

Patagonia Raises Red Cross War Quota First Day

Patagonia is to be congratulated on its second Red Cross War Fund effort. Our quota of the county's \$4000 was oversubscribed before noon on Monday.

The great Red Cross is doing a noble work, and it needs your money badly to continue to do the humanitarian acts required of it during this greatest of wars.

SOME LIBERTY LOAN PURCHASES

It is estimated that the Americans of foreign birth or extraction purchased \$350,000,000 of the Third Liberty Loan, the number of such bond buyers being estimated at over 5,000,000.

A consular telegram from Shanghai, China, states that subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan in Shanghai totaled over \$600,000.

The American embassy in Mexico City states that the subscriptions in that city are more than \$384,000, more than double the quota set for the Americans living there.

The Shah of Persia purchased a \$100,000 Liberty Bond.

The campaign for the Third Liberty Loan closed with some 17,000,000 Americans purchasing about \$4,000,000,000 of bonds.

Hundreds of thousands of individual citizens, thousands of corporations and associations, and practically every newspaper and bank in the country gave liberally of their time, space, effort and money to make the loan a success.

MINES AND MINERS

The World's Fair mine is building a wagon road of easy grade from the mine to the railroad. Right-of-way has been obtained from the owners of claims in the Flux canyon, where the road is being built, and the haul will be materially shortened, as compared to the route through Harshaw.

Woody Rountree, one of the men operating the Eureka mine, was in Patagonia Tuesday. He has lately taken an option on the Bonanza group of claims, near the Dixie, and work has been started on the newly acquired property to determine its value.

The Hardshell mine is shipping ore. The output at present is not large, but it is estimated that in a short time the mine will be sending out 50 or more tons a day.

The Mowry mine is still retimbering the old workings, and much high-grade manganese ore is in sight, and as soon as the shaft is properly timbered work will begin on the ore bodies. Mr. W. J. Mitchell, manager of the mine, says the ore will run as high as 45 per cent manganese.

The Trench mine, near Harshaw, is shipping high-grade silver ore, which is now being hauled to Patagonia.

John Hoy, manager of the Trench mine at Harshaw, returned last Saturday from a visit to San Francisco, where he attended a meeting of the board of directors of the Trench Consolidated Mines Company.

Brook Shannon, one of the owners of the Exposed Reef mine in Alum Gulch, has returned to Patagonia from Duncan, Arizona, and will remain indefinitely in this district.

"Shorty" Lewis is in from the Viceroy mine, which has temporarily suspended operations, awaiting word from the stockholders in the east regarding further development.

Regulations for bread making in Sweden permit only nine kinds, the weight and price being prescribed by law. Only rye, wheat, barley, or oat flour may be used, and for ordinary bread the use of butter, lard or other fat, milk or cream is prohibited.

Don't make it necessary for the one whose job it is to sell you stamps to continually beg you to do something in your own behalf.

Dr. A. L. Gustetter Gets Commission

Dr. A. L. Gustetter has been officially notified that he had passed the examinations for entrance into the service and has received the commission of a captain in the national army. Dr. Gustetter recently took an examination at San Diego and is now awaiting orders to entrain for his post.

Dr. Gustetter is a veteran of the Spanish war and had intended to become a naval surgeon but was prevailed upon to enter the army. He is at present representative in Nogales of the U. S. health department and also town health officer. During his absence Dr. Gustetter will have a competent physician and surgeon here to look after his extensive practice.—Nogales Herald.

TRAGEDY IN BUCHANAN'S LIFE

Recent Revelations Show Why Statesman Selected No Mate to Share His Greatness.

President James Buchanan died a bachelor. The story of the tragedy that caused him not to marry was brought out during the debate in the house of representatives on a motion to erect a monument to Buchanan in Washington. Gen. Isaac R. Sherwood of Ohio told the story as he heard it from a friend of Buchanan's at the White House forty years ago.

In his youth James Buchanan's heart was won by the charms of the beautiful Miss Anna C. Coleman, who, like himself, resided in Lancaster, Pa., said General Sherwood. "They were soon betrothed and were counted the handsomest couple in all the country around. Some time after the engagement had been announced Mr. Buchanan was obliged to go out of town on a business trip. On his return he stopped in to see a Mrs. William Jenkins, who was entertaining a Miss Grace Hubley, daughter of General Hubley, an officer of the revolutionary war.

"A gossiping young woman told Miss Coleman of Mr. Buchanan's visit and aroused her jealousy. On the spur of the moment she penned an angry note and released him from his engagement. A short time after this incident a party was arranged to go to Philadelphia to attend an opera. Miss Coleman was included in the invitation, and on arriving at Philadelphia, on a plea of indisposition, remained at the hotel. On their return from the opera Miss Coleman was found dead. She had killed herself. This broke James Buchanan's heart, and he never married and never loved another woman."

EVER STAMP WHITE HORSES?

Peculiar Childish Idea Which May Bring Back Old Days to Some of the Readers.

The car was a long time coming, and a very small, dirty and joyous girl on one roller skate confided to an interested bystander that there were "two white horses coming."

"I'll stamp 'em both," she added, and proceeded to lick her thumb and jam it into a soiled pink palm. Twice over it had to be done, with eyes fixed upon the approaching team.

"Why stamp them?" inquired the stranger. "Why, don't you know? When I stamp a hundred I'll find something. Found a penny last time."

Just then the newspaper boy arrived with his sack, and as he took the money from the wooden bench, the penny rolled toward the gutter. The unkempt little figure swayed on its single skate. A frown of disapproval followed the boy's industrious search. While the pennies were in the bag on the bench, they were properly and to be respected. "But it was plain to anyone with eyes that a lost penny belonged to the finder—in the code of the little girl.

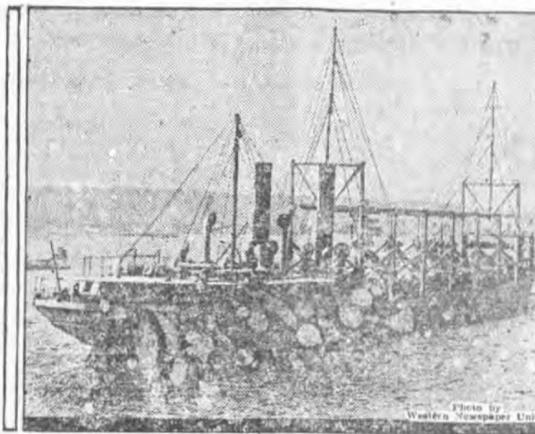
When it was picked up and dropped into the boy's pocket, she turned to the sympathetic bystander. "Don't you hate boys with freckles?" she asked. "Besides, I'd only stamped 'leven. Wait till I get 'nuther hundred."

Are Aviators Born?

There was a time when it was held that a man must be especially born for aeronautic duties. Experience has brought on the fact that the average young man can make an excellent aviator. Captain Guynemer, Major Bishop, Captain William Thaw, Captain Ball of the Lafayette escadrille, and practically all the famous aviators were not men who impressed anybody with being different from other men.

Of the thousands of allied aviators there are probably not five hundred men who had seen more than a few months of military service before joining the air service. Most of them had never seen any military service. In planning an organization for the selection and training of aviators, the aircraft board and the signal corps of the United States have had to prepare to deal entirely with men who had never seen military service, as other countries have done.—Henry Woodhouse in Everybody's.

COLLIER CYCLOPS, STRANGELY MISSING



This is the United States collier Cyclops which has been missing for many weeks. The vessel, one of the finest of her class, was on the way north with a cargo of manganese from Brazil and carried 291 men.

CERTIFICATES NOW REQUIRED FOR SUGAR

HOUSEWIVES ARE REQUIRED TO FILE CERTIFICATES WITH DEALER.

DRUGGISTS ARE AFFECTED

ICE CREAM MANUFACTURERS GRANTED 100 PER CENT ALLOTMENT.

Rigid limitations on the sale of sugar to consumers have been placed on all dealers by the federal food administration for Arizona. Hereafter residents of cities and towns will not be permitted to buy more than five pounds of sugar at a time, rural residents will be restricted to ten pounds and those residing in exceptionally remote regions will be permitted 25 pounds, provided this does not exceed their needs for thirty days.

I hereby declare to the United States Food Administration that I desire to purchase from (name of dealer) an amount of... pounds of sugar (not to exceed 25 pounds) for my use for preserving and canning purposes only, and that I shall return any surplus not used for this purpose.

The dealer is instructed to mail all such certificates at least once a week to the federal food administrator, Phoenix, Ariz.

Coincident with the limiting of the sale of sugar to the general public, the food administration announces plans for placing all manufacturers' using sugar on a rationing basis after May 15.

In Arizona this will affect particularly manufacturers of soda water (pop), druggists and soda water dispensers making their own syrups, as well as manufacturers of candy and confectionery.

Before purchasing sugar manufacturers will be required to present a certificate showing their allotment. These certificates are to be issued by the county food administrators upon presentation of a sworn statement showing the exact needs.

Ice cream manufacturers will be allowed their full requirements, but soda water and syrup manufacturers are to be limited to 80 per cent of their use of sugar last year. The ice cream trade is being favored to assist the dairy industry in disposing of the usual summer surplus of milk.

ARIZONA DOING BIT.

Arizona is doing her bit in the matter of supply wheat to the allies. Through arrangements with the grain division 3,000,000 pounds of Arizona wheat are now being milled at local mills and the flour is being shipped to seaboard for export to France.

There is enough flour left in the state to supply the needs of the population until next harvest, but in order that it last until that time it is necessary that every family adopt the rationing basis of six pounds per person per month.

Electric Protection.

Many of the devices conjured up for war service, under pressure of deep desires, will be useful for the piping lines of peace. The Canadian aviator who has designed a way to keep a flier warm by equipping his suit with electric wires may be patting the down of a new day for people who live in apartments where the janitor is careless.—Montreal Star.

CULTURE HERE BEFORE 1492

Did Civilization Come From Egypt to America? Is the Question Now to Be Decided.

Prof. Elliot Smith has been recently developing in an extraordinary interesting manner the thesis that the pre-Columbian civilizations of America—or at least many important features in these civilizations—were not truly aboriginal, but came in a cultural wave from Asia across the Pacific ocean, the original starting point of the most remarkable characteristics being Egypt, observes a writer in Science Progress.

