was seized as an expedient. A can of it was melted and poured into the oil cups. It worked, the governor said, though the car was driven slowly and carefully to the next oil station.

BIG ALFALFA YIELD

CHANDLER, Aug. 17—One of the best agricultural records of this season, according to local authorities, has been reported by the Chandler Improvement Co., one of whose fields, comprising 26 acres, was said to have yielded 2.16 tons per acre of alfalfa at a single cutting. With hay quoted here at nearly \$30 a ton, the cutting was estimated worth \$1,500 or about \$60 an acre. Farmers here expect four to six cuttings a year.



THAT GOOD FEELING

is in our bottles of soda ginger ale, sarsaparilla, root beer and other carbonated drinks. Order us to send you a box or so today. You will find them good to drink your own and other people's health. For they are healthy as well as decidedly delicious beverages.

PENDERGRASS' AMUSEMENT PARLOR

PATAGONIA WOOD YARD

4 foot wood, \$7 per cord.
1 cord cut for heating stove \$3.00
1 cord cut for cook stove \$10.00
Transfer Service in Connection

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Proprietor

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. 75c.

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guarantee you more
miles for less money
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We Carry

Hardware,

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Implements.

We Want Your Patronage

We Will Treat You Right.

GEO. B. MARSH, INC.

Nogales, Arizona

Patagonia Ice and Electric Plant

Owing to the rapid advance in the cost of living the price of ice will on August first be raised to one and a quarter cents per pound.

All orders for ice from out of town communities will be shipped promptly.

We do all kinds of electrical work, such as wiring new buildings, and keep in stock all kinds of electrical appliances, globes, etc. Will do any kind of repair work. Turn all your troubles of this kind over to us.

PATAGONIA ICE AND ELECTRIC PLANT

Patagonia, Arizona

MR. MOTORIST!

WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT CORD TIRES?

Do you know that "FEDERAL" Cord Tires ride easier, coast further, last longer, and save more gasoline than any other cord tire on the market today?

If you do not know these things write or call on us and be convinced.

Roy & Titcomb,

(Incorporated)

Automobile Accessory Department
NOGALES, ARIZONA

"IF IT'S A FEDERAL IT'S RIGHT."

ORES BOUGHT

Prospectors and Miners may find it advantageous to dispose of small lots of High Grade or Shipping Ore in Nogales, Arizona, or Sonora to

HUGO W. MILLER
Assayer and Chemist

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NOGALES, ARIZ.

SHOES

This store has one of the largest assortments and varieties in the entire county. Shoes of all sizes and for all purposes whether it be for a dress ball or for work. Good serviceable, common-sense and low price shoes can be found here.

WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND

**Edmond's Foot Fitter at
\$11 per pair**

WE ALSO RECOMMEND

**B and H Work Shoes
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KINDLY GIVE US A CALL AND LET
US SHOW YOU OUR LARGE LINE.

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Commercial Co.**
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

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Patagonia - Arizona

KEEP AN EYE ON PATAGONIA— THE PROPER PLACE TO INVEST

Patagonia is situated in the center of a great mining district. The townsite is a beautiful one, located in the valley between the Santa Rita and Patagonia Mountains at an elevation of over 4000 feet. The town has a fine school building, three hotels, six stores, etc. The climate can not be surpassed; there is good water in abundance, and splendid roads lead from Patagonia to all parts of the county.

A fine tract of land has just been laid out in town lots adjoining the

Patagonia townsite on the east. This new tract has been named East Side Addition and fine lots in this section of the town are for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Terms, one-third cash, one-third in six months and one-third in 12 months. When last payment is made a deed will be given.

Another tract of land situated along the Harshaw road has been laid off, called Linder Addition, which is for sale in acre, five acre and 10-acre lots at attractive prices.

For Further Particulars Address:

R. R. Richardson, Patagonia, Santa Cruz County, Arizona

One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home appointment for the traveling public is the

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby.
Dining Room in connection

IF YOUR CAR NEEDS ANYTHING

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**AMERICAN
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CHEVROLETS FOR SALE

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Patagonia

Arizona

Sinn Fein Rioting Renews At Belfast, Ireland, With British Troops and Guns Patrolling Streets of City



Half of Ireland has been placed under martial law as the Irish crisis reaches a condition rapidly growing worse, according to cable dispatches.

Rioting was renewed yesterday at Belfast and a number killed. The rioters used stones, firearms being absent. The above photograph, which has just reached the U. S., shows British

troops enforcing law in the turbulent Emerald Isle.

The firm hand of government, Lloyd George announces, will be used to see that order is maintained and that troops patrolling the streets of Belfast with fingers on the triggers of their guns. The British government is pre-

pared to enforce law in the turbulent Emerald Isle.

der and pillage do not devastate the beautiful land of Erin.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION (028181)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, August 5, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Samuel E. Hunter, of Canille, Arizona, who, on August 30, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 028181, for H. E. S. 289 (H. E. 028181) a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at Corner No. 1 from whence the common corner to Sections 12, 13, 18 and 7, T. 22 S., R. 18 E., 19 E., bears N. 0 deg. 04' W., 25.03 chains; thence East 7.56 chains to Corner No. 2; thence S. 0 deg. 44' E., 25.71 chains to Corner No. 3; thence N. 89 deg. 55' E., 10.01 chains to Corner No. 4; thence S. 0 deg. 22' W., 9.34 chains to Corner No. 5; thence West 18.06 chains to Corner No. 6; thence N. 0 deg. 04' W., 35.93 chains to Corner No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 37.50 Acres in Section 18, unsurveyed T. 22 S., R. 19 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., Arizona, Coronado National

MORE FUNDS FOR FARM AGENT IN SANTA CRUZ

TUCSON, Aug. 14—W. M. Cook, director of the agricultural service, is back from a three-day trip in Santa Cruz county where he conferred with county officials regarding the plans for the coming year.

One county agent is at present serving both Santa Cruz and Pima counties. Santa Cruz wants to have a separate agent, and \$1000 was voted for this purpose. The sum is inadequate as it takes \$3000 to keep a county agent in the field.

Navajo saddle blankets, sold by the pound, cut any desired length. Washington Trading Co.—Adv.

Forest, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 20th day of September, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: William E. Bower, Arthur B. Anderson, Harvey G. Mowry, Edward C. Bartell, all of Canille, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL,
Register.

First pub 8-20-20

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION (032596)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, August 5, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that John A. Jones, of Parker Canyon, Arizona, who, on February 23, 1917, made Homestead Entry, No. 032596, for H. E. S. 535 (032596) for a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at Corner No. 1, from whence U. S. L. M. No. 535 H. E. S. bears N. 11 deg. 40' W., 42.15 chains; thence S. 71 deg. 13' E., 10.09 chains to Corner No. 2; thence S. 21 deg. 22' W., 58.03 chains to Corner No. 3; thence N. 71 deg. 13' W., 10.09 chains to Corner No. 4; thence N. 21 deg. 22' E., 58.03 chains to Corner No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 58.48 Acres in Sections 28 and 29 unsurveyed T. 23 S., R. 19 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., Arizona, Coronado National Forest, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 20th day of September, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: David Jones, Nick A. Bercech, William B. Lewis, Lee Parker, all of Parker Canyon, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL,
Register.

