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SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

VOL. VIII. PATAGONIA, SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, ARIZONA, MARCH 26, 1920. NO. 16

BAD WEATHER RETARDS WORK AT BLUE LEAD; IS RICH MINE

The stormy weather has greatly retarded vigorous work at the Blue Lead mine and J. F. Johnston, trustee and general manager, devoutly hopes that the weather will soon settle. The Blue Lead Trust which is operating the mine has bought large quantities of machinery which it was expected would be installed promptly had not the weather prevented. The new machinery consists of air drills, crusher, and compressor and rolls. Work was being pushed on the old Salero road from which a short road was being made to the mine. This work was proceeding nicely, good progress being made, and it was expected to be completed by the time the new machinery arrives.

A gentleman who is in no way connected with the Blue Lead, told the Patagonian this week of a splendid opinion of the mine given by an expert who also has no connection with the mine or company. This expert who has acted in his professional capacity all over the United States, South and Central America, said that the Blue Lead will not only prove to be a mine but a very big mine and a rich one.

A BAPTIST MISSIONARY

Rev. C. Holland, state missionary of the Baptist church, is in the city and will preach in the school house Sunday. Rev. Mr. Holland is known as the cowboy preacher, having before taking up his present duties been a cowpuncher, to use the monniker of the range. He has his car fitted up for camping out when occasion requires and in good weather practically "boards and lodges" at home wherever night or meal time overtakes him. His real title is state missionary of the Baptist church for the cattlemen. It is said he talks the language of the range quite as fluently as any cowpuncher, except, perhaps, some of the peppery spots in the language that a latter day compouncher sometimes slips in by mistake or thoughtlessness.

CHURCH NOTICES

Regular services at the school house in Patagonia next Sunday.

Sunday school at 10 o'clock.

Song service at 11 o'clock.

Sermon at 11:30, preaching by Rev. C. Holland, a Baptist missionary.

Rev. Mr. Holland will also preach in the school house at 7:30 p. m.

Services at Sonoita at 2 p. m.

Services at Empire at 4 p. m.

REV. J. A. PRIOR, Pastor.

EDITOR IS ILL

J. J. Chatham, editor of the Patagonian, has been very ill this week. Several days were passed in bed at his home in Nogales. If the news is short this week our readers are requested to be patient as we have many weeks in which we will make up for the shortcomings of this week.

BIG GROCERY SALE

Peterson's Grocery Store, a live wire concern of Nogales, is smashing "Old Hi Costa Living" in the eye this week. That concern has inaugurated a big 10 days grocery sale and many items are listed at extremely low prices. Readers of the Patagonian are requested to give these prices their consideration when placing orders.

MICKIE SAYS

Telephone Company to Rush Work On Patagonia Line, Local Improvements

At the local telephone office it was announced today that the company would begin work immediately upon the toll line to Patagonia and upon various improvements in its service here. The Patagonia plans include the connecting of various private telephone lines among the mines with a central switchboard so that mine operators will have the best facilities possible.

An increase of one third in the business of the telephone company in this city in the last six months speaks well for the growth and progressiveness of Nogales.

The company has applications for 300 more instruments. It recently received 600 500-foot pairs of cable; 200 200-foot pairs of cable; 350 150-foot pairs of cable, and 100 300-foot pairs of cable.

Additional poles and other paraphernalia which will enable the company to rush its improvements to completion are on the ground, it is announced. The Herald

School Notes

The following pupils were perfect in attendance during the March school month: Agnes Davidovich, Bertha Fredericks, Hazel Wilson, Beth Fortune, Arthur Pattison, Kermit Lewis Fay Ritchie, Ruth Gatlin, Elizabeth Gardner, Leta Mead, Reuben Guerra, Charles Cox, Fred Gardner, Julian Coronel, Margaret Fortune, Fern Fredericks, Willie Gardner, Marie Moreno, Marie Ponce, Rose Ritchie, Thelma Wilson, Joan Evans, Mildred Fredericks, Francisco Moreno, Marshall Evans, Alfred Zequin, Charles Wieland.

The following pupils made a grade of 99 per cent or 100 per cent during the last school month: Dave Gardner, Rose Farley, Grace Kane, Thelma Johnson, Chola Bracamonte, Arthur Pattison, Luz Paradez, Beth Fortune, Margaret Gardner, Lona Netehrton.

Both the seventh and eighth grades have completed their history work for the year and are reviewing very thoroughly.

The pupils of the grammar room have made booklets containing stories for "Pershing's Hundred Heroes" and some poetry written by our soldiers in France.

The school has purchased a set of "Burton Holmes' Travelogues."

The A second grade are still working on the spring booklets and are receiving very thorough drill in the number combinations.

Both the A and B second had tests in language last week.

The B second is beginning subtraction in arithmetic.

The A-1 pupils are much interested in birds and have made a study of the red bird, oriole, blue bird and woodpecker.

The boys and girls are immensely proud of their first language booklets.

Our free hand artists in drawing are Vincent Farley, Raymond Zequin, Luis Acuna, Alvira Ochoa and Manuel Castro.

Every one enjoys the spelling contests in the A-1 class. The champion spellers are Alvisa Ochoa and Marie Ponce.

An almost perfect record in first beginning was achieved by Clara Valenzuela, Frances Garner, Enrique and Chona Corales, Codie Dawson and Julia Teas who only missed half a day or a day.

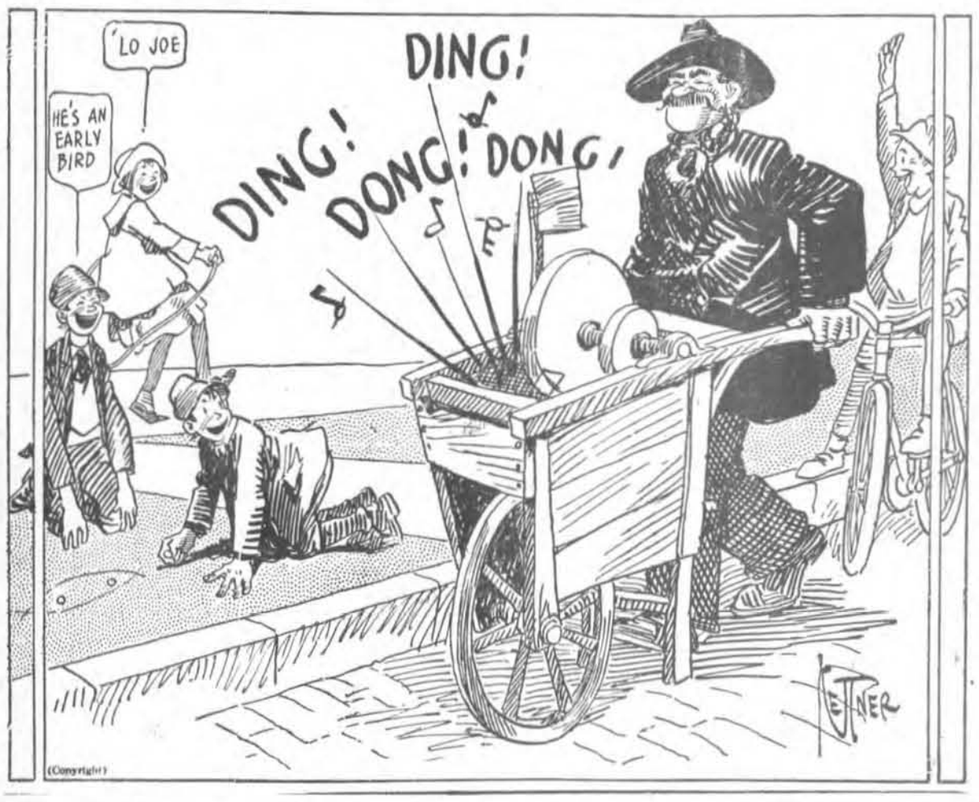
These little folks come to school bringing bunches of Arizona's beautiful wild flowers making us realize that spring is with us.

Easter dyes and cards at Washington Trading Co. 2t

EXCELLENT PATRONAGE

The advertising patronage of the Patagonian is very good, especially this week. Advertisers in Patagonia and in Nogales realize the importance of the Patagonian's circulation and are taking advantage of the advertising opportunity. Ninety per cent of the people of the entire county can be reached through the columns of the Daily Herald and Patagonian and needless to say it is a profitable investment of any advertiser.

The Spring Song



PERTINENT PATAGONIA PARAGRAPHS

THOMAS M. CUMMING WISHES SHERIFF JOB

Thomas M. Cumming has hurled his sombrero into the ring as candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Santa Cruz county before the democratic primaries next September.

Mr. Cumming was born in Nogales in 1887 of a well known pioneer family and has resided here the greater part of his life. He has been engaged principally in farming and stock raising in this county and in Sonora, Mexico.

When the United States entered the world war, Mr. Cumming went overseas with the Fortieth Division and was with that unit in some of the principal battle sectors of Europe.

ALLEGED KNIFE TOTER NABBED AT PATAGONIA

Deputy Sheriff Patterson Has Narrow Escape from Death When Prisoner Resists

Deputy Sheriff Patterson of Patagonia had a narrow escape from death when he attempted to eject Ramon Molino from a dance hall in the mining town, according to the sheriff's office.

Patterson says that Molino was conducting himself in an unbecoming manner in the pleasure resort. The deputy sought to quiet ihm. Failing in accomplishing this purpose, he started to eject the alleged disturber from the hall. At this juncture, it is reported Molino drew a formidable knife and sought to attack the deputy.

Molino was taken into custody and brought to the Santa Cruz county jail. He is charged with having resisted an officer.

FRASER BROTHERS' STORE AT RUBY POSTOFFICE IS SOLD

Mrs. Frank Pearson of Arivaca has purchased from the estate of the late Alexander J. and John A. Fraser the store at Ruby postoffice (Montana Camp) where the Fraser brothers were murdered about three weeks ago by the bandit Ezequiel Lara and an unidentified confederate, who fled into Mexico after having looted the place of more than $500 in money and merchandise.

RING LOST ONE YEAR FOUND ON NECK OF RAT IT KILLED

FAIRMONT, W. Va., Mar. 22—Miss Madge Knisely, 14-year-old daughter of Benjamin Knisely of near here lost a ring last spring while feeding pigs. The other day her father found a dead rat with the ring around its neck. The rat had died of strangulation. The ring had slipped over the rodent's head while it was small and slowly croked as it grew.

JURY PANEL DRAWN

A jury panel of 75 has been drawn by the superior court and must appear April 6 at 9:30 a. m., when a trial jury will be selected.

PAPER SHORTAGE FORCES TEXAS DAILY TO SUSPEND

WACO, Texas, Mar. 24—The Waco Item, an afternoon paper, will susnend publication on account of a shortage of newsprint paper.

Sickness of the editor of the Patagonian is responsible for the absence of the usual amount of local news in this issue.

Dave Putnam has returned from a two weekks visit in California in the interest of his new gold strike.

Sam Thomas, recently in the restaurant business at Superior, Ariz., has opened the Patagonia Cafe in the Riggs block.

nr. J. E. Redden has been appointed assistant county physician for Patagonia and the northern and eastern portions of the county.

George N. Curtis, one of the prominent farmers of San Rafael valley, was in town Saturday purchasing a truck load of farm supplies.

A party of state highway engineers and workers have pitched camp in the southern edge of town. They are here to begin extensive work on the Patagonia-Nogales road.

The barley crop along the Sonoita will be harvested much earlier this season than usual, notwithstanding the unprecedented backwardness of the season. The great amount of moisture has kept the barley growing.

It is reported that a company is being formed by local mining men, to take over the Henry Ford group of mines and work them.

J. Lauder Young is in from his beautiful ranch in the Santa Ritas visiting his family.

H. H. McCutchan has the contract from the Blue Lead Trust to thoroughly repair the old Salero road and has a large force of men at work when the weather permits.

Col. Richardson's northern addition to Patagonia, is a beautiful tract and will soon be one of the beauty spots of Southern Arizona.

The storm that visited this section Tuesday and Wednesday was the most severe of the entire season.

Mrs. E. E. Bethel who is in the east to attend the funeral of her mother informs r. Bethell that the blizzards which have been raging in some of the states are the severest ever known, in many instances the wind blowing at a velocity of 70 miles per hour.

The stormy weather this week has greatly interfered with mine work, for several days the severity of the storm almost entirely prevented surface work. Another great hindrance has been the shutting down of road work in which a number of companies and private individuals were attempting to prosecute vigorously.

Ed S. Black of the Elgin section last Friday marketed in Patagonia 70 dozens of eggs for which he received 40 cents a dozen cash. A few days previously he brought in 65 dozen receiving for them 45 cents a dozen. Mr. Black does not make a specialty of chicken raising but keeps a good farm flock which he gives proper attention and thus profits by it.

Bear Brand hosiery for boys and girls. Washington Trading Co.—Adv.

VAIL & ASHBURN SUED FOR $20,000 DAMAGES

Mention was made in the Tucson Citizen of its Wednesday's issue of a suit for $20,000 damages asked by J. M. Ronstadt of Tucson which was filed in the Superior Court against Vail & Ashburn. The suit is the result of a sale of 1000 head of cattle which the plaintiff alleges the defendant failed to fulfill a contract and caused damages to him of $20,000.

GEORGE BABBITT, POLITICAL CHIEF, CALLED BY DEATH

FLAGSTAFF, Mar. 25—George Babbitt, chairman of the democratic state central committee and one of the leading business men of the state, dropped dead at 10.20 o'clock Wednesday morning while in the office of County Treasurer M A. Murphy, in Flagstaff.

Mr. Babbitt was apparently in his usual health and had entered the office of the treasurer with Craig Pottinger, editor and publisher of the Northern Arizona Leader. He was in excellent spirits and after conversing for a few minutes suddenly remarked that he was not feeling well. He started to rise, fell over and died in the arms of Treasurer Murphy. Heart trouble was ascribed as the cause.

He was about sixty years of age and was one of five brothers, composing the firm of Babbitt Brothers, leaders in finance and business in the northern part of the state. They have a chain of mercantile establishments extending from Holbrook to Kingman and Oatman with headquarters at Flagstaff. Recently they have established a wholesale branch in Phoenix. Several years ago they established an automobile business with headquarters in Phoenix and branches throughout the state and El Paso.

Perhaps the largest business interests of the Babbitts is in live stock. Both their cattle and sheep outfits are among the largest in the state.

While never seeking office for himself, George Babbitt has always taken interest in politics and long has been regarded as one of the big factors in the democratic party in Arizona. For several months past he has been persistently mentioned as possible candidate for the democratic nomination for governor, but he declined to make any announcement.

Two years ago Mr. Babbitt was made chairman of the democratic state executive committee and held that position when he died. He was a delegate to the St. Louis convention four years ago, which renominated Wilson and Marshall.

The subscription list of the Patagonian is growing steadily.

PHOENIX, Mar. 25—Mrs. Annie Heermans, 71 years old but vigorous, entered the United tSates land office here today and made final proof on a homestead on which she had filed north of Phoenix.

GOOD ROAD DELEGATES NAMED BY CAMPBELL

PHOENIX, Mar. 19—Governor Thomas Campbell has appointed the following delegates from Santa Cruz county to the United States Good Roads convention to be held at Hot Springs, Ark., April 12 to 17:

Nogales: W. G. Bowman, Bracey Curtis, J. W. Larimore, E. K. Cumming, W. H. Smith, Jas. A. Harrison G. H. Fiedler, Laura Parsons, O. F. Ashburn, E. A. Titcomb, J. E. Wise L. W. Mix, C. E. Hardy, W. E. Peck.

Patagonia: A. S. Henderson, J. M. Francis, R. R. Richardson, John Hoy C. L. Northcraft.

Canille: J. L. Finley.

State Briefs

KINGMAN—Tunnel work in Gates Ajar mine opens high grade ore.

YUMA to be station in aerial patrol along border.

NOGALES gets through Pullman service to Mazatlan, Sinalon, Mexico; over Southern Pacific railroad.

PHOENIX—Indian Appropriation Bill carries $1,359,950, to be spent for benefit of state Indians.

PATAGONIA—Mining activities increasing daily throughout district.

DUNCAN—$150,000 mill completed and active work to be started on Duncan Mining & Milling Co.'s property.

STEEPLEROCK—Rich strike reported on 400 level of Carlisle mine.

PEARCE—Immense body of sulphide ore opened on 800 level of Middle marchoo mine.

PHOENIX—A. J. Chandler sells cotton crop for $180,000.

GLOBE and Miami compel dealers to reduce price of milk formerly selling at 20 cents per quart.

YUMA—Mesa reclamation project now assured by land sale.

SUPERIOR—Big mining deal assures extensive development of Silver King Extension property.

MAYER—Predictions of past few months that Mayer would become one of liveliest mining camps in the state are rapidly coming true.

GLOBE—Steady development and large ore shipments reported from Dripping Springs district.

DOUGLAS—Ore shipments passing through port of entry for February valued at $1,972,500.

PRESCOTT—Silver situation in this section certain to attract big capital.

YUMA—Midland Copper mine ships ten cars ore per month.

YUMA—Emma G. silver mine being developed.

CHANDLER to get $40,000 ice plant construction to start at once.

ST. DAVID—Construction of road connecting with Tombstone-Benson highway ordered.

CHANDLER—Deposits for opening day of First National Bank $50,800.

GLOBE—Franchise granted for trolley system to Miami.

BOWIE—Drilling rig of most powerful type enroute to local field.

SALT RIVER Water Users' Association, with investment of $15,000,000 plans further improvements.

FLAGSTAFF—Site being cleared for erection of $100,000 normal school building.

DOUGLAS to start construction of new road connecting with highway.

BENSON planning creamery to handle San Pedro valley products.

DOUGLAS—Government places 6000 pounds light sheet iron and stove pipe on sale.

GLENDALE—District lettuce production for season estimated 125 car loads.

PHOENIX—Stock conditions throughout state show improvement.

GLENDALE farmer gets gross return of $681.00 from one acre cotton.

WICKENBURG—Abe Lincoln mine to install 50-ton mill employing additional 20 men.

Splendid new assortment of Ladies and Children's Trimmed Hats, something new every week. We are representing one of the largest millinery companies in Chicago. Washington Trading Co. tf

PATAGONIAN TO MOVE OFFICE

Within the next few days the Patagonian office will be removed from its present location next to the postoffice to the Smith building on Main Street.

The new location will be centrally located and will be the future home of the Patagonian.

The Patagonian has been in its present location for several years and removes to make room for the new Patagonia Drug Company which will occupy the entire building of which the Patagonian now occupies only one half. The new drug store will be a great asset to the city and the Patagonian is pleased to extend the courtesy of moving to another location to make room for it.

U. S. EXPERT TO TALK TO S.C.CO. CATTLEMEN ON POISON WEEDS

Mr. C. B. Brown of the agricultural extension service, University of Arizona and county agricultural agent, has favored the Patagonian with the following bit of valuable information which it is hoped will reach every stockman in the county in time for him to be present at the meetings:

I have just been informed that Mr. C. D. Marsh of the Bureau of Animal Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture, will be here next week and will visit your county. Mr. Marsh is an authority on poisonous weeds effecting cattle on the ranges, and has had a wide range of experience in treating animals which have become poisoned by these weeds—especially loco. He will make a trip through Santa Cruz county for the purpose of studying the loco weed which is affecting a considerable number of cattle; and will hold two meetings to instruct cattlemen in the treatment of such animals. In addition to taking the affected animals up and feeding nutritious feed, strychnine can be used to treat animals badly affected; and Mr. Marsh will tell the stockman in regard to this as well as giving other authentic information in the handling of loosed stock.