Professor Smith believes that the extremely peculiar culture of Egypt was spread eastwards by mariners, mainly Phoenicians, for several centuries after B. C. 800. To quote the author's own words, he thinks that "the essential elements of the ancient civilizations of India (the pre-Aryan civilizations), Further India, the Malay archipelago, Oceania and America were brought in succession to each of these places by mariners, whose Oriental migrations began as trading intercourse between the eastern Mediterranean and India some time after 800 B. C., and that the highly complex and artificial culture which they spread abroad was derived largely from Egypt (not earlier than the twenty-first dynasty), but also included many important accretions" from other sources, and that after traversing Asia and Oceania, and becoming modified on the way, the stream finally "continued for many centuries to play upon the Pacific littoral of America, where it was responsible for planting the germs of the remarkable pre-Columbian civilization."

City Boy Hears Better.

Our recruiting officers have made an interesting discovery in judging the relative fitness of city and country boys for service in the army and navy, according to the Popular Science Monthly for February. City boys have better ears.

From the Washington records of the Marine corps come the assertion that only one boy in five among those recruited in quiet neighborhoods has the acuteness of hearing possessed by the average dweller in a noisy town. The recollections on the ground of defective hearing were in the ratio of five to one in favor of "city ears."

The surgeons and scientists assume that the quiet of country districts tends to weaken, through disuse, the nerves in the ear, while the constant clamor of the city, really keeps the animal nerves responsive.

Valuable New Cement.

A Vienna metal cement or solder, applied commercially in small cylinders, is described as a copper amalgam, amount of mercurous nitrate and water, a mixture of seven parts of mercury with three parts of powdery copper precipitated from sulphate solution by zinc. When applied, the amalgam and the metal parts to be united are heated to 180 or 190 degrees F. Aside from its use as a cement, the amalgam is stated to be an easily worked composition for making castings, as it can be hammered, rolled, shaped under heat, or softened in boiling water suitably for making casts, and it takes no solder.

The Magnetic Compass.

Experiments with magnets known to the scientists 2,500 years ago, which, developed by Doctor Gilbert and Peter Perletrius, led up to the present-day admiralty compass of Kelvin, were shown recently by Prof. J. A. Fleming, professor of electrical engineering, University of London, at the Royal Institute.

"The earth is a magnet," said the professor, "and every piece of iron that has stood in a vertical position for any length of time is magnetized by the earth. You can try it on your garden railings."

The hoistery sign, "The Goat and Compass" he said, "does not refer to the north's friend, but is a contraction of the saying, 'God encompasses us' and the compass takes its name, not from the magnetism which governs its working, but from the circular card which encompasses the needle.

New Draft Order From Washington

The following letter, which is self-explanatory, was received this week by Arens Redloch, secretary of the local exemption board for the county of Santa Cruz:

"The act providing for the registration of men who have become twenty-one years of age since June 5th, last, has been passed by congress, and proclamation by the president will be issued shortly naming June 5th, next, as the day for registration. Advise all boards accordingly and instruct all local boards to give widest publicity through all newspapers, of the date for registration, and give publicity through your own channels. It is very important that newspapers give as much publicity as possible to the fact that June 5, 1918, is the day when all men who have become twenty-one years of age since last registration day, must register.

"This telegram was received this day (May 20) from the Provost Marshal General. (Signed) Chas. W. Harris, Adjutant General."

Buy Thrift Stamps! Buy Baby Bonds!

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. Archie Smith, brother of Mrs. George W. Parker of San Jacinto valley, and well known in this neighborhood, is now in the United States navy, having enlisted some time ago.

Watkins' Chocolates now at the Peerless Parlors. They are the best chocolates on the market today.—Adv.

Mr. W. H. Florentine, manager of the Nogales Overland Company, accompanied a party of army officers from Nogales to Canille, last Tuesday, paying a visit to the ranch of Frank Neil, where Mr. Florentine's children are living.

Mr. James Jones, gentleman of Parker Canyon, and son, John, were Patagonia visitors last Saturday.

The American Garage is ready to supply you with Red Seal Dry Batteries, the best dry batteries to be obtained. They are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Try them.—Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Gatlin and children were in from their ranch last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pierce of Alto were in Patagonia this week with their two children.

Mrs. Charles Carmen, teacher in the Patagonia school, left immediately after school closed for her home to remain until the fall term commences.

The American Garage will close at 12 o'clock noon Sunday until 7 a. m. Monday in future, to give the proprietors an opportunity to rest a few hours each week.—Adv.

The round-up of cattle in this neighborhood continues. Several carloads of yearlings have been shipped from the various loading places to feeders in the middle west.

Mrs. E. H. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bethel motored to Nogales Monday evening to break the news to the Nogales Red Cross committee that we had raised the amount asked of us in Patagonia for the War Fund.

Mr. H. H. McCutchan is hauling the new machinery and material consigned to the Flux Syndicate. Another carload of material arrived this week, and more is on the way.

When visiting Nogales and in need of hotel accommodations, the Hotel Burton will be found a place of comfort. All rooms are outside ones, and beds are clean and restful. \$1.00 per day.—Adv.

Dr. Ray Ferguson of Duquesne left this week for Phoenix to attend the special session of the state legislature.

Mrs. Fred Sayre was taken to a Nogales hospital last Friday in a serious condition, leaving a 3-month-old daughter at home, in Patagonia. The infant died Wednesday afternoon.

Every dollar loaned to the government helps save the lives of our men at the front and adds to winning the war. Your quarters converted from Thrift Stamps into War Savings can be an important factor in this big job.

Why don't you dig down deep and come through in worthy fashion in behalf of the nation that must hold the bag in the ultimate analysis the security of our heartstone—our welfare and our very position is to be maintained.

Arizonans Must Buy \$20 Worth Each of W. S. S.

I bought a Thrift Stamp yesterday, Today I've bought another; I've bought a stamp for Sister Sue And one for my kid brother; I've bought a stamp for daddy, too; The next one goes to mother, And some day when we cash them in, They'll help to make life sunny, For, don't you see, at really Will be like finding money. —S. E. Kiser.

How do you measure up with the ones who offer their blood that democracy may survive? Some huff themselves into a belief that they are making a sacrifice or extending charity when they buy a War Savings Stamp. Wrong! Uncle Sam is not asking for either from you who are remaining at home. To the contrary, Uncle Sam and those "over there" are extending these very qualities to you, and, in addition, giving you the privilege of investing your money in the best security in the world.

The United States War Savings committee has circulated for individual signatures what is termed "Patriot's War Savings Pledge," worded as follows:

"In consideration of the services rendered by those who are sacrificing their lives for my home and liberty, and appreciating that my public duty calls for personal denial and self-sacrifice, I hereby pledge myself to assist my country in the conservation of its resources and man-power during the period of the war. I will devote some moments of every day to determine wherein I can personally save clothes, food, fuel, or other wealth. I will readjust, so far as I can, my method of living so as to reduce my personal demands requiring the labor of others in order that my country's full efforts may be exerted against our enemy. I will invest those savings effected by my self-denial in War Savings Stamps, and hereby pledge myself to invest \$..... per week in such stamps."

In connection with the pledge for investments of savings in War Savings Stamps, it is made known to the people that it is expected that Arizona will raise at least \$20.00 per capita from sales of those stamps and baby bonds.

Ho wmany War Savings Stamps have you purchased? So few, you would not want your friends to know.

ELGIN NEWS

Mr. John White has gone to Los Angeles for a few months' visit.

Mr. A. C. Johnson is suffering from a "kick" received while cranking his automobile recently.

The dinner given at the home of Arthur R. Young, in Canille, Sunday afternoon for the benefit of the Red Cross a total of \$131 was raised. There were nearly 250 people present, and all pronounced the dinner as one of the best of its kind they have attended.

M. R. Beatty left Monday for his new home on Old Baldy's peak.

Mrs. Eva Barnett returned last Friday from an extended visit to California.

The show and dance given by the Mansfield company in the schoolhouse Saturday was fine and enjoyed by all.

Mrs. T. J. Beatty came in Tuesday from her home in the Papago mountains, and reports everything fine in the hills.

FOOD SHIPMENTS.

Federal Food Administrator Timothy A. Hordan, announces that the total amount of foodstuffs shipped in the month of March from the United States and Canada to the allies was about 1,100,000 tons as against 750,000 tons for the month of February.

These materials included, from the United States, about 15,500,000 bushels of wheat and its products; about 16,200,000 bushels of other grains and their products, about 80,000,000 pounds of beef products, and about 209,000,000 pounds of pork products.

"Wheat is a luxury," says Dr. Alonzo Taylor, world famous dietitian. No patriotism is involved in giving up luxuries—it is simply duty. Eat no wheat.

A chain of hotels in London serves free a baked potato where the patron orders no wheat bread nor wheat products. Try it at home! It's patriotic and economical!

The Yukon Trail

By WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINE

An Alaskan Love Story

Copyright, William Macleod Raine.

GENEVIEVE MALLORY, SEEING MACDONALD SLIPPING FROM HER GRASP, TAKES A HAND IN THE GAME

Synopsis.—As a representative of the government Gordon Elliot is on his way to Alaska to investigate coal claims. On the boat he meets and becomes interested in a fellow passenger whom he learns is Sheba O'Neill, also "going in." Colby Macdonald, active head of the land-grabbing syndicate under investigation, comes aboard. Elliot and Macdonald become in a measure friendly. Landing at Kusiak, Elliot finds that old friends of his, Mr. and Mrs. Paget, are the people whom Sheba has come to visit. Mrs. Paget is Sheba's cousin. At dinner Elliot reveals to Macdonald the object of his coming to Alaska. The two men, naturally antagonistic, now also become rivals for the hand of Sheba. Macdonald, foreseeing failure of his financial plans if Elliot learns the facts, sends Selfridge, his right-hand man, to Kamatlah to arrange matters so that Elliot will be deceived as to the true situation. Elliot also leaves for Kamatlah and, wandering on the trail, believes that he faces death. Selfridge, on his arrival at Kamatlah, has his agents abduct Gideon Holt, old-time miser, who knows too much about Macdonald's activities. Elliot wanders into the camp where Holt is held a prisoner. The two men, overpowering the kidnapers, return to Kamatlah, where Elliot learns the truth about the coal land deals. On the way back to Kusiak, Elliot meets a squaw, Meteteese, with her child who, Elliot learns, is Macdonald's son. Soon after his return, Elliot learns that Macdonald and Sheba have become engaged.

CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

Presently he spoke thickly. "I suppose you have heard that he was a squaw man."

"That's ridiculous. Don't be absurd, Gordon."

"It's the truth. I've seen the woman. She was pointed out to me."

"By old Gideon Holt, likely," she flashed.

"One could get evidence and show it to Miss O'Neill," he said aloud, to himself rather than to her.

Diane put her point of view before him with heated candor. "You couldn't. Nobody but a cad would rake up old scandals about the man who has been so fair to a woman's love."

