



May There Be None Unenlisted On That Day

President Wilson, in his statement calling upon every man, woman, and child to pledge themselves on or before June 28 to save constantly and to buy regularly the securities of the government, says, "May there be none unenlisted on that day!"

Pete Bergier and Laura M. Sorrells Keep Wedding Secret 2 Months

Mr. Peter Bergier and Miss Laura M. Sorrells were married in Tucson April 23, 1918. They kept the secret well, and we learned of the eventful step in the lives of the young couple after going to press last Friday.

MRS. E. P. COOK PUBLICLY EXPRESSES GRATITUDE

The collection which I took in May (for June subscriptions) ended the year for which you good people of Patagonia pledged yourselves for the Red Cross fund.

- Col. R. R. Richardson, H. B. Riggs, A. S. Henderson, Dr. T. R. Fitts, George H. Francis, Val Valenzuela, Jr., Luz Valenzuela, Anna H. Fortune, E. P. Cook, P. A. Stone, A. D. Sydenham, H. J. Howard, William Powers, Jack Price, Howard Keener, C. L. Northcraft, Ed P. Bohlinger, H. H. McCutchan, F. B. Parker, L. N. Hamm, J. W. Miller, E. H. Evans, Roy Sorrells, C. B. Wilson, Washington Trading Co., Louis Kang, Peerless Parlors, J. S. Gatlin, A. E. Saxon, O. F. Ashburn, Hopkins & Valles, H. J. Patterson, Evans Mercantile Co., H. Pendergrass, John Hoy, G. B. Ritchie, Joe Collie, Jewel Trask, Ed Hainline, C. C. Allen, Mrs. James Ritchie, H. T. Pattison, Mr. and Mrs. Brash, Dr. Ray Ferguson, George Wieland, G. A. Barnes, C. A. Pierce, Paul Holmes and John McDonald.

RED CROSS DINNER IN THE RAIN VALLEY SUNDAY, JUNE 23

The Elgin Chapter of the Red Cross will give its regular monthly dinner at noon Sunday, June 23d (next Sunday) at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Iles, in Rain Valley, six miles north of Elgin.

Can you refuse to loan your savings when other men give their lives? Buy War Savings Stamps.

The government needs your money; you need the stamps.

H. B. Riggs Reports Disposition of Funds

Mr. H. B. Riggs has had charge of the finances of the Patagonia cemetery and wishes to make public the donations and expenditures, so there will be no misunderstanding as to the manner of handling the money.

- Donated: H. B. Riggs, \$25; A. S. Henderson, \$25; Santa Cruz Patagonian, \$5; James Keating, \$1; William Fessler, \$5; Joe P. Lamma, \$1; H. J. Howard, \$1; James Brash, \$1; N. A. McDonald, \$5; Dr. T. R. Fitts, \$5; George H. Francis, \$2; Patagonia Commercial Co. \$10; Col. R. R. Richardson, \$25; O. F. Ashburn, \$15; Val Valenzuela, Sr., \$3; Val Valenzuela, \$5; Nick Johnson, \$10; George Wieland, \$2; Washington Trading Company, \$25; H. H. McCutchan, \$5; E. H. Evans, \$10; T. H. Pattison, \$5; Evans Mercantile Company, \$10; J. W. Miller, \$5; Patagonia Lumber Company, \$5; C. B. Wilson, \$10; A. D. Sydenham, \$2; Rafael Amador, \$5; Mrs. W. C. Shields, \$1; Hopkins & Valles, \$5; Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Stone, \$5; Fred Valenzuela, \$2; H. J. Patterson, \$5; W. H. Barrett, \$2; Anna H. Fortune, \$5; Hayden Pendergrass, \$1; Carlos Valenzuela, \$2; J. G. Kane, \$5. Total, \$259.

Expenditures: I. P. Frazier, surveying, \$25; A. S. Henderson, wire, \$23.40; Patagonia Lumber Company, posts, \$22.54; Evans Mercantile Company, supplies, \$4.25; C. A. Pierce, surveying, \$19.15; recording deed and map, \$6; labor, \$52.75. Total, \$213.09.

There is a balance of 045.91 in the hands of Mr. Riggs, which should be increased to \$75, as Col. R. R. Richardson has agreed to make up half of \$150, in addition to what he already has given to the cemetery fund for the purpose of putting up an iron fence and ornamental gate at the entrance.

Besides the money donated, several people, among them Mr. Riggs, Lou Quinn, Jim Kane and others, donated their labor.

Mrs. E. B. Sorrells was a Patagonia visitor Wednesday from her ranch, near Nogales.

Supervisor and Mrs. J. S. Gatlin and Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Young were Nogales visitors Tuesday, going down in Mr. Gatlin's car.

Flag Day, last Friday, was celebrated quietly in Patagonia, flags being displayed from several business houses and residences.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

There will be a dance at the Patagonia Opera House tomorrow night which a party of young people from Nogales will attend as a feature of a moonlight picnic. The proceeds will be given to the Red Cross.

Charles Brossart of Sonoita was in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Gatlin and children motored from their ranch, below town, to Patagonia.

The American Garage is ready to supply you with Red Seal Dry Batteries, the best dry batteries to be obtained. They are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Try them.—Adv.

John Chapman of Parker Canyon and J. P. B. Schultz were Nogales visitors Wednesday.

Deputy Sheriff A. P. Patterson was a business visitor to the border city Wednesday.

H. B. Riggs and wife started today on an extended automobile trip which will include Yellowstone Park and will wind up in Michigan, where Mr. Riggs has two sisters living. Their little boy accompanied them.

Home Bill 20: "To extend protection to the civil rights of Arizonans and others in the military and naval establishment of the United States within the state of Arizona" was introduced in the state house of representatives by Mrs. George B. Marsh of Santa Cruz county.

To the names published last week of registrants should be added the name of Lawrence Glen Wayland, Nogales, Arizona, whose registration number is 19.

The American Garage will close at 12 o'clock noon Sunday until 7 a. m. Monday in future, to give the proprietors an opportunity to rest a few hours each week.—Adv.

Brook Shannon and "Kid" O'Toole have just finished a contract for putting in a concrete curb in the well on the residence property of George F. Wieland of Patagonia.

Judge and Mrs. Frank J. Duffy of Nogales spent Sunday visiting Mrs. Duffy's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Parker of Parker Canyon, and her brother, George W. Parker, and family of San Rafael valley. They returned to Nogales Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Bud Baldwin of the San Rafael valley were in town on business Monday.

Mr. E. E. Bethel of the Washington Trading company was a business visitor to Nogales last Monday.

Mr. C. L. Northcraft, manager of the Sonoita grant, made a business trip to Nogales Monday.

Watkins' Chocolates saw at the Peerless Parlors. They are the best chocolates on the market today.—Adv.

Robert E. Saxon, youngest son of County Superintendent of Schools Mrs. Josephine Saxon, and brother of Al and Harry Saxon of Nogales, died in Los Angeles of tuberculosis last Monday. He leaves a wife and two children beside his mother, brothers and two sisters, to mourn his loss. Our sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones.

Sherman Rinehart of Duquesne was a Nogales visitor Tuesday.

Supervisor George W. Parker has purchased a new Studebaker Six from the Nogales agent, Mr. J. F. Johnson. As Mr. Parker is a candidate for the office of sheriff this fall, his opponents will have to hurry to beat him, as the new car has some speed, and its owner is a yote-getter.

B. Maier, the Benson merchant, was in Patagonia Monday on one of his regular monthly business trips.

Nick Berech of Parker Canyon last Friday evening unloaded 140 head of cattle from the Benson train, which he and E. T. Nance of Parker Canyon recently purchased near Tucson. There were 27 calves in addition to the other cattle. They were driven to the range in the Parker Canyon district.

E. P. Cook is again seriously sick. He has been in failing health for some time, and has been under the doctor's care almost constantly. Hopes are entertained for his ultimate recovery.

Charles and Walter Curtis, ranchers of the San Rafael valley, were Patagonia visitors Tuesday, taking out a load of fence wire.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde McPherson were Nogales visitors Tuesday, going by way of Patagonia from their San Rafael valley ranch.

Supervisor G. W. Parker was a Patagonia visitor Monday.

35th Infantry Band to Be Here July 4

The county celebration at the Sonoita grove on the 4th of July will be made more enjoyable by the presence of the 35th Infantry band, whose services are assured us by the Nogales committee of arrangements. The band consists of 35 pieces, and the music rendered will be of a high order.

The committee endeavored to secure Dean Van KleinSmid of the University of Arizona as the principal speaker of the day, but, owing to a prior engagement, he will be unable to attend the celebration. Another speaker or speakers will be asked to address the people on that day, but as yet no definite announcement as to names can be given. Mr. Joe Collie will act as treasurer, instead of Mr. T. O. Pattison, as announced last week, owing to the fact that Mr. Pattison cannot spare the time necessary for the work. Mr. Collie will look after the proceeds from all sources and will turn the money into the treasury of the Red Cross.

There has been a misunderstanding as to an admission charge, which we wish to set right. There will be no charge for admittance, and a large attendance is anticipated.

The money raised for the Red Cross will be delivered from the sale of ice cream, soda water, lemonade, lunches, barbecued meat and other refreshments, and from the dance.

Arrangements are rapidly being completed and the committees in charge of the various details will have things in shape so the program will be carried out on a schedule and time the events so all may witness them. Next week we hope to have the entire program for publication.

MINES AND MINERS

A new strike of high-grade lead-silver ore was made last week at the Flux mine. Development work has been in progress, under the superintendence of Tom Stafford, since the mine was taken over by the new company, and the new strike was made during the process of driving a new tunnel. The 300-ton mill of the Flux company will be finished and ready to handle ore some time in July.