A meeting will be held at Patagonia at 10:00 o'clock on Saturday, March the 27th, and at Elgin at 2:00 p. m on the same date. Please tell your neighbors about meetings and have a good attendance at both places.

VAUGHN Views

Mrs. Henry Barton was a Patagonia visitor this week and disposed of 48 dozen eggs. Not so bad for a dry farmer's wife.

Mrs. Henry Belue has received three hundred baby chicks from California.

Mrs. Ed Ellis has been on the sick list the past few weeks but is slowly recovering.

Mr. Elser McDaniels from the oil fields of Texas, is visiting his parents and sister, Mrs. Henry Wood of Vaughn.

Mr. James Fraizer has disposed of his Sudan seed to the Tucson Seed Co. Jim says it was the most ready sale of any of his crop this season.

John McCarty is shipping a car of grain this week to the Eagle Milling Co. of Tucson.

Jake Bingham, the Tubac thresher has finished threshing in the Vaughn precinct and has moved his machine to the Canilles to thresh out that section.

T. W. Yeary made a shipment of grain to the Eagle Milling Co. this week, as also did Charles Everhart, Bill Kane and Ed Ellis.

Mrs. S. T. Harrison made a shipment of grain to the Fairbank Commercial Co. last week.

Frank Neill, former Vaughnite, and county central committeeman on the Republican platform, is sporting a new car.

Ed Ellis has purchased another fine Jersey cow of C. A. Johnson to add to his dairy herd.

The Pacific Coast Condensing Co putting in a plant at Benson, Ariz., is creating considerable excitement in the Vaughn district as the greater part of the Vaughnites are strong supporters of the dairy business.

Boll Weevil Found In Arizona Cotton

CALEXICO, Mar. 25—O. A. Pratt, local representative of the United States Department of Agriculture, has been advised of the presence of boll weevil in the Arizona cotton growing district, but with reassurance that up to the present no cause for anxiety exists. The weevil was discovered in wild cotton, and is said to have not spread to the commercial fields. The Federal officials are taking all possible precautions to prevent the spread of the weevil.

THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

WESTERN

All public school teachers in Omaha will get an increase of $400 each next fall, instead of $300 previously agreed upon, by the Board of Education.

David and John Goertzen, cousins of Henderson, Neb., are held at Fort Omaha as deserters. It is alleged they obtained permission to visit Canada in 1918, before being called in the draft, and didn't return until recently. They are members of a Mennonite colony.

Damage in California from incendiary fires and other forms of sabotage attributed to radicals and advocates of "direct action," was estimated at $50,000,000 by S. J. Shannon, deputy United States marshal at Fresno, testifying at Los Angeles, at the trial of Nicholas Steelink, alleged Industrial Worker of the World.

Maj. F. M. Scanland, charged with murder in connection with the death of John M. Hutchings, race car driver, on Nov. 2, 1919, was found guilty at Las Cruces, N. M., of involuntary manslaughter. The penalty is one to ten years in the penitentiary. A motion for a new trial was denied. An appeal to the Supreme Court was granted and the defendant admitted to $10,000 bail.

As a result of charges made in Superior Court at Spokane by two prospective jurors in the case of James Stevens and Charles Butts, alleged Industrial Workers of the World, on trial there charged with criminal syndicalism, that efforts had been made to influence their opinions regarding the case, an entire special venire was dismissed and the case was continued.

The annual meeting of the National Education Association will be held at Salt Lake City July 4 to 10 and will be featured by extended discussions on the shortage of teachers and the necessity for the profession to unite for legislation to obtain wage increases. The council of state school superintendents will hold a two days' conference preceding the general meeting. All sessions will be held in the tabernacle of the Mormon church.

A skeleton, believed to be that of a mastodon, has been unearthed at Penawawa on the Snake river near Spokane, Wash., it is announced by the Rev. M. W. Fink of Penawawa. The gigantic bones were discovered by a road construction crew. The skull of the animal is reported to be two and a half feet between the eye sockets, the tusks to be eight inches in diameter at the base and the teeth four to five inches across. An effort will be made Wednesday to unearth the hindquarters of the skeleton.

WASHINGTON

A bill to abolish the office of postmaster general and to provide for creation of a postal commission to direct the business of the Postoffice Department, has been introduced by Representative Igoe, Democrat, of Missouri.

A peace-time army of 299,000 enlisted men and 17,800 officers has been approved by the House, in passing the army reorganization bill by a vote of 246 to 92. The measure now goes to the Senate.

The population of Hawaii is 249,992, the Census Bureau at Washington announced this week. This is an increase of 58,083, or 30.3 per cent as compared with 1910.

The Pacific and Atlantic fleets will meet off the Pacific coast of Panama next January in their first joint maneuvers, designed to keep the navy "on its toes" during peace time.

William Martin Williams, solicitor for the Department of Agriculture, has been chosen by President Wilson to be commissioner of internal revenue, it has been announced at the White House.

The nomination of Rear Admiral William S. Benson to be a member of the Shipping Board to succeed John B. Payne, who is to become secretary of the interior, has been confirmed by the Senate.

In a personal appeal sent to the heads of 30,000 financial institutions, Secretary Houston sought the co-operation of the bankers in the treasury savings movement. The prosperity and welfare of the nation, he said, was dependent on thrift, economy and savings.

After adjusting approximately 24,000 claims growing out of munition and supply contracts, the War Department Claims Board will be disbanded June 30th. Secretary Baker said that about 30,300 claims remained to be settled, but that those not disposed of June 30th would be handled by the regular organization of the War Department in the courts.

Fuel oil bids opened by the Navy Department covered less than one-fifth of the 5,000,000 barrels asked for and prices quoted were more than 100 per cent above those in current contracts.

Seeing in increased production a means of restoring normal business and price conditions, the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, it was announced, will make its eighth annual meeting, to be held at Atlantic City, April 27 to 29, an "increased production convention."

Mexican federal troops have brought about the release of Peter W. Summers, American ranch owner, who was kidnaped and held for ransom by rebels in the vicinity of Salina Cruz, Mexico, according to advices reaching Washington.

FOREIGN

Japan has placed orders in France for 300 aeroplanes, it has been learned officially in Paris.

A sapphire eight inches long and weighing more than five pounds is reported to have been found at Mogok, India, by a Burmese. Its value is estimated at between $175,000 and $250,000.

American troops along the Rhine "are ready for any emergency" that may arise from the chaotic situation in Germany, Major General Allen, their commander, declared in an interview at Coblenz.

Japanese children no longer have to learn 5,000 alphabetic characters before they are able to read and write. School kids are joyful. The number has been reduced to 2,600 by government decree.

The movement recently launched in Tokio by university students for universal suffrage in Japan has spread to all parts of the country and to Korea and Manchuria as well, according to advices received.

Grand Duchess Olga, sister of the late Czar Nicholas of Russia, has been found by American Red Cross workers living in a boxcar near Novorossisk, south Russia, it was announced at the headquarters of the American Red Cross in Washington.

Troops marching through the northern suburbs of Berlin and carrying an old flag at the head of their column, for the purpose of exciting enthusiasm and winning followers for the new government, were savagely attacked by a great crowd of workmen.

There has been much feasting and other celebrating within the quarters of the former crown prince at Wieringen, Holland, since the news of the new developments in Germany began to reach Wieringen. William is reported to regard the situation joyfully, but is said to have assured the burgomaster that he will not attempt to leave Holland.

President Deschanel of France is advertising for a first-class chef. It has been revealed that the former famous cook at the Elysee palace was discharged by ex-Pres. Poincare because he was too expensive and was replaced by a second rate "maitre d'cuisine," who was able to prepare simple meals at a minimum cost. M. Deschanel, who, like his wife, is wealthy in his own right, purposes to spare no expense to make the palace menus the most exquisite in the land.

GENERAL

Gold coin, valued at approximately $10,100,000, was taken from the subtreasury at New York for shipment to South America, chiefly for the Argentine. This makes a total outflow of about $57,000,000 to that country this year.

One man was shot and several others received minor injuries when a number of aliens held at Fort Wayne army post for deportation hearing attempted to overpower their guards. The arrival of military reinforcements restored order.

The American Red Cross announced at Washington an appropriation of $10,000 from the national children's fund for Junior Red Cross activities among the children of the Virgin islands. The fund will be used chiefly in furnishing educational equipment.

Salaries of the teaching staff at Harvard will be advanced from 40 to 50 per cent Sept. 1. President Lowell announced to the faculty that the results of the Harvard endowment fund campaign had enabled the governing board of the university to draw up a new scale of salaries.

Mrs. Charlotte Stock, 99, is dead as the result of a fall on an icy sidewalk at Three Rivers, Mich. Had she lived until April 23 she would have been 100 years old. The death of her husband in the Battle of the Wilderness left her with a family of eleven small children, all of whom are still living.

The estate of Harris C. Fahnestock, banker, who died in June, 1914, is valued at $17,775,667, according to an accounting filed in New York with Surrogate James A. Foley, by executors of the estate.

The Kentucky Senate passed the bill granting presidential suffrage to women in Kentucky, thereby opening the way for equal suffrage in the South. The House already has passed the measure.

Incomes of $1,000,000 or more for 1919 were reported by 731 individuals and corporations in the Chicago district, officials of the Internal Revenue Department inspecting income tax returns announced. Thirty-one Chicagoans were added last year to the ranks of those whose incomes exceeded $1,000,000.

Mrs. Margaret Carrere Reid was today granted an interlocutory decree of divorce from Daniel G. Reid, known as the "tinplate king" by Judge Finch in Supreme Court of New York. It was brought out during the brief hearing that Reid had made a financial settlement on Mrs. Reid of $200,000 in cash and $30,000 a year allowance.

Antonio Lopez Guitterrez, brother of the president of Honduras, has been reappointed minister to the United States, the Honduran consulate has announced. Mr. Gutierrez was envoy at Washington during the Bertrand regime, but resigned when his brother headed the revolution which deposed that government.

The American Legion has received from the Y. M. C. A. $400,000 of the gift of $500,000 promised, representing surplus from operation of Y. M. C. A. canteens and post exchanges in France during the war.

A Holstein cow, Sadie Gerben Senderveld de Kolb, owned by Henry M. Harriman of Appleton, Wis., broke the nation's record on a thirty-day test, producing 3,247½ pounds of milk and 157½ pounds of butter in that time. In a week's test Sadie gave 115½ pounds of milk a day.

W. H. Edwards, collector of internal revenue, at New York, estimated that more than 400,000 federal tax income returns had been made in Manhattan. Official estimates put the total collected at $250,000,000.

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

DENVER MARKETS.

Cattle.

Beef steers, ch. to prime	$12.00@12.75
Beef steers, good to choice	10.50@11.50
Beef steers, fair to good	9.50@10.00
Heifers, prime	9.75@10.25
Cows, fat, good to choice	9.50@10.25
Cows, fair to good	7.75@ 9.00
Cutters and feeder cows	4.50@ 6.00
Canners	3.00@ 4.00
Bulls	6.50@ 7.50
Veal calves	15.00@16.00
Feeders, good to choice	10.00@10.50
Feeders, fair to good	9.00@10.00
Stockers, good to choice	8.50@ 9.25
Stockers, fair to good	7.50@ 8.00
Stockers, plain	5.00@ 6.50

Hogs.

Good hogs	$14.50@15.00

Sheep.

Lambs, fat, good to ch	$17.50@17.75
Lambs, fat, fair to good	16.75@17.25
Lambs, feeders	15.50@16.50
Yearlings	16.00@17.10
Ewes, fat, good to choice	11.75@12.50

Dressed Poultry.

The following prices on dressed poultry are net, F. O. B. Denver:

Turkeys, No. 1s	38 @42
Turkeys, old toms	34
Hens, lb.	28
Ducks, young	20 @22
Geese	25 @27
Roosters	23 @25

Live Poultry.

Turkeys, 10 lbs. or over	39
Hens, lb.	30
Ducklings	18 @20
Goslings	20 @22
Broilers	40
Cocks	12
Springs	25 @30

Eggs.

Eggs, strictly fresh, case count	11.00

Butter.

Creameries, 1st grade, lb.	69
Creameries, 2d grade	60
Process butter	48
Packing stock	28 @30

Butter Fat.

Direct	70 @76
Station	66

Fruit.

Apples, Colo., box	2.00@3.50

Vegetables.

Beans, navy, cwt	8.50@ 9.00
Beans, pinto, cwt	6.00@ 6.75
Beans, lima, lb	.22@ .25
Beans, green, lb	.36@ .40
Beans, wax, lb	.36@ .40
Beets, new, cwt	3.00@ 4.00
Carrots, new, cwt	3.50@ 4.25
Cauliflower, lb	.18@ .20
Celery, Colo.	1.00@ 2.00
Cucumbers, h. h., doz	3.25@ 4.50
Leaf lettuce, h. h., doz	.90@ 1.10
Lettuce, head, doz	.75@ 1.00
Onions, Colo., cwt	6.00@ 7.50
Potatoes, new, Colo	5.50@ 6.50
Radishes, round, h. h	.35@ .40
Radishes, long, h. h	.60@ .65
Turnips, new, cwt	5.50@ 6.00

HAY AND GRAIN.

Grain.

(Buying price, bulk, carloads, F. O. B. Denver.)

Corn, No. 3 yellow	$2.85
Corn, No. 3 mixed	2.80
Oats, per cwt	2.95
Barley, per cwt	2.85

Hay.

Timothy, No. 1, ton	$26.00
Timothy, No. 2, ton	24.50
South Park, No. 1, ton	25.00
South Park, No. 2, ton	23.50
Alfalfa, ton	22.50
Second Bottom No. 1, ton	21.00
Second Bottom No. 2, ton	20.00
Straw	8.00

HIDES AND PELTS.

(Quotations furnished by Charles Friend & Co., Inc.)

DENVER PRICE LIST.

Dry Flint Hides.

Butcher, 16 lbs. and up	35c
Butcher, under 16 lbs	35c
Fallen, all weights	33c
Bulls and stags	18c
Culls	16c

Dry salt hides, 6c per lb. less.

Dry Flint Pelts.

Wool pelts	35c
Short wool pelts	30c
Butcher shearings	20c
No. 2 murrain shearings	10c
Bucks, saddles, pieces of pelts	15c

Green Salted Hides, Etc.

Cured hides, 25 lbs. up, No. 1	15c
Cured hides, 25 lbs. up, No. 2	14c
Bulls, No. 1	13c
Bulls, No. 2	11c
Glues, hides and skins	9c
Kip, No. 1	25c
Kip, No. 2	23c
Calf, No. 1	37c
Calf, No. 2	35c
Branded kip and calf, No. 1	15c
Branded kip and calf, No. 2	14c

Part cured hides, 2c per lb. less than cured.

Green hides, 4c per lb. less than cured.

Green Salted Horsehides.

No. 1	$8.00@9.00
No. 2	7.00@8.00

Headless, 50c less.

Ponies and glue	2.50@5.00

METAL MARKETS.

Colorado settlement prices:
Bar silver, $1.22.
Copper, pound, 19@20c.
Lead, $9.25.
Spelter, $8.72.
Tungsten, per unit, $6.50@12.00.

At Chicago.

EASTERN LIVE STOCK.

Chicago.—Hogs—Bulk, $14.60@16.10; top, $16.30; heavy, $14.25@15.50; medium, $15.10@16.25; light, $15.70@16.30; light light, $14.85@15.95; heavy packing sows, smooth, $13.15@14.75; packing sows, rough, $12.50@13.00; pigs, $13.40@15.25.

Cattle—Beef steers, medium and heavy weight, choice and prime, $13.65@15.50; medium and good, $11.65@13.65; common, $10.25@11.65; light weight, good and choice, $12.25@13.10; common and medium, $10.00@12.25; butcher cattle, heifers, $7.25@13.25; cows, $7.25@12.00; canners and cutters, $5.00@7.25; veal calves, $17.00@18.25; feeder steers, $9.00@12.00; stocker steers, $7.50@11.25.

Sheep—Lambs, 84 pounds down, $16.75@19.10; culls and common, $14.00@16.50; ewes, medium, good and choice, $10.75@14.25; culls and common, $5.75@10.50.

CASH GRAIN IN CHICAGO.

Chicago.—Wheat—No. 2 hard, $2.48; No. 4 hard, $2.45.

Corn—No. 3 mixed, $1.53½@1.55½; No. 3 yellow, $1.55@1.57½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 92½@93½; No. 3 white, 90@92½c.

Rye—No. 2, $1.73@1.74.
Barley—$1.43@1.64.
Timothy Seed—$10.00@12.00.
Clover Seed—$45.00@52.00.
Pork—Nominal.
Lard—$20.70.
Ribs—$17.50@18.50.

Chicago Produce.

Chicago.—Butter—Creamery, 52@65½c.

Eggs—Firsts, 44@44½c; ordinary firsts, 36@43½c; at mark, cases included, 42@44c.

Poultry—Alive—Springs, 40c; fowls, 40c.

Potatoes—Strong. Northern round white, sacked, $5.50@5.60. Michigan Russets, bulk, $5.75. Idaho Russets sacked, $5.50@6.00.

C. A. McLaughlin, government hunter, located in the vicinity of Estes Park, has bagged his fourth mountain lion this winter. The last one he captured was at the mouth of the Love and Grand Cañon. McLaughlin, in company with John Griffith, of the park, tracked the lion for ten miles before it was located in the den and shot.

SENATE RETURNS TREATY TO WILSON

VOTE TO RATIFY PACT WITH RESERVATIONS SEVEN SHORT OF REQUIRED NUMBER.

FAILED TO RATIFY

TREATY OF VERSAILLES WILL PROBABLY BE FORCED INTO CAMPAIGN.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington, March 20.—The treaty of Versailles failed of ratification for the fourth time and then the Senate voted to send it back to President Wilson and a notification that it had finally "refused to advise and consent to its ratification."

On the decisive roll call the vote was 49 for ratification to 35 against, the opposition numbering in its ranks twenty Democrats who were unwilling to see the treaty go through with Republican reservations objected to by the President, and three Democrats and twelve Republican irreconcilables.

Twenty-one Democrats quit the President's lead and voted for ratification, but the defection failed by seven votes of providing the two-thirds requisite to ratify.

The result was regarded everywhere in the capital as having put over into the political campaign for decision the long and bitter fight between the chief executive and the Senate majority.

A move to reconsider the vote and try once more to ratify collapsed in its inception, leaders on both sides agreeing that further ratification efforts would be a waste of time as long as the Senate membership remains as it is.

Whether the President would return the treaty to the Senate remains undetermined, but the Republicans served notice that if he did, it would repose for many weeks to come in a committee pigeonhole.

In the vote of forty-seven to thirty-seven by which the Senate washed its hands of the subject and sent the treaty to the White House the Republican leaders had the support of the mild reservationists as well as the irreconcilables of their party, while the Democrats voted almost solidly in opposition.

The next step planned by the Senate majority is a declaration of a state of peace to relieve the nation of the war status which the Democrats maintain can be ended only by the treaty's ratification.