"You beg the question. Has he won fairly?"

"Of course he has. Be a good sport, Gordon. Don't kick on the umpire's decision. Play the game."

"That's all very well. But what about her? Am I to sit quiet while she is sacrificed to a code of honor that seems to me rooted in dishonor?"

"She is not being sacrificed. I'm her cousin. I'm very fond of her. And I'd trust her with Colby Macdonald."

"Play fair, Diane. Tell her the truth about this Indian woman and let your cousin decide for herself. You can't do less, can you?"

Mrs. Paget was distinctly annoyed. "You ought to be ashamed of yourself, Gordon Elliot. You take all the gossip of a crack-brained old idiot for gospel truth just because you want to believe the worst about Mr. Macdonald. Colby Macdonald is too big and too aggressive not to have made hundreds of enemies. His life has been threatened dozens of times. But he pays no attention to it—goes right on building up this country. Yet you'd think he had a cloven hoof to hear some people talk. I've no patience with them."

"The woman's name is Meteteese," Gordon said in an even voice, just as if he were answering a question. "She is young and good-looking for an Indian. Her boy is four or five years old. Colmac, they call him, and he looks just like Macdonald."

"People are always tracing resemblances. There's nothing to that. But suppose his life was irregular—years ago. This isn't Boston. It used to be the fringe of civilization. Men did as they pleased in the early days."

"This wasn't in the early days. It was five years ago, when Macdonald was examining the Kamatlah coal field. I'm told he sends a check down the river once a month for the woman."

"All the more credit to him if he does." Diane rose and looked stormily down at her friend. "You're about as broad as a clam, Gordon. Can't you see that even if it's true, all that is done with? It is a part of his past—and it's finished—trodden underfoot. It hasn't a thing to do with Sheba."

"I don't agree with you. A man can't out loose entirely from his past. It is a part of him—and Macdonald's past isn't good enough for Sheba O'Neill."

Diane tapped her little foot impatiently on the floor. "Do you know many men whose pasts are good enough for their wives? Colby Macdonald is good enough for any woman alive if he loves her enough."

"You don't know him."

"I know him far better than you do. He is the biggest man I know, and now that he is in love with a good woman he'll rise to his chance."

"She ought to be told the truth about Meteteese and her boy," he insisted doggedly.

Mrs. Paget lost her temper completely. "Does the government pay you to mind other people's business, Gordon?" she snapped.

"I wouldn't be working for the government then, but for Sheba O'Neill."

"And for Gordon Elliot. You'd be doing underhand work for him too. Don't forget that. You can't do it. You're not that kind of a man. It isn't in you to go muckraking in the past of the man Sheba is going to marry."

Elliot rose and looked across at the blue-ribbed mountains. His square jaw was set when he turned it back toward Diane.

"She isn't going to marry him if I can help it," he said quietly.

He walked out of the gate and down the walk toward his hotel.

A message was waiting for him there from his chief in Seattle. It called him down the river on business.

CHAPTER XII.

Genevieve Mallory Takes a Hand.

Inside of an hour the news of the engagement of Macdonald was all over Kusiak. It was through a telephone receiver that the gossip was buzzed to Mrs. Mallory by a friend who owed her a little stab. The voice of Genevieve Mallory registered faint amusement, but as soon as she had hung up, her face fell into baggy lines. She had staked a year of her waiting youth on winning the big mining man of Kusiak, together with all the money that she had been able to scrape up for the campaign outfit. Moreover, she liked him.

Mrs. Mallory sat down in the hall beside the telephone, her fingers laced about one crossed knee. She knew that if Sheba O'Neill had not come on the scene, Macdonald would have asked her to marry him. He had been moving slowly toward her for months. They understood each other and were at ease together. Between them was a strong physical affinity.

Then Diane Paget had brought in this slim, young cousin of hers and Colby Macdonald had been fascinated by the mystery of her innocent youth. Mrs. Mallory was like steel beneath the soft and indolent surface. Swiftly she mapped her plan of attack. The Alaskan could not be moved, but it might be possible to startle the girl into breaking the engagement.

But before she made any move Mrs. Mallory intended to be sure of her facts. It was like her to go to headquarters for information. She got Macdonald on the wire.

"I've just heard something nice about you. Do tell me it's true," she said, her voice warm with sympathy.

Macdonald laughed with almost boyish embarrassment. "It's true, I reckon."

"I'm so glad. She's a lovely girl. The sweetest thing that ever lived. I'm sure you'll be happy. I always did think you would make a perfect husband. Of course, I'm simply green with envy of her."

Her little ripple of laughter was gay and care-free. The man at the other end of the line never had liked her better. She was a game little sport, he told himself approvingly. It appeared to him immensely that she could take such a face and come up smiling.

There were no signs of worry wrinkles on her face when the maid admitted a caller half an hour later. Oliver Dustin was the name on the card. He was a remittance man, a tame little parlor pet whose vocation was to fetch and carry for pretty women, and by some odd trick of fate he had sifted into the Northland. Mrs. Mallory had tolerated him rather scornfully, but today she smiled upon him.

Dustin helped himself to a cigarette and made himself comfortable.

She set herself to win him. He was immensely flattered at her awakened interest. When she called him by his first name, he wagged all over like a pleased puppy.

It came to him after a time that she was considering him for a confidential mission. He assured her eagerly that there was no trouble too great for him to take if he could be of any service to her. Their heads were close in whispered talk for a few minutes, at the end of which Dustin left the room with his chin in the air. He was a knight errant in the employ of the most attractive woman north of fifty-three.

When Elliot took the down-river boat he found Oliver Dustin was a fellow passenger. The little man smoked

an occasional cigar with the land agent and aired his views on politics and affairs social. He left the boat at the big bend.

Not till a week later did Elliot return up the river. He was asleep at the time the Sarah passed the big bend, but next morning he discovered that Selfridge and Dustin had come aboard during the night. In the afternoon he came upon a real surprise when he found Meteteese and her little boy Colmac seated upon a box on the lower deck where freight for local points was stored.

His guess was that they were local passengers, but wharf after wharf slipped behind them and the two still remained on board. They appeared to know nobody else on the Sarah, though once Gordon met Dustin just as he was hurrying away from the Indian woman.

Meteteese transferred with the other Kusiak passengers at the river junction. The field agent was not the only one on board who wondered where she was going. Selfridge was consumed with curiosity, and when she and the boy got off at Kusiak, he could restrain himself no longer. Gordon saw Wally talking with her. Meteteese showed him an envelope which evidently had an address written upon it, for the little man pointed out to her the direction in which she must go.

Since leaving Kusiak nearly two weeks before, no word had reached Gordon of Sheba. As soon as he had finished dinner at the hotel, he walked out to the Paget house and sent in his card.

Sheba came into the hall to meet him from the living room where she had been sitting with the man she expected to marry next week. She gave a little murmur of pleasure at sight of him and held out both hands.

"I was afraid you weren't going to get back in time. I'm so glad," she told him warmly.

He managed to achieve a smile. "When is the great day?"

"Next Thursday. Of course we're as busy as can be, but Diane says—"

A ring at the door interrupted her. Sheba stepped forward and let in an Indian woman with a little boy clinging to her hand.

"You Miss O'Neill?" she asked.

"Yes."

From the folds of her shawl she drew a letter. The girl glanced at the address, then opened and read what was written. She looked up, puzzled.

"This is the comely, fat-footed Indian woman and afterward at the handsome little brown-faced papoose. She turned to Gordon.

"This letter says I am to ask this woman who is the father of her boy. What does it mean?"

Gordon knew instantly what it meant, though he could not guess who had dealt the blow. The impulse to

val, were already gone like the flame of a blown candle. Clearly her heart was a-flutter, in fear of she knew not what. When the Indian woman told how she had first crossed the path of Macdonald, the color flamed into the cheeks of the Irish girl, but as the story progressed, the blood ebbed even from her lips.

With a swift movement of her fingers she flashed on the hall light. Her gaze searched the brown, shiny face of the little chap. She read there an affidavit of the truth of his mother's tale. It was impossible to see him and not recognize Colby Macdonald reincarnated.

"What is your name?" asked Sheba suddenly.

The youngster hung back shyly among the folds of the Indian woman's skirt. "Colmac," he said at last softly.

"Come!" Sheba flung open the door of the living room and ushered them in.

Macdonald, pacing restlessly up and down the room during her absence, pulled up in his stride. He stood frowning at the native woman, then his eyes passed to Elliot and fastened upon him. The face of the Scotsman was grim as that of a hanging judge.

Gordon started to explain, then stopped with a shrug. What was the use? The man would never believe him in the world.

"I'll remember this," the Alaskan promised his rival. There was a cold glitter in his eyes, a sudden flare of the devil that was blood-chilling.

"It's true, then," broke in Sheba. "You're a—squaw man. You belong to this woman."

"Nothing of the kind. That's been ended for years."

"Ended?" Sheba drew Colmac forward by the wrist. "Do you deny that this is your boy?"

The big Alaskan brushed this aside as of no moment. "I dare say he is. Anyhow, I'm paying for his keep. What of it? That's all finished and done with."

"How can it be done with when—when she's the mother of your child, your wife before God?" Standing there straight as an aspen, the beautiful bosom rising and falling quickly while the storm waves beat through her blood, Sheba O'Neill had never made more appeal to the strong, lawless man who desired her for his wife.

"You don't understand." Macdonald's big fists were clenched so savagely that the knuckles stood out white from the brown tan of the flesh. "This is a man's country. It's new—close to nature. What he wants he takes—if he's strong enough. I'm elemental. I—"

"You wanted her—and you took her. Now you want me—and I suppose you'll take me too." Her scornful words had the sting of a whiplash.

"I've lived as all men live who have red blood in them. This woman was an incident. I've been aboveboard. She can't say I ever promised more than I've given. I've kept her and the boy. It's been no secret. If you had asked, I would have told you the whole story."

"Does that excuse you?"

"I don't need any excuse. I'm a man. That's excuse enough. The one big fact you want to set your teeth into now is that I love you, that there isn't another woman on God's earth for me, and that there never will be again."

Her eyes flashed battle. "The one big fact I'm facing is that you have insulted me—that you insult me again when you mention love with that woman and boy in the room. You belong to them—go to them—and leave me alone. I hate the sight of you. Why don't you go—all of you—and leave me in peace?"

It was a cry of bruised pride and wounded love. Elliot touched the Indian woman on the shoulder. Meteteese turned stolidly and walked out of the room, still leading Colmac by the hand. The young man followed.