First pub 8-20-20

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, August 5, 1920. (035229)

Notice is hereby given that Ada M. Ricketts, Guardian of John D. Ricketts and Leo Ricketts, minor heirs of John Thomas Ricketts, deceased, who, as John Thomas, on May 29, 1917, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 035229, for lots 1 and 2, NE¼NW¼, NW¼NE¼, Section 19, T. 22 S., R.

26 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., Arizona, has sold the land under the provisions of Section 2292, Revised Statutes, and requests that patent issue in the name of the purchaser, James A. Walker.

Any person desiring to protest against the issuance of said patent should file protest with the Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, on or before September 18, 1920.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL,
Register.

First pub 8-13-20

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION (047764)

U. S. Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, July 17, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Albert W. Austin, of Tempe, Arizona, has made Homestead Application 047764 under the provisions of the act of April 24, 1904, for the S¼NW¼ Section 27, T. 19 S., R. 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & M.

Any person claiming the land applied for adversely to applicant, or desiring to show its mineral character, will file his objections to this application with the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Phoenix, Arizona, not later than August 24, 1920, establishing his interest in the said land, or showing the mineral character thereof.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL,
Register.

First pub 7-23
Last pub 8-20

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION (031935)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, July 24, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that William J. Fling, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on September 15, 1919, made Homestead Entry, No. 031935, for NW¼, Sec. 15, S¼SW¼, Sec. 10, E¼SW¼, Section 9, Township 20 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 1st day of September, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: Clarence Beatty, Alvin M. Benjamin, Michael T. Lavell, all 3 of Elgin, Arizona; Ben K. Wilson, of Canille, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL,
Register.

First pub 7-30
Last pub 8-27

Notice to Subscribers!

Subscription Rates of THE PATAGONIAN Must be Raised to Meet Rising Costs of Materials.

THE PATAGONIAN has refused for some time to advance its subscription rates although prices of various materials necessary for the production of a newspaper have advanced as much as 300%. We have held on to our old rate of \$2.00 per year until we are compelled to make an advance.

On And After September 1st. 1920 the Subscription Rate of "THE PATAGONIAN" Will Be

\$3.00

---PER YEAR---

THIS GIVES EVERY SUBSCRIBER to this newspaper an opportunity of renewing their subscription at the old rate of \$2.00 per year, providing their subscription reaches this office before September 1st.

THE PATAGONIAN is issuing a larger and better newspaper than ever before. We have many surprises in store for the present year. News of all sections of the county is printed weekly and every effort is being made to give reliable, newsy information of the Mining and Agricultural development of Patagonia and environs.

SEND US YOUR CHECK now for a subscription to The Patagonian. Don't stop at one year but make it more. Remember the present rate is only \$2.00 per year. After September 1st it will be \$3.00. This is a chance for both old and new subscribers alike.

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

—Stands for Progression of Santa Cruz County—

BIG JEROME COPPER STRIKE

JEROME, Aug. 17—A copper strike is reported in a mine two miles south of here where a tunnel at the 500-foot level is said to penetrate a large body of high grade chalcophyllite.

It is thought in Jerome mining circles that the surrounding district has opened the long sought third mine.

D. B. Pierce, cashier of the First State Bank, made a business trip to Nogales Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Keaton of San Rafael Valley were shopping in Patagonia Monday.

A. L. Kinsley of San Rafael Valley was here on business Monday and reported several heavy rains during the past week which, he said, will insure good crops. Mr. Kinsley put in about 235 acres this year all of which is looking fine and will undoubtedly make an abundant yield.

DEAD MAN'S CLUB IS LIVE ORGANIZATION

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 19—The formation of a "Dead Man's club" out of 2,000 ex-service men who, while living, are officially listed as killed in action is a probability, it was learned at national headquarters of the American legion. William Wart of Akron, O., one of the "casualties," who was gassed and left on the field in Picardy suggested the formation of the organization.



CROOKED TRAILS AND STRAIGHT

William MacLeod Raine
COPYRIGHT, BY G.W. DILLINGHAM COMPANY

"DROP THAT GUN!"

Synopsis.—Adventurous and reckless, rather than criminal, and excited by liquor, Curly Flantrum and his chum, Mac, both practically mere boys, become involved in a horse-stealing adventure. Disposing of the stolen stock in the town of Baguache, Ariz., the band separates. Curly and his partner stay in town. They are awakened and told a posse is in town in pursuit of them. They flee their pursuers. Overtaken next day, Mac is killed by the posse and Curly taken captive, after he has shot one and himself been wounded. The man shot is Luck Cullison, a former fighting sheriff. Cullison's friends, all cattlemen, determine to lynch Curly as an example to cattle thieves. With the rope around his neck he is saved by the intervention of Kate Cullison, Luck's daughter. His wound dressed, and further violence not apprehended, Curly is sent for by Cullison. He questions the boy concerning a notorious outlaw, Soapy Stone, real leader of the rustlers who had been Curly's undoing. Flantrum learns that Soapy Stone is Cullison's bitter enemy and executed a beautiful influence over the ex-sheriff's son Sam, who has quarreled with his father. Cullison goes bail for Curly. Curly rescues Soapy Stone from a bear trap. At the London ranch he discovers that the outlaw is Sam Cullison's rival for Laura London's hand. She gives Curly a note to deliver to Sam, and Flantrum and Stone set out for the latter's ranch. There Curly meets his companions of the rustling expedition. Young Cullison believes Stone is his friend and says he will stick by him. Flantrum sees some move is being planned and becomes convinced it is train robbery. Sam leaves the ranch for Baguache. Curly accompanies him.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

Flantrum paid for and pocketed the ticket he did not intend to use. He had found out what he wanted to know. The express did not stop at Tin Cup. Why, then, had Soapy marked the time of its arrival there? He was beginning to guess the reason. But he would have to do more than guess.

Flantrum sauntered back to the hotel on the lookout for Sam. He was not there, but waiting for him was a boy with a note for the gentleman in No. 311.

"Kid looking for you," the clerk called to the cow-puncher.

"Are you Mr. Soapy Stone's friend, the one just down from Dead Cow creek?" asked the boy.

Curly nodded and took the note. This was what he wanted.

"Sam, come to Chalkey's place soon as you get this. There we will talk over the business."

"YOU KNOW WHO."

Though he did not know who, Curly thought he could give a pretty good guess both as to the author and the business that needed talking over.

Through the open door of the hotel he saw Sam approaching. Quickly he sealed the flap of the envelope again.

"A letter for you, Sam."

Cullison tore open the envelope and read the note.

"A friend of mine has come to town and wants to see me," he explained.

To help out his bluff, Curly sprang the feeble-minded jest on him. "Blonde or brunette?"

"I'm no lady's man," Sam protested, content to let the other follow a wrong scent.

"Sure not. It never is a lady," Flantrum called after him as he departed.

But Sam had no more than turned the corner before Curly was out of a side door and cutting through an alley toward Chalkey's place. Reaching the back door of the saloon, he opened it a few inches and peered in. A minute later Sam opened the front screen and asked a question of the man in the apron. The bartender gave a jerk of his thumb. Sam walked toward the rear and turned in at the second private booth.

Curly slipped forward quietly, and passed unobserved into the third stall. The wall which divided one room from another was of pine boarding and did not reach the ceiling. Flattened against the wall, his attention strained to the utmost, Curly began to catch words and phrases of the low-voiced speakers in the next compartment. His position was perilous in the extreme, but he would not leave now until he had found out what he wanted to know.

CHAPTER VI.

Evening-dropping.

Out of the murmur of voices came one that Curly recognized as that of Soapy Stone, alias You Know Who. " . . . then you'll take the 9:37, Sam."