The roll call on ratification came four months, almost to the hour, after the failure of three attempts at ratification on Nov. 19. On that occasion the greatest strength developed for ratification with the Republican reservations was forty-one votes, only seven Democrats voting with the Republicans in the affirmative.

Irrigation Men Meet.

Los Angeles, Calif.—Representatives of practically all irrigation districts in the Colorado river basin south of the Grand Cañon, met here in conference with the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce and unanimously adopted a resolution that Congress should promptly take measures for controlling and conserving the waters of the Colorado.

Radium Stolen from U. S.

Washington.—Radium valued at approximately $10,000 has been stolen from the bureau of standards. The robbers were said by the police to have entered the bureau by means of duplicate keys. There is no clue to their identity.

Yanks Captured "Flowers of France."

Washington.—Cupid's casualty list of the war between the United States and the European allies, a conflict contemporaneous with the world war, has been made public by the War Department. The list shows that 3,709 feminine hearts were captured by American soldiers, sailors and marines. Of this number 2,295 of the "fairest flowers of France" were brought home as American brides. England lost 1,101.

Drank Embalming Fluid in Error.

Crested Butte, Colo.—While engaged in embalming a body here, Undertaker Miller mistook a glass of embalming fluid for water and took a quick drink before he discovered the error. He made a dash for the nearest drug store and notified a physician what he had done. Two doctors rushed to the store and worked on Mr. Miller. He was restored to consciousness and is gaining strength again. He says that's the nearest he ever come to embalming a wrong party.

Mayor of Cork Killed.

London.—The lord mayor of Cork has been shot dead. The revolver was fired by masked persons whose identity is unknown. They entered his residence and after firing the shot escaped in an automobile. The government is taking special precautions against possible outbreaks in Ireland, according to the Daily Mail, which asserts that the authorities have known for some time that the Sinn Fein had considered the possibility of armed rising and drawn up its plans.

Denver Surgeons Buy Radium.

Denver.—Announcement has been made of the purchase of $50,500 worth of radium by the Surgical Group of Denver, Dr. Edward F. Dean, member of the group, said the radium would be used by the group, composed of approximately sixteen prominent surgeons and doctors for the treatment of cancer. The mineral, purchased from the Radium Company, will be delivered about May 1. One-half gram of the costly mineral is to be delivered.

Southwest News From All Over New Mexico and Arizona

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

A new mail route is now in operation from Mountainair to Manzano with some twenty mail boxes en route.

The Bank of Florence, at Florence, Ariz., was robbed recently. The message said a safe had been broken open and several hundred dollars stolen.

The Masonic temple at Albuquerque is to be remodeled and refinished, the lobby is to be enlarged and the club rooms made more commodious. Some $10,000 will be spent.

The apportionment of $143,376.44 among the counties of New Mexico for school purposes has been announced by the department of education. The apportionment was made on the basis of $1.46 per capita. The school census is 120,658.

A rich vein of $40 ore, chiefly silver, partly sticking out of the ground, has been discovered by Dr. M. M. Crocker on one of the Foster claims, recently leased by him, immediately south of the proved Bonney properties, near Lordsburg, N. M.

The state treasury of New Mexico, at the close of the quarter year ending on February 29, had a balance of $2,100,090.29, according to Treasurer Charles U. Strong's report. At the same time last year the balance was $1,468,042.73, showing an increase of $634,047.56.

Fort Summer, New Mexico, is making progress with the new dam. The secretary of the irrigation district turned over to the county treasurer 150 of its $100 bonds and the drive for the sale of the bonds among local people has been very successful. It is desired to get the dam finished before high water.

The county supervisors at Nogales, Ariz., have authorized a reward of $500 for the capture of Ezequiel Lara and and unidentified companion, supposed to be Manuel Garcia, charged with the murder of Alexander and John Frasier and the robbery of the Frasier Brothers' store and postoffice at Montana Camp.

The Arizona congress of mothers, in convention at Phoenix, passed a resolution pledging its influence to stamp out what it termed as gambling at the state fair. While the resolution was so worded as to cover all alleged gambling devices at the state fair grounds, members said it was aimed chiefly against betting on the races.

Albuquerqueans may continue to view their favorite screen stars Sunday afternoon and night. Recently the ministerial alliance started a move to close movie shows on Sunday. The matter was presented to the grand jury, which body reported to the court that there is no statute in New Mexico prohibiting Sunday movies.

A scientific club known as the Cooney Miners' Club has been organized at the State School of Mines at Socorro, named in honor of the late Captain M. Cooney, who perished in a blizzard in the wilds of the Mogollons in 1914. Charles F. Williams was elected president. It will affiliate with the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers.

United States District Judge Dyer has dismissed the suit of the Standard Oil Company of California vs. Charles Howe and others on stipulation of counsel. It was a suit of the Standard Oil Company against the Arizona State Tax Commission with thousands of dollars of taxes contingent upon the outcome and it was announced the case had been settled out of court.

The Las Animas Peak Gold Mines Company is about to resume operations soon in Sierra county, N. M., install an electric plant and sink the main shaft 1,000 feet.

Mystery surrounds the death of James Daly, formerly a well known Nogales contractor, whose body was found badly crushed at the foot of a precipice near Magdalena de Jalisco. A piece of a mule's bridle was found in the dead man's hand but there was no trace of the animal. The Mexican authorities, after holding an autopsy and ordering a judicial investigation, had the body buried near where it was found.

The New Mexico state land office has just arranged to hold three sales of state land in Luna county at Deming on June 22, 1920. The first tract contains 240 acres and the improvements are valued at $730, the second contains 5,500 acres and no improvements as far as known; and the third tract contains 23,000 acres with improvements valued at $2,975. The minimum price per acre of all three tracts is $3.

Arizona is going into the farming business now, according to announcement at the governor's office, the farm idea being in connection with the needs of the inmates of the State Hospital for the Insane. The tentative plan for the farm calls for a ten-acre orchard in the hospital grounds and a model piggery. With the fruit bill for the hospital inmates amounting to $12,000 a year, Governor Campbell believes that the inmates can maintain an orchard and hogs at no expense to the state while at the same time having pleasant outdoor occupations.

The port of Nogales, with an average business of $18,000 a day, led the Mexico-Arizona border district in exports in February, according to H. Berner, deputy collector of customs, who added that export transactions were increasing. In imports, Douglas led, with Naco second.

Captain Wade Duster, attached to the medical corps at Camp Furlong at Columbus, N. M., was shot and killed in a Columbus hotel by his wife, who then turned the gun on herself, according to military authorities. Mrs. Duster is expected to recover.

Reliable Information

All American women know of the great success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in restoring to health women who suffered from ailments peculiar to their sex, yet there are some who are skeptical and do not realize that all that is claimed for it is absolutely true—if they did, our laboratory would not be half large enough to supply the demand, though today it is the largest in the country used for the manufacture of one particular medicine.

The Facts contained in the following two letters should prove of benefit to many women:

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I suffered with organic inflammation and displacement. When lifting I had such pain and bearing down that I was not able to stand up, and it hurt me to walk or go up or down stairs. I was going to a doctor without any results and he said the safest thing would be to have an operation. I met a lady who told me she had three operations and was not well until she took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

I felt relief after taking two bottles of Vegetable Compound and I kept on with it until I was cured. I always use Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills and they are fine. Everything used to turn sour on my stomach and the Liver Pills relieved that."—Mrs. A. Rogers, 593 Fargo Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sacramento, Calif.—"I had organic trouble and had such terrible pain and swelling in the lower part of my side that I could not stand on my feet or even let the bed clothes touch my side. I gave up my work thinking I would not be able to go back for months. My mother advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had saved her life at one time, and it put me in a wonderful condition in a couple of weeks, so I can keep on working. I work in a department store and have to stand on my feet all day and I do not have any more pains. I surely recommend your Vegetable Compound to all my friends and you may use these facts as a testimonial."—Bertha J. Parker, 3320 M St., Sacramento, Calif.

The fact is, the Best Medicine for Women is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

HORSES COUGHING? USE

Spohn's Distemper Compound

to break it up and get them back in condition. Twenty-six years' use has made "Spohn's" indispensable in treating Coughs and Colds, Influenza and Distemper, with their resulting complications, and all diseases of the throat, nose and lungs. Acts marvelously as a preventive, acts equally well as a cure. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle at drug stores.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Goshen, Ind.

The Fuel Supply.

"A man should find happiness at his own fireside."

"Yes," answered the woman with the positive face; "only, if a man spends too much time at the fireside there isn't going to be any fire."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Life in Death.

It was a death-bed scene, but the art director was not satisfied with the hero's acting.

"Come on!" he cried. "Put more life into your dying!"

"He-Rose."

A small boy was asked by the teacher to write an essay on heroes.

The boy promptly wrote the following:

"I put a tin tack on the chair. Father sat on it and 'he-rose.'"

$100 Reward, $100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. $100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Blind Men Splice Rope.

Blind men in a Pacific coast institution have become expert rope splicers and knotters with a very brief series of lessons.

Take Aspirin With Water

If your Aspirin tablets have the name "Bayer" stamped on them, they are genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," proved safe by millions of people. The name "Bayer" identifies the true world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Always drink one or two glasses of water after taking the tablets. Each unbroken "Bayer package" contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, and for Pain.

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Evidences of Income.

"Bilggins is trying to dress in a way that will make people think he is making a whole lot of money."

"Silk hat and patent leather shoes and all that sort of thing?"

"Not these days. He has to put on a suit of overalls and is carrying a plumber's outfit."

Every human heart is human.—Longfellow.

Philosophical.

Wife—Tomorrow is the anniversary of our wedding day. What shall we do about it?

The Professor (absently)—I suppose we shall have to make the best of it.—London Blighty.

A distinguished scientist estimates the mean annual rainfall for the entire surface of the earth at about 36 inches.

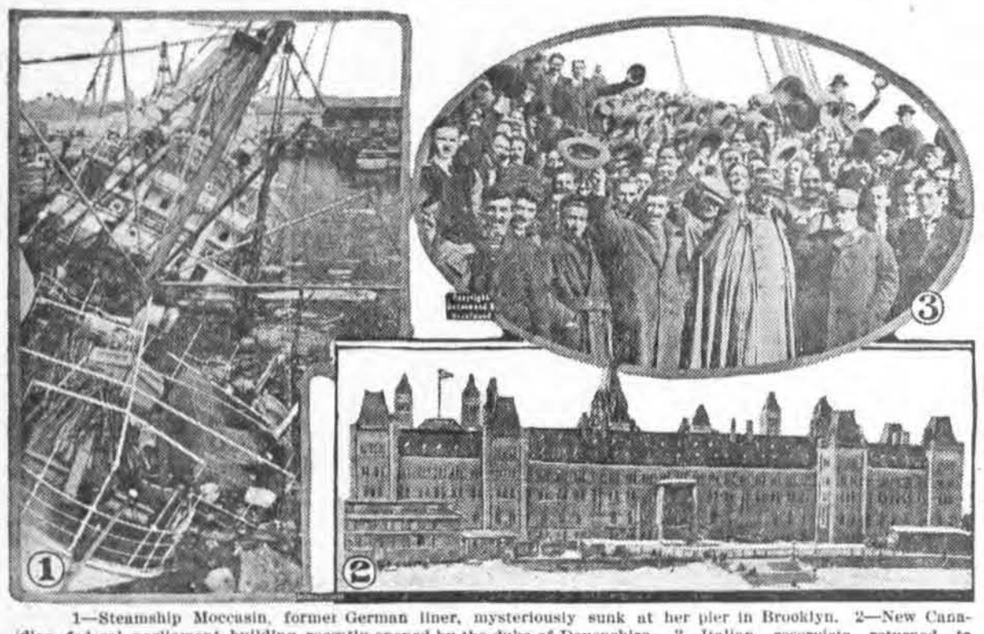
How About Your Catarrh? Do You Want Real Relief?

Then Throw Away Your Sprays and Other Makeshift Treatment.

Why? Simply because you have overlooked the cause of catarrh, and all of your treatment has been misdirected. Remove the cause of the clogged-up accumulations that choke up your air passages, and they will naturally disappear for good. But no matter how many local applications you use to temporarily clear them away, they will promptly re-appear until their cause is removed.

S. S. S. is an antidote to the millions of tiny Catarrh germs with which your blood is infested. A thorough course of this remedy will cleanse and purify your blood, and remove the disease germs which cause Catarrh.

For free medical advice write to Chief Medical Adviser, 101 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.



1—Steamship Moccasin, former German liner, mysteriously sunk at her pier in Brooklyn. 2—New Canadian federal parliament building recently opened by the duke of Devonshire. 3—Italian reservists returned to America after fighting through the war.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Reactionaries Under Kapp and Luettwitz Seize Berlin and Oust Ebert.

GERMAN REPUBLIC DISSOLVED

Turkish Conditions Compel Allies to Show Force—Russia Again Seeks Peace—Supreme Council on Economic Restoration—Another Final Struggle in Senate Over the Treaty.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Germany now appears to be actually in the throes of the counter-revolutionary monarchist struggle that has loomed large of late in all the news from Berlin. What has been the government has now ceased to exist. The power of the state is in the hands of the factions in favor of restoring a monarchy in Germany, with some relative of William Hohenzollern on the throne. These factions have been trying to overthrow the republic and bring about the downfall of President Ebert.

General Director Kapp is reported to be at the head of this "revolution." General Luettwitz is slated to be commander in chief of the military forces. These names indicate its reactionary character. Dr. Kapp was president of the fatherland party, which favored carying on the war to the bitter end. After the armistice the Socialists clamored for his arrest, charging that he had prolonged the war and hindered peace.

Maj. Gen. Luettwitz was military governor of Belgium in the early days of the war. He is thoroughly Prussian and has been strong in his opposition to the peace terms. He has an American wife, born Cary, of Cleveland.

The military power behind Kapp and Luettwitz is presumably troops recently returned from the Baltic states. These troops are believed to be in control of Berlin.

All sorts of possibilities are in the air. The national assembly has been dissolved. The Socialist parties have declared a general strike. Some sort of a government is being formed. In the meantime Kapp is practically a dictator.

Conditions in Turkey have been going from bad to worse until the supreme council of the allies has been driven not only to adopt drastic measures but even to plan for the temporary taking over of certain of the Turkish government activities, including the war department. If the Turks behave themselves better and cease the massacring of Armenians this control will be only temporary. Urged especially by Premier Venizelos of Greece, the council is said to have ordered the occupation of important points in Asiatic and European Turkey by allied military and naval forces in the belief that strong showing of military force would bring the Turks around to their senses. If this is not sufficient, it may be necessary to start operations against Mustapha Kemel Pasha, the Turkish commander in Asiatic Turkey, and it is believed these would be carried out by the Greek army of 90,000 men now in the Smyrna region.

Since the recent massacre in Marash similar outrages have occurred in a number of other places and it is reported that Turks, Kurds and Arabs are besieging Aintab, Urfa, Diabekr, Mardin and other towns. In all these places there are American relief workers who are in danger, and many days ago Consul J. B. Jackson at Aleppo asked our state department to send a squadron of warships to Port Alexandretta. The French garrisons, however, are the chief objects of attack and considerable French reinforcements have been sent to Cilicia.

The trouble in Turkey, which is said to be directed from Berlin and supported by the bolsheviki, is a part of the general fight being put up in Egypt, Mesopotamia, and other countries by so-called nationalists who are attacking the British rule. Dispatches from Turkey assert that Prince Feisal of the Hedjaz kingdom is implicated in it and has suggested a possible union of Turkey, Syria and the Hedjaz. The situation is becoming almost as complicated and difficult to understand as that in Russia some months ago.

What was heralded as a great drive against Poland by the Russian bolsheviki was turned into a decisive defeat of the latter when the Poles took two important railway junctions and a large number of prisoners, including an entire division staff. Immediately thereafter Tchitcherin, soviet foreign minister, sent another peace note to Warsaw, asking when and where the peace delegates of all the border nations might meet with the representatives of the bolsheviki. He asked Poland to refrain from further hostilities and explained that the soviet operations on the Lithuanian and White Ruthenian fronts, which the Poles had broken up, were inspired by fear that the Poles intended to start a drive against the Ukraine. President Pilsudski's position in Poland was greatly strengthened by the victory of his troops and the attitude of the Moscow government.

The Roumanians and the bolsheviki are in a fair way to make peace, negotiations now being under way at Dorna-Watra in Bukowina. As a preliminary the Roumanians demand that the soviet troops be withdrawn from the frontier and that commercial relations be resumed. It now appears likely that Roumania will succeed in her great purpose of annexing, or recovering, Bessarabia.

The supreme council of the allies, taking note of the distressing state of the world in general, has issued a memorandum on economic conditions that is welcomed by all serious minded persons. For the preservation of civilization it urges, as might be expected, the early and complete restoration of peace conditions, with normal economic relations, reduction of armies to a peace footing and limitation of armaments; the encouragement of larger and better output by workers everywhere; the suppression of extravagance, and deflation of credit and currency; and assistance for countries that are now unproductive for lack of raw materials. Without any suggestion of mitigating the treaty terms it is stated that Germany and especially Austria must be enabled to obtain foodstuffs and raw materials in order that they may recover enough to pay the indemnity demanded of them, and it is declared that the total of the reparation must be fixed at the earliest possible time. There is even a suggestion that Germany should be allowed to raise an international loan to meet her immediate needs. In this proposed line of conduct toward the vanquished nations the supreme council is facing the facts with business calculation, not with sentimental feelings.

At frequent intervals the opposing forces in the senate have entered on what is described by the Washington correspondents as the decisive struggle over the peace treaty of Versailles. At this writing they are engaged in another of those combats, and the prospect is that this time it really will be decisive. Early in the week President Wilson, rather than to confer with a representative of the compromisers, wrote a long letter to Senator Hitchcock in which he reasserted his old position regarding the treaty, condemned the reservations as a nullification of the League of Nations covenant and pleaded for consideration of the needs of humanity instead of "special national interests." He demanded that article 10 be accepted unchanged and asserted that to refuse to accept the moral obligation required by it would be a breach of good faith. If the United States cannot enter the league with full responsibility, he said, it should retire gracefully from the great concert of powers. Article 10, said the president, represents the renunciation by the other great powers of their old imperialistic ideas and aims, and its doctrine is the essence of Americanism. He continued:

"Militaristic ambitions and imperialistic policies are by no means dead, even in the councils of the nations whom we most trust and with whom we most desire to be associated in the tasks of peace." And then he added the surprising statement that the militaristic party of France which was prevented from getting the upper hand during the peace conference is in control there now. In evident allusion to Vincent Grey's letter, he says he is "not willing to trust to the counsel of diplomats the working out of any salvation of the world from things which it has suffered."

Quite naturally, Mr. Wilson's references to French policies annoyed the French government and enraged the French people. It was reported that Ambassador Jusserand had been instructed to ask our state department for a more explicit explanation of the president's meaning.

That the president's letter sounded the knell of the treaty was the general opinion, for while there were some further feeble efforts at compromise, the senators prepared themselves for a final fight in which it was believed enough Democrats would be rallied to the support of the president to prevent ratification with reservations, provided the "irreconcilable" Republicans voted with them.