Macdonald closed the door behind them, then strode frowning up and down the room. The fear was driving on him that for all his great griving power he could not shake this slim girl from the view to which she clung. His relation with Meteteese had been natural enough. He believed that he had acted very honorably to her. Many a man would have left her in the lurch to take care of the youngster by herself. But he had acknowledged his obligation. He was paying his debt scrupulously, and because of it the story had risen to confront him. He felt that it was an unjust blow of fate.

He knew that he must justify himself before Sheba or lose her. As he stood in the dusk so tall and rigid, he knew her heart was steel to him. Her finely chiseled face had the look of race. Never had the spell of her been more upon him. He crushed back a keen-edged desire to take her supple young body into his arms and kiss her till the scarlet ran into her cheeks like splashes of wine.

"You haven't the proper slant on this, Sheba. Alaska is the last frontier. It's the dropping-off place. You're north of fifty-three."

"Am I north of the Ten Commandments?" she demanded with the inex-

orable judgment of youth. "Did you leave the moral code at home when you came in over the ice?"

He smiled a little. "Morality is the average conduct of the average man at a given time and place. It is based on custom and expediency. The rules made for Drogheda won't fit Dawson or Nome. Meteteese does not hold herself disgraced but honored. She counts her boy far superior to the other youngsters of the village, and he is so considered by the tribe. I am told she lords it over her sisters."

A faint flush of anger crept into her cheeks. "Your view of morality puts us on a level with the animals. I will not discuss the subject, if you please."

"We must discuss it. I must get you to see that Meteteese and what she stood for in my life have nothing to do with us. They belong to my past. She doesn't exist for either of us—isn't in any way a part of my present or future."

"She exists for me," answered Sheba listlessly. She felt suddenly old and weary. "But I can't talk about it. Please go. I want to be alone."

Again Macdonald paced restlessly down the room and back. The man



For Answer He Kissed the Red Lips.

was one among ten thousand, dominant, virile, every ounce of him strong as tested steel. But he felt as if all his energy were caged.

"Why don't you go?" the girl pleaded. "It's no use to stay."

He stopped in front of her. "I'm going to marry you, Sheba. You're mine."

"No, Never!" she cried. "I'll take the boat and go home first."

"You've promised to marry me. You're going to keep your word and be glad of it all your life."

She shook her head. "No."

"Yes," Macdonald had always shown remarkable restraint with her. He had kissed her seldom, and always with a kind of awe at her young purity. Now he caught her by the shoulders.

The color flamed into her face. She looked hot to the touch, an active volcano ready to erupt. There was an odd feeling in her mind that this big man was a stranger to her.

"Take your hands from me," she ordered.

"Do you think I'm going to give you up now—now, after I've won you—because of a fool scruple in your pretty head? You don't know me. It's too late. I love you—and I'm going to protect both of us from your prudishness."

His arms closed on her and he crushed her to him, looking down hungrily into the dark little face.

"Let me go," she cried fiercely, struggling to free herself.

For answer he kissed the red lips, the flaming cheeks, the angry eyes. Then, coming to his senses, he pushed her from him, turned, and strode heavily from the room.

CHAPTER XIII.

Gordon Buys a Revolver.

Selfridge was not eager to meet his chief, but he knew he must report at once. He stopped at his house only long enough to get into fresh clothes and from there walked down to the office.

It had been the intention of Macdonald to go direct from Sheba to his office, but the explosion brought about by Meteteese had sent him out into the hills for a long tramp. He was in a stress of furious emotion, and until he had worked off the edge of it by hard mashing, the cramped civilization of the town stifled him.

Hours later he strode into the office of the company. Wally lay asleep in a swivel chair, his fat body sagging and his head fallen sideways in such a way as to emphasize the plump folds of his double chin. His eyes opened. They took in his chief slowly. Then, in a small panic, he jumped to his feet.

"Must 'a' been taking thirty winks," he explained. "Been up nights a good deal."

"What doing?" demanded the Scotsman harshly.

In a hurried attempt to divert the anger of Macdonald, his assistant made a mistake. "Say, Mac! Who do you think came up on the boat with me? I wondered if you knew. Meteteese and her kid—"

He stopped. The big man was glaring savagely at him. But Macdonald

said nothing. He waited, and under the compulsion of his forceful silence Wally stumbled on helplessly.

"—They got off here. Course I didn't know whether you'd sent for her or not, so I stopped and kinder gave her the glad hand just to size things up."

"Yes."

"She had the address of Miss O'Neill, that Irish girl staying at the Pagets', the one that came in—"

"Go on," snapped his chief.

"So I directed her how she could get there and—"

Wally found himself lifted from the chair and hummed down into it again. His soft flesh quaked like a jelly. As he stared pop-eyed at the furious face above him, the fat chin of the little man dropped.

"My God, Mac, don't do that!" he whined.

Macdonald wheeled abruptly away, crossed the room in long strides, and came back.

"What's the use?" he said aloud. "You're nothing but a spineless gutterer. Haven't you enough sense even to give me a chance to decide for myself? Why didn't you keep the woman with you till you could send for me, you daff monkey?"

"If I had known—"

"D'ye think you've got sense enough to take a plain, straight message as far as the hotel? Because if you have, I've got one to send."

Wally crossed tenderly his bruised flesh. He had a childlike desire to weep, but he was afraid Macdonald would kick him out of the office.

"Course I'll do whatever you say, Mac," he answered humbly.

The Scotch-Canadian brushed the swivel chair and its occupant to one side, drew up another chair in front of the desk, and faced Selfridge squarely. The eyes that blazed at the little man were the grimmest he had ever looked into.

"Go to the hotel and see this man Elliot alone. Tell him he's gone too far—butted into my affairs once too often. There's not a man alive I'd stand it from. My orders are for him to get out on the next boat. If he's here after that, I'll kill him on sight."

The color ebbed out of the florid face of Wally. He moistened his lips to speak. "Heavens, Mac, you can't do that. He'll go out and report—"

"Let him say what he likes. Put this to him straight: that he and I can't stay in this town—and both of us live."

Wally had lapped up too many highballs in the past ten years to relish this kind of mission. His nerve was gone. He had not the punch any more. Yet Mac was always expecting him to help out with his rough stuff, he reflected faintly. Take this message, now. There was no sense in it. Selfridge plucked up his courage to say so.

"That won't buy us anything but trouble, Mac. In the old days you could put over—"

The little man never guessed how close he came to being flung through the transom over the door, but his instinct warned him to stop. His objection died away in a mumble.

"O' course I'll do whatever you say," he added a second time.

"See you do," advised his chief, as ugly looks in his eyes. "Tell him he gets till the next boat. If he's here after that, he'd better go heeled, for I'll shoot on sight wherever we meet."

Selfridge went on his errand with lagging feet. He found Elliot sitting moodily alone on the porch of the hotel.

In Gordon's pocket there was a note to Macdonald explaining that he had nothing to do with the coming of Meteteese. He had expected to send it by the hotel porter that evening, but the curt order to leave town filled him with a chill anger. The dictator of affairs at Kusiak might think what he pleased for all the explanation he would get from him.

"Tell your master I don't take orders from him," he told Wally quietly. "I'll stay till my work here is done." They had moved a few yards down the street. Now Gordon turned, lean, joined and active, and trod with crisp, confident step back to the hotel. He had said all that was necessary to say.

Two men standing on the porch nodded a good evening to him. Gordon, about to pass, glanced at them again. They were Northrup and Trelawney, two of the miners who had had trouble with Macdonald on the boat.

On impulse he stopped. "Found work yet?" he asked.

"Found a job and lost it again," Northrup answered sullenly.

"Too bad."

"Macdonald passed the word along that we weren't to get work. So our boss fired us. The whole district is closed to us. We been blacklisted," explained Trelawney.

"And we're busted," added his mate.

Elliot was always free-handed. Perhaps he felt just now unusually sympathetic toward these victims of the high-handed methods of Macdonald. From his pocket he took a small leather purse and gave a piece of gold to each of them.

"Just as a loan to carry you for a couple of days till you get something to do," he suggested.

Northrup donned, but after a little pressing accepted the accommodation. "I pay you soon back," he promised.

Trelawney laughed recklessly. He had been drinking.

"You bet. Me too."

Elliot finds himself in a serious predicament as a result of a remarkable chain of circumstances which seem to convict him. These circumstances are related in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

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Born in Tennessee, 1865; moved to Texas in 1871, and engaged in stock raising and farming at an early age. Came to Maricopa County, Arizona, May, 1893, and immediately engaged in stock raising and farming.

Elected to the Board of Supervisors at first state election in 1911; re-elected to same office in 1914, and was chairman during both terms and resigned June 30th, 1915, to accept the office of State Land Commissioner, which he still holds.

Have taken a great interest in schools, serving as Trustee a great part of the time that I have lived in Arizona. Assisted in formation of Phoenix Union High School district, and served as first Board of Trustees; assisted in organizing Tempe High School district and have served continuously on Board of Trustees since.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ARIZONA:

In offering myself as a candidate for the nomination of the Democratic ticket for Governor of the State of Arizona, I wish to submit to the voters and citizens of this State the following reasons why I am asking for your support to the highest office in the State and my position on some of the vital and leading questions, and pending legislation, which in my opinion should be worked out and finally adjusted to the mutual benefit of all concerned.

First—I pledge my support in any and every way to the President of the United States in the vigorous prosecution of the great war in which we are involved to a final and successful conclusion.

Second—I am in favor of and will lend my assistance to the development of all the great resources of our commonwealth for the benefit of the nation and the citizens of the State.

Third—I will encourage and protect, as far as in my power to do so, capital invested and used in the development of our State and its resources.

Labor disturbances in the great mining centers of Arizona in the past four years indicate that some remedial legislation is necessary to prevent the continuance or recurrence of such conditions. Our country is in need of every pound of copper our mines can produce, and in order to secure the best results, capital and labor should put aside their differences great or small, and all work for the common good, to the end that our Government be not deprived of the useful and necessary mineral commodities for the successful prosecution of the war. On the shoulders of the laboring men and women fall greater and more difficult burdens, all the necessities of life have advanced in price, and will continue to advance, and to meet these conditions, employers of labor must realize the necessity of increasing wages in proportion to the increasing costs of living. Legislation regulating the compensation of working men and women is a difficult and delicate problem, but there is no reason why some fair and equitable basis may not be reached whereby those who produce the wealth of the State will in a greater measure share in its profits.