A strike of high-grade lead ore was made Monday in the Dixie mine, near Patagonia, it is reported, and Mr. and Mrs. Tom Stafford and daughter drove over to the property to inspect the new find. Mr. Stafford is in charge of the work of development, having, with several other Bisbee mining men, taken a lease on the property some time ago.

George T. Coughlin, who is employed at the Arizona-Europea mine, spent Tuesday in the border city.

A new hoist and engine has arrived for the Mowry mine. With the installation of the machinery work of taking out the large manganese deposits will be started. The ore is high grade, and Mr. W. J. Mitchell, superintendent, says work will be prosecuted vigorously on the property. The Mowry has produced millions of dollars worth of lead and silver since it was first discovered, and we anticipate that it will again become one of the districts money makers.

The Goose That Walked.

A Canadian soldier, whilst serving on the western front, received a parcel containing amongst other eatables, portions of a cooked goose as a special luxury. By an error the parcel was sent on to Italy to another section of the same unit. In the fullness of time it was returned to France, having been some weeks on the trip. The soldier, writing home recently, said: "I had a big surprise today . . . for the parcel you posted to me in November last turned up in great style, having performed the latter part of the journey on foot. When I summoned up enough courage to open it the noble bird simply formed fours and departed at the double. . . . I should say it had quite an exciting journey round Italy and France."

Limited Choice of "Stinks."

The late Father Stanton, one of the most loved Anglican priests of the latter part of the nineteenth century, once entered into a conversation with a visitor to St. Alban's, Holborn, who had attended the service for the first time. Mr. Stanton asked him what he thought of the service. The stranger replied that he liked it very well except the incense, to the use of which he strongly objected. "I am sorry for you, my friend," said Mr. Stanton.

"Why?"

The other, not unajurally, asked "Why?" "Well, you see," said Mr. Stanton, "there are only two stinks in the next world—incense and brimstone—and you must take your choice between."

You can at least be in the second line of defense—be a war saver.

Let the Money You Give or Lend Tell Your Loyalty Tale

Don't kid yourself on your loyalty to your government.

All the declarations of loyalty in the universe won't win the war without a liberal foundation and covering of cold, hard cash. You are not 100 percent loyal until you have demonstrated that loyalty by subscribing every penny you possibly can towards the nation's call for funds. And when you are subscribing, open wide the throttle of your conscience—see that loyalty has the right of way. Penuriousness should not at this critical time be allowed to join the garments of Prudence and dictate the limit of "all I possibly can spare."

Remember, it's your war—you stand shoulder to shoulder with the other fellow—if not in the rank and file of the fighting camp or in the trenches—then a responsibility.

You can't get away from it—your war and your savings loaned to the government to win the war. There's no other way. Buy a thrift stamp today—a danother tomorrow—and keep on it's a worthy habit. All true Americans are getting the habit—in the degree of their loyalty.

The Patagonian has cards to be signed by those desiring to do their part in the great campaign for the sale of War Savings Stamps. You should sign one of them, no matter how much you already have given to help win the war. You may sign them for any amount, large or small. Remember that every little bit helps. Think of "the widow's mite."

Paper Scarce in Wartimes.

During the War of the Revolution persons engaged in the manufacture of paper were exempted from conscription. As the war advanced the supply of paper for cartridges and wadding ran so low that the government advertised for it, and finally ordered the public to produce all they had, even sending files of soldiers to search for the indispensable article where there was any likelihood of finding it. In the garret of a house where Benjamin Franklin once had his printing office were found 2,500 copies of a sermon by a Philadelphia divine on "Defensive War." These were seized and used to make cartridges for the battle of Monmouth. The results of the battle showed conclusively that it was "a most striking discourse." During the Civil War common news paper sold for 25 cents per pound, and ten years later it sold for 10 cents per pound.

Taught That All Was Dream.

As far back as the fourth and third centuries B. C. Chuang Tzu, the brilliant Chinese mystic, taught that this life is really a dream. He said: "Those who dream of a banquet, awake to lamentation and sorrow. Those who dream of lamentation and sorrow wake to join the hunt. While they dream they do not know that they are dreaming; and only when they wake do they know it was a dream. By-and-by comes the great awakening, and then we find that this life is really a great dream. "Fools think they are awake now, and batter themselves they know if they are really princes, or peasants, Confucius and you are both dreamers; and I, who say you are dreamers, I am but a dream myself."

Diving Water Birds.

Water birds which are ordinarily able to float high on the water can also sink at will by expelling the air which is inclosed within the film of feathers surrounding their bodies, thus making them heavier than water. This mechanical trick on the part of diving birds is probably familiar to all who have watched the kingfisher at close quarters, and have noted the sudden contraction in the bird's apparent size as it takes the plunge. This is more easily observed in the case of the starling, which sometimes imitates the kingfisher by plunging into water for food. The shrinkage of the bird in apparent size is very noticeable when, after hovering above the surface, it turns downwards to dive.

Result of Sugar Shortage.

The sugar shortage has encouraged Louisiana planters to broaden the use of pure cane syrup, which is made from cane juice, without taking out any of its sugar. This juice is boiled to a point just below that required to crystallize it into sugar, and can be used not only for getting cakes and candy making, but if recommended by the planters, as a sweetening for coffee and tea. It is practically sugar in a liquid form, and on a basis of 8 cents a pound retail for granulated sugar will yield economies of 40 to 50 percent, at a price of 4 1/2 to 5 cents a pound for syrup.

All you are asked to do is to buy only necessary things and then loan—not give—your savings to your government to help it fight your war.

Advertisement for National War Savings Day. Text includes: "You Stayed at Home Invest for those Who Went", "June 28th is Patriots' Pledge Day---the day the government calls upon you to give a new pledge of loyalty; new proof of your will to win; new evidence that your dollars as well as your hearts are behind the men facing the Hun on the martyred fields of fair France.", "National War Savings Day Friday, June 28th", "On that day you will be asked to sign a personal pledge to buy War Savings Stamps.", "War Savings Stamps pay you well, though that isn't half so important as what your money does for that boy--- maybe your own--- 'over there.' Back him up. Keep food going to him. Keep his clips full of cartridges. And shoes on his feet.", "Let's send our boys over the top with the go-get-'m feeling that comes from knowing we are pledged to see that they get what is coming to them.", "Sign your Pledge of Patriotism by agreeing to buy W. S. S. on National War Savings Day.", "National War Savings Committee", "This space contributed for the Winning of the War by Santa Cruz Patagonian".

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Table with market quotations for various commodities including cattle, sheep, and hogs.

HAY AND GRAIN MARKET

Table with hay and grain market prices for various types of hay and grain.

DRESSED POULTRY

Table with dressed poultry prices for turkeys, ducks, and chickens.

EGGS

Table with egg prices for various grades and types.

BUTTER

Table with butter prices for different grades.

FRUIT

Table with fruit prices for apples, pears, and other produce.

VEGETABLES

Table with vegetable prices for beans, carrots, and other items.

HIDES AND PELTS

Table with hide and pelt prices for various animal skins.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

Table with miscellaneous market prices for various goods.

EXPERT'S TRIBUTE TO WESTERN CANADA SOIL

That there is good reason for the wonderful crops of grain grown in Western Canada, which have made thousands of former residents of the United States wealthy, is not always given the thought that it deserves to be quite apparent. But that there must be a reason is quite evident. Probably more than one—but the one that requires emphasis—is that the soil is of the nature that will produce good crops. It was not long since that the farmer selected his land in the most haphazard way. He need not do so today. He will select it on the soil analysis plan. Soil from Western Canada was submitted to Prof. Stevens, soil physicist of the State College of Washington, at Pullman, Wash. His report should no doubt further encourage settlement in Western Canada. It reads as follows:

"We have analyzed this sample and find that it runs high in lime, very high in potash, phosphorus and in nitrogen; that it has a splendid supply of organic matter and is in the best of physical condition. There is nothing wrong with this soil from the standpoint of crop production, and I am satisfied that it will give splendid results wherever put under cultivation."

It is soil like this properly worked, and on scientific lines, as is the rule today, that gives the opportunity to quote the experiences of farmers who have increased their incomes from \$500 to \$30,000 in two seasons, and whose story would read as follows: "I have threshed altogether 7,000 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat from 200 acres, which went from 24 to 50 per acre—and breaking 24, spring plowing 38, back setting 56 bushels—the average being 35 bushels per acre."

The newspaper gives an account of this man's experience saying: "When he disposed of his 1,600 acres from north of Brooks, Alta., to four Oak Harbor men, he was worth \$30,000. Two years ago he came here with \$500 and a few horses."

It is the soil of Western Canada, and the knowledge of what it will do that brings to Canada the hundreds of settlers that are daily arriving at the border. A growing enthusiasm for the fertile prairie lands of Western Canada is spreading all over the continent. This enthusiasm is the recognition of the fact that sufficient food could be produced on these prairie lands to feed the world. From the south, east and west, hundreds of men, too old for military service, are pouring into Western Canada to take up land or to work on the farms. A great many of the incoming settlers have arrived at such central points as Calgary, Edmonton, and Lethbridge, Alberta, and at Regina, Moose Jaw, and Saskatoon, Saskatchewan. Judging from the bulk of their household effects, the number of their horses and cattle, and the quantity of implements they are bringing with them, most of the new arrivals also seem well blessed with the world's goods.

Reports from North Portal, Saskatchewan; Coutts, Alberta, and Kingsgate, British Columbia—the principal gateways into Western Canada from the United States—indicate that the present influx of farmers is in such volume as has not been witnessed for many years. From Vancouver, British Columbia, people are going to the prairies for summer farm work, many with the intention of taking up land themselves at the end of the summer. The influence of this tide of farmer settlers on greater food production will be more readily appreciated when it is considered that the average settler takes up at least twice as much land as he has hitherto been farming—and land which, acre for acre, produces better and larger crops.—Advertisement

Old Salt Knew. The pastor had waxed eloquent from the pulpit in describing a ship in distress. Then: "What are you going to do?" he cried.