The insurgent Democrats, most of whom are up for re-election this year, are inclined to think Bryan was right when he said the party could not afford to go before the country on the issue of article 10, yet that is the prospect that confronts the Democrats. And if that is made the issue, it is predicted that Mr. Wilson will be compelled to reconsider his reported decision not to seek a third term. Of the administration Democrats who are after the nomination Attorney General Palmer is the only one who is trying to capture instructed delegations, and of course if his chief determined to run again, Mr. Palmer would have to stand aside. The others, like McAdoo, have been contenting themselves with keeping their names before the public and advising the sending of uninstructed delegates to San Francisco.

Many of the Republicans welcomed the chance to make article 10 the issue of the campaign, the irreconcilables especially being pleased. The situation served to boost the stock of Senator Hiram Johnson considerably. Two of his colleagues, Kenyon of Iowa and Norris of Nebraska, promptly announced that they would support his candidacy. "The president has made the issue," said Kenyon. "It is article 10. Let the fight come. Let the Democrats nominate Woodrow Wilson under the white flag of internationalism and the Republicans nominate Hiram Johnson under the Stars and Stripes of Americanism."

So far, however, the main contestants for the Republican nomination remain as before, General Wood and Governor Lowden. Both have made considerable progress and also their managers have succeeded in stirring up a good deal of bitterness in some states, notably Illinois, where the Lowden men thought the Wood forces were trying to trespass on their preserves. When Frank Hitchcock became actively engaged in the Wood campaign it was believed this would assure for the general the support of all the southern states, where Hitchcock built up a smooth-working machine when he was postmaster general. But this idea received a jolt last week when the North Carolina state convention indorsed the candidacy of Judge Peter C. Pritchard.

Herbert Hoover has done something to make clear his political affiliations. In a letter to a California admirer he says it is well known that he was a progressive Republican before the war, and that he is now an independent progressive.

The president's commission for settlement of the coal mine labor troubles was unable last week to formulate a unanimous report as Mr. Wilson requested, but one was forwarded to the White House, signed by Peale, representing the owners, and Robinson, representing the public. White, representing the miners, refused to concur.

The Supreme court of the United States dealt the national treasury rather a severe blow last week when it decided that stock dividends of corporations are not taxable as income. The government will be compelled to return a huge sum—maybe as much as $100,000,000—already collected. Many corporations that have been accumulating big surpluses have been awaiting the decision to "cut melons."

METHODS MUST BE CHANGED

Chilean Merchants Dissatisfied With Conditions Said to Be Imposed by American Business Men.

Santiago, Chile.—Chilean merchants complain of delays in delivery of goods ordered from the United States, and that in some cases their orders are not filled by North American manufacturers, because the United States does not use the metrical system of measures.

Some Chileans declare that, instead of consulting the wishes and peculiarities of the Chilean market the American seems inclined to sell only what he has to offer, and to impose conditions.

As evidence of this situation the Chileans cite the case of a firm of wholesale dealers who placed in the United States a large order for light summer-wear textiles which were needed in December. They paid 30 per cent on account and after awaiting shipment were advised that it could not be made before the end of January. This cost that firm its summer trade. The Chileans say that no explanations can condone that.

There is some complaint that there seems to be no system in the North American export business and that the sellers have lost sight of the principle that the buyer is not forced to buy unless he chooses, that he has opportunity for choice and will buy where he obtains satisfaction in quality, delivery and credits.

A WELL-KNOWN INSTITUTION.

Probably no institution in America is more widely known than Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y. Although established many years ago it is today a modern sanitarium, having all the latest facilities for the correct diagnosis of diseases and their successful treatment through medicine or surgery.

It was Dr. Pierce, its founder, who over 50 years ago gave to the world that wonderful stomach tonic and blood purifier, "Golden Medical Discovery," and that famous non-alcoholic medicine for women, "Favorite Prescription."

In his early professional career, Dr. Pierce realized that every family, but especially those who live remote from a physician, should have at hand an instructive book that would teach them something about First Aid, Physiology, Anatomy, Hygiene; how to recognize different diseases, how to care for the sick, what to do in case of accident or sudden sickness, etc., so he published that great book, the "Medical Adviser," an up-to-date edition of which can be procured by sending 50 cents to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y.

Later, Dr. Pierce added another link to his chain of good works by establishing a bureau of correspondence to which any one can write for medical advice, without any expense whatever, and if necessary, medicines especially prepared in Doctor Pierce's Laboratory will be sent by parcel post or express for use at home, at a reasonable cost. Thus those who have symptoms of disease need not suffer mental agony fearing that they have some serious ailment, but can have a diagnosis made free by a physician of high professional standing. Write to Dr. Pierce relating your symptoms if you need medical advice for any chronic disease. All letters regarded as confidential.

Ladies Let Cuticura Keep Your Skin Fresh and Young

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Wanted Immediately—Capable men in every county. Opportunity. Big money. No exp. or capital. Jamico, Box 73, San Francisco.

Never the Same After That.

As I was making a bed one Monday morning a friend came to see me. She walked right in and not seeing me, said: "Are you at home?" I said: "Oh, yes, I never go visiting Monday morning." When I thought how it sounded, I was awfully embarrassed, and she never acted the same toward me.—Exchange.

HOMELESS!

Constipation, Headache, Colds, Biliousness, driven out with "Cascarets"

Drive away those persistent enemies of happiness—biliousness and constipation. Don't stay headachy, sick, tongue coated, sallow and miserable! Never have colds, indigestion, upset stomach or that misery-making gas. Feel splendid always by taking Cascarets occasionally. Cascarets never gripe, sicken or inconvenience you like Calomel, Salts, Oil or nasty, harsh Pills. They cost so little and work while you sleep.—Adv.

Age Quickly.

A visitor going through a rug factory stopped beside an Armenian who was busy plying his shuttle. "You make antique rugs, too?" he inquired presently.

"Oh, yes," was the grinning reply. "Dis rug when hees finished is 200 years old."—Boston Transcript.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How to Get Quick Relief From Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

Mere Trifle.

Mr. Feathertop—I'm going to the races this afternoon, and I'm so excitable I know I'll fairly lose my head there.

His Wife—Oh, don't worry about that, dear. But be careful of your money!

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

PROBLEMS FACING STRICKEN WORLD

Shall Chaos or Reconstruction in Europe Follow the Great World War?

MEN CHANGED BY BATTLE

Soldiers Have Learned What Can Be Accomplished by the Use of Force, Sternly and Efficiently Applied.

Article IX

By FRANK COMERFORD.

Making a soldier out of a civilian does more than change the clothes he wears. It changes the man. Men who had never owned a revolver or rifle, who had never even shot one off, who had never killed anything in their lives, were given firearms. They were drilled, taught to shoot, taught to kill. The education was thorough and scientific. They learned to look down the sight of a rifle, pick out a human heart for a target, fire and eagerly watch for the man to fall. They were trained to rush madly at a wall of human beings and drive bayonets into men's heads and bowels. Many of these men a few years before would have fainted in a stockyards where cattle were being killed. For four years they have been in a human slaughterhouse, not only as spectators, but as part of the place. It steeled these men. Many of them contracted the undertaker's point of view towards life, a fatalism without fear.

Experience in battle taught them the meaning of the word "force." They discovered that the individual was only important and efficient when he acted in concert with a great group. Everything depended upon team work. Men learned that a group of men working in harmony, with nerve and rifles with fixed bayonets, could do wonderful things. They could take an objective. In other words, take the thing they wanted and needed. When these men came back into civil life and took off khaki and put on overalls, the taking off of the khaki and the putting on of mufti did not erase from their minds this lesson the war had taught them.

This lesson has borne fruit. The men look at the employer as an enemy. The employer thinks of them as a commodity. Hatred is cordial. The men want something. They demand it. The employer refuses. Their objective is to get the thing they want and need. The war taught them there is a way, a weapon—Force. Today in Europe men reason, "if we can't get what we want, and need, we must take it. We have the force." Having grown habited to suffering, accustomed to blood and death, they look with indifference on the question of danger, of price. They saw that when nations could not agree they resorted to force. They discovered that victory generally went to the nation possessing the greatest force.

Threat of "Direct Action."

In the labor movement of Europe we have this idea in what is called "direct action." "Direct action" is nothing more or less than applying war methods to peace conditions. It is an effort on the part of great groups of working men to compel recognition of their demands. They seek to secure their objective by force. No allowance is made for the fact that methods justifiable in war are not right in peace. Few people will deny that war is the supreme expression of force.

Many men got their first taste of fresh air and decent food while in the army. Very properly the allied governments gave the best of everything to the men in the armies. It isn't difficult to get accustomed to good food and fresh air; it is hard to go back to poor food and the tenements. Back home, many of the demobilized soldiers are not eating as well or as much as they ate during their service.

Notwithstanding the rigid discipline of army life, men are treated as men. The humblest man in the ranks has rights that must be respected. This is not always the case in civil life. Then, too, while in uniform the private was made much of. Class distinction was obliterated. He was looked upon as one of his country's defenders. Since he has been demobilized he has been forgotten and neglected. This has soured him. He resents it. Social distinctions have come back. He is only a working man now.

Another cause of unrest among the working man of Europe grows out of the war. Mobilization took millions of men from their jobs. A great shortage of labor resulted. Employers were forced to compete to get men. The usual competition was among men to get jobs. The law of supply and demand affected the labor market. wages went up. The soldier went off to war. While he was in the trenches the wages back home were high. His pay was small. Our fighting men were not interested in pay. They went to fight for a principle. With the coming of peace a large quantity of labor was dumped upon the market. The demobilized men rushed for employment. Comrades competed for jobs. The same old law of supply and demand sent wages to bogganing. The number of men who wanted jobs was much greater than the number of places available. The returning soldier seeking a job was offered a much smaller wage than he knew was paid for the same work while he had been fighting. It incensed him. He figured that he had given four years out of his life, had come home tired and broke. He looked upon the decline in wages as a positive discrimination against him.

Comparison Breeds Discontent.

Everywhere I have heard these men say: "We are out of luck. The bands played and we were applauded when we left to fight. While we were gone the wages went up. We don't begrudge the men who stayed at home the wages they got, but it's damn funny that when we come back down go wages. The cost of living don't go down. I guess we're out of luck."

I found two phrases inseparable in the speech of the discontented, "the high cost of living;" "the profiteer." Workingmen with whom I talked, freely admitted that some of the high cost of living was the legitimate result of the great demand for everything and the natural shortage, but in the same breath they insisted that much of it was due to the mercenary, ghoulish profiteer.

The profiteer took blood money during the world's greatest tragedy. He exacted usury from the toiler at home and the fighting man at the front. He drew dividends out of the tears and wails of broken-hearted women and fright-stricken children. He minted his gold out of agony, starvation, heartaches. He stands today the Judas of the war, the most despised man of earth.

The profiteer is not an Englishman, a Frenchman, Italian or American. He is found in every country of the world, a man without nationality, without conscience, without humanity. He is the pimp of civilization. He is still on the job.

The profiteer has given the United States a terrible black eye. A common comment of Europe is, "The United States made money out of the war." These people do not refer to the money we made legitimately. They point to the fact, a fact that has been given great publicity in Europe, that in August, 1914, there were about 7,000 millionaires in the United States, while at the time of the signing of the armistice it was estimated the millionaire colony had increased by 23,000, making a total of 30,000 millionaires in the United States. The profiteer is still on the job. He is holding up the world, a starving, cold world.

Profiteering Case in Point.

Under date of November 17, 1919, J. S. Bache & Co., members of the New York stock exchange, in their financial letter say: "In mercantile circles there is proceeding at the present time a vast amount of speculation on a very large scale in commodities. An incident is cited to us of one concern that is carrying $15,000,000 worth of vegetable oils, which are in great demand, and the concern is holding them for higher prices. This is a distinct damage to the consumers, and keeps living prices in these things, used daily, at top and increasing levels. Speculation of this kind is a real detriment to the community."

The pair of shoes the workingman once bought for $3.50 are now $8 and $10. It is true that the cost of labor and material have gone up, but not enough to warrant any such exorbitant prices. Business men have taken advantage of the situation, and justify their larcenies on the ground of the law of supply and demand. A shoe man with a prominent Chicago firm, a man long in the business, told me that the present unwarranted and outrageous price of shoes was due to the fact that American shoe manufacturers could get almost any price for shoes from the barefooted people of Europe.

Governments are blamed for not dealing with this species of holdup. The discontented ask "Why isn't profiteering treason—why shouldn't these Fagans be sent to the wall with a firing squad as an escort?"

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Greatest of Hun Crimes.

Evidence that destruction wrought in France and Belgium by German armies was deliberate and unjustified by military necessity has accumulated since the signing of the armistice, according to a statement given out by the national committee of the United States for the restoration of the library at Louvain. Col. William Barclay Parsons, subway builder, who commanded the eleventh engineers, the regiment that went to Haig's aid with picks and shovels when the Huns were driving at the channel ports, in a letter to the executive committee, of which Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, is chairman, called the destruction of the Louvain library, with its precious treasures, the greatest of Teuton crimes in Belgium. Noted Europeans were quoted as sharing similar views.

Germans to Be Prosecuted.

Prosecution will be carried out, according to announcement made in Berlin, of German subjects charged with offenses and crimes committed in Germany against the person or property of hostile aliens during the war and up to June 29 of this year. The attorney general will be obliged to prosecute crimes perpetrated by Germans abroad during this period if the crimes are also punishable under the law of the country where committed.

The law covering general procedure in these cases has been submitted to the national assembly. It permits relatives or heirs of the injured party to appear as complainants.

LIES.

Many tell lies in order to deceive us, and many because they themselves are deceived. Some seek to win our favor by false accusations and invent wrongs in order that they may appear angry at our having suffered them. One man lies out of spite that he may set trusting friends at variance; some because they are suspicious and wish to see sport and watch from a safe distance those whom they have set by the ears.—Lucius Annaeus Seneca.

DANGERS OF EDUCATION.

Father—Run along, my boy, and help Cyril play with his toys.

Highbrow—No, father; by treating this further piling up of armaments in a spirit of levity following the cessation of an international cataclysm, one unconsciously places one's self in opposition to the ideals for which mankind strives, added to which it cannot but have a perniciously derogatory effect on juvenile mentality.—London Opinion.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

Water on the Knee.

A certain man of rather a waggish disposition, contends that his wife has no imagination. At dinner one night he chanced to mention a tragic circumstance, which he had read in the evening paper on his way home. A passenger on a transatlantic steamer had fallen overboard in mid-ocean, and had never been seen again.

"Was he drowned?" asked the wife.

"Oh, no," answered the husband, "but he sprained his ankle, I believe!"

Little Things That Hurt.

You may think that a bachelor with an income of one million hates to pay an income tax, but if you want to behold his enthusiasm freeze just watch him groan when the school tax is listed.—Houston Post.

BACK ACHING?

That "bad back" is probably due to weak kidneys, a trouble that often follows grip, cold, or overwork. It shows in constant, dull, throbbing backache, or sharp twinges when stooping or lifting. You have headaches, too, dizzy spells, a tired, nervous feeling and irregular kidney action. Don't neglect it. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands have saved themselves serious kidney ills by timely use of Doan's. *Ask your neighbor!*

A Colorado Case

Andrew E. Johnson, cabinet maker, Ensign St., Fort Morgan, Colo., says: "My kidneys were inflamed and sore. Sharp pains went through the small of my back when I tried to lift anything. My kidneys acted irregularly and annoyed me until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. I had used Doan's but a short time when my back was free from pain and my kidneys in good working order. I credit Doan's Kidney Pills with curing me permanently."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

HEARTBURN Caused by Acid-Stomach

That bitter heartburn, belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloat after eating—all are caused by acid-stomach. But they are only first symptoms—danger signals to warn you of awful troubles if not stopped. Headache, biliousness, rheumatism, sciatica, that tired, listless feeling, lack of energy, dizziness, insomnia, even cancer and ulcers of the intestines and many other ailments are traceable to ACID-STOMACH.

Thousands—yes, millions—of people who ought to be well and strong are mere weaklings because of acid-stomach. They really starve in the midst of plenty because they do not get enough strength and vitality from the food they eat.

Take EATONIC and give your stomach a chance to do its work right. Make it strong, cool, sweet and comfortable. EATONIC brings quick relief for heartburn, belching, indigestion and other stomach miseries. Improves digestion—helps you get full strength from your food. Thousands say EATONIC is the most wonderful stomach remedy in the world. Brought them relief when everything else failed.

Our best testimonial is what EATONIC will do for you. So get a big 50c box of EATONIC today from your druggist, use it five days—if you're not pleased, return it and get your money back.

EATONIC FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Quickly Conquers Constipation

Don't let constipation poison your blood and curtail your energy. If your liver and bowels don't work properly take CARTER'S Little Liver Pills today and your trouble will cease. For dizziness, lack of appetite, headache and blotchy skin nothing can equal them. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

Freckles, scars, smallpox pits, superfluous hair, removed; crooked noses straightened. If you have facial disfigurements write Dr. Bailey, 224 Empire Bldg., Denver, Colorado.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Coughs Grow Better surprisingly soon, throat inflammation disappears, irritation is relieved and throat tickling stops, when you use reliable, time-tested

PISO'S

PATAGONIA WOOD YARD

4 foot wood, $7 per cord.
1 cord cut for heating stove $9.00
1 cord cut for cook stove $10.00
Transfer Service in Connection

H. H. McCutchan
Proprietor

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. 75c.

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Protecting Your Family

Keeping the wolf from your door is often taken too figuratively. But it is not an idle joke, to be ridiculed or ignored.

To keep the wolf from your door requires weapons more powerful than implements of war. It requires a defense that cannot be bought or borrowed—it is gained through practice of thrift.

To save is to insure yourself and your family protection.

Every man owes himself and his family the protection of a savings account in a good substantial bank such as this one. There are other ways in which we can help you protect your family. Investigate.

Make This Bank Your Best Servant
Open an Account with Us Today—NOW!

THE
FIRST STATE BANK

EDITORIAL

Al Bernard's announcement that he is really a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination is not the only joke of that kind extant.

Bryan is in favor of a wet platform only to the extent of grape juice.

Now that Senator Hitchcock has come out in favor of a light wine and beer platform, Governor Edwards of New Jersey is up in arms and accusing him of plagiarism.

The Blue Lead mine just south of town, is attracting considerable attention and there are those who predict that it will in the very near future turn out to be rich, far beyond the most optomistic expectations.

With the great abundance of grain now being harvested each year by Santa Cruz county farmers, a well equipped flour mill at Patagonia would pay handsomely on the investment. It would also create a good home market for the farmer.

The Chamber of Commerce should look well to the needs of the town in the way of business industries. There are several lines of business that might be established in Patagonia with profit to the owners and the town as well.

Germany doesn't seem any more anxious for peace than the United States.

Recently Mark Smith remarked to a lady in Tucson, "Of course Wilson is a good friend of mine; note whom he has appointed to the post in Siam."

An enthusiastic aviator says, "Flying is one of the safest pastimes in the world." Of course it is, so long as one is flying. The trouble comes when one ceases to fly when he is a couple of thousand feet in the air.

Bainbridge Colby is a linguist. So is his predecessor, now—in swear words.

Politically Joe Bailey of Texas, is tearing up the earth to the extent of mixing the silvery sands of the Pecos with the black wax of Red River county.

State Briefs

HOLBROOK—$135,000 appropriation made for new buildings on Navajo reserve.

PATAGONIA—Three R mine starts drilling at end of 400 ft. tunnel.