Strikes and labor troubles being disastrous to the men who strike, as well as to the business interests of the State, deprive the Government of the copper products of our State, which is essential to the successful conduct of the war. With a view of adjusting these matters so that capital will be protected in its investment, and the laborer be given a just and equitable wage, in order that he may be able to meet his obligations, take care of his family and thus remove the cause of discontent and put an end to strikes and labor troubles, I promise the people of Arizona, if nominated and elected Governor, that I will support proper and constructive labor legislation and the administration of the same, to the end that our laboring class of people receive proper compensation and consideration.

A just, equitable and uniform compensation or liability law should be placed on our Statute Books. The present makeshift is not satisfactory to either employer or employee. I would favor the appointment of a joint committee of employer and employee with power to jointly formulate such a system of laws as would fairly and reasonably compensate the injured employee or his family in case of death, for submission to the Legislature for proper action at the earliest convenient time.

Fourth—I will insist that all public offices of the State and County are administered efficiently and economically so that the burden of taxation may be held down to the minimum, and will advocate and work for laws that will be the means of bringing about the often-promised and seldom-realized economy in State Government.

Fifth—I am for supplementing our Prohibition Law, by proper and adequate legislation, in order that the same can and will be effectively enforced.

Sixth—I pledge my support to the end that the Led Light Abatement Bill, House Bill No. 4, passed by the Third State Legislature and referred to the voters on a referendum petition, becomes a law.

Seventh—I will endeavor to have our election laws amended and revised in such manner that they may be clear to all citizens, electors and administrative officials of the State.

Eighth—I favor the ratification of the Constitutional Amendments by our State of the nation-wide Prohibition and Woman's Suffrage Laws.

Ninth—I am for a continuation of our highway system and additional good roads. Will also insist that the Federal Government build a system of good roads along the southern boundary of the State, the same being in my judgment a vital military necessity for our present and future protection.

I believe that the full authority of the Legislative and Executive branches of the State Government should be exercised in the enactment and enforcement of adequate laws for the protection of life and property along the Mexican border.

Tenth—I favor continued and adequate appropriations for the maintenance of the Public Schools and Institutions of the State, in order to keep them up to the highest standard. Realizing our total unpreparedness when entering this world's greatest of all wars, and knowing the necessity and importance of specialized training and advantages of same, I am in favor of additional appropriations and revenues for our schools in order that we may give our boys and girls vocational, industrial and military training of the highest order.

Eleventh—As Commissioner of the State Land Department, I have endeavored to secure for the State the greatest amount of revenue consistent with good business policy in the leasing and sale of the State and Institutional lands. My report to the State Land Department will show the results achieved and I assure you that I feel a great pride in this Department of State, and am in favor of a continuation of the present broad constructive land policy.

Twelfth—I am for legislation that will deal effectively with those people who in any way hamper or hinder our industrial, military and financial efforts to speedily and effectively prosecute the war. There should be no temporizing or half-way measures. Our soldiers are in the trenches offering their lives for a great and noble cause, and we should as individuals and officials see that nothing is left undone so that there is no interference in our efforts to back them up to the limit with our moral, financial and physical forces and insure as a speedy and complete victory.

I am heartily in favor of legislation extending the franchise to electors of the State of Arizona in the Military and Naval establishments of the United States, wherever they may be stationed.

I submit the above for your consideration and ask your support.

Respectfully,
W. A. MOEUR.

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NOT HER CONCERN

What Cared Cornelia's Sister for George's Remarks?

But It May Have Been Just Possible She Was a Trifle Disappointed at Something the Youth Had Said.

"Oh, how do you do?" said the diffident young man as he entered the screened porch. "I—er—I thought you were Miss Cornelia."

"She's gone out," explained Cornelia's considerably older sister. "But that doesn't matter. Sit down, Mr. Chudleigh. Isn't it a lovely evening?"

"Yes," agreed the diffident young man. "Er—you're looking well!"

"Do you really think so?" murmured Cornelia's sister, archly. "I'm so glad you like this blue dress—people always have said blue becomes me!"

"Yes, it does!" said the diffident young man hurriedly. "It looks fine."

"I value a compliment from you," said Cornelia's elder sister. "I appreciate the opinion of a man of your experience far more than Cornelia does. Girls of eighteen are so cater-brained and—well, conceited. You must have observed that with all your experience!"

"Yes, of course," said the diffident young man, beginning to throw out his chest and frown seriously.

"I knew you would agree with me," murmured Cornelia's sister softly. "Isn't it a great comfort, Mr. Chudleigh, to find some one who is entirely sympathetic and comprehending?"

"Yes," said the diffident young man suddenly. "I do, come to think of it! With some people it is so hard to get along—that is, I find it so hard to say what I mean to them. That is terribly embarrassing when I'm dying to speak my mind!"

"I hope you don't feel that way with me," said Cornelia's elder sister softly.

"No, I don't," declared the young man. "I wonder—would you mind if I told you something?"

"Why, Mr. Chudleigh!" exclaimed Cornelia's sister, raising her eyes and then dropping them again hurriedly. "How absurd! Why should I mind?"

"I—I'd rather you guessed," he said huskily.

"Guess?" she repeated. "How can I guess when I haven't the ghost of an idea—?"

"But you must have!" insisted the young man, fervently.

"Oh, Mr. Chudleigh!" said Cornelia's sister faintly.

"You're blind if you didn't," said the young man rapidly. "Haven't you seen me here night after night, unable to tear myself away, a regular slave to—?"

"Why, George!" said Cornelia's sister tremulously. "You are so over-whelming! I hadn't a notion! You—"

"It's got to the point," insisted the young man with the violence of the timid person who is thoroughly aroused, "where I've got to know definitely—whether I'm to stay or to go—I can't wait another instant—"

"It's stay, George, dear," said Cornelia's elder sister, slipping her hand in his.

"You think she wants me to stay? You are sure?" cried the diffident young man.

"She? Who?" cried Cornelia's sister.

"Why, Cornelia, of course," explained the diffident young man. "What did you suppose I was talking about all this time?"

"Mr. Chudleigh," said Cornelia's elder sister after an awful pause, "there isn't any way of knowing what a person like yourself is talking about. And if you think I have the slightest interest in your remarks you are very much mistaken!" — *Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.*

TO MOVE HEADQUARTERS.

The offices of the federal food administration for Arizona will be moved from Phoenix to Flagstaff on June 1, with the probability that they will remain there until October 1. However, the food administration will maintain its present office at 118 North Central avenue, Phoenix, as headquarters for Maricopa county, with Inspector Fred W. Curtis acting as county food administrator. The restaurant division will also retain its office at the same address.

WERE TWO GREAT STATESMEN

Bismarck and Cavour, Men of the Highest Genius and Most Profound Diplomatic Skill.

At nearly the same date the world beheld an empire of Germany and a kingdom of Italy reviving the old glories of a distant past and giving a national character and a national spirit to millions who had long cherished a common language and common habits of life.

Two great statesmen were foremost in the achievement of that splendid historical result, Bismarck in Germany, Cavour in Italy, says the Youth's Companion. Both were men of the highest genius, of wide insight, of profound diplomatic skill and of indisputable patriotism. But their aims were totally different. Bismarck had no faith in the people and sought to make an absolute empire on the medieval model of fixed classes, each working in its sphere for the good of the state, and the whole culminating in a God appointed, God supported monarchy. Cavour, although he believed it best to retain the monarchial form, worked from the beginning to establish a thoroughly modern democracy; a government that should be essentially of the people, by the people and for the people.

Bismarck summed up his theory of government in the celebrated phrase that power must be sustained "by blood and iron." Cavour said of himself in a phrase far more deserving of celebrity, "I am the child of liberty, and to liberty I owe all that I am." The hearts of modern Germany and modern Italy are disclosed in those two sayings of their greatest sons, and we can see today what different results are produced by different teachings.

FISH, FROG, TOAD SHOWERS

Infrequency of Such Events More to Be Wondered At Than Fact That They Occur.

Probably the most remarkable thing about the many reported showers of such objects as fish, frogs, toads and the like is the skepticism with which the accounts of these occurrences are greeted. The wonder is, observes a writer, not that they occur, but that they are so infrequent. Everybody has seen the wind carry away, to be deposited in parts unknown, such light objects as leaves and scraps of paper. Everybody has also heard, at least, of the astonishing feats performed by tornadoes and hurricanes in transporting much heavier articles.

For example, at Beauregard, Miss., April 22, 1883, the solid iron screw of a cotton press, weighing 675 pounds, was carried 900 feet. On another occasion a hencoop weighing 75 pounds was transported four miles. In a tornado at Mount Carmel, Ill., a piece of tin roof was carried 15 miles and a church spire 17 miles. What goes up must come down. We know, from the facts first cited, that the fall of so light and common an object as a frog, for example, must happen rather frequently in any part of the world subject to high winds.

Ashanti Cocoa Growing.

Cocoa growing is rapidly becoming a prominent industry in Ashanti, which has hitherto been associated with nameless horrors perpetrated by King Prempeh, which necessitated repeated punitive expeditions down to 1900, the most famous being Lord Wolseley's campaign through the trackless jungle in 1894. Now the Gold Coast is the largest exporter of cocoa in the world, and Ashanti supplies a very large proportion. Archdeacon Morrison writes from Kumassi: "In the last five years Ashanti has made great strides in commercial prosperity. This is owing to cocoa. When the rubber boom came to an end there was stagnation for a short time, but cocoa has more than taken its place. Ashanti makes an ideal cocoa-growing country, and the industry is very suitable for the West African, as it requires no great output of labor."

Added Her Tribute.

At a family reunion everyone laughed heartily at one of grandpa's jokes. Ruth laughed, too, although she hadn't the slightest idea what it was all about. When the fun was over she remarked breathlessly: "Oh, dear, gran'pa, I guess that's the cutest thing you ever said."