"Nay," retorted an old sailor in the congregation, "you've got her in such a tarnation mess that I'm not sure it's worth doin' anything!"—London Tit-Bits.

Soothe Itching Skins With Cuticura. Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry and apply the Ointment. This usually affords relief and points to speedy healing. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Not for Education. "Jones was educated at Harvard, wasn't he?" "No! he merely went there."—Boston Transcript.

Proving the Contrary. "He makes \$5,000 a year as an aviator." "And yet people say you can't live on air!"

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Bag Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

Think It Another Dog. "Does your dog bark at the moon?" "Certainly not—he barks at the dog star."—Florida Times-Star.

The bicycle is still barred from the streets of Constantinople or the highways leading to it.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 25 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Brochure. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

WESTERN MINING AND OIL NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Prices Quoted for Metals. New York—Lead \$7.37@7.62. Copper—\$22.12 1/2. Bar Silver—99 1/2 c. London.—Bar Silver—48 3/4 d per ounce.

St. Louis, Mo.—Spelter—\$7.39@7.45. Boulder.—Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$20.00@22.50 per unit. Crude ores, 60 per cent, \$22.00@25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00@12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40@12.20.

Arizona

Operations on the Gould property in the Amole district, are progressing. At the Hardshell Mine property in the Patagonia district is being operated.

Between April 8 and May 8, the Verda Combination shaft at Jerome was sunk 152 feet.

The Glance mine recently bonded by Wood and Hurd, in the Lincoln Camp district, is now under operation. The Red Chief Mining and Milling Company at Casa Grande has completed their plant for milling their silver-lead ore.

Colorado

Colorado Springs men have formed the De Beque Oil Shale Company. The west end of Clear Creek county is taking on new life in the way of mining properties being worked.

The Molybdenum Products Company at Buffer, in the Ten Mile district, is reported as operating its 250-ton plant steadily.

From Central City comes a report that the old Perigo mining properties near Rollinsville have been sold to a New York Company.

The winter's development on the Yellow Jacket mine, near Ouray, is reported to be showing up ore bodies that promise a big mill tonnage.

The Blue River Mines and Reduction Company will operate the Fox Lake and several other lode mines on Yuba Dam flats north of Breckenridge.

At Georgetown the Colorado Central is pushing construction of its plant to handle 1,000 tons daily from the dumps of the Ocean Wave and Marshall tunnel mines.

With the payment on June 10 by the Croson Consolidated Gold Mining and Milling Company and the Golden Cycle Mining and Reduction Company of the regular monthly dividends of \$122,000 and \$45,000, respectively, the dividend total for the first one-half of 1918 paid to stockholders of Cripple Creek district mining companies amounted to \$1,215,000.

Montana

Anaconda Copper Company, May copper output was 27,400,000 pounds, compared with 26,500,000 in April and 28,700,000 in March.

East Butte Company produced in May 1,208,300 pounds of copper and 73,791 ounces of silver, compared with 1,811,300 pounds of copper and 68,194 ounces of silver in April.

Copper producers were informed by the War Industries Board that President Wilson has affixed his approval on the recommendations of the board that the price of copper shall be fixed at 23 1/2 cents a pound for the period beginning June 1.

May output of Butte & Superior approximated 8,000 tons of concentrates, the falling off from previous months being due to an accident which tied up shaft operations for a few days. Earnings in April fell below those of earlier months this year, owing to lower spot prices, the average for April being about 6 1/2 cents.

New Mexico

The Mogollon Mines Co. milled nearly 5,000 tons in May. The Artesia Oil and Gas Company has been organized with a capital stock of \$100,000.

The Encino Oil and Refining Company is arranging to drill for oil on its holdings near Roswell.

The new mill of Socorro M. and M. Co. is nearing completion. This will have a daily capacity of 250 tons.

The Linda Vista and Felix River Oil Companies have secured machinery near Dayton to set over the Groves well near Roswell.

A Wyoming company sent several representatives to Las Vegas, who are leasing land in that vicinity and will begin to drill for oil.

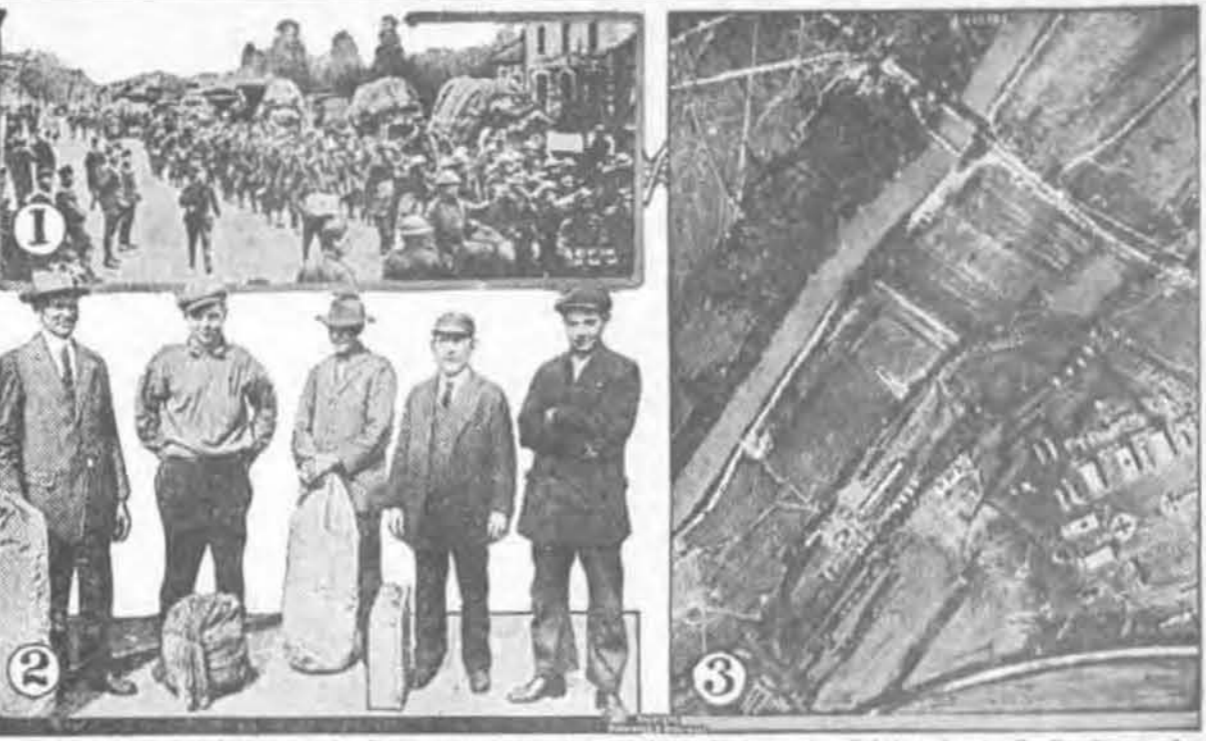
Extensive mining operations are in progress on Boston Hill, mining the immense deposits of manganese ores on the Stevens properties.

Word reaches Santa Fe of an oil excitement in Lincoln county, caused by oil bubbles and oil seum rising to the surface in a new well dug by William Brown, eight miles southwest of Captain in the White mountains.

Wyoming

Work on the wildest wells near Douglas is progressing nicely. Work in the oil fields around Lander is very active at present, the Wind River refinery is working the stills now erected at their full capacity and more are in the course of erection.

The Wind River Company spudded in its No. 6 well in the Lander field No. 8 was reported down 700 feet. The wells of the company are now capable of delivering more oil to the refinery than it is prepared to refine.



1—American infantrymen in France entraining to take their places at the fighting front. 2—Survivors of the schooner Edward H. Cole, one of the victims of the submarine that raided American waters. 3—Airmen photograph of a French hospital on the Aisne near Soissons, showing its Red Cross clearly on the roofs and the ground.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

German Submarine Raid in Our Waters Fails to Terrorize American Nation.

WAR SPIRIT IS STIMULATED

Splendid Work of Yankee Troops in Halting Hun Drive at the Marne—Enemy's Losses are Appalling—Renewal of Offensive is Expected.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Germany's utter inability to understand the spirit of the nations that oppose her was never better shown than in the raids made on American shipping in American waters by submarines. Their purpose could only be to terrorize the United States and thus check the flow of men and munitions to France. Their result, if Germany had known it, could only be to inspire the nation to continue the sending of its armies across with uninterrupted speed and in every other way to do what is necessary to win the war. The net loss to America is the sinking of a dozen sailing vessels and two or three steamships; the net gain is a renewed determination to whip the Hun, and a large increase in the number of enlistments for the navy.

Germany attempted to terrorize England by Zeppelin raids on London, and the Englishmen merely turned out their lights and rushed by thousands to the recruiting offices. She tried to terrorize France by bombarding Paris with the "miracle gun," and the Frenchmen gritted their teeth and swore to fight to the finish. Now she has tried to intimidate the Americans, and again she has failed miserably. In truth, the German policy of frightfulness has been a failure everywhere and from the beginning. Even mutilated and ravished Belgium still stands unafraid and steadfast to the cause of decency and righteousness.

The appearance of the submarine or submarines—their number is not known—off the New Jersey coast naturally revived the talk of the existence of U-boat bases on the Mexican coast. This is officially discredited by our navy department, though there is little doubt that Carranza and his crew would so assist Germany if they could. Their behavior and known predilections are not such as to delude anyone into belief in their neutrality. However, there was evidence that the raiding submarines had come direct from Germany, and as they have been out some time, they probably will soon return.