BOWIE—U. S. O. & R. G. Co. resume drilling of test well.

PHOENIX—Crop progress through out state reported excellent.

MOHAVE—Government to erect $35,000 school at Fort Mohave.

YUMA—New King mine opens 10 ft. ore vein, stamp mill to be erected.

DOUGLAS—Catholic church planning erection of $40,000 convent.

SILVERBELL—El Tiro mine shipping 1500 tons monthly of 8 per cent copper ore.

WEBB—Swisshelms mine installing machinery for extensive development.

GLOBE—Work on 400 level of Superior and Boston Copper mine continuing to show good ore values.

JOHNSON—Keystone mine receives machinery for new flotation mill and power plant.

KINGMAN—Combination mine to be developed and machinery installed by new company. Gold Ore mine opens ore giving values $'29 to ton on 600 level.

Justin's cowboy boots can't be beat for men. Washington Trading Co.—Adv.

Most of the presidential candidates who have thrown their hats in the ring seem to have a reserve supply through which to talk.

An Australian scientist announces that in twelve million years the sun will be as cold as ice. What few troubles we would have if there were no scientists.

It is said that some of the stuff sold for flu remedy "just across the line" down in Nogales would make an ordinarily sane man pat a bob cat.

The tractor is solving the problem of farm labor.

The farmer who has a bunch of hogs will find a splendid market for his milo maize and feterita.

Stockmen say livestock on the range has wintered better this year than in any previous year in the recollection of the oldest cowman.

Stock pens at Patagonia would save the cattle raisers of the San Rafael Valley and the Santa Cruz river bottoms from one to two days' drive. And these sections ship the bulk of the shipments from Santa Cruz county.

THOMAS M. CUMMINGS

announces his candidacy for nomination as Sheriff of Santa Cruz County before the DEMOCRATIC primaries to be held in September.

"Here we are, in tip-top shape"
—*Chesterfield*

YES, and that's the way Chesterfields always arrive—crisp, fresh and in prime shape for smoking. It's the extra wrapper of moisture-proof paper that does it. Your Chesterfields never become too moist or too dry.

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES
They Satisfy

Patagonia Cafe

SAM THOMAS, Prop.

EVERYTHING NEW, NEAT AND CLEAN
THE BEST MEALS AT LOWEST PRICES

Will Purchase:

A Studebaker two-seat "Diamond" buckboard, or a two-seat spring mountain wagon, or a Studebaker No. 131 business wagon. Capacity 900 or 1000 lbs. Axles 1¼ inch. Wheels 1¼ inch tread. Must be in A-1 condition, and priced right. State name of maker, price, and give full particulars in first letter.

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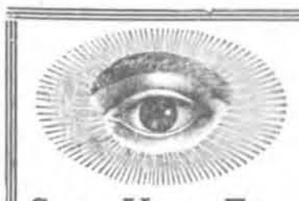

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If glasses are needed we make them here. Best equipment between El Paso and Los Angeles.

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It will be a treat for you to visit this store and see my elegant display of New Spring Millinery.

It will be an enjoyable surprise to learn of the reasonable prices.

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Mail orders for all kinds of drugs and druggists' sundries given special attention and shipped same day as received.

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THAT GOOD FEELING

is in our bottles of soda ginger ale, sarsaparilla, root beer and other carbonated drinks. Order us to send you a box or so today. You will find them good to drink your own and other people's health. For they are healthy as well as decidedly delicious beverages.

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NOGALES - - - - ARIZONA

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GENERAL REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKER

NOGALES - - - - ARIZONA

WE HAVE IT!

MOHAWK TIRES
DURAL TUBES
PATCHES OF ALL KINDS
GASOLINE, OILS, CUP GREASE
PIPE FITTINGS, and
MINERS' SUPPLIES

Peirce Auto and Machinery Co.
Gowen Peirce, Manager
PATAGONIA ARIZONA

The old standby for---
Fresh Beef, Mutton, Pork and Vegetables

Patagonia Meat Market

Val Valenzuela, Sr., Prop.

We Carry
Hardware,
Furniture,
Implements.

We Want Your Patronage
We Will Treat You Right.

GEO. B. MARSH, INC.
Nogales, Arizona

Big Values in Dress Goods

Many of the most fashionable dress materials for the season can be found in this store. We have purchased a stock of the latest and most popular plain and fancy patterns and colors and are offering them for your approval.

Before planning your new dresses we urge you to call and see this new showing, as we are certain we can please you both as to material and price.

It is worth your time to come in.

The Patagonia Commercial Co.
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

If You Are in Need

Of any of the following, let us quote you prices; you will save money by doing so. We carry a complete line of

LUMBER, PAINTS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE, LIME AND CEMENT AND RUBBER ROOFING.

We Are Also Agents For

U. S. WINDMILLS—MODEL B.

PATAGONIA LUMBER COMPANY
J. W. Miller, Manager.

IF YOUR CAR NEEDS ANYTHING

Come to The

AMERICAN GARAGE

WE HANDLE

Savage, Michelin, Goodrich, Kelly-Springfield and Hawkeye Tires and Tubes

National, Hercules and Champion Spark Plugs

Paints and Varnish

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Pumps and Jacks

Patches of All Kinds and Vulcanizers

Lamps for Every Car

Ford Parts

CHEVROLETS FOR SALE

ARMER, VALLES AND SOTO

Proprietors

Patagonia Arizona

One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home appointment for the traveling public is the

COMMERCIAL HOTEL

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby.

Dining Room in connection

Montezuma Hotel

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

COMPLETELY RENOVATED

RATES REASONABLE

Headquarters For All Stage Lines

We Are At Your Service.

Nogales, Arizona

Staple & Fancy Groceries

Hardware of All Kinds

Wholesale and Retail

MAY BE HAD AT ALL TIMES

at

Patagonia's Up-to-Date Store

EVANS MERCANTILE CO.

Patagonia Barber Shop

WM. FESSLER, Prop. Children's Hair Cutting

Shop Closed on Sunday.

PATAGONIA - - - - - - ARIZONA

"A Penny Saved

Is a Penny Earned."

If you have not already started a savings account, begin now to prepare for the inevitable day when you are no longer a producer.

You will be surprised at the results, in a few years, after you have commenced systematically to save money for the "rainy day."

Our banking institution offers you the best protection for your savings.

The First National Bank of Nogales

Nogales, Arizona.

ASSESTS OVER $2,000,000.00

HOTEL EVANS

Nogales, Arizona

BEN EVANS, Proprietor

CLEAN, COMFORTABLE ROOMS

At Reasonable Rates

"You'll Like It at the Evans"

LEGALS

STATE OF ARIZONA
Office of the
ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION.

United States of America,
State of Arizona, ss.

The ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION does hereby certify that the annexed is a true and complete transcript of the

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
—of—
BRODINE MINING COMPANY

which were filed in the office of said Arizona Corporation Commission on the 5th day of February A. D. 1920, at 3:00 o'clock P. M., as provided by law.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the Arizona Corporation Commission, by its Chairman, has hereunto set its hand and affixed its Official Seal.

Done at the City of Phoenix, the Capitol, this 5th day of February A. D 1920.

(SEAL)

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION
AMOS A. BETTS,
Chairman

Attest: A. E. STELZER,
Secretary.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
—of—
BRODINE MINING COMPANY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That we, the undersigned have associated and do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation under the laws of the State of Arizona, and to that end we do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

FIRST: The names, residences and postoffice address of the incorporators are as follows:

August Brodine, Patagonia Arizona.
Richard Rowe, Patagonia, Arizona.
Irving R. Bancroft, 2314 Raymond Avenue, Los Angeles, California.
Frank B. Hathaway, 938 South Western Avenue, Los Angeles, California.
Emmet H. Wilson, 1146 Title Insurance Bldg., Los Angeles, California.

The name of the said corporation shall be BRODINE MINING COMPANY.

The principal place of business of the said corporation, within the State of Arizona and the place in which the principal business of the corporation within the said state is to be transacted shall be Patagonia, in the County of Santa Cruz, State of Arizona, and other offices and branch places of business of the said corporation may be established and maintained at the city of Los Angeles, in the county of Los Angeles State of California, and at such other places, either within or without the said State of Arizona, as may be established and designated by the board of directors, at which branch places of business, meetings of the stockholders and of the board of directors may be held, and any and all corporate business may be transacted as may be provided by the bylaws of the said corporation.

SECOND: The general nature of the business proposed to be transacted by the said corporation is as follows:

To prospect for and locate, to acquire by discovery, lease, license, option, purchase, franchise, grant, gift, devise or otherwise, and to hold, possess, enjoy, develop, mine, work, operate and exploit mines, mineral lands and claims mining rights, metalliferous lands and rights in Arizona and elsewhere.

To carry on the business, in all its various branches, of mining for gold silver, tin, lead, iron, copper, coal, and other minerals and mineral substances

To construct, purchase, or otherwise to acquire and to maintain and operate tunnels, sluices, reservoirs, and ditches for mining purposes.

To purchase, lease or otherwise to acquire lands, mills, mill sites, tunnel sites, buildings, machinery, power houses, pumping plants, pump machinery, dump rights, ditch rights flumes, pipes, pipe lines, private roads easements, franchises and licenses.

To purchase, construct, lease or otherwise to acquire and to operate and maintain such electric lighting and power plants, buildings, machinery, appliances and equipments appertaining thereto as shall be necessary in and about the mining and smelting business of this corporation.

To purchase, lease, or otherwise to acquire, construct, and maintain plants for the purpose of extracting values from refractory ores.

To purchase, treat, refine, extract, reduce, crush, calcine, smelt, concentrate and manipulate all kinds of ores, minerals and metalliferous substances with a view to obtaining therefrom gold silver, tin, lead, copper, iron, and other metals, combination of metals, or other valuable substances and of preparing the same for market.

To engage generally in smelting, reducing, crushing, refining, milling treating, assaying, and selling minerals and ores of all kinds, classes, and descriptions.

To buy, sell, manufacture, and generally to deal in machinery, blasting powder, and high explosives of every description, also fuses, caps, implements, candles, and conveniences suitable for use in connection with mining and metallurgical operations.

To purchase, lease, or otherwise to acquire lands for the purpose of erecting thereon office buildings, plants workshops, dwelling houses, warehouses stores, hotels, and other buildings for use in connection with and for the purpose of furthering the foregoing purposes.

To establish, maintain and conduct stores in connection with the mining operations of this corporation, and to buy, sell and generally to deal in food products, dry-goods and merchandise of all kinds, including all kinds of machinery and mechanical appliances and devices.

To construct, purchase, or otherwise to acquire and to maintain and operate such private railroads, railways, tramways, roads, turnpikes and canals as shall be necessary to the business of this corporation, leading from its principal works or place of business to some navigable stream or to some existing railroad, turnpike or public highway.

To borrow money, to execute notes bonds, debentures and other evidences of indebtedness, and to mortgage pledge, or otherwise to encumber, grant or deliver as security therefor any and all property of this corporation; to make and obtain loans and to supervise, manage and protect such loans and the security therefor and all interests and claims affecting the same;

To do all and every thing necessary, suitable and proper for the accomplishment of any of the purposes, or the attainment of any of the objects, or the furtherance of any of the powers hereinbefore set forth, either alone or in association with other corporations firms or individuals; and to do any and every act or thing incidental or pertinent to or growing out of or connected with the aforesaid business or powers or any part or parts thereof, and to have all such general powers as may be necessary or expedient for the transaction of any and all kinds of business auxiliary or incident to the proper conduct and management of its business within the scope of the purposes hereinbefore enumerated.

THIRD: The authorized amount of capital stock of this corporation shall be two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000.00), divided into two million five hundred thousand shares (2,500,000) of the par value of ten cents (10c) each. The said capital stock shall be issued and shall be paid in in such amounts and at such times as the board of directors of this corporation may, by resolution, direct and designate, and the same may be issued for and paid in either in real or personal property, conveyed to the said corporation, or for services or labor rendered to or performed for the said corporation, or for leases, contracts, options to purchase, or any other valuable right or thing for the uses and purposes of the said corporation, and all shares of the capital stock when issued in payment or in exchange therefor, shall thereupon and thereby become and be and shall remain fully paid up to the same effect as though paid in cash at par, and shall be and remain forever nonassessable, and the judgment of the directors as to the value of any property, right or thing acquired by the said corporation or as to the value of any services or labor rendered to or performed for the said corporation in exchange for capital stock shall be conclusive.

FOURTH: The time of the commencement of the said corporation shall be the date of the issuance to it of a certificate of incorporation by the Corporation Commission of the State of Arizona and it shall continue and endure for the full term of twenty-five years (25) thereafter, at which time it shall terminate, unless renewed, but the said corporation shall have the right and privilege of being renewed from time to time in the manner provided by statute.

FIFTH: The affairs of the said corporation shall be conducted by a board of directors, and by such officers as the said board of directors may elect or appoint. The said board of directors shall be composed of five stockholders and they shall be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders, to be held on the first Monday in April of each year. Until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified, the following named stockholders shall serve as directors and shall compose the board of directors of the said corporation, to-wit:

AUGUST BRODINE,
RICHARD ROWE,
IRVING R. BANCROFT,
FRANK B. HATHAWAY,
EMMET H. WILSON.

SIXTH: The highest amount of indebtedness or liability, direct or contingent, to which the said corporation may or shall at any time subject itself is twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.00).

SEVENTH: The private property of the stockholders of the said corporation shall forever be and remain exempt from all debts, liabilities and obligations of the said corporation of any and every kind or character whatsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 22d day of December, 1919.

AUGUST BRODINE (Seal)
RICHARD ROWE (Seal)
IRVING R. BANCROFT (Seal)
FRANK B. HATHAWAY (Seal)
EMMET H. WILSON (Seal)

State of California,
County of Los Angeles. ss.

On this 22d day of December, 1919 before me E. T. SHERER, a Notary Public in and for the said County of Los Angeles, State of California, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared IRVING R. BANCROFT, FRANK B. HATHAWAY and EMMET H. WILSON known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the within and annexed instrument and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same, for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the day and year in this certificate first above written.

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

E. T. SHERER,
Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California

My commission expires February 23d, 1923.

State of Arizona,
County of Santa Cruz. ss.

On this 2d day of January, 1920, before me D. B. PIERCE, a Notary Public in and for the said County of Santa Cruz, State of Arizona, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared AUGUST BRODINE and RICHARD ROWE, known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the within and annexed instrument and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and seal the day and year in this certificate first above written.

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

D. B. PIERCE,
Notary Public in and for the County of Santa Cruz, State of Arizona.

My commission expires Sept. 20, 1923.

Filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission this 5th day of Feb. A. D. 1920 at 3:00 P. M. at request of EMMET H. WILSON, whose post office address is 1146 Title Insurance Bldg., Los Angeles, California.

ARIZONA CORPORATION, COMMISSION,
By AMOS A. BETTS,
Chairman

First pub. Feb. 20, 1920.
6th pub. Mch. 26, 1920.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
(026593)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 1, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that John E. Lawless, of San Rafael, Arizona, who, on January 22, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 026593, for W½SW¼ Sec. 5, E½SE¼, Section 6, Township 23-S, Range 17-E, G.&S.R.B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 7th day of April 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: Loretta Lawless, George N. Bagley, both of San Rafael, Arizona; Victor J. Wager, Arcus Reddoch, both of Nogales, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN,
Register.

First pub Mar 5.
Last pub Apr 2.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
(031578)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 1, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charlie G. Reeves, of Sonoita, Arizona, who on February 16, 1917, made Homestead Entry, No. 031578, for SW¼NE¼ W½SE¼, SE¼SW¼, Sec. 15, E½NW¼, W½NE¼, Section 22, Township 20-S., Range 17-E., G.&S.R.B.& Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 7th day of April, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles E. Davis, Jesse F. Little, Ira D. Brooks George W. Crayne, all of Sonoita, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN,
Register.

First pub Mar 5.
Last pub Apr 2.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
(025915)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, January 10, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that John S. Gashweiler, of Sonoita, Arizona, who on October 19, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 025915, for a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follow: Beginning at corner No. 1, identical with the corner to T. 20-S., Rs. 16 and 17 E.; thence S. 89 deg. 06' E., 33.35 chains to corner No. 2; thence S 24 deg. 33' E; 22.93 chains to corner No. 3; thence S. 24 deg. 33' E., 16.98 chains to corner No. 4; thence S. 89 deg. 54' W., 7.03 chains to corner No. 5; thence S. 89 deg. 54' W., 42.85 chains to corner No. 6; thence N. 4 deg. 30' W. 37.03 chains to corner No. 7; thence N. 89 deg. 51' E., 2.84 chains to corner No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 157.46 acres in Sections 5 and 6, T. 21-S., R. 17-E., G. & S. R. B. & M., Coronado National Forest, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 26th day of February, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: Bevige J. White, Ernest R. Purdam, both of Nogales, Arizona; Charles Brosshart, Grand Pa Rouse, both of Sonoita, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.

1st pub. Jan. 23, 1920; 5th pub. Feb. 20.

Undertaker & Embalmer

Geo. B. Marsh, Inc.

Nogales, Ariz.

NOGALES SHOE DOCTOR

146 Grand Ave.

Prices Reasonable. Prompt Delivery

Send Them In By Parcels Post.

E. J. HOLDEN, PROP.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
(028521)

Department of the Interior, U. S Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona March 6, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rob R. McGregor, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on October 7, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 028521, for SW¼, S½NW¼, SW¼NE¼, Section 23, Township 21-S. Range 17-E, G.&S.R.B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 15th day of April, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas W. Yeary, Augustus Yeary, Earl Yeary, Willard T. Roath, all of Elgin, Arizona

J. L. IRVIN,
Register.

First pub Mch 12
Last pub Apr 9

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
(035935)

Department of the Interior, U. S Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 6, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that Leonard H. Brooks, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on January 26, 1918, made Homestead Entry, No. 035935, for S½, Section 9, Township 19-S, Range 18-E, G.&S.R.B.& Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 20th day of April, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: John B. Wyatt, Mark C. Turney, Ernest Speed, Jesse L. Adams, all of Elgin, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN,
Register.

First pub Mch 19
Last pub Apr 16

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION
(031304)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 13, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that August C. Jupsen, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on February 14, 1917, made Homestead Entry, No. 031304, for N½NE¼ SE¼NE¼, NE¼SE¼, Section 10 Township 20-S, Range 18E, G.&S.R.B.& Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 29th day of April, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses: Frank Skutt, Henry V. Pike, Tomas D. Mathes, Ed. E. Dalton, all of Elgin, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL,
Register.

First pub Mch 19
Last pub Apr 16

Navajo saddle blankets, sold by the pound, cut any desired length. Washington Trading Co.—Adv.

WANT ADS.

WANTED—Copies of the Patagonian dated Oct. 10, 17, 24; Nov. 28; Dec. 19, 1919, and two copies of Jan. 2, 1920. Five cents each will be paid for them at this office.

CANDY BUSINESS—We start you at home, or anywhere; everything furnished; $30 weekly, up; men-women; experience unnecessary. Specialty Candymaking Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 5 South 48th St. 8te512

FOR SALE—Excelsior Auto Cycle, 3 speed twin, 16 h. p. At Peirce Garage. Bargain if sold at once. Rev. J. A Prior, owner. 2tp19

Stop scrubbing; use linoleum. See our selection. Washington Trading Co.