After more whispering, "Yep, soon as you hear the first shot . . . cover the passengers."

The listener lost what followed. Once he thought he heard the name Tin Cup, but he could not be sure. Presently another fragment drifted to him. " . . . make our getaway and catch the plunder."

The phonograph lifted up its voice. This time it was "I Love a Lassie." Before the song was finished there came the sound of shuffling feet. One of the men in the next stall was leaving. Curly could not tell which one, nor did he dare look over the top of the partition to find out. He was playing safe. This adventure had caught him so unexpectedly that he had not found time to run back to his

room for his six-gun. What would happen to him if he were caught listening was not a matter of doubt. Soapy would pump lead into him till he quit kicking, slap a saddle on a broncho and light out for the Sonora line.

As the phonograph finished unexpectedly—some one had evidently interrupted the record—the fragment of a sentence seemed to jump at Curly. " . . . so the kid will get his in the row."

It was the voice of Soapy, raised slightly to make itself heard above the music.

"Take care," another voice replied, and Flantrum would have sworn that this belonged to Blackwell.

Stone, who had been sitting on the other side of the table, moved close to the paroled convict. Between him and Curly there was only the thickness of a plank.

" . . . don't let it," Blackwell was objecting sullenly.

"Makes it safe for us. Besides," Stone's voice grated like steel rasping steel, every word distinct though very low—"I swore to pay off Luck Cullison, and by G— I'm going to do it."

Again they fell to whispers. The next word that came to Curly clearly was his own name.

"Luck Cullison went his bail. I learned it this morning."

"The son-of-a-gun. It's a cinch he's a spy. Reckon he knows anything?"

"No. Can't."

"If I thought he did—"

"Keep your shirt on, Lute. He don't know a thing. And you got revenge on him all right. Sam will run with him and his friends while he's here. Consequence is, when they find the kid where we leave him they'll sure guess Curly for one of his partners. Tell you his ticket is good as bought to Yuma. He's a horse thief. Why shouldn't he be a train robber, too? That's how a jury will argue."

Once more the voices ran together indistinctly. It was not till Blackwell suggested that they go and get a drink that Curly understood anything more of what was being said.

The outlaws passed out of the little room and strolled forward to the bar. Curly had heard more than he had expected to. Moreover, as he congratulated himself, his luck had stood up fine. Nobody in the saloon territory felt happier than he did that minute when he struck the good fresh air of the alley and knew that he had won through his hazardous adventure alive.

The first thing that Flantrum did was to walk toward the outskirts of the town, where he could think it out by himself. Before he reached Arroyo street Curly came plump against his old range-mate, Slats Davis. Flantrum caught him by the arm. "Hello, Slats. You're the man I want."

"I'm pretty busy today," Davis answered stiffly.

"Forget it. This is more important."

"Well?"

"Come along and take a walk. I got something to tell you."

Reluctantly Davis fell in beside him. "All right. Cut it short. I've got to see a man."

"He'll have to wait," Curly could not help chuckling to himself at the evident embarrassment of the other. The impish impulse to "devil" him had its way. "You're a man of experience, Slats. Ever hold up a train? Some of my friends are aiming to hold up one shortly. If you'd like to get in I'll say a good word for you."

Davis threw him a look that dripped like ice water. "I expect you and me are traveling different trails these days, Curly. You don't mean it, of course, but the point is I'm not going to joke with you along that line. Understand?"

"Wrong guess, old boss. I do mean it."

Davis stopped in his tracks. "Then you're said too much to me. We'll part right here. When you choose Soapy Stone's crowd to run with that cuts out me and other decent folks. If they have sent you here to get me mixed up in their deviltry you go back and tell them there's nothing doing."

"Won't have a thing to do with them. Is that it?"

"Not till the call comes for citizens to get together and run them out of the country. Or to put them behind bars. Or to string them to a cottonwood. Then I'll be on the job."

He stood there quiet and easy, the look in his steady eyes piercing Curly's ironical smile as a summer sun does mackerel clouds in a clear sky. Not many men would have had the courage to send that message to Soapy and his outfit. For Stone was not only a man-killer, but a mean one, at that.

Curly sloughed his foolishness and came to the point. "You're on, Slats. I'm making that call to you now."

Surprise, doubt, wonder, relief filled in turn the face of the other man.

"I'm listening, Curly."

His friend told him the whole story from the beginning, just as he had been used to do in the old days, and Davis heard it without a word, taking the tale in quietly with a grim look settling on his face.

"So he aims to play traitor to young Cullison?"

"He means to shut Sam's mouth for good and all. That is what he has been playing for from the start, to get even with Luck. He and his gang will get away with the haul and they will

leave Sam dead on the scene of the holdup. There will be some shooting, and it will be figured the boy was hit by one of the train crew. Nothing could be easier. He aims to put me on the stand and prove by me that Sam and he had a quarrel and parted company mighty sore at each other hardly a week before the holdup. He'll have an alibi, too, to show he couldn't have been in it. See how slick his scheme is? At one flip of the cards he kills the kid and damns his reputation. He scores Cullison and he snuffs out Sam, who has had the luck to win the girl Soapy fancies. The boy gets his and the girl is shown she can't love another man than Stone."

"You've got it about right," Slats admitted. "How about warning Luck?"

"The point is, would he be willing to wait and let Soapy play his hand out till we called?"

"You would have to guarantee his boy would be safe meanwhile."

"Two of us would have to watch him day and night without Sam knowing it."

"Count me in."

"There where we hit heavy traveling, Slats. For we don't know when the thing is going to be pulled off."

"We'll have to be ready. That's all."

"Happen to know whether Dick Maloney is here for the show?"

"Saw him this morning. Luck is here too, him and his girl."

"Good. We've got to have a talk with them, and it has to be on the spot. You go back to town and find Dick. Tell him to meet us at the Del Mar, where Luck always puts up. Find out the number of Cullison's room and make an appointment. I'll be on El Molino street all morning off and on. When you find out pass me without stopping, but tell me when we're to meet and just where."

Curly gave Slats a quarter of an hour before sauntering back to town. As he was passing the Silver Dollar saloon a voice called him. Stone and Blackwell were standing in the door. Flantrum stopped.

Soapy's deep-set eyes blazed at him. "You didn't tell me it was Luck Cullison went bail for you, Curly. So you and him are thick, are you?"

"I've met him once, if that's being thick. That time I shot him up."

"Funny. And then he went bail for you?"

"Yes."

"Now, I wonder why."

The eyes of the man had narrowed to red slits. His head had shot forward on his shoulders as that of a snake does. Curly would have given a good deal just then for the revolver lying on the bed of his room. For it was plain trouble was in sight. The desperado had been drinking heavily and was ready to do murder.

"That's easy to explain, Soapy. I shot him because I was driven to it. He's too much of a man to bear a grudge for what I couldn't help."

"You're a liar. He did it because you promised to sneak up to my ranch and spy on us. That's why he did it."

With the last word his gun jumped into sight. That he was lashing himself into a fury was plain. Presently his rage would end in a tragedy.

Given a chance, Curly would have run for it. But Soapy was a dead shot. Of a sudden the anger in the boy

curled up and he stood there, his head bowed, his hands clenched, his teeth set in a grimace.

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explaining I'm going to. And I'll not have town either. If Soapy wants me he'll sure find me."

"Don't be foolish, kid. He has got four notches on that gun of his. And he's a dead shot."