New York city indulged itself in a small scare over the chance that it might be bombed by an airplane carried by the U-boats. There was little danger of this, for a plane would take up too much space on the submarine, and moreover after a raid would be compelled to return to the vessel, thus revealing its location to the naval craft that have been swarming the Atlantic coast waters looking for it. The submarine is driven by Diesel engines that give it a wide radius, and carries guns with which it might shell coast cities.

Probably there will be more of these raids in the near future, but they must be accepted as incidents of the great war in which we are engaged—really small incidents that can have no influence on the outcome of the struggle. Some of them are likely to be directed against our troop transports, but this need cause little alarm because of the perfection of the convoy system. To guard the coast against attacks Secretary Baker has asked congress for \$10,000,000 for establishing balloon and seaplane stations, thirteen on the Atlantic and three on the gulf.

Over in France the Kaiser's third pretentious drive of the year came to a halt, at least for the time being, at the Marne, the Ourcq valley and the Oise. Early in the week several attempts to cross the Marne were repulsed with severe losses. In these actions American machine gunners supported by French infantry took a prominent part and won the warm praise of the French and British by their gallantry and valor as well as by their excellent marksmanship. The Americans were called on to hold a bridge head near Chateau Thierry immediately on their arrival after thirty hours on the road in motortrucks. They took up their positions quickly and slaughtered the Huns who tried to cross. Under cover of this fire Yankee engineers successfully dynamited the bridges, and the machine gunners have since held the south bank and repulsed all attempts of the Germans to build new bridges. It is reported the Americans killed about 1,000 Germans at the bridge head, having themselves only one man killed and a few wounded.

In the Neuilly wood, northwest of Chateau Thierry, the American infantry had their chance, and three times they drove back desperate attacks of the Huns, their rifle fire being deadly. On the third assault they met the Germans in the open and put them to rout with the bayonet.

In what may be called their own sector, in the Luneville region, the Americans carried out some highly successful operations. The allies frankly admit that they are counting on the United States troops to save the day, and the tests to which the Yankees have been submitted show the trust of the British and French is not misplaced.

Failing to make further progress southward, the Germans turned the main force of their attacks on the western front of their salient, between the Aisne and the Marne. Here they found any advance still more difficult, and indeed at many points they were driven back some distance by the impetuous attacks of General Foch's troops. In that region the dense forests of Villiers-Cotterets and Neuilly offer the best of defensive positions for the allies, enabling them to move and concentrate their forces unseen by the enemy aviators. The allied artillery, too, has been brought up with remarkable speed and is pouring a devastating fire into the Germans from well selected positions day and night. Along the line from the Marne northeastward to Reims the allied line was holding strongly, and the ancient cathedral city was still, rather unexpectedly, in the possession of the British.

The Germans made no claims to definite advances during the week, and their losses were growing so appalling that government officials in Berlin felt it necessary to speak of them apologetically, asking the people to consider the magnitude of the operations and of the stake.

Toward the end of the week there were signs that Von Hindenburg was preparing for a renewal of the drive on another part of the line, possibly in the Amiens sector, but the allied military authorities expressed satisfaction with the situation and confidence in their ability to meet any new attacks.

The German press was almost a unit last week in its calls for a peace offensive, but the papers and the factions they represent were as far apart as ever on the question of what Germany should state as her peace aims. The radical press still insists on the no annexation and no indemnity program, while the organs of the pan-German party blatantly insist that the central powers are now in a position to make demands and to enforce them, and that though Germany entered the war in 1914 with no predatory purposes, it is now entitled to take what it desires to make up for its losses and to insure its future safety.

There is no longer any pretensions on Germany's part of treating the Russian provinces as any other than conquered territory, the treaty of Brest-Litovsk being now ignored. Neither is there any evidence that Germany is getting any benefit from those hands, for the food question is still driving the civilian population to distraction; and in Austria-Hungary the situation is far worse.

Greater Russia is actually starving, for the soviet government can procure no more food from the Ukraine, and in the Kuban and Don regions there are counter-revolutionary hands that keep things in a turmoil. The counter-revolution plot, the government says, spreads throughout the country and in consequence Moscow has been declared in a state of siege. It is reported the American govern-

ment is contemplating the extending of assistance to Russia in the way of assembling food supplies in Siberia and distributing them in European Russia.

In equally serious state is Turkey, where famine is widespread and many of the poorest people are subsisting on chestnuts and pumpkin seeds. In some districts the troops have destroyed the crops though they themselves are on mighty short rations. Only the officers are well fed. With these food conditions, the steady advance of the British in Palestine and Mesopotamia and the growing strength of the Arab forces, there are evidences of the approaching break up of the Turkish empire. It has got nothing yet for all its efforts except certain oil districts ceded by Russia under compulsion, and the possession of these is threatened by the northward movements of the British expeditions.

The Italians kept on hitting hard at the Austro-Hungarian forces along the Piave line, and they heard undisturbed of the massing of thirty enemy divisions at three points on that front for a resumption of the drive toward the plains. The Italian army is now in better condition than ever before and, with the help of the Americans, British and French, can be relied on to stop the expected offensive.

The supreme war conference of the allies at Versailles expressed its complete confidence in the ultimate defeat of the central powers and declared the allied people are "resolute not to sacrifice a single one of the free nations of the world to the despotism of Berlin." The premiers of Great Britain, France and Italy agreed on the creation of a united independent Polish state with free access to the sea as one of the conditions of a just peace, and adhered to the declaration of Secretary Lansing expressing sympathy with the national aspirations of the Czechs and Jugoslavs. This means, if it means anything, that Emperor Charles has lost his last chance to retain his empire entire by breaking away from Germany. It foretells the dismemberment of Austria-Hungary when peace is made, if not at an earlier date.

In the United States the U-boat raid served to impress the people with the pressing need of the conservation of wheat and sugar, especially. The former must be sent across the ocean in increasing quantities as our forces there grow rapidly greater; and sugar cannot be bought from Cuba because we must use all available shipping for the transportation of troops and munitions to Europe.

The fuel administration devoted its energies last week to urging the people to order their next winter's supplies of coal at once. There has been widespread complaint that the retailers cannot fill orders, but Doctor Garfield says that orders now, whether or not they are filled soon, will do much to stimulate production. There is plenty of coal if only it can be got out of the ground and if the railroad administration will find some way of supplying enough cars. The shortages of cars really is at the bottom of the whole trouble and will be to blame if the predicted coal famine materializes next winter.

The senate's attempt to stop the manufacture of beer and wine by means of an amendment to the emergency agricultural bill was blocked by the administration last week. Food Administrator Hoover opposed it because he believed it would put the nation on a "whisky, brandy and gin" basis with attendant evils far outweighing the small food savings that would result. President Wilson had told Senator Sheppard he would not forbid the use of foodstuffs in beer and wine unless Mr. Hoover regarded such a step necessary. The senate therefore receded from its position.

The week saw the registering of about a million young Americans who have become twenty-one years of age since last spring; and this registration probably will be repeated about once in three months. Present Marshal General Crowder sent to the governors of all the states except Arizona orders for the mobilization of 200,000 more registrants between June 24 and 28, and 40,000 negroes were called from twenty states.

Tinware and Kitchen Utensils

It is a pleasure to offer such a fine line of tinware and kitchen utensils as we now have in stock—and especially at the prices we are able to make. Our tinware is the finest, best finished kitchenware on the market and our enamelware, graniteware and aluminum cooking utensils are also of a very high quality.

As a reminder of some of the articles you may need, let us mention saucepans—stewpans—roasting pans—bread pans—tea and coffee pots—griddles—pie plates—rice boilers—kettles—jelly, pudding, croquette, ice cream and fish molds—strainers—flour sifters. Better still, come and see for yourself what we have.



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The prices we charge make it genuine economy to buy here everything you need.

The Patagonia Commercial Co.

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LET US MAKE YOU AN ESTIMATE

for furnishing the lumber for your proposed building or any improvements. When you get our figures you'll be surprised at their littleness, considering the fact that we deal in high grade lumber only. We shall be glad to furnish figures for any quantity of lumber your plans call for

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We can furnish you with juniper, oak or mesquite wood—a full cord for \$9—out to any desired length.

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Watch Us Grow

Date Statement Sent to Bank Auditor	Deposits
May 1, 1916	\$ 54,625.70
June 30, 1916	67,019.28
September 12, 1916	70,655.83
November 17, 1916	75,483.75
December 27, 1916	77,203.25
March 5, 1917	89,810.63
May 1, 1917	93,069.56
June 20, 1917	97,819.84
September 11, 1917	107,324.10
November 20, 1917	157,484.10
December 31, 1917	194,394.94
March 4, 1918	196,631.20
May 10, 1918	241,383.56

COCHISE COUNTY STATE BANK

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Tombstone Arizona Benson

EXPLAINS LAUGH OF BABIES

We Come Into This World of Sorrows With a Mysterious Sense of Humor.

The human love of nonsense is a divine mystery. We have often heard pessimists declare that we come into the world weeping. It is truer, I think, to say that we come into it laughing. For laughter in a baby seems to be its first conscious apprehension of something outside its small needs and pains. It may cry merely because a pin is sticking into it, but it laughs because already it sees something that makes it laugh, it knows not why, something that catches the eye or ear and seems irresistibly funny to it.

There is nothing more mysterious than a baby's sense of humor. It frequently loses it as it grows up, together with the other trailing clouds of glory, but most babies are born with it. To satisfy it nursery rhymes were invented, and to satisfy the same instinct in grown people "The Hunting of the Snark," that incomparable classic, came into being, and Caverly and Gilbert and Lear stood on their heads, so to speak, and performed such verbal antics before high heaven as must have made the very angels laugh.