A. S. HENDERSON
SHOES
for every member of the family.
Canned Goods Dried Fruits
of all kinds, and everything in the line of
Groceries and General Merchandise
PRICES THE LOWEST

MAIER BROTHERS
BENSON ARIZONA
Wholesale Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Low Prices Square Deal

PATAGONIA BARBER SHOP
WM. FESSLER, Prop. Children's Hair Cutting
Shop Closed on Sunday
AGENT TUCSON STEAM LAUNDRY
Laundry sent on Monday, returned Saturday

A. F. KERR, President. R. E. BUTLER, Cashier. A. M. GILLESPIE, Vice-President.
THE NOGALES NATIONAL BANK
CAPITAL, \$50,000.00
Member of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas
Transacting a General Banking Business in
Nogales, Santa Cruz County, Arizona.
DIRECTORS: W. J. Neuman, S. Leeker, A. F. Kerr, J. E. Wise, J. A. Harrison, A. M. Gillespie

MR. MOTORIST!
WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT CORD TIRES?
Do you know that "FEDERAL" Cord Tires ride easier, coast further, last longer, and save more gasoline than any other cord tire on the market today?
If you do not know these things write or call on us and be convinced.
Roy & Titcomb,
(Incorporated)
Automobile Accessory Department
Nogales, Arizona.
"If It's a Federal It's Right"

One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home appointment for the traveling public is the
COMMERCIAL HOTEL
PATAGONIA, ARIZONA
Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby.
Dining Room in connection

ASSAYS
(REVISED PRICES)
Gold or Silver..... 75c. Gold and Silver..... \$1.
Lead or Copper (by best methods)..... \$1.
Lead or Copper with Gold and Silver..... \$1.50
Lead, Copper, Gold and Silver in same sample..... \$2.00
Prompt and Accurate Work
HUGO W. MILLER, NOGALES, ARIZONA

"FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE"
YOU SHOULD EAT AT THE SHAMROCK CAFE
327 Morley Avenue
Next to Lyric Theater
NOGALES ARIZONA
T. P. THOMPSON and F. M. WILSON, Props.
United States Food Regulations Strictly Observed

Lee
Puncture-Proof
Tires
Guaranteed 4000 Miles
Nogales Overland Company
W. H. FLORENTINE, Manager
NOGALES ARIZONA

THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

ABOUT THE WAR

Italian troops stormed Monte Corno and took about 100 prisoners, two guns and four machine guns.

Thirty-seven German airplanes, twenty-five of which were destroyed, were accounted for by British airmen Wednesday.

An attempt by enemy aircraft to raid Paris Wednesday night was frustrated by the aerial and artillery defenses of the city.

American gunners have been at work in the general bombardment that has been going on and have again set buildings in Montdidier in flames.

A daring raid on the Austrian naval base at Pola has been made by Italian units, and an Austrian battleship of the 20,000-ton type has been destroyed.

German prisoners declare that Ludendorff is prepared to sacrifice 1,000,000 men to reach the channel ports in order to menace England with invasion.

Serbia received another credit of \$3,000,000 from the treasury, making her total indebtedness to the United States \$9,000,000 and the total of all the allies \$5,766,850,000.

The German air service has been battered to pieces. Since March 21, it is estimated, their losses total 790 pilots, observers and machine gunners, while 1,000 machines have been destroyed.

Italian troops carried out an offensive operation Thursday in which the Austrian trenches on Mount Asolone, between the Brenta and Piave rivers, were entered at two points. The Italians inflicted heavy casualties and took prisoners.

The German troops adopted forcible tactics in disbanding the Ukrainian rada which had failed to serve Germany's purposes. A witness of the seizure of the Ukrainian government by the Germans arrived in Moscow and related the details.

The Austrian and German emperors at their meeting at German great headquarters, German newspapers say, according to a London Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, selected monarchs for Lithuania (Lithuania), Courland, Esthonia and Poland and agreed upon union and military and economic resources.

Four thousand Germans and members of the Finnish White Guard were killed in a battle near Lahti, sixty miles northeast of Helsinki, it was reported at Moscow. The German bombardment killed many civilians. After the occupation of Tammerfors, eighty-five miles northeast of Abo, by White Guards, 500 Russian officers and soldiers were shot. They were executed in groups of forty or fifty by machine guns.

WESTERN

Three masked men held up the Tri-City bank in Madison, Ill., and escaped with \$10,000.

John H. Powers, known as the "father of Populism" in Nebraska, died at Trenton at the age of 86. He ran for governor of Nebraska on the Populist ticket in 1897.

Governor Hunt called the Arizona Legislature in "war session" May 21.

Women of the Southern Baptist churches were granted full and equal rights with men in the convention of the churches by an overwhelming vote at the sixty-third session of the Southern Baptist convention at Hot Springs, Ark.

Twenty of the leading mining company officials, employees and business men of the Warren, Arizona, district were arrested at Bisbee on indictments returned by the federal grand jury which completed an investigation of the deportation last July of nearly 1,200 alleged members of the I. W. W. The warrants charge "conspiracy to deprive a citizen of the United States of his rights in violation of section 19, penal code."

WASHINGTON

Aerial mail service in the United States May 15 became an accomplished fact. Piloted by army aviators, airplanes carried consignments of mail from New York and Philadelphia to Washington and from Philadelphia to New York.

An amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill providing for an increase of \$200 a year in the salaries of clerks, letter carriers and certain other postal employees, and increase of 20 per cent for rural mail carriers and for employees receiving less than \$800 a year, was adopted by the Senate.

President tells senators he is opposed to general investigation of the conduct of the war.

President Wilson invited Charles E. Hughes to assist in aircraft investigation, and request accepted.

FOREIGN

The entire German fleet is reported to be concentrating at Kiel.

The total British casualties reported in the week ending May 14 was 41,612. A Helsingfors dispatch says the Russians have begun evacuation of territory along the border of Finland.

Active artillery fighting in Picardy on both sides of the Avre river is reported in the Paris official statement.

An order for the demobilization of the Rumanian army was published in the Official Gazette at Jassy on May 14.

The German birth rate has dropped 40 per cent below that of 1913. Statistics show that the infant death rate is normal.

Pastor Charles W. Wagner, author of the widely known book, "The Simple Life," is dead at his home in Paris. He was 67 years old.

A huskier, better fit body of Americans probably never went into a fight than those who threw America's weight into the Picardy battle line.

An Austrian battleship was torpedoed by Italian naval forces in Pola harbor, it was officially announced in Rome. The battleship was of the Viribus Unitis type 20,000-ton vessels.

Great Britain is prepared to consider proposals from the enemy, provided they are put forward by accredited persons in a straightforward manner, Foreign Secretary Balfour declared in the House of Commons.

Dispatches received at Zurich from Vienna say that while the German parties express great satisfaction over the alliance with Germany, the Czechs and the South Slavs have declared their intention to offer most determined opposition to the Parliament delegations.

Official announcement has been made at Harbin that General Semeroff, leader of the movement in Siberia against the Bolsheviks, has advanced along the trans-Siberian railway as far as Adrianovsk, west of Onon river, having restored the bridge across the river which the Bolsheviks destroyed.

The Ukrainian press bureau has received information from Odessa, according to which the former Dowager Empress Marie Feodorovna and Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch and Alexander Nicolaievitch (Michaelovitch), who has been living at Dubrai, near Altodor, in the Crimea, are in the hands of the Germans.

SPORT

Jack Dempsey and Fred Fulton are going to do battle in Milwaukee sometime in June or July.

Walter Johnson and Cy Williams battled eighteen innings at Washington before Washington got a 1 to 0 decision over Chicago in the first game of the series.

The palm for the best 3-year-old of the turf lies between War Cloud, the strapping bay son of Polymelus, owned by A. K. McComber, and Col. W. E. Applegate's Jack Hare, Jr. These two fine specimens of horse flesh, respectively won the first and second sections of the Preakness, the blue ribbon event of the turf at Pimlico, Md., and divided a purse of \$30,000. The first section was the most spectacular and furnished the thrills to the 30,000 spectators who crowded the historic Pimlico course.

GENERAL

German and Austrian Kaisers reach agreement for extension of alliance for twenty-five years upon basis of Mittel-Europa plan.

Five thousand teamsters and truck chauffeurs went on strike without warning in Chicago. They demand an approximate advance of \$3 a week in wages.

The body of James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York Herald, was taken from Beaulieu to Paris. Funeral services were held in the American church of the Trinity in the Avenue Alma and interment was in Passy cemetery in Paris.

Germany will begin to draft boys of 16 into the army in October, according to the Amsterdam Telegraaf.

The United States has promised to have 1,500,000 fighting men in France by the end of 1918, says L'Homme Libre, Premier Clemenceau's, Paris, newspaper. These troops, it adds, must have their own organization and services which will mean at least 2,000,000 specialists, workers, men in the quartermaster's department and others.

Western states drawn upon and camps assigned them in the call for 51,500 men from May 20 to 24 and May 29 to June 2, are as follows: For the movement from May 20 to 24: Colorado, 1,500 to Fort Logan. For the movement from May 29 to June 2: Kansas, 1,000 to Fort Logan, Colo.; New Mexico, 500 to Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Oklahoma, 1,000 to Jackson barracks; Louisiana, Oregon, 1,500 to Fort McDowell, California; Texas, 800 to Fort Sam Houston, Texas; Washington, 250 to Vancouver barracks; Washington; Wyoming, 500 to Fort Logan, Colo.

"It has always been my dream that the two great English-speaking nations should work together toward ideals of progress and civilization common to both of us," King George declared in receiving the American labor delegation at Buckingham palace in London.

Unless coal production and transportation facilities are speedily increased, last winter's fuel shortage will be duplicated, Senator Reed of Missouri predicted in an address before the Mississippi valley waterways convention at St. Louis.

AMERICANS BAR HUNS IN FLANDERS

YANKEES JOIN BRITISH ARMY HOLDING LINE NEAR ENGLISH CHANNEL.

BIG AIR ADVENTURES

ALLIES FEEL CONFIDENT U. S. WILL END STRUGGLE ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

With the American Army in France, May 18.—Troops of the new American army have arrived within the zone of the British forces in northern France and are now completing their training in the area occupied by the troops which are blocking the path of the Germans to the channel ports.

Their commander already had commanded American forces in the trenches on the French front.

The British officers and men who are training the new force say the Americans are of the finest material and are certain to give a most excellent account of themselves.

British troops greeted the Americans not only as comrades in arms but as warm friends. On arriving within the British zone they were cheered lustily by the sons of Britain, many of whom bore unmistakable signs of battle. They had not seen the Americans before but they knew they were coming.

It seems not improbable that there will be a renewal of the German thrust in the Flanders area shortly, either as a separate operation or in conjunction with a reopening of the offensive on a great scale all along the battle line.

London, May 18.—Kaiser Wilhelm is reported on the western front, supervising preparations for the next big German attack.

Terrific fighting in the air marks the last preparatory phase before the reopening of the great western battle. In this air fighting the allied fliers have decidedly the upper hand; to-wit, the fact that Wednesday alone no fewer than fifty-five German airplanes were shot down by the French and British, eighteen by the former and thirty-seven by the latter.

Not until Thursday night did these record figures become known, as it always takes twelve hours or so before all the units of the aerial cavalry have returned and made full reports. The Berlin war office claims thirty-three French and British airplanes to the German flyers credit in Wednesday's fighting which is just about one-half the total bagged by the allies.