The tongues of those about him galloped. But Curly was excited, pleased with himself because he had stood up to the bossy man of the Southwest and too full of strength to be afraid.

Maloney came into the barber shop and grinned at him. "I hear you and Soapy are figuring on setting off some fireworks this Fourth."

It did Curly good to see him standing there so easy and deliberate among the excitable town people.

"Soapy is doing the talking."

"I heard him; happened to be at the Silver Dollar when they dragged him in."

Maloney's eyebrows moved the least bit. His friend understood. Together they passed out of the back door of the shop into an alley. The others stood back and let them go.

Back to the hotel the two ran. When Curly buckled on his revolver and felt it resting comfortably against his thigh he felt a good deal better.

"I've seen Slats Davis," Maloney explained. "He has gone to find Luck, who is now at the Del Mar."

"Had any talk with Slats?"

"No. He said you'd do the talking."

"I'm to wait for him on El Molino street to learn where I'm to meet Cullison."

"That won't do. You'd make too tempting a target. I'll meet him instead."

That suited Curly. He was not hunting trouble just now, even though he would not run away from it. For he had serious business on hand that could not take care of itself if Soapy should kill him.

Nearly an hour later Maloney appeared again.

"We're to go right over to the Del Mar. Second floor, room 217. You are to go down El Molino to Main, then follow it to the hotel, keeping on the right hand side of the street."

Slats will happen along the other side of the street and will keep abreast of you. Luck will walk behind you. Unless I yell your name don't pay any attention to what is behind you. Soon as we reach the hotel Slats will cross the road and go in by the side door. You will follow him a few steps behind, and we'll bring up the rear casually as if we hadn't a thing to do with you."

They moved down the street as arranged. Every time a door opened in front of him, every time a man came out of a store or a saloon, Curly was ready for that lightning lift of the arm followed by a puff of smoke. The news of his coming passed ahead of him, so that windows were crowded with spectators. These were doomed to disappointment. Nothing happened. The procession left behind it the Silver Dollar, the Last Chance, Chalkey's Place and Pete's Palace.

Reaching the hotel first, Davis disappeared according to program into the side door. Curly followed, walked directly up the stairs, along the corridor, and passed without knocking into room 217.

A young woman was sitting there engaged with some fancy work. Slender and straight, Kate Cullison rose and gave Curly her hand. For about two heartbeats her fingers lay cuddled in his big fist. A strange stifling emotion took his breath.

Then her arm fell to her side and she was speaking to him.

"Dad has gone to meet you. We've heard about what happened this morning."

Her father and Maloney entered the room. Cullison wrung his hand.

Curly calls Stone's bluff.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

WHEN DADDY MINDS BABY

Sometimes His Work Is Better Than Mother's, Is the Opinion of an English Writer.

Many a father is far more competent to look after a baby than the mother. He simply looks at it and the baby smiles.

First aid is often necessary in the case of babies. They do a silly thing and then kick up a row because they've done it. Suppose baby has swallowed a thimble? Mother is distracted. She rushes about shrieking and saying she knows the baby will die. What does father do? He remains quite calm. With his strong right hand he seizes the baby's feet and holds it upside down. "Now, dear," he says to his wife, "watch what comes up." He ought to have said "comes down," but let that pass. She does, and then suddenly she discovers the thimble—on her finger. It was the only place she hadn't searched!

Mothers are not to be trusted, remarks a writer in London Answers. They mean well, but they are far too imaginative. They watch the baby too closely. Nobody likes being watched. They watch his little gums so hard that the first tooth gets nervous and is afraid to come out.

If the tooth doesn't come through exactly when they expect it, they take baby to the doctor.

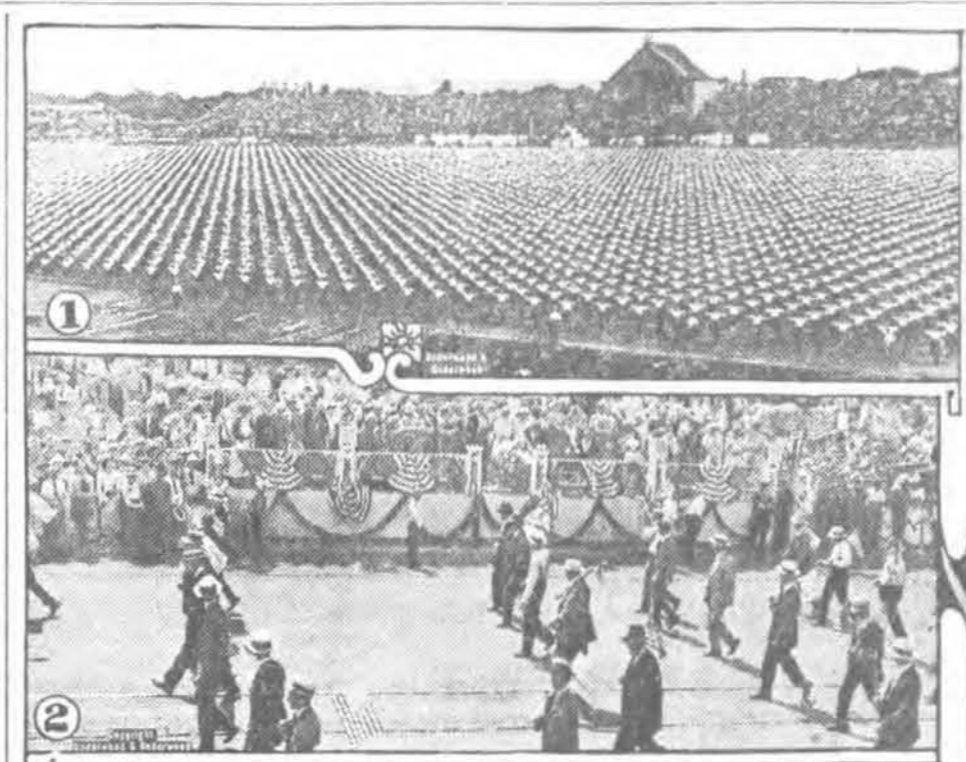
Then there is the question of language. The words some babies pick up from their mothers are truly terrible. Those stupid words mothers truly love when talking to baby—"Idleness, idleness"—totally empty—zoo-logoo-goo-goo. That sort of thing is bad for baby. He does not grow up with a proper respect for words.

Fathers never offend in that way. They talk to the baby as man to man instead of as idiot to idiot. Certainly your baby may turn out to be an idiot later on. But why advertise the fact to the world so early?

Fat Slippers.

Many skins are used for shoes. We hear, however, that human skins are reserved for slippers.—London Illustrated.

Apparatus for winding clocks with air pressure obtained when doors are opened and closed has been invented by a Frenchman.



1—Thousands of Czecho-Slovak women taking part in the annual skol at Prague. 2—Parade in Dayton, O., in honor of Governor Cox, Democratic presidential nominee. 3—Col. John G. Isbell, formerly a captain in the American army, now chief of the tank corps of the Lithuanian army.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Russians Overrun Poland While the Allies Seek to Devise Ways to Stop Them.