PATAGONIA ENGINEERING AND ASSAY OFFICE

C. A. Pierce Chas. N. Cox

Mining and Metallurgical Engineers

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Examination, equipment, management of mining properties. Designing and operation of mills. Concentration by flotation, a specialty.

J. E. REDDEN

Physician and Surgeon

Day or Night Calls Solicited.

Doing Town and Country Practice.

Patagonia - - - Arizona

KEEP AN EYE ON PATAGONIA—
THE PROPER PLACE TO INVEST

Any Person Who Will Build a House on the East Side During the Next Six Months to Cost Not Less Than $1000 Can Have a Lot Free; if Cost Is Not Less Than $3000 Two Lots Free—Frame Houses Barred.

Patagonia is situated in the center of a great mining district. The townsite is a beautiful one, located in the valley between the Santa Rita and Patagonia Mountains at an elevation of over 4000 feet. The town has a fine school building, three hotels, six stores, etc. The climate can not be surpassed; there is good water in abundance, and splendid roads lead from Patagonia to all parts of the county.

A fine tract of land has just been laid out in town lots adjoining the Patagonia townsite on the east. This new tract has been named East Side Addition and fine lots in this section of the town are for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Lots range in value from $50 to $200, terms, one-third cash, one-third in six months and one-third in 12 months. When last payment is made a deed will be given.

Another tract of land situated along the Harshaw road has been laid off, called Linder Addition, which is for sale in acre, five acre and 10 acre lots at attractive prices.

For Further Particulars Address:

R. R. Richardson, Patagonia, Santa Cruz County, Arizona

ORES BOUGHT

Prospectors and Miners may find it advantageous to dispose of small lots of High Grade or Shipping Ore in Nogales, Arizona, or Sonora to

HUGO W. MILLER

Assayer and Chemist

Box 481 NOGALES, ARIZ.

The C. B. Wilson Company

TEAM AND TRUCK TRANSPORTATION

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HAY AND GRAIN

We Make a Specialty of

ALL KINDS OF MILL FEEDS

Medicated Tobacco Salt—The New Cattle Medicine

PATAGONIA - - - - - - ARIZONA

MR. MOTORIST!

WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT CORD TIRES?

Do you know that "FEDERAL" Cord Tires ride easier, coast further, last longer, and save more gasoline than any other cord tire on the market today?

If you do not know these things write or call on us and be convinced.

Roy & Titcomb,

(Incorporated)

Automobile Accessory Department

NOGALES, ARIZONA

"IF IT'S A FEDERAL IT'S RIGHT."

STAG BARBER SHOP

Geo. Januel, Proprietor. Nogales, Ariz.

Hot and Cold Baths

PIECES OF EIGHT

BEING THE AUTHENTIC NARRATIVE OF A TREASURE DISCOVERED IN THE BAHAMA ISLANDS IN THE YEAR 1903. NOW FIRST GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC.

By RICHARD LE GALLIENNE

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CHAPTER VI—Continued.

And then I came upon a photograph hanging over the writing desk—a tall, Spanish-looking young woman of remarkable beauty. It needed but one glance to realize that here was Calypso's mother, and as was natural I stood a long time scanning the countenance that was so like the face which, from my first sight of it, had seemed the loveliest in the world. This was a flower that had been the mother of a flower. It was a face more primitive in its beauty, a little less touched with race than the one I loved, but the same fearless natural nobility was in it, and the figure had the same wild grace of pose, the same lithe strength of carriage.

Two or three days went by, but as yet there was no news of either Charlie Webster or Tobias. Nothing further had been heard of the latter in the settlement, and a careful patrolling of the neighborhood revealed no signs of him. Either his sailing away was a bona fide performance or he was lying low in some other part of the island—which of course would not be a difficult thing for him to do, as most of it was wilderness—and as, also, there were one or two coves on the deserted northern side where he could easily bide his time. Between that coast and us, however, lay some ten miles of scrub and mangrove swamps, and it was manifestly out of the question to patrol them too. There was nothing to do but watch and wait.

At last there came a message from Charlie Webster, another of his Caesarian notes: "Sorry delays few days longer. Any news?"

That seemed to decide the "king."

"What do you say, Ulysses," he said, "if we begin digging tomorrow? There are ten of us—with as many guns, four revolvers and plenty of machetes—not counting Calypso, who is an excellent shot herself."

I agreed that nothing would please me better—so an early hour the following morning found us with the whole garrison—excepting Samson, whom it had been thought wise to leave at home as a bodyguard for Calypso—lined up at the old ruined mansion with picks and shovels and machetes, ready to commence operations.

We had worked for a week before we made a clearance of the ground floor. Then at last we came upon a solidly built stone staircase, winding downward. After clearing away the debris with which it was choked to a depth of some twenty or thirty steps, we came to a stout wooden door studded with nails.

"The dungeon at last," said the "king."

"The kitchens, I bet," said I.

After some battering the door gave way with a crash, a moldering breath as of the grave met our nostrils, and a cloud of bats flew in our faces and set the negroes screaming. A huge cavernous blackness was before us. The "king" called for lanterns.

As we raised these above our heads and peered into the darkness, we both gave a laugh.

"'Yo—ho—ho—and a bottle of rum,'" sang the "king."

For all along the walls stood or lay prone on trestles, a silent company of hogsheads, festooned with cobwebs like huge black wings. It was the pirates' wine cellar!

* * * * * * *

Such was our discovery for that day, but there is another matter which I must mention—the fact that somehow the news of our excavation seemed to have got down to the settlement. It is a curious fact, as the "king" observed, that if a man should start to dig for gold in the center of Sahara, with no possible means of communicating with his fellows, on

It Was the Pirates' Wine Cellar.

the third day there would not fail to be someone to drop in and remark on the fineness of the weather. So it was with us. As a general thing not once in a twelvemonth did a human being wander into that wilderness where the "king" had made his home. There was nothing to bring them there, and, as I have made clear, the way was not easy. Yet we had hardly begun work when one and another idle loafer strolled in from the settlement and stood grinning his curiosity at our labors.

Toward evening of the third day we came upon a passage leading out of one of the cellars; it had such a promising appearance that we kept at work later than usual, and the sun had set and night was rapidly falling as we turned homeward.

As we came in sight of the house we were struck by the peculiar hush about it, and there were no lights in the windows.

"No lights!" the "king" and I exclaimed together, involuntarily hurrying our steps, with a foreboding of we knew not what in our hearts. As we crossed the lawn the house loomed up dark and still and the door opening onto the loggia was a square of blackness in a gloom of shadows hardly less profound. Not a sound, not a sign of life!

"Calypso!" we both cried out, as we rushed across the loggia. "Calypso! where are you"—but there was no answer; and then I, being ahead of the "king," stumbled over something dark lying across the doorway.

"Good heaven! what is this?" I cried, and bending down I saw that it was Samson.

The "king" struck a match. Yes! it was Samson, poor fellow, with a dagger firmly planted in his heart.

Near by something white caught my eye attached to the lintel of the doorway. It was a piece of paper held there with a sailor's knife. I tore it off in a frenzy, and—the "king" striking another match—we read it together. It bore but a few words, written all in capital letters with a coarse pencil:

"WILL RETURN THE LADY IN EXCHANGE FOR THE TREASURE," and it was signed "H. P. T."

CHAPTER VII.

In Which I Lose My Way.

"The audacity of the fellow!" exclaimed the "king," who was the first to recover.

"But Calypso!" I cried.

The "king" laid his hand on my shoulder reassuringly.

"Don't be afraid for her," he said. "I know my daughter."

"But I love her!" I cried, thus blurting out in my anguish what I had designed to reveal in some tranquil chosen hour.

"I have loved her for twenty years," said the "king," exasperatingly calm. "'Jack Harkaway' can take care of himself."

I was not even astonished at the time.

"But something must be done," I cried. "I will go to the commander at once and rouse the settlement. Give me a lantern," I called to one of the negroes, who by this had come up to us, and were standing around in a terrified group. I waited only for it to be lit, and then, without a word, dashed wildly into the forest.

"Hadn't you better take someone with you?" I heard the "king" call after me, but I was too distraught to reply, plunging headforemost through the tangled darkness—my brain boiling like a cauldron with anger and a thousand fears, and my heart stung, too with wild, unreasoning remorse. After all, it was my doing.

"To think! to think! to think!" I cried aloud—leaving the rest unspoken.

I meant that it had all come of my insensate pursuit of that filthy treasure, when all the time the only treasure I coveted was Calypso herself. Poor old ignorant Tom had been right after all. Nothing good came of such enterprises. There was a curse upon them from the beginning. And then, as I thought of Tobias, my body shook so that I could hardly keep on walking, and next minute my hatred of him so nerved me up that I ran on through the brush like a madman, my clothes clutched at by the devilish vines and torn at every yard.

I fled past the scene of our excavations, looking more haunted than ever in the flashing gleam of the lantern. With an oath I left them behind, as the accursed cause of all this evil; but I cannot have gone by them many yards when suddenly I felt the ground giving way beneath me with a violent jerk. My arms went up in a wild effort to save myself, and then, in a panic of fright, I felt myself shooting downward as one might fall down the shaft of a mine. Vainly I clutched at rocky walls as I sped down in the earth-smelling darkness. I seemed to be falling forever, and for a moment my head cleared and I had time to think of the crash that was coming at the end of my fall—a crash which, I said to myself, must mean death. It came with sudden crunching pain, a swift tightening round my heart, as though black ropes were being lashed tightly about it, squeezing out my breath; then entire blackness engulfed me and I knew no more.

* * * * * * *

How long I lay there in the darkness I cannot tell. All I remember is suddenly opening my eyes on intense blackness and vaguely wondering where I was. My head seemed entirely detached from my body, of which so far I was unconscious. But presently the realization of it returned, and involuntarily I tried to move—to find with a sort of indifferent mild surprise that it was impossible.

So there I lay, oddly content, in the dark—the pungent smell of the earth my only sensation, and my head uselessly clear.

The remembrance of what had happened began to grow in force and keenness and, of a sudden, the thought of Calypso smote me like a sword! Spurred to desperate effort, I stood up on the instant and leaned against a rocky wall. Miracle of miracles! I could stand. I was not dead, after all. I was not, indeed, so far as I could tell, seriously hurt. Badly bruised, of course—but no bones broken. It seemed incredible, but it was so. The realization made me feel weak again, and I sat down with my back propped up against the rock, and waited for more strength.

Slowly my thoughts fumbled around the situation. Then, as by force of habit, my hand went to my pocket. God be praised! I had matches, and I cried with thankfulness, out of very weakness. But I still sat on in the dark for a while. I felt very tired. After thinking about it for a long time, I took out my precious matchbox, which unconsciously I had been hugging wih my hand, and struck a light, looking about me in a dazed fashion. The match burnt down to my fingers, and I threw it away, as the flame stung me. I had seen something of my surroundings, enough to last my tired brain for a minute or two. I was at the bottom of a sort of crevasse, a narrow cleft in the rocks which continued on in a slanting downward chasm into the darkness. It was a natural corridor, with a floor of white sand. The sand had accounted for my coming off without any broken bones.

After another minute or two I struck another match, and lo! another miracle. There was my lantern lying beside me. The glass of it was broken, but that was no matter. As I lit the wick my hopes leapt up with the flame. At the worst I had light.

I swung my lantern aloft, seeking the possibilities of a climb, but everywhere it was sheer, without a ledge or protuberance of any kind to take advantage of, and it was utterly devoid of vegetation—not a sign of a friendly shrub or root to hold by.

I had sense enough to know that I was too tired to think profitably, and drowsiness coming over me told me that an hour or two's sleep would give me the strength I needed to renew with a will and more chances of success my efforts to escape.

Light was too precious to waste, so I blew out my lantern, and, curling up on the sand, almost instantly fell asleep. But before I lapsed into unconsciousness I had clutched hold of one sustaining thought in the darkness—the assurance of Calypso's safety, so confidently announced by her father: "Don't be afraid for her. I know my daughter." Whatever happened to me, she would come out all right. As her brave shape flashed before my mind's eye, down there under the earth, I could have no doubt of that.

My instinct had been right in giving way to my drowsiness, for I woke up from my sleep a new man. How long I had been there, of course, I had no means of knowing; but I fancy I must have slept a good while, for I felt so refreshed and full of determination to tackle my escape in good earnest.

I had hardly relit my lantern when its rays revealed something which it seemed impossible for anyone with eyes, however weary, to have overlooked.

In the right-hand corner of the little cavern, five or six feet above my head, was a dark hole, like the entrance to a tunnel, or, more properly speaking a good-sized burrow—for it was scarcely more than a yard in diameter. It seemed to be something more than a mere cavity in the rock, for, when I flashed my lantern up to it I could see no end. To climb up to it at first seemed difficult; but providentially, I had a stout clasp knife in my pocket, and with this I cut a step or two in the porous rock, and so managed it. Lying flat on my stomach, I looked in.

It was, as I had thought, a narrow natural tunnel, snaking through the rocks—as often happens in those curious fantastic coral formations—for all the world, indeed, as if it had been made ages ago by some monstrous primeval serpent, a giant wormhole, no less, leading—heaven alone knew where.

There was just room to crawl along it on all fours, so I started cautiously, making sure I had my precious matches and my jackknife all safe.

I progressed, I should say, for some twenty or thirty yards, when, to my inexpressible relief, I came out, still on all fours, onto a spreading floor; then, standing up, I perceived that I was in a cave of considerable loftiness and some forty feet or so across. It was good to breathe again such comparatively free air; yet, as I looked about and made the circuit of the walls, I saw that I had but exchanged one prison for another. There was this difference, however; whereas there had only been one passageway from the cave I had just left, there were several similar outlets from that in which I now stood. Two or three of them proved to be nothing but alcoves that ran a few yards and then stopped.

But there were two close by each other which seemed to continue on. There was not much choice between them, but as both made in the same direction, so far as I could judge the direction in which I had so far progressed, I decided to take the larger one. It proved to be a passage much like the tunnel I had already traversed, only a little roomier, and therefore it was easier going, and it, too, brought me out, as had the other, on another cavern—but one considerably larger in extent.

I had stumbled on something like a Monte Cristo suite of underground apartments. And here for a moment I released my imagination from her blinders, and allowed her to play around these strange halls. And in one of her suggestions there was some comfort. It was hardly likely that caverns of such extent had waited for me to discover them. They must surely have been known to Teach, or whatever buccaneer it was who had occupied the ruined mansion not so very far above ground.

I set about the more carefully to examine every nook and corner. Two iron staples imbedded in one of the walls, with rusting chains and manacles attached, were melancholy proof of one of the uses to which the place had once been put. Melancholy for certain unhappy souls long since free of all mortal chains, but for me—need I say it?—exceedingly joyous. For if there had been a way to bring prisoners here it was none the less evident that there had been a way to take them out. But how and where? Again I searched every nook and cranny. There was no sign of entrance anywhere.

Then a thought occurred to me. What if the entrance were after the manner of a medieval oubliette—through the ceiling! There was a thought indeed to send one's hopes soaring. I ran in my eagerness through one cavern after another, holding my lantern aloft. That must be the solution. There could be no other way. I sought and sought, but alas! it was a false hope, and I threw myself down in a corner in despair, deciding that the prisoners must have been forced to crawl in as I had—though it was hardly like jailers to put themselves to such inconvenience.

I leaned back against the wall and gazed listlessly upward. Next moment I had bounded to my feet again. Surely I had seen some short, regular

Vainly I Clutched at Rocky Walls.

lines running up the face of the rock, like a ladder. I raised my lantern. Sure enough, they were iron rounds set in the face of the rock, and they mounted up till I lost them in the obscurity, for the cave here must have been forty feet high. Blessed heaven! I was saved!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"PICKED UP" HIS EDUCATION

How One Man Acquired Knowledge by His Habit of Asking "Why?" and "What?"

His youth knew full well the pinch of poverty and he learned not only what the dollar will buy, but, more important, what it will not buy.

"So it happens," writes Bruce Barton in "The Best Educated Man I Know," in the Red Cross magazine, "that while I have heard much talk of books in his home and of social problems and international affairs, I have never yet heard a member of the family mention money. Which, in itself, is enough to confirm me in my judgment that he is, altogether, the best educated man I know."

"He went to Europe one summer with a party of people," the writer continues. "One of the ladies brought back a very confused notion of what Europe contains. She was sure of only two things; she had seen Venice and Vesuvius, but she was very hazy as to which is which. My friend, whose means have not permitted him to make a second journey, knows Europe like a man who had lived there for years. He prepared for the journey before he sailed; he asked questions unceasingly at every point; he formed friendships with learned men in various countries and has kept up a correspondence with them ever since. Confined as he is to a comparatively small city, he is none the less a citizen of the world; and nothing that happens in it, no experience or chance acquaintance fails to yield its full measure of interest and added wisdom to him.

"A knowledge of the value of time, a love of books, a fine habit of asking 'why' and 'what'—these are the chief stones on which my friend's education is builded. And to them I should add one final and most important item—his unflagging interest in people."

Javelle Water.

This water is fine for removing stains. Take one pound of sal soda and five cents' worth of chloride of lime. Put them in an earthen bowl, add two quarts of water and stir. Let it settle, then pour off the water and bottle it. It will remove fruit stains and even indelible ink. Soak till stain disappears; then quickly wash in warm water.

Memory Must Be Cultivated.

In any system of mental development, the memory must be cultivated at the outset, and that cultivation must continue unceasingly. It is fortunate indeed that every average person has a mind capable of excellent memory. It is only necessary that the native powers should be properly employed.

Hears Only the Voice.

"A lack of understandin' kin be mighty comfortin'," said Uncle Eben, "De worse you talk to a mule de more he feels complimented by de attention he's receivin'."

WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

Sugar Grows on Fir Trees, but at $66 a Pound

WASHINGTON.—Announcement is made by the American Forestry association of the phenomenon of sugar growing on fir trees in the province of British Columbia and in the eastern part of the state of Washington. This discovery was made by Prof. John Davidson, F. L. S.; F. B. S. E., botanist in charge at the University of British Columbia at Vancouver.

"In the heart of British Columbia the Indians still gather the sugar as before the white man came," says the American Forestry Magazine, "and it is further remarkable that so long a time elapsed before it attracted scientific attention. Perhaps the Indians intentionally held the fact a secret."

"The analyses made by Dr. F. T. Shutt, dominion chemist, Ottawa, Canada, and by the bureau of chemistry here in Washington, are of great interest because of the high degree of constancy of composition the fir sugar, or manna, showed," continues the announcement.

"A letter from the Madison laboratory states that the manna from Douglas fir contains about 50 per cent of a sugar known as melezitose, which is small quantities is selling at $66 a pound.

"The sugar appears in white masses of different sizes, ranging from a quarter of an inch to two inches in diameter. The smaller masses form like white drops at the tips of single leaves. At times several of the leaf tips are imbedded in a larger drop. Masses of greater size scatter over the leaves and branchlets."

Legislators Yearning for Captured German Cannon

REPRESENTATIVE Bee of Texas busied himself the other day in the house about captured German cannon. Kahn of California, chairman of the military affairs committee had the floor. Questions and answers went about like this:

Some time ago we had a promise of cannon that were captured from Germany, and the Congressional Record was littered from top to bottom with bills for that purpose. What are the prospects for any community in this country to ever get one of those cannon?