When the Owl and the Pussy Cat, having dined on mice and slices of quince, "hand in hand, on the edge of the sand," "danced by the light of the moon," there is something which, as Stevenson was fond of saying, delights the great heart of man. But, of course, with these modern artists of nonsense there is usually a deliberate attempt at the grotesque and the absurd. We know why we are laughing, but with the old-fashioned rhymes of which I am chiefly thinking, we laugh—or, for that matter, cry, perhaps—without having any reason to give.—Richard Le Gallienne, in Harper's Magazine.

Winter's Discipline.

He who marvels at the beauty of the world in summer will find equal cause for wonder and admiration in winter. It is true the pomp and pageantry are swept away, but the essential elements remain—the day and the night, the mountain and the valley, the elemental play and succession, and the perpetual presence of the infinite sky. In winter the stars seem to have rekindled their fires, the moon achieves a fuller triumph, and the heavens wear a look of more exalted simplicity. Summer is more wooling, . . . more versatile and human, appeals to the affections and the sentiments, and fosters inquiry and the art impulse. Winter is of a more heroic cast, and addresses the intellect. The severe studies and disciplines come easier in winter. One imposes larger tasks upon himself.

How to Tell Age of Eggs.

There is a simple method of ascertaining the age of eggs, based upon the fact that the air space at the broad end of the egg increases with its age. Now, when the egg is placed in a tumbler of water in which any amount of common salt is dissolved, it will, with increasing age, tend ever more to assume a position with its longitudinal axis in a perpendicular direction. A fresh laid egg will lie horizontally on the bottom of the vessel. An egg from three to four days old will rise with its broad end, so that its longitudinal axis forms with its horizontal axis an angle of 20 degrees. At the age of eight days the angle increases to 45 degrees, at the age of two weeks to 60 degrees, and at the age of three weeks to about 75 degrees. When the egg is more than a month old it will float perpendicularly on its small end.

WHERE TO LOOK FOR WIFE

Seek Her in Butcher's Shop, Says This Writer, and Mark Just How She Buys.

A good housewife will look at least two square meals ahead of her nose. The modern system of marketing during the high cost regime is such a fine art that a youth contemplating matrimony should hie to the market place for selecting a bride. My boy, Zim advises in Cartoons Magazine, when you see a maiden pinching, smelling and prying a soup bone, you may rely on her sense of economy, for she is looking forward not less than two meals. The soup bone, when cooked, is merely food in the rough or primitive state. Its choicest by-products are realized after bouillon stage. Thereafter comes goulash, the croquettes and the luscious hash. By all means avoid the girl who orders choice cuts of porterhouse or English mutton chops. She will not make a good helpmate. But the girl who selects the chuck or neck pieces or the tail end of a ham bone, and renders them into dainty, palatable dishes is the one you want. So take my advice and seek the market place when you feel that you have had your fill of bachelor loneliness and wish a taste of wedlock. Follow such a girl around until you are perfectly satisfied, then nail her.

Fuel Value of Coal Lessened.

Careful estimates made by the director of the bureau of mines and his associates indicate that while last year's coal output of 600,000,000 tons will probably be increased to 650,000,000 tons this year, the effectiveness of this fuel will be equivalent to a production of normally prepared coal aggregating only 570,000,000 tons. The reason for this surprising discrepancy is that much of the coal is not being prepared with the usual care. It is calculated that there is 5 per cent more ash content in this year's coal than in that of previous years. In other words, approximately 600,000 carloads of ash are being added to the burden borne by the railways.

It has been shown that the inclusion of 5 per cent more ash in the coal means a reduction in efficiency in the remaining coal of 7 1/2 per cent. Stating the case another way, the total reduction in the coal's effectiveness is 12 1/2 per cent.

Daylight Saving Worked Well.

In the United Kingdom during the four and a half months that daylight saving was practiced in 1916, it is claimed that the saving in gas alone conserved 200,000 tons of coal. The expenses to consumers were reduced by \$2,575,000. Electric light companies reported a reduction of about 20 per cent.

In France fuel used for illuminating purposes was 10 per cent less after the daylight saving program was adopted.

In Germany the Berlin municipal gas works reported in May and June of 1916 a decrease of 508,500 cubic meters, in spite of the fact that 18,000 new gas meters had been installed during the previous six months.

In Self-Defense.

A negro soldier at one of the encampments insisted that he wanted to take out the full limit of insurance, \$10,000. One of the white soldiers remonstrated with him, telling him it would be foolish to pay on so much, for he was likely to be shot in the trenches. To this the negro answered: "Huh, I reckon I knows what I see doin'. I see doin' this in self-defense. You all don't s'pose that Uncle Sam is gwine to put a \$10,000 man in the first-line trenches, does yuh?"

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Regular Meals and Short Orders

Open From 6:30 A. M. to 2 P. M. and From 5:30 to 8 P. M.

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ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST CLASS

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THE WHITE HOUSE

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PATAGONIA GARAGE

Pat Patterson, Mgr.

EXPERT REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY

A Trial Will Make You a Permanent Customer

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SURE ???

Are you two young folks sure you won't be poor in your old age? Are you providing for it or just slipping and tripping along with no fear of the years? If you fail to be thrifty old age will be shift.

This bank makes special provisions for young married folks. Husband and wife can open a "joint account" which permits either to draw out and deposit funds. It makes them SURE they won't be POOR in the evening of life.

The First National Bank of Nogales,

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CHILDREN'S, LADIES' AND MEN'S
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EVERYTHING IN DRY GOODS

Come in and ask to see the goods; it doesn't cost anything to look

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Staple & Fancy Groceries Hardware of All Kinds

Wholesale and Retail

MAY BE HAD AT ALL TIMES

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Best Ventilated, Most Attractive Playhouse in the Southwest

Courteous Lady Ushers Always in Attendance

High Class Entertainment in

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Furnished Under the Personal Direction of Past Masters in the Business

The Last Word in Movies

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Write us when in need of furniture, chinaware, stoves, ranges. We carry a full line and will be glad to quote prices on application.

Agents for Baldwin Pianos and Player Pianos

Mail Orders
Given Prompt Attention

J. E. Hopkins. F. D. Valles.

It is not wise to stop your car at first one filling station and then another. This gives you mixed grades of "gas" and oil and plays havoc with your engine.

We handle only the best grades of gasoline and oil. And our prices are lower than you have often paid for cheaper grades. Get into the habit of calling here regularly and notice what a difference it will make in the way your car runs.

THE AMERICAN GARAGE

STAG BARBER SHOP

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Hot and Cold Baths

To while away your leisure hours in harmless pleasure, and enjoy good fellowship, come to

HERB M'CUTCHAN'S
PATAGONIA
POOL HALL
AND
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COLD SOFT DRINKS
GOOD CIGARS
RE-FINISHED POOL TABLES

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AUTO STAGE

Leaves Commercial Hotel,
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Nothing in stock you would be ashamed to own or to present to a friend or relative.

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and it absolutely prevents punctures in tires. 100 per cent less trouble.

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OUTWITTING

The HUN

BY PAT O'BRIEN

R.F.C.



THIS is without a question one of the most astounding stories of air and land adventure written since the war began. A flier under the British flag, O'Brien, after a hard fight with several Boche machines was finally wounded 8,000 feet in the air, brought down and captured.

While being taken to the prison camp with a German guard beside him with gun loaded ready to shoot, he made his escape by jumping through a window.

After 72 days of crawling and slipping by night and hiding by day—bleeding, wounded—passing sentries boldly—fighting peasants—he crossed the boundary into Holland.

No wonder he was received with joy by the English public—no wonder audiences all over the United States listened breathlessly to his story. YOU can read it now for we have secured it for our next serial.

This long-limbed, hawkfaced dare-devil Irishman—they could not keep him out of war—they could not kill him—they could not hold him! Read his story, it is a splendid proof of that indomitable spirit that makes America unconquerable, invincible.

Our New Serial—Be Sure to Read It

Bohemia's Sufferings.

Bohemia went through some of the most barbarous of the German religious wars in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Between 1617 and 1637 the Bohemian population was reduced from 3,000,000 to 780,000 by the ravages of execution and exile, says Richard Wilmer Rowan in World's Work. The Czech language was banished from the Bohemian school room in favor of the German by the otherwise liberal Maria Theresa just two years before our American declaration of independence. Czech rioting signaled the upheavals in 1848 that drove Metternich and his fellow reactionaries to a timely seclusion. Yet the Ausgleich or Austro-Hungarian compromise of 1867 found Bohemia still refused the national recognition it demanded.

Sane, but Insane.

Sane but mad, according to the doctors, a man has been released from a London asylum. He had been suffering from insomnia and was given an injection of some preparation of morphine, the effects of which were practically unknown. He went to stay at a boarding house and in giving a reading from Dickens impersonated Pickwick. As "Pickwick" was in the middle of his performance the doctor who had attended him came to the house, and, assuming his dressing up to be an act of insanity, gave a certificate next day for his removal to the country asylum.

Some Wave.

Benevolent Old Lady (to Jack Tar)—I suppose you have seen some hard times, sailor?
Jack Tar—Lor' lumme, mum, I should just say I 'ave. Why, me and six pals was once on the crest of one wave for fourteen hours with only one bit of baccy to chew between us.—London Idens.

Her Desire.

Allie—It's quite a secret, but I was married last week to Dick Gay.
Jane—Indeed! I should have thought you'd be the last person in the world to marry him.
Allie—Well, I hope I am!—Pearson's Weekly.

Birds' Shower Bath.