ENEMY CLOSE TO WARSAW

League of Nations Council Adopts Basic Plans—Railways Seized—With Rate Increases—Communist Labor Party Leaders Convicted in Sweden.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Suspicious that the soviet Russians were not acting in good faith when they offered to negotiate an armistice with the Poles were well founded. No sooner had the Poles reached the place of meeting than the Russians broke off the negotiations and demanded that another discussion be opened at Minsk. All the time their armies continued the fierce attack designed to cut off the Danzig corridor and to capture Warsaw. At this writing the soviet part of that program has been temporarily checked by Polish successes, but the latter part is about to be carried out. With the red army within a few miles of Warsaw, the civilian inhabitants of that city were in flight and the government was preparing to move to Cracow. The Russians had captured the great fortress of Brest-Litovsk and had crossed the Bug river northwest of that place, advancing in echelon in such a way as to force the Poles to evacuate the strong fort west of Brest-Litovsk and eventually to drive them out of Warsaw if success did not come. Further north, soviet troops that had crossed the Narew river were defeated, and in the south, where they threatened Lemberg, they were being held and even pushed back in some places.

Since it was agreed that only outside aid could save Poland from being crushed by the bolsheviks, the main question was the source and nature of that aid. Premier Lloyd George, placed in a most uncomfortable position, was said to have called Krassin and Kamenev, the soviet representatives, to conference and to have demanded that the advance into Poland be immediately and unconditionally stopped, even before the signing of an armistice, or else Great Britain would declare war. If this was the determination, it was reached despite the views of a considerable part of his cabinet, including himself, that peace with Russia must be forced by economic rather than military measures. Others of the ministers, led by Winston Churchill, were said to favor unrelenting warfare on the bolsheviks and the extension of unlimited aid to Poland. There was a rumor in London that the allies had determined to send six divisions to Poland, presumably some of the occupational forces from Germany. Also, the members of the supreme council of allied ambassadors were hurriedly called from their vacations to meet in Paris.

The reply of Moscow to Lloyd George, according to the London Times, was a refusal to halt the bolshevik advance on the ground that the army had been promised the loot of Warsaw. The Russians said they were prepared to offer Poland complete independence and wider boundaries, but that they insisted on a separate peace with the Poles.

The allies realize that in sending an army to the rescue of the Poles they may be compelled to violate the neutrality which Germany has proclaimed, and the sincerity of Berlin is so questionable that this may be done without much compunction. A sinister aspect is given the stand of the Germans by the report that before the Polish offensive began they made a secret treaty with the Moscow government. The treaty, it is asserted, contained the following provisions:

Russia, without interference from Germany, would be allowed to appropriate all of Poland's arms, munitions, rolling stock and foodstuffs.

After the conquest of Poland per-

OUR FEATURE SECTION

Department Devoted to Attractive Magazine Material

Rann-dom Reels

By HOWARD L. RANN

BREAD PUDDING

BREAD pudding is a conscientious effort on the part of a thoughtful but well-meaning housewife to economize at the expense of the human stomach.

For at least one hundred years in rapid succession woman has been making bread pudding and man has been eating it. It has been observed that women who manufacture bread pudding never get enough of it to founder anybody. Love and devotion can reach no greater heights than when a bright, new husband, unused to life's ways, partakes of this dish and retains enough courage to kiss his wife good-by at the door. Some of

most tense moments in married life is when a well-muscled bride of a week places a sector of bread pudding before the man she swore to cherish and protect, and watches him edge away from the table with a crestfallen look.

This culinary misdemeanor is made chiefly of bread which has died of old age and general exhaustion. After a loaf of baker's bread has been put in the cake bin by mistake and allowed to remain there until two strong men couldn't slice it with a cross-cut saw, it can always be saved by hammering it into the form of a pudding. After surrounding it with a dollar's worth of sugar and two pounds of butter it becomes able to stand alone and it's out its chest. True, the law does not compel married men to eat it, but it is cheaper to do so and avoid court costs.

In some homes bread pudding is served twice a week, on stated days, and it will be noticed that on those days the restaurants and cafeterias are crowded with apprehensive husbands. Once in a while some husband will break into open rebellion, but this does not last long, owing to man's forgiving nature. There is something about a bread-pudding diet, however, that stamps the victim more indelibly than being tattooed on the left wrist, causing him to glance about furtively at the close of every meal.



Once in a While Some Husband Will Break into Open Rebellion.

the greatest hypocrites the world has ever produced are conciliatory husbands who eat several slabs of bread pudding and then begin to praise its tout ensemble.

Bread pudding is usually served at the close of a full meal, just when everybody is filled with a feeling of entire content. It is then led onto the table and planted in front of each guest in a threatening manner, and it is worth a man's life to gaze over it at the vinegar crust and begin to toy with the salt cellar. One of the

Just Folks

By EDGAR A. GUEST

THE TRUTH ABOUT ENVY.

I like to see the flowers grow, To see the pansies in a row, I think a well-kept garden's fine, And wish that such a one were mine, But one can't have a stock of flowers Unless he digs and digs for hours.

My ground is always bleak and bare, The roses do not flourish there, And where I once sowed poppy seeds Is now a tangled mass of weeds, I'm fond of flowers, but I admit, For digging I don't care a bit.

I envy men whose yards are gay, But never work as hard as they; I also envy men who own More wealth than I have ever known, I'm like a lot of men who yearn For joys that they refuse to earn.

You cannot have the joys of work And take the comfort of a shirk, I find the man I envy most Is he, who's longest at his post. I could have gold and roses, too, If I would work, like those who do. (Copyright by Edgar A. Guest.)

SCHOOL DAYS



Loathe the poor Equivocator Copyright.

Wonder

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

low: Bake a light sponge cake in a round tin; split and put together with a thick filling of sweetened whipped cream flavored to taste. Serve cut in wedge-shaped pieces with a spoonful or two of any fresh berries as a garnish.

Chocolate Pudding.

Take one cupful of stale bread-crumbs and enough milk to make a smooth paste when boiled with the crumbs. Add two tablespoonfuls of butter, two tablespoonfuls of cocoa, sugar and vanilla to taste. Take from the fire and add three egg yolks well beaten, then the whites beaten stiff and folded in. Put into a buttered baking dish and bake carefully. Serve with whipped cream or plain cream with sugar.

(© 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

Jam Pudding.

Melt three tablespoonfuls of butter; add two well-beaten eggs and stir in a cupful of any preferred jam. Butter a pudding mold and put in it a layer of crumbs, then a layer of the jam mixture; repeat until the dish is full, having the crumbs on top. Bake or steam and serve hot or cold.

Bordeaux Pudding.

Cut a sponge cake into three layers, spread with jam, put together again, cover with whipped cream sweetened and flavored and sprinkle with chopped nuts. Serve on a platter. Another dessert similar to this which is most attractive is prepared as fol-



We're each descended from a beast, I think that theory's FINE; It helps me understand myself. (THE MAD MARCH HARE WAS MINE!) E. Fitzhugh

WONDER is able to make big men and women of us all. For when we most sincerely feel that we are small and unimportant, that moment we are in reality biggest and greatest. Look into the Heavens at night. Wonder at its magnificence. Take note of the worlds in Stars as they wink and blink along themselves millions of miles away. Wonder at them and how heedless they seem of you—so small, so tiny—so infinitesimal!

Wonder—but as you Wonder, THINK. Look about you—no matter where you may be. There are always things to Wonder at. Every spot of Nature is a Wonder Garden. Every Seed and Tree and Rock and Breathing Life in Nature transformed through the Mind and Effort of Man, is but the further arranging of chances for Wonderment.

Wonder—but as you Wonder, THINK.

As you go to your Bed tonight, before closing your eyes in Sleep, Wonder at it all—Sleep, that for the time obliterates conscious Life and takes you away from activity and turmoil, but to return you again in safety recharged with Strength and Will. Wonder at the miracle of Sleep.