In spite of determined opposition by German airplanes, British aviators on Thursday dropped bombs on factories and the railway station at Saarbruck, in German Lorraine, starting a fire on the railway. After bombing the town, the Britishers turned on the enemy and in aerial fighting, says an official statement on aerial activities, destroyed five of the enemy machines. One of the British airplanes was lost.

"A hostile raiding party was repulsed in the neighborhood of Moyenneville, south of Arras, says Haig's Friday report.

Third Liberty Loan Over \$4,000,000,000

Washington.—Unofficial reports Friday to the treasury indicated that the Third Liberty Loan total had gone above \$4,000,000,000, and might reach \$4,250,000,000.

MRS. PALMER'S ESTATE \$16,800,000

Society Leader Bequeathed \$525,000 to Charity and Left Husband's Estate to Sons.

Chicago.—The late Mrs. Potter Palmer's will, disposing of her personal estate valued at \$1,600,000 and her dead husband's trust, valued at \$15,000,000, was filed for probate here.

The society leader divided Palmer's estate equally between their two sons. Of her own estate she left \$525,000 to various charities, \$100,000 to the Chicago Art Institute, gifts of \$500 to \$8,000 to servants, annuities to relatives, and \$100,000 each to her sons' wives.

Mrs. Palmer's secretary, Mrs. Pauline Furman, receives \$8,000; the butler, Ernest Woods, \$5,000; the chauffeur, \$4,000; first footman, Arthur Robus, \$3,000; cook, \$1,000; kitchen maid, \$500; housemaid, Mary North, \$3,000, and a former footman, George Marshall of England, \$3,000.

Home Rule Bill Not Introduced.

London.—The House of Commons adjourned until May 28 without any sign of the long delayed Irish home rule bill.

Observe Memorial Day as Usual.

Washington.—President Wilson asked that Memorial Day be observed as usual and announced that in proclaiming May 30 a day of prayer he did not intend to suggest a modification of the usual memorial exercises held under the auspices of patriotic organizations.

House Passes Bill Increasing Pensions

Washington.—The House passed the annual pension bill carrying \$185,650,000, an increase of \$1,999,000 over the total for the current year.

ARIZONA STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service. TWENTY MINING MEN ARRESTED.

Arizona Magnates Indicted for Bisbee I. W. W. Deportations.

Bisbee, Ariz.—Another chapter in the history of the Bisbee deportations of July 12 last ended May 15 in the Warren district when United States Marshal Joseph P. Dillon arrested on federal warrants, issued on indictments found in the United States District Court at Tucson, twenty of the best known citizens of Cochise county. The remaining chapters—the stories of those indicted—will be heard in the United States District Court at Tucson before Judge William H. Sawtelle, where the twenty citizens detained by the marshal will appear May 28 to plead. At the same time it is expected the date of trial will be set.

Those against whom indictments were found and who were arrested were: George B. Wilcox, Robert Rae, Miles Merrill, Gerald Sherman, Michael J. Cunningham, James Allison, Bassett Watkins, Lemuel C. Shattuck, Michael J. Brophy, Philip Toyne, Charles H. Hunt, James L. Gannon, Vance M. Johnson, Nelson C. Bledsoe, Joseph P. Hodgson, Alvin W. Howe, William P. Sims, Hascal Snodgrass, G. H. Dowell and H. H. Stout.

Bond of \$5,000 was provided by each defendant before United States Commissioner Henry Buehler of Douglas. The charges were "conspiracy to deprive a citizen of the rights guaranteed to him by the constitution and laws of the United States in violation of section 19 of the penal code of 1910."

Sheriff Harry Wheeler, who was in charge of the deportations, is now a captain in the American expeditionary forces in France.

James S. Douglas, one of the leading officials of the Phelps-Dodge copper interests, and chief owner of the Verde Extension mine, also is in France in Red Cross work, and has with him, as assistant, W. H. Brophy, manager of the Phelps-Dodge mercantile interests.

BRIEF ARIZONA NOTES.

Eighteen horses were killed in a fire at Camp Cory, near Deming.

The famous Arizona "Blacklist" law has been declared unconstitutional.

Prescott reports from the United Chino Oil & Refining Co. are to the effect that bubbles of oil are appearing at a depth of 400 feet.

The management of the Missouri-Mohave Mining Company have begun the installation of its machinery on the company's property at Cerbat.

Ray Consolidated Copper Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1917, shows \$6.15 earned on stock (\$10 par), against \$7.42 in the previous year.

The Supreme Court has sent the famous Cunningham-Costello mining case back to the Superior Court of Cochise county for further adjudication.

Dr. E. J. Gotthelf has been appointed federal physician at Tucson. Arizonans won a blue star by more than doubling their quota for third Liberty Loan bonds.

John S. Williams, his wife, two daughters and a son were killed when a train struck the auto in which they were riding at a crossing of Casa Grande.

Anticipated advance in the price of copper has not resulted in the confinement of increased mining activities to that metal. Silver has benefited quite as much and possibly more.

Shattuck Arizona Copper Company for the quarter ended March 31, 1918, showed net income, after all charges of \$185,518, a decrease of \$510,641 compared with the same quarter of 1917.

The Crimson and Crepin strike in the Papago district, near Tucson, is more spectacular than ever in the development of high grade lead and silver ore than in the wulffinite at first encountered.

Dos Cabezos and the surrounding country is making every effort to increase the production of metals during the war and meeting every request for time and money that is made for patriotic purposes.

Development work at the mines of the Phelps-Dodge people at Tombstone continues in a most satisfactory manner and from all indications the big manganese ore body is going to prove a most massive one.

Harry Crosby, about 30 years of age, who has been employed for the past few months at the Gibson Consolidated Copper Company mine at Miami, was killed when he was caught in a cave-in while working on a lease for Ben Murphy.

Jesus Gomez, the 26-year-old Mexican who shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Joe Donaldson at Ray while the officer was trying to arrest him for carrying concealed weapons, was captured in Smaratown by Constable William Lewis. Lewis, after delivering his prisoner at the city jail, went to Red Cross headquarters and signed over to the organization the \$1,000 reward offered for Gomez' arrest—\$500 by the county and \$500 by the Ray Mining Company.

California people are now taking an interest in the Yuma mine.

ROBERT W. SPEER DEAD

W. F. R. MILLS SUCCEEDS TO MAYOR'S CHAIR.

Executive's Last Words Were Concerning the Upbuilding of Denver and Coordination in War Work.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Denver, May 15.—Robert Walter Speer, mayor of Denver, died at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon of pneumonia at his home, 300 Humboldt street, and the tolling of the bells in the immaculate Conception and St. John's cathedrals conveyed the first knowledge of his death to the citizens of Denver.

Not until an hour before he died did he lose consciousness—and until that time his mind was trained on the problems of the city he loved. Also on the question which he had been closest to his heart, one on which he spent great thought—how his city could more effectively aid the nation in winning the war. For an hour before he became unconscious he insisted on talking with those at his bedside on these matters.

In spite of his weakness, still refusing to admit that death could conquer, he discussed plans he had formed fully, and those which were in-



Mayor Robert W. Speer.

complete, for carrying on his work of city building. To his cousin, J. Frank Adams, who sat with Mrs. Speer, and V. L. Chucovich, a friend of many years, his last words were concerning the many matters which have been in his hands for a closer cooperation with the government service on the part of Denver, and a coordination of the city's best energies and minds for war work.

Then he closed his eyes. From that time on he gradually grew weaker, his heart refusing to respond to the stimulation administered by his physician, who had been with him constantly since Sunday, when pneumonia claimed him as a victim. Death came to him in easy form, painless.

Mr. Speer was 63 years old. He had been weeks at his desk, long hours each day. Contracting a severe cold, he had refused the urgent pleas of his friends to go to his home. The strain of the burdens of city government and his illness sapped his strength and left him little with which to combat the ravages of the dread disease.

As the word went speeding from office to office and store to store, men of business and the professions voiced a sorrow that bespoke the feeling with which Mr. Speer was held in Denver.

The body of the mayor now rests in his home. Interment will be in Fairmount cemetery and, in all probability, eventually the citizens of Denver will erect a mausoleum as their tribute to the man.

At city hall municipal employees cried openly when they were told Monday had been set for the mayor's return to his desk to take up again the work into which he had, since his reelection two years ago, thrown all his energies. That work now must be taken up by W. F. R. Mills, manager of parks, who automatically becomes mayor. He will carry out, it is said, the policies Mr. Speer held, and continue the great works of improvement he had started.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT DEAD.

Noted New York Publisher Passed Away in France.

Beaulieu, France.—James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York Herald, died May 14, after having been unconscious for two days. Mr. Bennett's last words before relapsing into unconsciousness were in relation to his newspaper interests. Mrs. Bennett was with her husband when he died.

Upon the death of his father, the younger Bennett, then just past 30 year, inherited the largest newspaper fortune accumulated by any American publisher up to that time.

Million Tons of Ships Completed.

Washington.—The first million tons of ships completed and delivered to the United States government under the direction of the shipping board have been put on the high seas to help defeat Germany. A total of 159 vessels of 1,108,821 tons was completed up to May 11, according to statistics compiled by experts of the shipping board. Since Jan. 1 more than half of the total tonnage, 667,896, has been delivered, and the monthly totals have shown a steady increase.

WOMAN'S NERVES MADE STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Winona, Minn.—"I suffered for more than a year from nervousness, and was so bad I could not rest at night—would lie awake and get so nervous I would have to get up and walk around and in the morning would be all tired out. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and thought I would try it. My nervousness soon left me. I sleep well and feel fine in the morning and able to do my work. I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to make weak nerves strong."—Mrs. ALBERT SULTZ, 603 Olmstead St., Winona, Minn.



How often do we hear the expression among women, "I am so nervous, I cannot sleep," or "it seems as though I should fly." Such women should profit by Mrs. Sultz's experience and give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE. Facid anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Kills all species. Made in U.S.A. Sold by dealers, or direct from the manufacturer, Daisy Fly Killer, 1000 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

His Retort. She—Do you believe in spells? He (tenderly)—No, but I do in witches.

Cuticura Heals Eczema And rashes that itch and burn. If there is a tendency to pimples, etc., prevent their return by making Cuticura your daily toilet preparation. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

THREE KINDS OF GENTLEMEN

Somewhat Peculiar Distinctions That Are Made by Inhabitants of the Emerald Island.

Ireland is the only country in which it has ever been customary to classify gentlemen as of three distinct kinds of species.

Probably the distinctions are still recognized to some extent in the Emerald Isle, but two centuries ago, and even much later, they were defined respectively as (one) the "half-mounted," (two) the "gentleman every inch of him," and (three) the "gentleman to the backbone."