Nature first provided shower baths for the birds, and man unintentionally later added another variety of shower for "the little brothers of the air." Nature's gift is the dew. Early in the morning, when twigs, leaves and grass are dripping with the rainbow-drops, the birds dart back and forth, under and above and all around them, causing the dew to drop on their feathers. Then they pose in a secure limb and fluff and preen their feathers, all the time singing or chirping in contentment. Man's gift is the hose. When the water is playing over the garden, the birds delight to hop around where the spray will fall upon them, or among the drenched plants which drip cool refreshment upon the songsters.

The Point of View.

A number of Kentucky mountaineers had just arrived at Camp Taylor. Probably not one of them had ever been out of the hills before this trip to the camp. One young fellow was standing on a slight elevation where an excellent view of the camp could be obtained. His mouth and eyes were wide open and his whole expression was one of astonishment and wonder. A sergeant approached and said, "Well, how's it look?"
"Gee, this is a big place," answered the new addition to the army.
"Oh, if you think this is big wait till you get to France," said the sergeant.
"My God, ain't this France?" asked the rookie, in a surprised voice.

Many French Diseases.

The unparalleled conditions of modern warfare are found by Dr. J. E. Lind to have brought to the military surgeons two new types of cases. One of these is shell shock, apparently due to the emotional strain upon the nervous system; and the other is a surprisingly large number of ailments arising from the peculiar environment of the trenches. A relapsing fever, a transient nephritis, and frostbite of the feet are the three chief disorders resulting from trench life. There are also trench enteritis, trench skin, trench diarrhoea, trench rheumatism, trench back, and trench jaundice, but these may be symptoms of or connected in some way with the three principal diseases.

A. S. HENDERSON

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for every member of the family.

Canned Goods Dried Fruits
of all kinds, and everything in the line of
Groceries and General Merchandise

PRICES THE LOWEST

THE ROAD TO THRIFT

MAIER BROTHERS

BENSON, ARIZONA

Give Them a Trial Order for
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
And Note the Big Savings Effectuated
They Treat You Right

PATAGONIA BARBER SHOP

WM. FESSLER, Prop. Children's Hair Cutting
Shop Closed on Sunday

AGENT TUCSON STEAM LAUNDRY

Laundry sent on Monday, returned Saturday

A. F. KERR, President. W. E. BUTLER, Cashier. A. M. GILLESPIE, Vice-President.

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Do you know that "FEDERAL" Cord Tires ride easier, coast further, last longer, and save more gasoline than any other cord tire on the market today?
If you do not know these things write or call on us and be convinced.

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TO THE LOCAL POSTMASTER:—Kindly have letter-carrier deliver to me on _____ for which I will pay on delivery:

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Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby.
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Gold or Silver.....75c. Gold and Silver.....\$1.
Lead or Copper (by best methods).....\$1.
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Lead, Copper, Gold and Silver in same sample.....\$2.00

Prompt and Accurate Work

HUGO W. MILLER, NOGALES, ARIZONA

Kept Busy.
Bacon—How many buttons has your wife on the back of her dress?
Egbert—Gracious! Don't ask me, for I don't know!
"Why don't you know? You've buttoned it up often enough to know, I should think."
"But when I've been buttoning it up I've been too busy to count the number of buttons."

FRECKLES
Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots
There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.
Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.
Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Just Giving Him a Prod.
"I haven't anything new to sing to you tonight, George."
"Well, give me something old, then."
She broke into a refrain that was "a song of the day" 17 years before.
"That's very old, Clara," he remarked at the close.
"Yes, George, I sang that to you the night before we became engaged."

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

Cause for Pessimism.
Ted—I wouldn't feel so downhearted about it. A woman has been known to change her mind.
Ned—But she's much more likely to do it after she has said "Yes" than when she has told you "No."—Judge.

You can't convince a girl that she is not in love until after she gets him.

Many a man who howls at pain imagines that he suffers in silence.

OLD PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says, "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy that I know of has so large a sale."
According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that, so many people claim, it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Couldn't Feaze Him.
The editor's brow was stern as he lay in wait for the erring office boy. "Jorkinson," he said, as the urchin came in, "you asked me for the afternoon off yesterday. I gave it to you, and then I saw you on the baseball grounds. You told me you were going to your aunt's funeral."
The office boy grinned.
"And I wasn't far wrong, was I? Did you ever see a slower game in your life?"

Not the Reply She Expected.
"Pa, should I marry a man without any money?"
"If you're looking to me to furnish the cash that's the way you'll have to marry him."

NEWS and GOSSIP OF WASHINGTON

Now Comes the "Yeoette" to Dazzle Washington

WASHINGTON.—This wonderful old city is just brimful of dashing, flashing, fetching uniforms. Of course, the people who fill the uniforms catch most of the feminine eyes, but there is one uniform that rather causes the male glance to wander. Maybe it isn't the uniform, but there is something mighty attractive about the "yeoette" even to a woman.

With ducky little blue coats, double breasted and brass buttoned, and white duck skirts, and a chic little white sailor hat, the yeoette certainly makes a pretty picture as she mingles with the thousand and one other uniforms on the streets of Washington.

But the yeoette has something more important to do to win the war than to look handsome. She is a mighty important cog in the machinery of Secretary Daniels' organization which is fighting the undersea boats of the kaiser. If the navy wins the war, and there are those in Washington who believe it will, all of the glory can't go to the brave men who were on board ship. Without the organization behind them they wouldn't have been able to accomplish much, and without the yeoette the strength of the navy wouldn't be as great today as it is.

Of course, it seems that the little yeoette is mighty unimportant, but she has filled a good many gaps in the navy department and she has released hundreds of men for service on sea. She is really nothing more than a first-class stenographer and office secretary, but in these days any sort of a stenographer is a prize and the first-class stenographers and typists who become yeoettes are jeweled prizes.

Now, What Will Selfish Bachelors Be Doing Next?

A MAN was buying darning cotton. The woman next had just transacted a little deal in pins. Counting by seasons, he was early summer and she was autumn slipped by frost. The classification is necessary to explain the impersonal chumminess of the two.

"Hello, Frank, boy. Looks as if you have been getting married."
"Never trust to looks, Miss Ann. We ran out of thread and Joe tied a string around my finger—see? He's the family mender."

It sounded somewhat cryptic, so autumn asked for enlightenment, and this is what she got:
"Two years ago four of us department fellows set up housekeeping, and have just renewed the lease. It's a bully way to live, Miss Ann. Each of us has two rooms which we furnish to suit ourselves, and there is a man to cook and a Saturday cleaner to make the wheels go round. Bob attends to rent and wages, Joe markets and mends, Billy keeps tab on fuel and light bills, and I'm the official shopper. Say, Miss Ann, this housekeeping stunt is great. I don't blame you business women for not getting married to get you feel like it—because I'm that way myself. I used to think I'd have to get me a wife just to have a home—every man wants a home, but—now that I've weathered the infatuations of childhood you don't catch me ever giving up my home with the boys, except for solid love. What do you say to that, lady?"

And lady said—but never mind what she said. He didn't.

Believes He Struck a Parcel Post Bargain Day

MALCOLM KERLIN, assistant city postmaster, ought to know about this, anyway, so here goes: Kirk Miller, that angular fellow, wants to know when bargain days in parcel post went into effect. Kirk says he had a package to send to a friend in New Mexico the other day, so he took it around to a branch post office early in the morning.

"How much will this take?" he asked the man behind the window. The man weighed the parcel, looked through his book for the zone rate, and then answered:
"Ninety cents."
Having but 30 cents in his pocket, Kirk decided to postpone the mailing of the parcel until later in the day, when the treasury could be replenished. At lunch time Kirk tried it again.

"How much will this package take?"
"Forty-eight cents."
"Gee!" said Kirk to himself, making some mental calculations. "I'll hold on to this until later in the day."
That evening on his way home from work he stopped in again.

"How much?" he asked.
The clerk—another one still—weighed the parcel and said:
"Forty-one cents."
"Guess that's cheap enough," replied Miller. "You can have it."

Just Why Jimmy and Leo Didn't Get That Raise

THIS is the story of a case of mistaken identity. Jimmy and Leo were out in one of their employer's automobiles early the other morning—so early, in fact, that the streets were pretty clear of people. "Gee," said Jimmie, "looks like—"

"It belongs to the boss," finished Leo. "Let's catch it and take it back to the office, and maybe we'll get a raise."
Jimmy and Leo descended from the car and, with soft tread, made for the dog. But that creature was wily and eluded their grasp in a graceful but effective manner. Into the automobile hopped the two boys, and after a few preliminary bangs the car sped after the dog. Catching a dog in an automobile is not as easy as it sounds. The dog took it easy and kept to the sidewalk, making the downtown blocks without any trouble.

Then he ran into a yard, up the front steps, and into the vestibule of a fine-looking house.
"Now we've got him!" whooped Jimmie. Cornered in the vestibule, the dog had little chance, indeed, to escape the triumphant youths. They grabbed him up and made off with him. Indignant barks and ki-yis awoke the neighborhood. A window went up in the front of the house.
"Let go my dog! Let go my dog! Oh, make them bring back my dog!" screamed a voice from the window.

"The woman's crazy," said Jimmie. "It ain't her dog; it's the boss's!"
"Let 'er go!" yelled Leo, and the car shot away, with the dog yelping in vain.

"The boss will be there by the time we get back," said Leo. The boss was there, all right, and he was waiting for them.
"Yesir, here's your dog," said Jimmie and Leo.
"It isn't my dog," said the boss. "It belongs to Mrs. —, on Sixteenth street. She just telephoned in here and said that two young thugs had stolen the dog out of her front yard and had carried it off in one of our wagons."