Wonder—but as you Wonder, THINK.

Let the power of Wonder that is so free to you correct your distorted viewpoints. Let it lift and brave you. Let it abolish the false Council within you. Let it convince you of your humanness and lead you through your work in this world, contented with your lot—an Uncomplainer.

WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

Can President Veto Joint Resolution?



WASHINGTON.—Suit to compel Secretary of State Bainbridge Colby to promulgate immediately the joint resolution of congress declaring the state of war with Germany at an end has been filed in the district Supreme court in Washington by Harry S. McCartney, a Chicago lawyer. The suit was based on the ground that the president has no veto power over a joint resolution of congress.

Recently McCartney mailed a printed pamphlet to the members of the executive committee of the American Bar association suggesting that the committee tender to the country at large its service in making up a "sense stated" for the justices of the Supreme court, asking an advisory opinion on the three following questions:

"Was not the peace resolution adopted by congress in May a valid exercise of power and would not its acceptance by Germany legally consummate peace?"

"Have not the people at large, in their sovereign capacity, the right to consummate peace by a vote upon such issue?"

"Has congress legal power to bind the nation to accept the League of Nations or can only the electorate of the people legally adopt the same?"

He announced he immediately would institute mandamus proceedings and yield direction of the issue to the higher professional authority of the bar association should it desire.

New Wage Campaign of Federal Workers

WORKING on the principle that no one can do efficient work unless he receives a living wage, officials of the National Federation of Federal Employees has opened a nation-wide drive for a re-classification of the entire civil service and a minimum wage of \$3 a day. To bring concerted pressure upon congress this fall, an attempt will be made to organize every federal employee and increase the membership to 100,000.

This action follows a meeting here of the executive council, at which plans were made for a campaign to secure better employment conditions for all federal government employees.

Charles F. Nagl, custodian of the federal building in Chicago and vice president of the federation, has been placed in charge of organizing the central west. In his territory there are already 25 local unions of federal employees affiliated with the national federation.

"What we want," said Mr. Nagl, "is a square deal. We have not had it.



More than one-half of the men and women I employ receive less than \$3 a day.

"We want to see the Nolan minimum wage bill pass congress. We want to see the men rated according to skill, training and responsibility, on a merit system administered by a central agency on which employees have representation."

The National Federation of Federal Employees is one of five trade unions composed exclusively of government employees. Its membership comprises 192 locals.

Both Parties Have Endorsed Good Roads



REGARDLESS of which party wins in the presidential election this fall, American motorists are congratulating themselves that highway development will be continued. In their platform both the Republican and Democratic parties have placed themselves flatly on record as favoring federal appropriations to assist in good roads work.

The Republican party's good roads plank said:

"We favor liberal appropriations in co-operation with the states for the construction of the highways, which will bring about a reduction in transportation costs, better marketing of farm products, improvement in rural

postal delivery, as well as meet the needs of military defense."

The Democratic party was just as specific in the plank adopted at the San Francisco convention. The plank said in part:

"Improved roads are of vital importance not only to commerce and industry, but also to agriculture and rural life. We favor a continuance of the present federal aid plan under existing federal and state agencies, amended so as to include as one of the elements in determining the ratio in which the several states shall be entitled to share in the fund the area of any public lands therein."

This definite action of both parties, the good roads enthusiasts declare, proves conclusively that motor transportation has been recognized as a definite factor in the nation's economic fabric and that everything will be done to utilize its value to the utmost.

Good roads construction is favored, moreover, by both the Democratic and Republican presidential nominees.

So here is one thing on which both parties agree.

Heroic Western Miners Get Gold Medals

THE Joseph A. Holmes safety association, the hero commission for the mining industry, has announced the awards of gold medals to miners for special deeds of bravery in the saving of human life during the last three years in the United States. It is expected that the formal award of the medals will be made by Dr. Frederick G. Cottrell, director of the bureau of mines and president of the association, during the international first aid and mine rescue contest at Denver, Colo., September 9, 10 and 11, at which miners will be present from all parts of the country. The men who will be awarded gold hero medals are:

John L. Boardman of Butte, Mont., safety engineer for Anaconda Copper company, who lone-handedly saved three miners from death by poisonous gas in the West Colusa mine.

Daniel Blonvitch of Blwabik, Minn., an employee of the Balkan Mining company. A fire broke out in the Belgrade mine. Four times Blonvitch drove his electric locomotive through

smoke and gases, bringing out helpless men who finally recovered.

James Collins and James Dillmirk of Mullen, Minn., employees of the Gold Hunter Mining and Smelter company. While endeavoring to reach two entombed men in the mine, they themselves were caught by a cave in and were imprisoned for 15 hours.

Michael Conroy, Peter Sheridan and James D. Moore, miners for the North Butte Mining company, at Butte, Mont., sacrificed their lives in trying to save others. The nearest living relative of each will receive the gold medals and the diplomas.

Burleson's Umbrella—and Other Things



WASHINGTON for once has seen Postmaster General Burleson without his umbrella. It was the subject of comment at San Francisco that he followed his Washington habit of carrying an umbrella, even though the sun shone brightly. Now he has been discovered within two blocks of the White House, headed toward the executive mansion, without his umbrella. And people marvel.

AMENDMENT No. 20 prohibiting smoking may have to get out of the way temporarily and wait a while. The new No. 20 is to be submitted

by the Society for Upholding the Sanctity of Marriage and would make divorce unconditional. Officers of the new society are Rev. Dr. Walter Gwynne, Rev. Milo H. Gates, Rev. C. F. J. Wrigley, and Rev. E. A. White, all of Summit, N. J.

IN ORDER accurately to determine the durability of the various kinds of roadway, the government bureau of road building has constructed a stretch of roadway at Arlington representing all the different methods of road building, and over this a heavy machine is drawn back and forth by cable. The result of the operations will be used as a guide to the expenditure of nearly \$300,000,000 on roads which will be under government auspices during the next three years.

GOVERNMENT expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30 amounted to \$23,441,282,564, of which \$6,403,343,481 was in ordinary disbursements and \$17,037,839,723 in payments on the public debt.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is a genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Doctors also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monacietelcinder of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

The Law of Averages.

"That friend of ours was only allowed half a vote in the convention." "Things average up," replied Senator Sorghum. "I know of several elections in the dim past when he thought nothing of casting six or eight votes all by himself."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Up-to-Date Interpretation.

"What did Poe's Raven mean by saying 'Nevermore?'" "I don't know, but I know what he would mean if he were sitting on a hush now and realized he could never again go on one."

Shave With Cuticura Soap

And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no slimy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Adv.

Fooled Him That Time.

"How did you come to put this poem on the back of a Liberty bond?" asked the editor. "I was tired of hearing you say my poetry wasn't worth the paper it was written on."—Boston Transcript.

The woman who is a good talker is apt to be a good auditor.

Back Lame and Achy?

Housework is too hard for a woman who is half sick, nervous and always tired. But it keeps piling up, and gives weak kidneys no time to recover. If your back is lame and aches and your kidneys irregular, if you have "blue spells," sick headaches, nervousness, dizziness and rheumatic pains, use Doan's Kidney Pills. They have done wonders for thousands of worn out women.