Mr. Kahn. That is another matter in which we have been trying to get information from the war department for almost six months so that we might know approximately how many of each class of ordnance we would have for distribution.

Mr. Bee. The gentleman has no present hope, then, of fulfilling his promise?

Mr. Kahn. Oh, I think that in the course of a few months we may be able to get the information, and it is the intention of the committee to pass general legislation upon the subject so that every member of the house will have an opportunity to get some of these very desirable trophies for his district.

Mr. Bee. Will there be one cannon for each member or will they be able to get one for each county in his district?

Mr. Kahn. I am told there are about 4,000 counties in the various states. The latest figures that I get about cannon seem to show that we have about 1,300 captured heavy large-caliber guns. But we have 4,000 heavy machine guns that can be distributed, so that there is hope of getting something for the members of the house for their constituencies.

North American Indian Division: Clear the Way!

ORGANIZATION of one or more full divisions of Indian troops as a part of the reorganized army and to be known as the North American Indian division or divisions, is pending in congress as part of the army reorganization legislation. Many instances of exploits of personal heroism on the western front were furnished the committee as evidence of valuable man power which it is contended would be wasted if the Indians are denied a place in the army scheme.

A majority of the more than 17,000 Indians who saw military service during the war were members of the Nineteenth division, the Texas and Oklahoma National Army division; the Thirty-sixth division, National Guardsmen from the same two states, and the One Hundred and Sixty-fifth infantry, or old Sixty-ninth New York, which received heavy Indian replacements to fill the gaps produced in its ranks by fighting on the Marne. But the redskins served in many other units and in practically all services.

Dr. J. K. Dixon declared that after visiting numerous camps and hospitals, all "officers interviewed, from the commanding officer to the corporal or petty officer, who have had Indians under their command, with one accord render universal and enthusiastic commendation of the brilliance, the stability, the amenability to discipline, the heroism and valor of the Indian as a fighting force in our American army and navy."

Where Efficiency Suffers for Humanity's Sake

IN the senate the other day the civil service retirement bill was under discussion, and Senator Sterling of South Dakota said: "The government, by reason of a lack of efficiency on the part of aged employees, is expending millions of dollars annually that it should not expend, and would not be required to expend under a proper civil service retirement system.

"So we have those three factors: The employees themselves, by whom I know we wish to do justice and cannot without some retirement system; the government itself, whose business should be efficiently and economically managed; and the public itself, the taxpayers, who are affected, of course, by inefficiency and lack of economy in the dispatch and management of the government business.

"In the testimony of witnesses some very pathetic cases are given, cases of old people, men and women, who have to be carried or wheeled in chairs to the office in which the work is done, helped to their desks, and who remain doing absolutely nothing during the hours which they are expected to work, having no efficiency whatever.

"There are all grades in the service, and in every branch of it, where there are people beyond sixty-five, and even over eighty years of age, all grades, from no efficiency to 75 or 80 per cent of efficiency.

"We can afford it better than any other nation in the world. There is no other great civilized nation in the world but has its civil service retirement system."

Goodness! How Department Employees Do Count Up

THE city of Washington, capital of the nation, has a population of 437,414, according to the first returns of the 1920 census made public, an increase of 106,345 since 1910.

More important than this increase, however, in the minds of patriotic Washingtonians is the fact that Washington passed Cincinnati in population, the new population figures for the Ohio city given out simultaneously being 401,158.

In 1910 Cincinnati was the thirteenth American city and Washington ranked sixteenth. Of course the numerical rank of cities cannot be known until all the returns are in.

The war has been largely responsible for Washington's increase, which is generally regarded as permanent, it having been estimated in 1918 that the war-time population of the capital had passed the half-million mark. The present figure, it is believed by experts, represents permanent growth.

In 1916 the census estimate for Washington was 363,900 and for Cincinnati 410,476. For Cincinnati, therefore, the count shows a falling off of 9,000 since 1916, while Washington shows a gain over the estimate of 73,414.

Cincinnati's population, according to the 1919 census, was 363,591, the population gain according to the figures of 1920 being only 37,567.

Washington—which territorially is the same thing as the District of Columbia—in 1917 had 268,881 whites and 100,601 negroes.

112 Millions used last year to KILL COLDS
HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE
Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablets form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.
At All Drug Stores

SQUEEZED TO DEATH
When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking
GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES
The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1696. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes. All druggists. Guaranteed as represented.
Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue N. Y.

McMURTRY PAINTS and VARNISHES
For Dry Climate Use
DENVER, COLO.
Sold by Leading Dealers

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 12--1920.

Butlers Are Scarce.

"The servant problem in gilded circles must be acute."

"Why do you think so?"

"I see where the wife of a multimillionaire has brought suit against the wife of another multimillionaire to recover the person of one English butler."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

When the Lot Shrinks.

"I thought you told me your lot was 50 feet wide," said the neighbor.

"So it is."

"Then why shovel only 40 feet of snow off your walk?"

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

No Expense.

Lawyer—What was the judge's charge to the jury?

Ex-Juryman—Not a cent. In fact, we got paid by the day for our work.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio
Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

For a Consideration.

Spratt (gloomily)—"I don't believe I have a friend in the world." Spunger—"You can make one; I need $5."

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

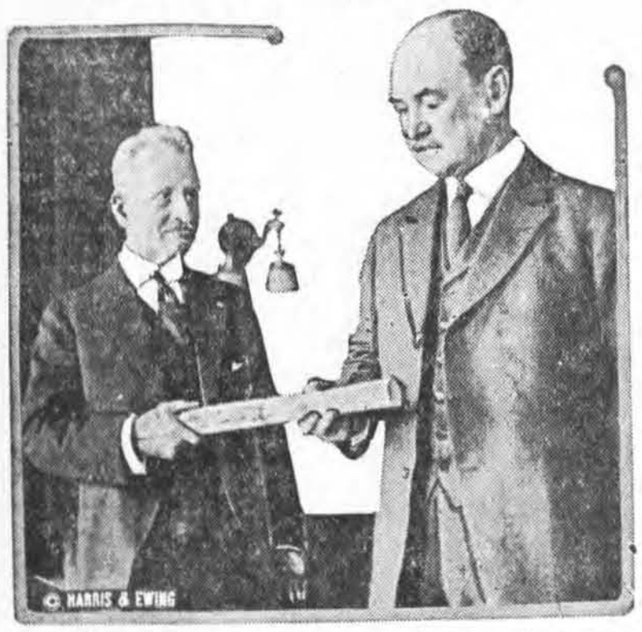
A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boschee's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Real Signs.

"Is that a baby squall which is coming up?" "I guess so from the way the boat is rocking."

Use MURINE Night and Morning
Keep Your Eyes Clean—Clear and Healthy
Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

GLASS STEPS OUT, HOUSTON IN



David F. Houston, at right, receiving his commission as secretary of the treasury from Carter Glass, the retiring secretary.

$508,899 PROFIT IN "Y" HUTS

Adjustments Show This Gain and Wipe Out "Book Loss" of $1,478,084,

PUBLIC GIVES $161,722,649

Report Reveals Approximate Balance of $17,000,000—Largest Sums Expended on American Fighters While Abroad.

New York.—A financial statement of operations by the national war work council of the Y. M. C. A. from the beginning of our participation in the war to January 1 last reveals that the canteens operated for soldiers and sailors returned a net profit of $508,899.79. A previous report in March, 1918, reported a loss on canteen service of $1,478,074.14.

The United States carried Y. M. C. A. supplies free of charge on transports, and furnished rail transportation and motor supplies in France.

The report also shows that $161,722,649.42 had been contributed by the public to Y. M. C. A. war work up to January 1. The report of William Sloane, chairman of the war work council, reveals an approximate balance of $17,000,000, the principal expenditures to the ends for which the money was given having been as follows:

Itemized Expenditures.

Spent on soldiers, sailors and marines in the United States, $38,809.50; abroad, $52,382,736.03; other expenses not itemized, $7,000,000. The fund of more than $161,000,000 was made up as follows: First Y. M. C. A. campaign, $5,113,666.98; second Y. M. C. A. campaign, $53,334,546.81; United War Work campaign up to January 1, $100,759,731.17; other sources, $2,514,704.46.

The balance of $17,000,000 revealed in the report is surplus, writing off more than $21,000,000 of "commitments already made for continuance of the work not only on behalf of the American army and navy at home and overseas, but also among the allied armies in the troubled areas of Europe and Asia." Recommendations for continuance of work adopted at the last joint meeting of the executive and finance committees of the national war work council include the following:

Recommendations Made.

Continued support of such welfare work as the Young Men's Christian association is now carrying on for enlisted men in the American army and navy in the United States and its possessions and overseas wherever American troops are still held. This recommendation includes the maintenance of the permanent Young Men's Christian association buildings for American soldiers and sailors, also needed additions thereto and new buildings for such purposes.

Continuance of the support of the work now being carried on for the soldiers and sailors of our allies beyond the year 1920, should the seriously unsettled conditions occasioned by the war continue.

Setting apart of a substantial portion of the surplus to be regarded as a reserve fund which might be used at any time for rendering Y. M. C. A. service in any grave national emergency. This reserve fund should certainly be held for these purposes for at least two years.

Continuance of the educational program for ex-service men. We recommend also a study of the needs of the wounded ex-service men who are now having vocational training.

Recommendation that the total amount that seems now to have accrued in the operation of the canteen, approximately $500,000 (brought about by the government's cancellation of the charges aggregating $2,500,000 and for which we had a reserve fund), to be used for the benefit of ex-service men, either through an appropriation direct to the American Legion or to the relief of incapacitated ex-service men, or to such other purposes for the benefit of ex-service men as might be agreed upon between the officers of the national war work council and the officers of the American Legion.

Father May Swear When Hanging Paper

Moorhead, Minn.—When father lays the carpet on the stairs has long been conceded as a time to throw the mantle of charity about certain sayings and doings of paterfamilias that normally would be beneath his dignity.

Now comes a Moorhead judge who says that the law extends this leniency to such occasions as when father hangs the paper on the wall.

So Mrs. Henry Buchholz of Sauk Center, Minn., was denied her bill for divorce, Judge Nye ruling that whatever Henry might do when exhausted from matching wallpaper patterns and when covered with paste and perspiration does not constitute "cruel and inhuman treatment," especially when records prove him at all other times meek, faithful and provident.

INDIAN'S CHARMS FAIL

Did Not Protect Him When He Blew Out Gas.

Kayuse Chief on His Way to Washington Dies in Chicago Hotel.

Chicago.—The tribe of Kayuse Indians on the reservation in Umatilla county, near Pendleton, Ore., are awaiting assurance from their chief, U. M. Sum Kim, that their lands will not be taken from them. They will learn that he died in a hotel at 603 South Wells street, asphyxiated by gas. It is believed that he blew out the flame. His charm of four snake heads failed to protect him.

Chief Sum Kim was on his way to Washington to appear before the Indian board of commissioners to plead that his people be protected from a firm that is attempting to take parts of their land away through court proceedings for failure to pay an alleged debt, it is said.

Adam Bird, owner of the hotel, detecting the odor of gas, traced it to the Indian's room. The South Clark street police were summoned, but it was found he was dead. Tied to a string around his neck were four small chamois bags. Within them were the dried heads of four snakes.

He had worn a sombrero, boots, yellow duck trousers and a black shirt. He carried four blankets. The body was taken to the Central undertaking rooms at 318 Federal street.

Among the papers found were those of a law firm demanding that the chief appear before them and straighten out a money matter, threatening court procedure if he failed to do so. The chief carried affidavits proving his side and a map and blue prints showing the land owned by the tribe. Traveling orders and appearance papers for a hearing before the commissioners were also found.

This Cat Was Not Mad.

Gyneed, Pa.—With what looked like froth in her mouth, a big black and white cat dashed through a room in which Daniel Davis, chief of police of North Wales, and his wife were sitting. Such was not the case. It seems that tabby had found a luscious lemon meringue pie that Mrs. Davis had just baked for her hubby. The cat stuck its head into the frothy white-of-egg top of the pie, and, finding it hot, beat a hasty retreat.

CONGRESSIONAL NAVAL INSPECTORS AT KEY WEST

The congressional board of naval inspectors at Key West just before embarking on the U. S. S. Dolphin to go to Jamaica and the Virgin Islands on a general tour of inspection. Left to right: Senator Kenyon of Iowa; Congressman Garnett of Tennessee; Senator Edge of New York; Congressman Towner of Iowa; Rear Admiral J. N. Oliver, U. S. N., head of the commission; Congressmen Campbell of Kansas and Gay of Louisiana.

CANNED BEANS SEIZED

Federal Inspectors Charge Canners With Misbranding.

Long Cranberry Beans Labeled as "Red Kidney Beans" Taken by Officials.

Washington.—Seizure of a large shipment of canned beans, labeled as "Red Kidney Beans," but which were long cranberry beans, was made recently in Chicago on information furnished by federal food inspectors. Officials of the bureau of chemistry, United States department of agriculture, who are charged with the enforcement of the federal food and drug act, have received information that large quantities of the low-priced long cranberry bean have been put up under the label of the high-priced red kidney bean and are being sold to consumers at the higher price. Inspectors have been instructed to report for seizure all shipments so misbranded coming within the jurisdiction of the federal food and drug act.

The long cranberry bean costs the canner only about half as much as does the red kidney bean, yet investigation has shown that when the long cranberry bean is sold under the label of the red kidney bean the price to the consumer is as much as that of the genuine red kidney bean.

The long cranberry bean, which is imported in large quantities from Japan, is an excellent article of food, and there is no objection to its sale and use under a truthful label, say the officials. The bean looks and tastes very much like the genuine red kidney bean, and if sold under its own name could soon establish a market on its own merit, but because its cost is so much less than the red kidney bean, its sale under the name of the higher-priced bean is demoralizing to the trade and unfair to the consumer. The officials have inaugurated a campaign to seize all interstate shipments of beans which in this particular violate the food and drug act.

BARTENDER WOULD BE 'MAID'

An "Old Profession" Might Supply the Present Shortage, Californian Says.

San Francisco.—Here is an advertisement that appeared in a daily paper here recently:

WANTED—Position in kitchen or general housework by man that has been keeping bar for twenty-eight years.

The applicant, John Kornahrens, according to a newspaper interview, suggested that as household help is lacking the "members of a noble old profession might come to the rescue."

Laborers Buy $25 Shirts.

New York.—Louis B. Tim, silk shirt manufacturer, reports silk shirts selling at $25, "and the peculiar thing about it," he said, "is that we sell more of these shirts to workingmen than we do to millionaires."

DOCTOR ADVISED CHANGE OF CLIMATE

Run Down and Lungs Hurt—Stayed Home and Gained 22 Pounds.

"In November, 1911, I had a severe cold and la grippe, which left me with a bad cough. My lungs and shoulder blades hurt so I couldn't sleep and I finally had to give up my job and was ordered to change climate. In April, 1912, I began taking Milks Emulsion. On the second bottle I could see a change. My appetite was better and I commenced to gain strength and weight. Now (August 23, 1912) I have used 23 bottles, have increased 22 pounds in weight and believe I am permanently cured."—W. F. Bourland, Route 5, Wolf City, Texas.

Mr. Bourland was fortunate in commencing to use Milks Emulsion when he did. A run-down system invites disease. Milks Emulsion costs nothing to try.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. Truly wonderful for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

The Main Thing.

"My daughter, Young Baggs called today to ask me to give him your hand."

"Well, father, did you ask him if he had anything to put in it?"

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if Kidneys feel like lead or Bladder bothers.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulates them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

An Exception.

"They say Mrs. Bump's table is her weak point."

"Not if you judge it by the butter she puts on it."

OLD CLOTHES DYED MAKE NEW GARMENTS

"Diamond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabby Apparel Into New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Nail This, Quick!

"Why has he named his motor Wilton?"

"Because it's his carpet."

Red Cross Bag Blue should be used in every home. It makes clothes white as snow and never injures the fabric. All good grocers, 5c.

No Use.

"Do you question my knowledge?"

"Why, no, sir. That wouldn't answer."

OUCH! LUMBAGO PAIN! RUB BACKACHE AWAY

Instant Relief With a Small Trial Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil." Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappears. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacobs Oil" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.—Adv.

Georgette and Tricotine.

"My, but you've dyed your hair a fashionable red," commented Georgette.

"Like it?" smirked Tricotine.

"I'll say I do. Is it expensive?"

"Well, yes. I used six bottles of tomato ketchup on the little job."

The KITCHEN CABINET

The heights by great men reached and kept
Were not attained by sudden flight;
But they, while their companions slept,
Were toiling upward in the night.
—Longfellow

SALAD GREENS AND SALADS.

Salads will always be in style, for they are generally popular, refreshing, and with a good dressing also nourishing. The very early salads may include the vegetables which we have always considered as greens.

Young dandelions which have grown under boards or the wood pile make the most dainty and succulent of salad plants. Serve with a good French dressing, with or without a sprinkling of minced onion.

One may use any desired salad dressing, but oil is so appetizing, meaty and full of nourishment that everybody should learn to like good olive oil. The corn oils are much less expensive than a good grade of olive oil just now, and they are good and can be used in the same manner in making a mayonnaise dressing.

If one is fortunate enough to live near a small brook or creek where the watercress grows, there is always a most wholesome supply of a most wholesome green. Serve with lamb chops just as a garnish. When eaten without any dressing it is a most piquant and tasty salad. Mixed with lettuce or peppergrass or served alone with French dressing, three or four parts oil and one part vinegar with salt and pepper to taste, it is a salad par excellence.

Outside leaves of lettuce rolled and cut with a sharp knife, left unrolled, make very attractive salads and a pretty garnish for many different combinations. The leaves should be fresh and crisp; let the lettuce stand in cold water to freshen.

Radishes cut to simulate tulips make very pretty garnishment. Radishes cut in thin slices and arranged in overlapping rows are another pretty garnish. The red of the radish should not be used with the red of beets or the orange of carrots, as too many of such colors clash. One may use the artists' taste in the arrangement of food as effectively as with paints.

Beet Salad.—Boil eight small beets in boiling salted water; salt when nearly cooked. Remove the skins and cut in one-fourth-inch cubes; mix with shelled pecans and serve with mayonnaise, colored red. Serve in nests of lettuce.

Cottage Cheese Salad.—On head lettuce leaves arrange a ring of seasoned cottage cheese; put through a ricer or sieve. In the center place riced hard-cooked egg yolk and serve with a highly seasoned dressing, passed in a bowl.

Beautiful thoughts make beautiful lives,
For every word and deed
Lies in the thought that prompted it,
As the flowers lie in the seed.
—A. E. Godfrey.

SEASONABLE DISHES.

A good meat extender will be found in the following dish:

Beef and Oatmeal Scrapple. — Take two pounds of any of the cheaper cuts of beef; the upper part of the shank is good because of the marrow. Save the marrow to fry the scrapple or chop it with the cooked meat. Cover the meat and bone with boiling water and cook until tender. It will take several hours. Let the meat stand until the next day, then chop fine. There should be three or four cupfuls of broth; add a teaspoonful of salt for each pint of broth and when boiling stir in about three cupfuls of oatmeal to make a smooth mush, neither too thick nor too thin. When the meat is thoroughly cooked stir in the chopped meat. Add such seasoning as is desired, celery salt, pepper, paprika, onion juice or poultry dressing. Let cook over hot water until hot throughout, then turn into well greased single loaf breadpans to mold. When cold, slice in even slices and fry brown on both sides.