What is Castoria

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-Good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment. Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

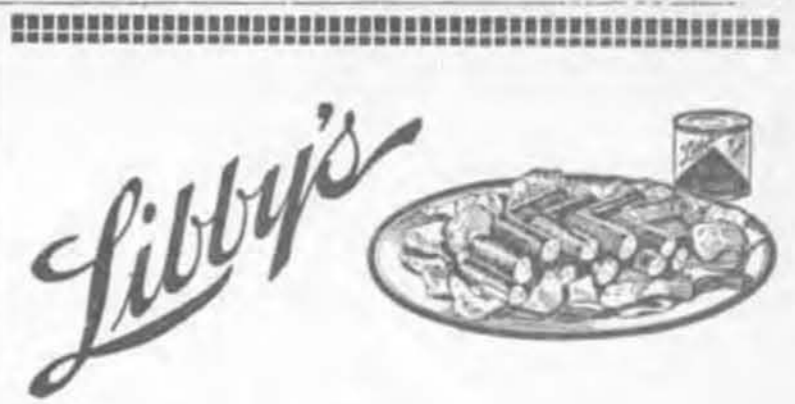
Steals EATONIC FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

Cures Him—Comes Back and Pays For It
It's the Acid Test of Man and Eatonic They Both Win!
It takes a big man to stand up and say "I am wrong and willing to do right"; and it is needless to say that this poor sufferer will not want for EATONIC as long as he lives. To stomach sufferers and those not getting full strength out of their food, suffering from indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, bloaty, gassy feeling after eating, stomach distress of any kind, we say, Go, get a box of EATONIC today, use it according to the directions and you will know what real stomach comfort means. Tons of households all over the land are using EATONIC and testify to its power to heal. If you suffer another day it is your own fault.
EATONIC costs little—a cent or two a day. Buy EATONIC from your druggist.
Send for the "Ealy" Book, Address Eatonic Remedy Co., 1215-21 St. Wabash Ave., Chicago

Most Startling Endorsement Ever Published
Mr. A. W. Cramer, Registered Pharmacist and Druggist of Plano, Illinois, writes under date of December 12, 1916:
"Eatonic Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill.
Gentlemen—The following incident which happened in my place of business I know will be of great interest to you, and I hope, of great benefit to humanity, morally and physically.
I keep a quantity of EATONIC piled on my show case. I recently missed a box, and knowing neither myself nor clerk had sold it, I could not account for its disappearance. Yesterday morning a man walked into my store and said: "Mr. Cramer, I owe you fifty cents for a box of EATONIC which I stole from your show case. I am bothered with stomach trouble and, not having the money to spare to get a box, I took it. EATONIC has done me so much good my conscience bothered me until I had to come back and pay for it."
This is the most wonderful testimonial statement in all my experience in the interest of any preparation. It is positive proof, to my mind, that EATONIC is all that is claimed for it. If it had not helped this man his conscience would have left him unmoored. Very truly yours,
A. W. Cramer."

As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
correct **CONSTIPATION**
Genuine bears signature *Brewer's Blood*
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Great in its Good Work
Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by **Carter's Iron Pills**

Sapolio doing its work. Scouring for U.S. Marine Corps recruits.
Join Now!
Men who wear this emblem are U.S. MARINES
APPLY AT ANY POST OFFICE for SERVICE UNDER THIS EMBLEM



Appetizing Vienna Sausage

THE aroma of Libby's Vienna Sausage tells you that it is delightfully seasoned. The first taste that it is made of carefully selected, meat—seasoned to perfection.

Have Vienna Sausage for luncheon today. Your husband—your children will ask for it again and again.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Not True.
Calvin, six years old, was taking a stroll through Irvington with his father.
"What are those buildings over there?" the lad inquired.
"That's Butler college, son," the father replied.
"Oh, that's where men go down to learn to be butlers, isn't it?" pursued Calvin, and his father had difficulty in convincing him such was not the case.
Conjugal Harmony.
"They say Will and his wife have tastes unusually in common."
"Yes; today I met them going downtown, she shopping for tub suits, and he, to a wash sale."
Then She Understood.
An American soldier in France was given a fork but no knife when he sat down to dinner in a French restaurant. He held up the fork and—"Camerade, camerade," he said.
"Ah, oui, oui," said the waitress, dashing off to the kitchen, to return with another fork.
Here was a poser for the soldier. He spent a moment in deep thought, then beckoned to the waitress. With the air of a Christopher Columbus, he pointed again to the fork.
"Fiance, fiance," said he.
That time he got the knife.—International Digest.
Swedes will colonize one of the South sea islands owned by France.

Swift & Company U.S.A.
Bridging the Gap From Steer to Steak
Live stock is raised on the farms and ranches of the West.
Meat is eaten in the large cities of the East, and by our boys in France—thousands of miles away.
The day of transporting live animals from ranch to seaboard and overseas has passed. There was too much waste. The modern packer locates his large and specialized plants in the producing regions. He ships the dressed beef in refrigerated cars, and holds it in his own refrigerated branch warehouses until delivered to the retailer. For shipment to foreign ports, he transfers the meat to refrigerated ships.
By means of his nation-wide organization the modern packer maintains a continuous flow of meats to all parts of the country, so that each retailer gets just the quantity and quality of meat his trade demands, and at the time he wants it.
Swift & Company recently shipped 1,000 carloads of meat products in one week to our Armies and to the Allies.
Bridging the gap from ranch to consumer can be done successfully—and at low unit costs and profits—only by large business organizations.
Swift & Company's profit on meat, always so small as to have practically no effect on prices, is now limited by the Government to about 2 cents on each dollar of sales.
Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois
Swift & Company, U.S.A.

Santa Cruz Patagonian

HOWARD KREMER - Editor and Owner.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year \$2.00
Six Months 1.50
Three Months 1.00

Entered at the postoffice at Patagonia, Arizona, as second-class mail matter.

FEW VISIT INLAND TURKEY

Americans Are Not Acquainted With Thriving City of Kaisariyeh, an Ancient Metropolis.

Of the real Turkey few Americans have a clear picture. Constantinople and Smyrna, a few airports—thousands of Americans have seen them.

Approaching Kaisariyeh of a morning one sees it haloed by a haze of light blue smoke. It rises from the fumes from the charcoal braziers, which are set out on the roofs until they are well alight.

At sunrise, noon and sunset, the boom of a single cannon thuds out from the roof of the old palace. This cannon serves as the town clock, and as all the ritual of prayer and feasting commanded by the prophet for the different feasts is regulated by its thunder.

HISTORIC OLD SUN TAVERN

One of Boston's Landmarks, Built in 1690, for Many Years Used as a Fish Market.

One of the early taverns of Boston was the Sun tavern which stood but a few feet from the water's edge and was built about 1690. For some years it was kept by a Huguenot from Rochelle named Cognac.

Another daughter of this genial host of the Sun tavern married a successful printer named Fleet. During the siege of Boston the British seized the house and they changed its name to the King's Arms.

Sulu Women Warriors.

In the Philippines American soldiers on several occasions came in contact with Sulu women warriors. In one of the last battles on the islands the Sulus fortified themselves in the bowl of an extinct volcano.

Communal Kitchens.

The latest proposal for the elimination of waste in food and the supply of meals at minimum cost in England, includes what for a better term is called, communal feeding.

THE ALL-IMPORTANT THING

The most important feature of the food-saving program today is the rationing of wheat flour and other products on a basis of six pounds per person per month.

In some sections of Arizona the merchants have voluntarily installed systems for carrying out this plan, but in most of the counties the matter is left entirely to the consumers.

Regardless of the method employed, it is the duty of every head of a family, to every individual, to see that his wheat consumption does not exceed the six-pound allowance.

HERBERT HOOVER BARES SITUATION

CEREAL OUTLOOK CALLS FOR DRASTIC LIMITATION, SAYS FOOD HEAD.

URGES SAVE MORE WHEAT

LAXITY WILL RESULT IN FAR GREATER SUFFERING BY ALLIES, HIS FEAR.

Recent reports circulated in Arizona and other states to the effect that further need for wheat conservation is unnecessary are declared erroneous in a special message by Herbert Hoover to the people of Arizona.

"Every aspect of the wheat situation both present and prospective, intensifies the need for the greatest possible limitation in the American consumption of wheat and wheat products. If present restrictions should be in the slightest degree relaxed it would result in serious want for the people of the allied nations before the new crop can reach the market."

"The food administration estimates on the first of June a total available supply until the new harvest of about fifty-five million bushels. Of this, thirty million bushels must be exported before new wheat is available for export. If we are to maintain the absolutely necessary shipments to our army and the Allies, that leaves about twenty-five million bushels for domestic consumption for the next two months. Normal American consumption is something over forty million bushels a month, so that the most liberal consumption at home should be only one-third of normal."

"The new harvest will not be generally available in flour until the middle of August or early in September, although in the extreme south it will be somewhat earlier."

"At a meeting of the federal food administrators in Washington, representing all forty-eight states, it was the unanimous view that even if the harvest does prove abundant it will be the first duty of the American people to place every grain they can save into storage as against possible bad years ahead. In consequence there should be no anticipation of unlighted wheat bread until the war is over."

"Some of the most inconvenient restrictions can no doubt be modified with the arrival of a large harvest, but if we are honest with ourselves we will maintain restrictions requiring the use of some substitutes in both domestic and commercial bread."

FOOD ADMINISTRATION MOVES TO FLAGSTAFF; HAS 162 VOLUNTEERS

With the removal of the state offices of the Federal Food Administration for Arizona to Flagstaff for the summer term, Samuel J. Buckingham, prominent in the banking and farmers' loan business in Wichita, has been named county food administrator for Maricopa county with headquarters at 118 North Central avenue, Phoenix.

James F. Mahoney of Winslow was recently named county food administrator for Navajo county.