A Wyoming Case

Mrs. Julia M. Gordon, 222 O'Neil St., Cheyenne, Wyo., says: "Several years ago I was suffering with a dull, heavy ache through the small of my back, and sharp pains would cut through my kidneys. I was always tired out and languid. I used three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and they relieved me. I am quiet and strengthened my kidneys."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Nervous Spells—

Near Heart Failure

Eaton's Stopped It

Mr. C. R. Loats, writing from his home at Lay, Md., says, "I had been taking medicine from four specialists, but believe me, friends, one box of Eaton's has done me more good than all the remedies I have ever tried. I was in awfully bad shape. About half an hour before meals I got nervous, trembling and heart pressure so bad I could hardly walk or talk. One box of Eaton's stopped it."

Eaton's quickly produces these truly marvelous results, because it takes up the poisons and gases and carries them right out of the body. Of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well.

Everyone that wants better health is told to have just a little faith—enough to try one box of Eaton's from your own druggist. The cost is a trifle, which he will hand back to you if you are not pleased. Why should you suffer another day, when quick, sure relief, is waiting for you? Adv.

Stop Wasting Milk

Sell your milk and raise calves on A & C CALF MEAL for one third what milk sells for. Order from feed and grain dealers.

ADY & CROWE, MINN., DENVER, COLO. POSITIVELY GUARANTEED. Your Agent for Santa Cruz Patagonian, Chile.

FRECKLES

Welcome Relief From the

Tortures of Rheumatism

Can Come Only From the Proper Treatment.

Many forms of rheumatism are caused by millions of tiny germs that infect the blood, and until the blood is absolutely freed of these germs, there is no real relief in sight.

The most satisfactory remedy for rheumatism is S. S. S. be-

MUST STRIVE FOR IDEALS

Highest Type of Citizen is He Who is Always Able to See Better Things Ahead.

No citizen will ever come fully into his own until he strives to reach a high ideal. The boy who is satisfied to ramper himself in the hope of reaching the top by muscle is doomed to failure. The exceptional happens sometimes. Usually the man who rises is the fellow who dares work and wait and strive against odds. He must not be satisfied with attainment, however complimentary it may be. There are always better things ahead if he is willing to strive for them. He will rise as he adds intelligence to vision, sympathy to character and self-mastery to both. Then he will crown the ideals with faith in God and its resultant faith in his fellow men. He will believe in himself enough to dare the limit and try a dozen times to redeem former failures. He is a citizen who looks upon failures as opportunities to power. The biggest business in the world today is the making of citizens. And the nation with the best citizens will rule the world.

The most conspicuous part of the horse was his prominent ribs. It was certainly an odd-looking animal. Judging by the usual standard of horses, it was not the pride of any one's stables. But the gypsy who led it evidently had hopes of its doing something, for he appeared anxious to make it move.

"Say, gypsy," shouted an interested spectator, "you're taking the horse the wrong way. The dog kennel lie in the other direction."

"I know my business best," was the retort, "so don't you talk to me. I'm right for the steam laundry, aren't I?"

"Yes, gypsy."

"Well, I'm taking 'em there, where he'll prove useful as a scrubbing board."

The Mercenaries.

Brander Matthews, the famous critic, discussed at a Columbia ten the American short story.

"The American short story would be better," he said, "if the American short story writer were less mercenary. I'd like him to think more of beauty and less of cash."

"A short story writer read me one of his tales the other day. It wasn't bad, and I told him so."

"I like the thing," I said. "It's trashy."

"The short story writer beamed."

"Read it," he cried. "That's the word I want to hear. And how much, Mr. Matthews, do you think it will realize?"

The wise man knows what not to say just as well as he knows what to say.

Cut Down the Sugar Bill

by eating a cereal that contains its own sugar self-developed from grain in making—

Grape-Nuts

As a breakfast or luncheon cereal with cream or milk; or sprinkled over fresh fruit or berries, Grape-Nuts adds to the meal's pleasure—and is economical.

Buy from your grocer.

Political Announcements

Republican

E. S. CLARK
of Prescott
Republican Candidate for
United States Senator
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

R. L. O'NEILL
of Nogales
Republican Candidate for
State Senator
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

A. H. DE RIEMER
of Nogales
Republican Candidate for
County Attorney
Primary Election Sept. 7th

M. MIDDLETON
of Nogales
Republican Candidate for
County Recorder
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

GEO. J. WHITE
of Nogales
Republican Candidate for
Sheriff
Primary Election Sept. 7th

LOU. STEVENS
of Patagonia
Republican Candidate for
Sheriff
Primary Election Sept. 7th

R. C. STANFORD
of Phoenix
Democratic Candidate for
United States Senator
Primary Election Sept. 7th

THOMAS M. CUMMINGS
announces his candidacy for nomination as Sheriff of Santa Cruz County before the DEMOCRATIC primaries to be held in September.

Democrat

A. A. TRIPPEL
of Nogales
Democratic Candidate for
County Attorney
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

E. V. ABERNATHY
of Nogales
Democratic Candidate for
County Attorney
Primary Election Sept. 7th

JOHN BOWMAN
of Nogales
Democratic Candidate for
Sheriff
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

I. C. E. ADAMS
of Bisbee
Democratic Candidate for
Corporation
Commissioner
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

H. J. (Pat) Patterson
of Patagonia
Democratic Candidate for
Sheriff
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

ED. O'HAGAN
of Jerome
Democratic Candidate for
State Mine Inspector
Primary Election, Sept. 7th

THE HERALD
of Patagonia
Your Candidate for
PRINTING
Guarantees Good Work

CANDIDATES
Get your Cards, Art
Blotters and other campaign necessities at
THE HERALD

Nogales-Patagonia Short Line

"THE CONVENIENT, COMFORTABLE WAY"

Leave Nogales	9 a. m.	Arrive Patagonia	10:30 a. m.
Leave Patagonia	11 a. m.	Arrive Nogales	12:30 p. m.
Leave Nogales	5 p. m.	Arrive Patagonia	6:30 p. m.
Leave Patagonia	7 p. m.	Arrive Nogales	8:30 p. m.

Auto Stage leaves on Schedule Time at Montezuma Hotel, Nogales, and from The Patagonia Drug Co., Patagonia.

Fountain Pens

We have established a Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pen service and can take care of your needs in this line. Give us a call.

We handle a full line of VACUUM BOTTLES, including the famous THERMOS and UNIVERSAL and handle extra fillers for same.

We are also in position to accommodate the public with FILTERED GAS and LUBRICATING OILS at all times of the day and night including Sundays and Holidays.

Kindly remember that no better Sodas and Sodas can be obtained anywhere that will surpass our fountain service.

The Mountain States Telephone Co. has just installed a long distance toll station in our store having direct connection with all parts of the United States.

Patagonia Drug Co.

H. J. CHENETTE

Registered Pharmacist

If You Are in Need

Of any of the following, let us quote you prices; you will save money by doing so. We carry a complete line of

LUMBER, PAINTS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, LIME AND CEMENT AND RUBBER ROOFING.

We Are Also Agents for

U. S. WINDMILLS—MODEL B.

PATAGONIA LUMBER COMPANY

J. W. Miller, Manager.

TENNESSEE RATIFIES 19TH AMENDMENT

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 18.—The amendment was completed today with house. The vote stood 49 to 47. The S of 25 to 4. Speaker Walker, in attempting to have the action reconsidered, action be taken. Walker's change Walker's change is also privileged to tion at any time within the next two a. m. tomorrow.