Delmonico Pudding.—Turn a pint can of peaches with the sirup into a baking dish. Heat one pint of milk in a double boiler; stir one-third of a cupful of cornstarch to a smooth paste with half a teaspoonful of salt and one-half cupful of cold milk, then stir and cook in the hot milk until the mixture thickens. Cover and let cook 15 minutes. Beat the yolks of two eggs, add one-third of a cupful of sugar and beat again, then stir in the hot mixture; continue beating until the egg is cooked, then pour over the peaches. Beat the whites of two eggs very light, then beat in four tablespoonfuls of sugar and let cook in a slow oven ten minutes. Then increase the heat to color the meringue. Serve neither hot nor cold.

Potatoes and Bacon.—Place a layer of thinly sliced potatoes in a buttered baking dish; pour over them a thin white sauce. Over the top lay slices of bacon and cook in the oven until the potatoes are tender and bacon crisp.

Nellie Maxwell

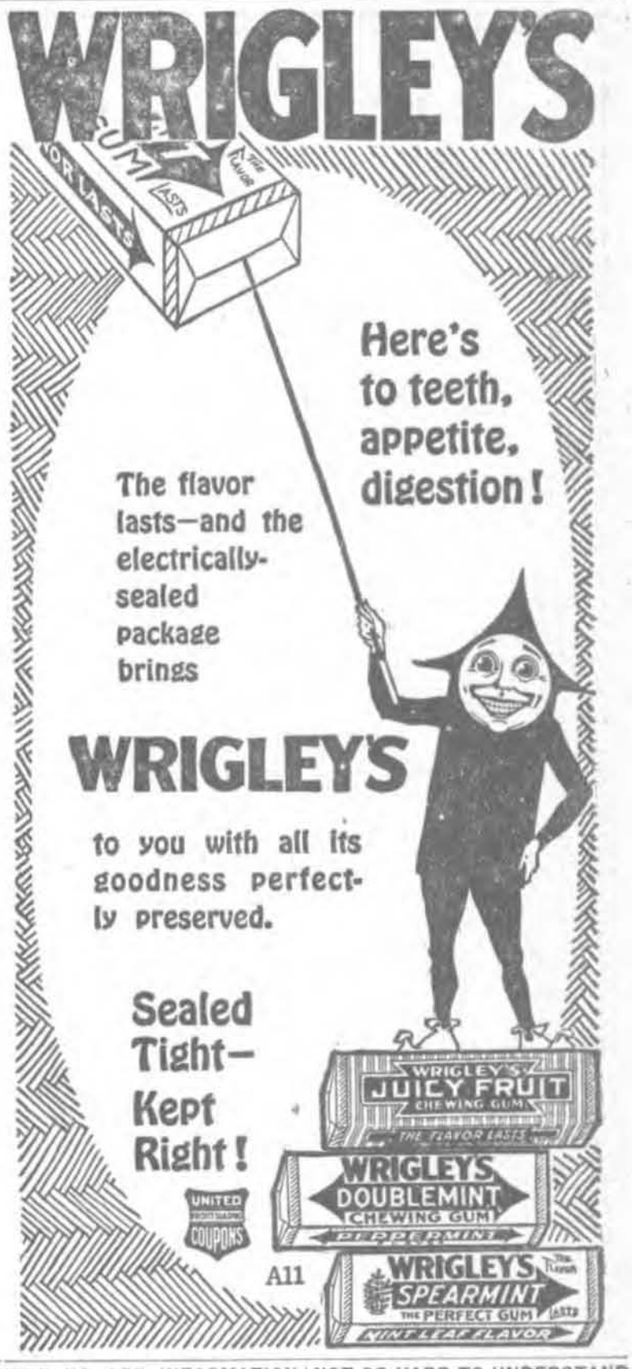
Milk Heavier Than Cream.

The department of agriculture says that a quart of milk is heavier than a quart of cream. This is explained by the fact that there is more fat in cream than in milk, and that fat is lighter than liquid.

"Show Me!"

An English inventor filters the scratchings and metallic sounds from phonographic music by passing it through more than 50 feet of big tubing filled with peas.

WRIGLEY'S



THERE TO GET INFORMATION

Sandy Mush Citizens Vitally Interested in Knowledge Possessed by Fellow Townsman.

"When I got home futher evening," related a citizen of Sandy Mush, "I found a couple o' dozen of my acquaintances and several fellers that I'd never heered of before, setting on my porch and otherwise hanging around, waiting for me."

"What was coming off—a surprise party, or something that-a-way?" inquired the neighbor to whom the incident was being related.

"Nope; nuth'n' specially surprising about it, considering that some infernal liar had told 'em I'd been nornting around that I recollected when the courthouse in Tumlinville was built a bottle of fine old licker was put in the corner stone. They wanted to know which corner."—Kansas City Star.

The Wrong Disease.

A Greencastle physician was approached by a patient who was in poor health. The patient explained his illness, and also the fact that he was not able to pay for the professional services at once, but would do so within a short time. He got the medical services and was improving nicely, in fact he had recovered sufficiently to go to work. The patient met the physician, who broached the subject of his fees. The patient said: "Well, doc, don't you know I was just talking to another doctor, and he told me you doctored me for the wrong thing, and I don't want to pay you for doctoring me for the wrong disease."—Indianapolis News.

Couldn't Be.

"I saw your double on the street today."

"That's impossible, sir. I am a single man."

NOT SO HARD TO UNDERSTAND

After Experience With Truthful Parent, Teacher Got Great Light on Johnny's Case.

A teacher who believed in co-operating with the parents of her pupils called at the house of a small boy whom she had caught in a number of falsehoods in order to take counsel with his mother.

"I can't see how you can say that," the boy's mother objected. "John never tells me lies. I'm mighty particular about it myself. He's out in the yard now. Annie," she said to his small sister, "you go out and tell him to come right in this minute!"

Annie went, but in a few minutes she returned without the small prevaricator. "He won't come," she announced proudly. "He says he won't."

"Did you tell him who was here?" inquired his mother.

Annie shook her head.

"All right," said the truthful parent. "Go back and tell him his grandmother is here and has some candy for him. That'll bring him!"—Youth's Companion.

Country Uses Much Cocoa.

The United States is the world's largest consumer of crude cocoa, having taken in 1918 about 50 per cent of the total world production of 386,000 tons. The imports of crude cocoa into this country for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, were 313,637,419 pounds, valued at $35,953,068, a falling off of 21.6 per cent in quantity and 12.9 per cent in value from the high record of 1918.

Some men waste a lot of time trying to convince others that they are truthful.

Don't have too many opinions. They are a frequent source of oppression of others.

Health and Comfort
Flavor and Economy

POSTUM CEREAL

gives you every desirable quality in a table beverage and has none of the harm of coffee.

This All-American table beverage must be boiled 20 minutes.

For children and grown-ups.

"There's a Reason"

Two Sizes 25¢ and 15¢ All grocers.

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

10 Days Starting Friday March 26

Clean Sweep Grocery Sale

Spring vegetables will begin to arrive immediately. We must lay our plans accordingly; consequently we are offering many items of our huge stock of GROCERIES at STAGGERING PRICES in these days of high prices. Read the below list then come to our store during the sale and make timely savings on the items mentioned. One reason why we can offer such astonishing prices is because we SELL FOR CASH ONLY. When you buy at a CREDIT grocery store you are paying higher prices for your groceries because a great loss is entailed in the credit system. Many people beat their accounts and the "pay customers" are compelled to meet this loss. These prices are worthy of your consideration. It is not often that we hold a SALE and when we do you can depend on the prices being the lowest prices on the market today. This is the chance you have been waiting for to SWAT the HIGH COST OF LIVING. Come early so you can make the best choice.

Read This List of Genuine Bargains

CANNED GOODS

Asparagus Tips, per can	40c
Red Hussar Asparagus, per can	40c
Spinach, per can	20c
Hominy, per can	20c
Ripe Olives, per can	30c
Bluecoat Corn, per can	15c
Red Hussar Corn, per can	25c
Sour Kraut, per can	20c
Artichokes, per can	30c
Green Chili, per can	08c
Corn Beef, per can	40c
Pimentos, per can	16c
Pumpkin, per can	22c
Del Monte Tomato Sauce, per can	07c
Tuna, per can	25c
Salmon, per can	25c
Vienna Sausage, per can	15c
Booth Sardines, per can	25c
Normande Mackerel, per can	15c
Calumet Baking Powder, 1 lb. can	22c
Lard, 10 lb. can	$3.50
Lard, 5 lb. can	$1.75
Lard, 2 lb. can	70c
Crisco, small can	60c
Crisco, medium can	$1.10
Crisco, large can	$2.20
Karo Syrup, per can	20c
Molasses, per can	20c
Maple Syrup, quart	70c
Maple Syrup, half gallon	$1.35
Maple Syrup, gallon	$2.25

TEA GARDEN PRESERVES

Strawberry, per jar	50c
Raspberry, per jar	50c
Cherry, per jar	50c
Apricot, per jar	40c
Peach, per jar	40c
Blackberry, per jar	40c
Plum, per jar	40c
Loganberry, per jar	40c
Quince, per jar	40c
Marmalade, per jar	40c

TEA GARDEN JELLIES

Currant, per glass	30c
Strawberry, per glass	30c
Raspberry, per glass	30c
Blackberry, per glass	30c
Crabapple, per glass	25c
Plum, per glass	25c
Quince, per glass	25c
Ace High Brand Jams, per can	25c

CANNED MILK

Carnation Milk, per can	15c
Lily Milk, per can	14c
Hebe Milk, per can	13c

COFFEE AND TEA

Hills Bros. Coffee, per can	60c
Schillings Coffee, per can	60c
Fancy Tea, per lb.	55c
Green Coffee, per lb.	35c

DRIED FRUIT

Apples, per lb.	30c
Prunes, per lb.	24c
Apricots, per lb.	40c
Raisins, per lb.	30c
Peaches, per pkge.	20c

NUTS, CANDIES, COOKIES

Walnuts, per lb.	40c
Almonds, per lb.	40c
Fancy Candies, per lb.	25c
Fancy Cookies, per lb.	40c
Assorted Sugar Wafers, per lb.	15c

EGGS, BUTTER, MEAT

Eggs, per dozen, strictly fresh	50c
Butter, per lb.	75c
Supreme Bacon, per lb.	52c
Smoked Ham, per lb.	40c

CEREALS

Puffed Wheat, per pkge	16c
Puffed Corn, per pkge	16c
Rolled Oats, per pkge	13c
Hominy Grits, per pkge	16c

SOAPS, ETC.

Palm Olive Soap, 11 cakes for	$1.00
Laundry Soap, 17 cakes for	$1.00
Castile Soap, 11 cakes for	$1.00
Lye, 11 cans for	$1.00
Dutch Cleanser, 11 cans for	$1.00

MISCELLANEOUS

Sugar	16½c
Corn Meal, per pkge	16c
Toilet Paper, 4 rolls for	25c
Catsup, large, per bottle	30c
Catsup, small, per bottle	18c
Pink Beans, per lb.	11c
Navy Beans, per lb.	11c
Black Eye Peas, per lb.	11c
Sandwichola, per glass	15c
California Jelly, per glass	15c

BOTTLED GOODS

Sour Pickles, per bottle	15c
Pepper Sauce, per bottle	15c
Salad Dressing, per bottle	33c
Tobasco Sauce, per bottle	30c
Mustard, per bottle	20c

OLIVE OIL

Imported Olive Oil, per quart	$1.50
Imported Olive Oil, per pint	80c
Imported Olive Oil, per ½ pint	40c

RED HUSSAR CANNED FRUIT

Peaches, per can	40c
Pears, per can	40c
Apricots, per can	40c
Pineapple No. 3, per can	40c
Pineapple No. 2, per can	30c
Pineapple No. 1, per can	17½c

TEA GARDEN JAMS

Strawberry, per can	60c
Cherry, per can	60c
Raspberry, per can	60c
Fig, per can	60c
Peach, per can	50c
Apricot, per can	50c
Blackberry, per can	50c
Plum, per can	50c
Quince, per can	50c
Loganberry, per can	50c

PRICES YOU CANNOT BEAT ANYWHERE

The above list of prices represent a true sa ving to everyone who takes advantage of this sale. It is our intention of giving our customers a chance to overcome the HIGH PRICES once in a great while and your chance is NOW. We advise those who intend making purchases to come at the earliest possible moment as the stock will be picked over in a short time by eager, thrifty savers.

Our Prices Speaks For Themselves

Durante 10 Dias Comenzando el Viernes 26 de Marzo

Gran Venta de Barrida de Abarrotes

Ya estan por llegar las verduras de primavera. Tenemos que preparanos con tiempo, y por consiguiente ofrecemos muchos artículos de nuestra enorme existencia de abarrotes a precios asombrosos en estos tiempos de precios anormales. Lease la lista que a continuación aparece, visiten nuestra tienda durante esta venta y aprovechen la oportunidad de ahorrarse dinero en los artículos especificados.

Una de las razones que nos permite ofrecer precios tan sorprendentes, es por que solamente vendemos al contado. Cuando compra Ud. al crédito en una tienda de abarrotes paga precios mas altos, pues es bien sabido que en el sistema de ventas al crédito, resultan grandes perdidas.

Muchos dejan de pagar sus cuentas y los buenas pagas, son las victimas de los malas pagas, por que en realizad son los que compensan las perdidas en las malas cuentas. Estos precios merecen tomarse en consideración. Rara vez ofrecemos ventas como esta, y por lo mismo se puede estar seguro que los precios que citamos son los mas bajos actualmente en el mercado.

Esta la oportunidad que se le presente para dar un golpe al alto costo de la vida. Visitenos temprano para que pueda escoger lo mejor.

Lease Esta Lista de Precios de Una Verdadera Barata

VERDURAS EN LATAS

Esparragos puntas, una lata	40c
Esparragos, Red Hussar, una lata	40c
Espinacas, una lata	20c
Hominy (maiz), una lata	20c
Maiz, Bluecoat, una lata	15c
Maiz, Red Hussar, una lata	15c
Aceitunas, maduras, una lata	30c
Sour Kraut, una lata	20c
Alcachofas, una lata	30c
Chile Verde, una lata	08c
Corn Beef, una lata	40c
Pimientos, una lata	16c
Calabazas, una lata	22c
Salsa de Tomate Del Monte, una lata	07c
Tuna, una lata	25c
Salmon, una lata	25c
Salchichas de Viena, una lata	15c
Sardinas Booth, una lata	25c
Mackerel Normando, una lata	15c
Calumet Baking Powder—Levadura en polvo, 1 libra	22c
Manteca, botes de 10 libras	$3.50
Manteca, botes de 5 libras	$1.75
Manteca, botes de 2 libras	70c
Crisco, botes chicos	60c
Crisco, botes medianos	$1.10
Crisco, botes grandes	$2.20
Miel Karo, una lata	20c
Melaza, una lata	20c
Miel de Maple, quarto	70c
Miel de Maple, medio galon	$1.35
Miel de Maple, gallon	$2.25

CONSERVAS MARCA TEA BARDEN

Fresas, un tarro	50c
Frambuesas, un tarro	50c
Cerezas, un tarro	50c
Albaricoques, un tarro	40c
Duraznos, un tarro	40c
Zarzamoras, un tarro	40c
Ciruelas, un tarro	40c
Membrillo, un tarro	40c
Loganberries, un tarro	40c
Marmelada, un tarro	40c

JALEAS MARCA TEA GARDEN

Grosella, un tarro	30c
Fresa, un tarro	30c
Frambuesa, un tarro	30c
Zarzamora, un tarro	30c
Manzanitas, un tarro	25c
Ciruelas, un tarro	25c
Membrillo, un tarro	25c
Compotas marca Ace High por lata	25c

LECHE EN LATAS

Carnation, una lata	15c
Lily, una lata	14c
Hebe, una lata	13c

CAFE Y TE

Cafe marca Hills Bros., una lata	60c
Cafe marca Schillings, una lata	60c
Té escogido, la libra	55c
Cafe verde, la libra	35c

ARTICULOS ENVASADOS

Sour Pickles, la botella	15c
Salsa de Chile, la botella	15c
Salsa Mayonesa, la botella	33c
Salsa Tabasco, la botella	30c
Mostaza, la botella	20c

NUECES, DULCES, COOKIES

Castellanas, la libra	40c
Almendras, la libra	40c
Dulces, variados, la libra	25c
Cookies, variados, la libra	40c
Sugar Wafers, surtidas, la libra	15c

HUEVOS, MANTEJUILLA, CARNES

Huevos, frescos, la docena	50c
Mantequilla, la libra	75c
Tocino Supremo, la libra	52c
Jamon ahumado, la libra	40c

CEREALES

Trigo Puffed, el paquete	16c
Maiz Puffed, el paquete	16c
Avena Rolled, el paquete	13c
Maiz (Hominy Grits), el paquete	16c

JABONES, ETC.

Jabon marca Palm Olive, 11 por	$1.00
Jabon comun, 17 por	$1.00
Jabon Castillo, 11 por	$1.00
Legia, 11 botes por	$1.00
Dutch Cleanser, 11 botes por	$1.00

MISCELANEA

Azucar	16½c
Corn Meal (harina de maiz) el paquete	16c
Papel Toilet, 4 rollos	25c
Catsup, botella grande	30c
Catsup, botella chica	18c
Frijol rosa, la libra	11c
Frijol blanco navy, la libra	11c
Chicharos Black Eye, la libra	11c
Sandwichola, un tarro	15c
Jalea de California, un tarro	15c

FRUTAS EN LATAS MARCA RED HUSSAR

Duraznos, una lata	40c
Peras, una lata	40c
Albaricoques, una lata	40c
Piña, No. 3, una lata	40c
Piña, No. 2, una lata	30c
Piña, No. 1, una lata	17½c

COMPOTAS MARCA TEA GARDEN

Fresas, una lata	60c
Cerezas, una lata	60c
Frambuesas, una lata	60c
Higos, una lata	60c
Duraznos, una lata	50c
Albaricoques, una lata	50c
Zarzamoras, una lata	50c
Ciruelas, una lata	50c
Membrillo, una lata	50c
Loganberry, una lata	50c

FRUTA SECA

Manzanas, la libra	30c
Ciruelas, la libra	24c
Albaricoques, la libra	40c
Pasas, la libra	30c
Duraznos, el paquete	20c

ACEITE DE OLIVA

Aceite Oliva importado, quarto	$1.50
Aceite Oliva importado, pinta	80c
Aceite Oliva importado, ½ pinta	40c

Estos Precios no se Consiguen en Ninguna Otra Parte

La lista de precios que arriba citamos representa un ahorro real para todos aquellos que aprovechen esta venta. Nos proponemos dar a nuestros clientes la oportunidad de vencer los altos precios por mucho tiempo, y esta es la ocasion de lograrlo. Aconsejamos a los que tengan el propósito de hacer sus compras, las hagan luego, por que los que ven las ventajas que ofrecemos seran los primeros en visitarnos y tendrán mejor oportunidad de escoger lo que necesiten.

Nuestros Precios Hablan por si Solos

PETERSON'S GROCERY STORE

Morley Avenue near Court Street — "THE STORE OF QUALITY" — JOHN PETERSON, Mgr. — Nogales, Arizona