C. Louise Boehringer of Yuma has accepted the position of state leader of college women and is planning an active campaign for the summer months, in conjunction with Mary Pritner Lockwood, home economics director.

The following have been appointed deputy county food administrators for their respective counties:

E. C. Campbell, H. B. Rice, W. G. Brown, L. V. McCoug, John N. Gaines, A. G. Smith, M. J. Gibbons and T. G. Leeson for Cochise county.

John M. Hines and Robert N. Davidson for Mohave county.

W. B. Woods for Navajo county.

J. W. Longstritt for Yuma county.

L. L. Lathe for Pima county.

D. D. Martin, W. H. Conklin, C. B. Y. Hind, John Gokovitch, C. M. Rucker, A. M. Cobb, I. B. Anglin, Ralph Hubert, T. P. Howard, E. G. Dean for Gila county.

LIQUIDATES DEBT TO FRANCE

In Sending Prune Trees to Devastated Country, California is Repaying an Obligation.

California is generously sending a million and a half two-year-old prune trees to help in restoring the French orchards, and enough seed beans to plant 60,000 acres. Canada is undertaking the planting of thousands of Canadian maples in France. It is pleasant also to know that there is to be no lack of outside help for the devastated towns, observes Christian Science Monitor, in stating these facts.

The Indianapolis News sees sentiment in the prune tree transaction. It says: "These trees are expected to convert 15,000 acres into bearing orchards in two years. It was France which, in 1850, gave to California her first prune trees. The prune, which since then has filled many a gap on the table of the American boarding houses, and has borne the brunt of many a jest, keeps right on proving its worth."

Troops Suffered From Thirst. Some of the hardships experienced by the British forces in Palestine are described in a letter received by a friend in Montreal from a priest. The letter, written shortly before the fall of Jerusalem, tells of a day early in November when a camel convoy from Beersheba was unable to reach the men then fighting for the deliverance of the Holy City from the Turk.

"There was a hot wind blowing," wrote the priest. "A tumbler full of water was left in my bottle, which I divided between four officers whose lips were split and covered with a green slime. That afternoon I had a burial service, and literally I could not articulate without keeping my hand to my mouth and pulling my lower lip up my teeth, while bullets from a concealed sniper whizzed past us. In the evening water came in enough to give each one bottle—quite inadequate."

Unconscious Backing Up. "The author you seem to be so fond of, Marla, murders the king's English." "How can you say so, pa? I think his style is perfectly killing."—Exchange.

Irregular Intervals. The Dispensary later—There. Take a teaspoonful of this directly after each meal and you'll soon feel all right. The Poet—Do you think two or three doses a week will be enough?

THE OWL SAYS:

Many of our friends responded to our call and came in and paid their accounts. Others have not said a word. Inasmuch as we extended the courtesy of charging the goods we ask for your consideration in return.

Don't forget that mail orders are given prompt and careful attention. Send us your prescriptions.

Don't suffer with the heat. Come to our fountain and cool off. Latest motion picture magazine just arrived.

When Marshal Brown arrested a man a few days ago the unfortunate man said he was "pinched by poverty." "Gwan," said Brown, "you were pinched by a cop."

Please have patience. The carpenters will be through remodeling soon.

Detective: "How tall is the missing collector?" Business Man: "I don't know how tall he was but he was short \$400."

Zona is the magic beauty word. Ask any lady who has a good complexion.

June 25th is National War Stamp Day. On that day sign up for what you can buy during the balance of the year.

Mr. Sam Lecker is to be commended for his action relative to Thrift Stamps. It is new stimulus.

Toilet waters and perfumes at the Owl.

Fancy box stationery is our specialty.

Come in now and pay your account. We can use the money nicely.

Office supplies on sale at the Owl. Pens, pens, pens, pads, ink, etc.

B-B Haley said they took all the jass out of the fire alarm when they did away with fire horses.

Your favorite smoke is sold at the Owl.

Chocolate Shop candies are best.

At 11 o'clock last night our soda dispenser took off his apron and croaked: "BUSINESS IS GOOD."

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

Halls and Dolson Owners—Owl Drug Store NOGALES ARIZONA

Give our boys in the army and navy every fighting chance. Pledge yourself to save to the utmost of your ability to buy War Savings Stamps.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists. See Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LEGALS NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. (022035-324469) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, June 8, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Jesse L. Adams, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on April 4, 1912, made Homestead Entry, No. 022035, for N 1/2 NW 1/4, W 1/2 NE 1/4, Section 8, and on February 25, 1914, made Additional Homestead Entry, No. 024469, for NE 1/4, Section 7, Township 20 S, Range 18 E, G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 22nd day of July, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: George J. White, Guy S. Bryant, both of Sonoita, Arizona; John J. Wyatt, Raymond L. Schock, both of Elgin, Ariz.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. (015805) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, May 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that William Duke Parker, of Patagonia, Arizona, devisee of Maria L. Gilmore, deceased, who, on October 16, 1911, made Homestead Entry, No. 015805, for SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 12, N 1/2 NW 1/4, Section 13 and NE 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 14, Township 23 S, Range 17 E, G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 2nd day of July, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Raymond R. Ehrhart, of Nogales, Arizona; George W. Parker, of Patagonia, Arizona; Victor J. Wager, Thomas P. Thompson, both of Nogales, Arizona.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. (017163) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, June 8, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Jose Salcido, of Tubac, Arizona, who, on April 8, 1912, made Homestead Entry, No. 017163, for SW 1/4 NE 1/4, Section 19, and N 1/2 NE 1/4, Section 20, Township 20 S, Range 13 E, G. & S. L. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 16th day of July, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Samuel Kaplan, Jose P. Kaplan, William Luce Raymond Burrat, all of Tubac, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register. 1st pub. June 14—5th pub. July 12.

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL

C. A. PIERCE Mining Engineer PATAGONIA ARIZONA Examination, Management and Operation of Mines

Soliciting the supervision of such properties as demand only a monthly or bi-monthly report, consisting of surveying, sampling, assaying, supplies, costs.

AUTO BATTERY WORK done quicker and better than elsewhere. We employ an expert, and guarantee our work.

NOGALES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

Nogales Arizona Frank J. Duffy E. R. Purdum

Duffy & Purdum ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW NOGALES ARIZONA

GOING TO NOGALES? When hungry, you just naturally start for the best food served there.

KING'S CAFE Formerly, the New England Kitchen

T. B. FITTS, M. D. Physician and Surgeon PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

LEGALS NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. (025285)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, June 1, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Mathis Johnson, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on June 11, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 025285, for Lots 3, 4, SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 3; Lots 1, 2, S 1/2 NE 1/4, SE 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 4, Township 20 S, Range 17 E, G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 13th day of July, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Olaf Jason, John S. Carver, Herman F. Sprung, George J. White, all of Sonoita, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. 1st pub. June 7; 5th pub. July 5.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. (025093) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, June 8, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Ira D. Brooks, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on November 3, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 025093, for N 1/2 N 1/2, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, Section 23, Township 29 S, Range 17 E, G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 22nd day of July, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Gabriel P. Woodward, George J. White, William D. Carson, all of Sonoita, Arizona; A. C. Dalton, of Elgin, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register. 1st pub. June 21—5th pub. July 19.

WANT ADS. One cent a word each insertion. No charge less than 25 cents.

WANTED—Use of a tent for the 4th of July picnic. The committee of arrangements will see that the tent is returned to the owner in good condition. See Mrs. Bethel, at the Washington Trading Company.

WANTED—Anyone having old auto tires to donate to the Red Cross may leave them at the Patagonia office, where they will be turned over to Mrs. Clyde McPherson, of San Rafael valley, who is active in this particular line of work for the Red Cross.

FOR SALE—Ford truck; perfect condition; price \$225. Nogales Cash Grocery, Nogales, Arizona. 5171F

NOTICE TO MINE OWNERS—To fully protect yourself from liability for indebtedness contracted by your lessees, you should publish your "Notice of Non-Liability," usually called "Mine Warning" notice in Santa Cruz Patagonian. The rates are low. Inquire.

This Is the Only Place to get Periodicals and Magazines WATKINS' CHOCOLATES CANDIES ICE CREAM and COLD DRINKS The Place to Bring the Ladies -THE- Peerless Parlors McIntyre & Hams, Props.



A SOCIAL GLASS of our root beer, ginger ale or other carbonated beverages is not attended with any dark brown taste or any cold gray dawns of the morning after. Have a box of it in the house so that you may offer your friends a delicious drink that they will not regret tomorrow. They'll enjoy it all right. So will you.

PENDERGRASS' AMUSEMENT PARLOR

OLD MAN HARRIS Editor of the Oil and Mineral Journal of Billings, Mont., will give you straight "tips" about oil and mining companies, free, and send you sample copy of his 16-page illustrated paper for the asking. Scores of his subscribers have made \$400 on a \$100 investment and upwards, by following his advice. Don't buy in any company until you write him about it—he knows who is reliable and those who are not. Write Dun's or Bradstreet's agencies in Billings as to what they think of Old Man Harris and his reliable information to investors. Subscribe for the Patagonian.

The old standby for FRESH BEEF, MUTTON, PORK AND VEGETABLES PATAGONIA MEAT MARKET VAL VALENZUELA SR., Proprietor.

COOK WITH PEARL OIL "I Cook in Comfort Now— for I have just bought a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove," says this housewife. No dust or dirt, none of the bother of coal or wood. A touch of the match and in a jiffy your stove is ready for cooking. Economical. No smoke or odor. All the convenience of gas. Bakes, broils, roasts, toasts—all the year round. And you have a cool kitchen in summer.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (California) NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVE These Stoves for Sale by EVANS MERCANTILE COMPANY Patagonia, Arizona