SANTA CRUZ THIRD CLASS COUNTY PUTS SALARIES UP

PHOENIX, Aug. 13.—The tax rate for the ensuing year as announced by the state tax commission will be 47 1/2 cents as compared to 60 cents last year. The total assessed valuation this year was fixed at \$884,443.183 as compared to \$885,224,721 last year. Last year the levy was made for the purpose of raising \$5,930,324, while the levy this year is for \$4,181,696.

Four counties of the state showed decreased valuations from last year. They are Gila, Greenlee, Pima and Yavapai; in the last three decreases were slight. Maricopa county showed the largest increase, the valuations being about \$34,000,000 more than last year.

Navajo and Santa Cruz counties passed the \$12,000,000 mark and as a consequence pass from fourth to third class counties, thereby automatically providing an increase of salary for all county officials.

The assessed valuation by counties as announced by the tax commission is as follows:

Apache	\$ 9,383,408
Cochise	176,439,879
Gila	147,110,006
Greenlee	41,967,980
Maricopa	134,246,541
Mohave	23,359,527
Navajo	12,354,201
Pima	63,697,493
Pinal	73,774,883
Santa Cruz	12,781,406
Yavapai	130,044,429
Yuma	22,937,196

Total

COCHISE CO. VALUATION RAISED MILLION BY STATE BOARD

According to an order received in Tombstone, says the Prospector, by L. P. Kuehnbecker, clerk of the board of supervisors, Cochise county's assessed valuation was raised \$944,000 by the State Tax Commission which made several changes in previously announced minimum assessment rates, the raises being chiefly on mining and smelting properties.

The assessed valuation of the county as shown in the abstract forwarded to the commission was \$175,075,859.17, and after several small deductions and raises ordered by the commission making an additional \$944,000 valuation, Cochise county's total valuation for the year 1920 is \$176,039,879.17.

The raise will aid materially in placing a lower county tax rate, when the board meets next Monday. The state rate as set by the commission is 47 cents, which will place the county rate probably around \$1.00 per \$100.

Pigeons Will Bring Election Vote Into Herald Office

The day before primary election, September 7, The Herald will send carrier pigeons, belonging to Otto Mayer, to all precincts in the county that cannot be reached by telephone or telegraph, and the results of the voting will be brought to The Herald by the pigeons immediately after the count.

This will insure the returns of all precincts at The Herald office in the fastest time ever recorded.

On election day a large crowd gathered at The Herald office to get the returns. County precincts, heretofore, have been missing for as long as two days after election. By the carrier pigeon system the returns will be received by The Herald within 30 minutes or an hour after the count closes.

The pigeons are housed at the home of Otto Mayer.

The Herald has been granted the exclusive rights to the use of the birds by Mr. Mayer.

NO REWARD FOR SLAYER OF ERHARDT WILL BE PAID

PHOENIX, Aug. 18.—Rewards totaling \$3,104, offered for the arrest and conviction of the slayer of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Erhardt at their home here on June 6, last, will not be paid, it was announced here after a conference of county officers.

At the conference it was decided that Mose Gibson, negro, awaiting execution at San Quentin, Cal., for the murder of Roy Trapp, a Fullerton, Cal., farmer, was the murderer of the Erhardts. The decision was reached after County Attorney L. M. Laney and Sheriff John Montgomery presented a complete statement relating to Gibson's alleged confession to them at San Quentin.

The reward would not be paid, it was announced, because the negro could not be convicted by this state of the Erhardt murders.

The officials next turned to consider the case of Jesus Maria Barboza, arrested after the Erhardt murders and from whom a purported confession was obtained. It was decided that Barboza should receive a hearing in a Phoenix justice court, when, all evidence would be presented and the testimony of residents of Litchfield be taken.

DOCTOR E. B. PERRIN BIGGEST LAND OWNER WITH 374,000 ACRES

Who is the biggest land owner in the state? That question has been raised and answered frequently of late and the answer was Dr. E. B. Perrin. It was asserted that he was the owner of 300,000 acres.

Perhaps the interest in the extent of his holdings would have been only a curious one but for a published statement that the land commissioner had unlawfully or irregularly disposed of 300,000 acres to a single holder.

As there was no other holder with any area even remotely approaching such an acreage, and though the relations between Land Commissioner Mower and Dr. Perrin have not been of the friendliest character, the holdings of the latter, according to his own figures, have been checked up recently with the result that it appears that he is the owner of 374,000 and some odd hundreds of acres.

It is known that he acquired this land in 1894, one year before Mr. Mower became a resident of Arizona and 20 years before he became land commissioner. Moreover, the complaint of Dr. Perrin is that the activities of Mr. Mower have been directed toward diminishing his holdings rather than accreting them.

In connection with this charge of alienating the state lands there was mention made of the disposition of a large tract of land in the Queen's Creek country, where there had been leased to a lot of cattlemen 66 sections of state land. One of those conflicts which ensue when cattlemen and sheepmen come into proximity arose there and an amicable settlement was reached by which the cattlemen transferred their rights to the sheepmen in consideration of \$10,000.

There were included in the transfer about 100 sections, including the 66 sections of leased land. The improvements consisting of fences, corrals, water development, houses and what ever else go to make a range valuable were appraised at \$31,000. They were actually transferred for \$28,000.

The land department had no part in this transfer; it was a matter purely between the cattlemen and sheepmen, the department only confirming to the sheepmen the leases which had been granted to the cattlemen.

Ice cream, soda and all soft drinks, hot coffee, chocolate and cocoa, sand wicks, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, stationery, etc. Mrs. Bennett's Ice Cream Parlor, Patagonia, Arizona. tfe430

J. D. Rountree of San Rafael Valley came in Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Young. Mr. and Mrs. Young were shopping and Mr. Rountree came in after his motor truck which had been in the repair shop. They report crops just as good as they have been in years, there being no lack of rain of late. Just to show that they were not jesting Mr. and Mrs. Young presented the editor of the Patagonian with a fine lot of roasting ears.

ED O'HAGAN CALLS ON SANTA CRUZ VOTERS

Ed O'Hagan of Jerome, Democratic candidate for State Mine Inspector, is in Santa Cruz county in the interest of his candidacy. O'Hagan's announcement appears in The Herald and in The Patagonian.

The candidate is 41 years of age. He is a native of Ireland and made America his home 23 years ago. He came to Arizona 12 years ago and since his arrival in this state has been connected with the Ray Consolidated Mining company of Ray, Inspiration Mining Co. of Miami, Copper Hill at Globe. He has also worked at Bisbee and Jerome. He was in charge of the Gadsden Shaft at Jerome.

O'Hagan is considered to be one of the most practical miners in the state and without question is well qualified for the position he seeks. He states that should he be elected he will give the people of Arizona an able administration and will appoint none but mining men as his deputies.

He is familiar with all methods of mining in the state and has not gained his experience in one channel alone. O'Hagan wanted to get into the Patagonia mining district but on account of the short time between now and the primaries he could not do so.

William Powers of the World's Fair mines was here on business Wednesday and reported plenty of rain and bright prospects up in his country.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Mitchell of Mowry passed through Patagonia en route to Nogales where they spent the day.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gatlin, junior, are spending a few days at their ranch home in the Salt River valley, looking after their hay crop.

Mrs. Clyde Longstreet of Casa Blanca spent several days here this week in attendance upon the tent meetings being held by the Adventists preachers.

LOST—A black, collar marked, mule, which was raised in the Patagonia country. Reward will be paid for recovery. Arivaca Land and Cattle Co., Arivaca, Ariz. tfe20

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