The first class consisted of descendants of Cromwell's soldiers, who, if they could ride well, were called "Buckskin Breaches," or "Squireens." The second class was composed of descendants of old families whose estates had been forfeited to the crown (for rebellion or other reasons), and who had been compelled to lower themselves by working for a living, in trade or the professions.

The third class—the "gentlemen to the backbone"—comprised the old stock, or folks who lived on the ancient family estates and the labor of the peasantry pertaining to their domains.

Wise men act as if they expected to live 100 years, but are prepared to shuffle off tomorrow.

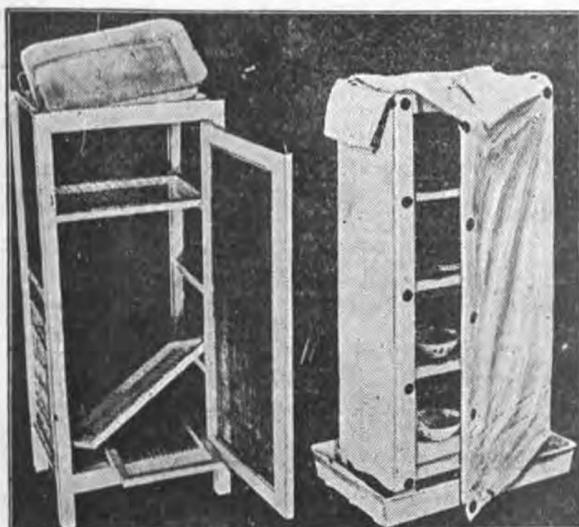
Money talks when it is put up as a guaranty.



ECONOMY TALK is all right—ECONOMY PRACTICE is better. **INSTANT POSTUM** is an economy drink—absolutely no waste. Besides, it is convenient, saves fuel and sugar, and leaves nothing to be desired in the way of flavor. **TRY A CUP!**

The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
AN ICELESS REFRIGERATOR FOR SUMMER DAYS



Wooden Frame Covered With Screen Wire and Canton Flannel or Burlap Makes This Refrigerator—(Left) Framework; (Right) Completed Convenience.

DEVICE TO KEEP FOOD IN SUMMER

Evaporation of Water From Cloth Cover Is Cooling Principle of Refrigerator.

COOLER FOR DRINKING WATER

Temperature of 50 Degrees F. Possible Under Ideal Conditions—Place for Meats, Fruits, Vegetables, Milk and Butter.

Where ice is not obtainable an iceless refrigerator, home-made, will be a useful food keeper and food saver this summer. Maintaining a low temperature through the evaporation of water from its canvas cover, the iceless refrigerator will keep meats, fruits and vegetables cool and will extend the period for keeping milk and butter. It can also serve as a cooler for drinking water.

Separate Refrigerators.
 In homes where large quantities of milk and butter are to be kept it would be well to have one refrigerator for milk and butter and another for other foods, as milk and butter readily absorb odors from other foods. It costs very little to build the refrigerator and nothing to operate it. The operation is as simple as the construction. The upper pan should be kept filled with water. The water is drawn by capillary attraction through the wicks and saturates the cover. As evaporation takes place heat is taken from the inside of the refrigerator, thereby lowering the temperature of the inside and the contents. Capillary action starts more readily if the cover is first dampened by dipping it in water or throwing water upon it. The greater the rate of evaporation the lower the temperature which can be secured; therefore the refrigerator works best when rapid evaporation takes place.

Evaporation Is Rapid.
 When the refrigerator is placed in a shady place in a strong breeze and the air is warm and dry, evaporation takes place continuously and rapidly and the temperature inside the refrigerator is reduced. Under ideal conditions the temperature has been known to be reduced to 50 degrees Fahrenheit. When it is damp, and the air is full of moisture, the refrigerator will not work as well, since there is not enough evaporation. More water will find its way to the lower pan, but it will be drawn up into the covering by capillary attraction when the air again becomes drier.
 The refrigerator should be regularly cleaned and sunned. If the framework, shelves and pans are white enameled they can more easily be kept in a sanitary condition. It is well to have two covers, so that a fresh one can be used each week and the soiled one washed and sunned.

Some Fireless Specialties.

- Here are some things that can be cooked well in the fireless cooker:
- Cereals—Prepare as for the stove, but use one-sixth less water. Boil for ten minutes, or longer with coarser cereals. Place in the cooker boiling hot and leave six or eight hours or over night.
- Meats—Buy cheaper cuts. The fireless can make tough meat tender.
- Creole Stew.
 1 pound lean beef or 1/2 cupful rice,
 1 medium fowl, 1/2 cupful chopped onion,
 2 cupful tomatoes, 1 onion,
 1 cupful carrots or 1 tablespoonful fat,
 okra cut small, 1 teaspoonful salt,
 1 cupful chopped sweet peppers.
- Cut the meat in small pieces or cut the fowl into joints. Melt the fat, add the onions, peppers, meat or chicken.

Brown for a few minutes. Put in cooking vessel with seasoning, rice, vegetables and one cupful boiling water. Simmer for one-half hour and put in fireless for three hours without the disks or two hours with them. With chicken and okra this is the famous creole chicken of the South.

Roasts—Sear the roast, season, place in the cooking vessel between two hot disks. Do not add water. Allow 25 minutes per pound.

Soup stock—Cut up meat, crack bones, and cover with cold water. Let it reach the boiling point, then place in cooker for several hours.

Dried fruits and vegetables—Peas, beans, corn, dried fruit—soak in water until restored to the original size. Boil a few minutes and then keep in cooker six to twelve hours. Baked beans or peas are especially good cooked in the fireless.

For more recipes send to the department of agriculture for Farmers' Bulletin 771, "Home-Made Fireless Cookers and Their Use."

HOW TO CONSTRUCT AN ICELESS REFRIGERATOR

A wooden frame is made with dimensions 42 by 16 by 14 inches and covered with screen wire, preferably the rustless type, which costs little more than the ordinary kind. The door is made to fit closely and is mounted on brass hinges, and can be fastened with a wooden latch. The bottom is fitted solid, but the top should be covered with screen wire. Adjustable shelves can be made of solid wood or strips or sheets of galvanized metal. Shelves made of poultry netting on light wooden frames, as shown in the illustration, are probably the most desirable. These shelves rest on side braces placed at desired intervals. A bread baking pan, 14 by 16 inches, is placed on the top and the frame rests in a 17 by 15-inch pan.

All the woodwork, the shelves and the pans should receive two coats of white paint and one or two coats of white enamel. This makes a very attractive surface and one that can be easily kept clean. The screen wire also may receive the coat of enamel, which will prevent it from rusting.

A cover of canton flannel, burlap or duck is made to fit the frame. Put the smooth side out if canton flannel is used. It will require about three yards of material. This cover is buttoned around the top of the frame and down the side on which the door is not hinged, using buggy hooks and eyes or large-headed tacks and eyelets worked in the material. On the front side arrange the hooks on the top of the door, instead of on the frame, and also fasten the cover down the latch side of the door, allowing a wide hem of the material to overlap the place where the door closes. The door can then be opened without unbuttoning the cover. The bottom of the cover should extend down into the lower pan. Four double strips, which taper to 8 or 10 inches in width, are sewed to the upper part of the cover. These strips form wicks that dip over into the upper pan.

The dimensions given make a refrigerator of very convenient size for household use and one with efficient evaporating surface, but it is not necessary to follow strictly these dimensions. If a larger capacity is desired, the height of the refrigerator can be increased.

Never buy large quantities of spices at a time—they spoil.

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
DENVER MARKET.

Cattle.

Fat steers, ch. to prime	\$16.00@17.00
Fat steers, good to choice	15.25@16.00
Fat steers, fair to good	13.50@15.00
Heifers, prime	13.00@14.99
Cows, fat, good to choice	11.75@12.75
Cows, fair to good	10.00@11.50
Cows, common to fair	7.00@ 9.50
Veal calves	10.00@15.00
Bulls	8.00@11.00
Yearlings, good to choice	12.00@13.50
Feeders, fair to good	10.50@11.75
Feeders, common to fair	9.00@10.25
Stockers, good to choice	11.00@12.50
Stockers, fair to good	8.50@10.50
Good hogs	\$14.55@17.10

Sheep.

Lambs, light	\$19.00@19.65
Lambs, heavy	18.50@19.00
Ewes	15.25@16.00
Yearlings	16.25@17.00
Wethers	16.00@16.50

MAY AND GRAIN MARKET.

(F. O. B. Denver, Carload Price.)

May.

Buying Prices—per Ton.	
Colo. upland, per ton	\$13.00@20.00
Nebr. upland, per ton	17.00@18.00
Prarie hay (new crop),	
Colo. and Nebr. per ton	16.00@18.00
Timothy, per ton	20.00@21.00
Alfalfa, per ton	18.00@19.00
South Park, per ton	12.00@13.50
Gunnison Valley, per ton	18.00@20.00
Straw, per ton	6.00

Grain.

Oats, Nebr., 100 lbs. buying	\$2.50
Colo., oats, bulk, buying	2.60
Corn chop, sack, selling	3.33
Corn in sack, selling	3.20
Gluten feed, sack, selling	2.97
Bran, Colo., per 100 lbs., selling	1.77 1/2

Flour.

Hungarian patent, 95 lbs., sacked, subject to discount	\$4.95
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DRESSED POULTRY.

Less 10 per cent commission.

Turkeys, fancy d. p.	30 @ 32
Turkeys, old toms	25 @ 25
Turkeys, choice	30 @ 32
Hens, lb.	27
Ducks, young	27 @ 30
Geese	25 @ 27
Koostars	15 @ 18

Live Poultry.

(Prices set by F. O. B. Denver.)

Roosters, lb.	10 @ 15
Turkeys, 10 lbs. or over	26 @ 30
Hens	25 @ 27
Ducks, young	25 @ 27
Ducklings, lb.	20 @ 25
Geese	18 @ 20
Broilers, 1918, lb.	45

Eggs.

Eggs, graded No. 1 net, F.	33
No. 2 net, F.	30
O. B. Denver	34
Eggs, case count, misc. cases, less commission	\$ 8.75@9.25

Butter.

Creameries, ex. 1st grade, lb.	44
Process	36 @ 37
Packing stock	28 @ 29

Fruit.

Apples, Colo. new fancy, box, 2.50@3.50	
---	--

Vegetables.

Beans, Navy, cwt.	12.00@14.00
Beans, Pinto, cwt.	10.00
Beans, Lima, lb.	15 @ 16
Beets, Colo., cwt.	2.00
Carrots, cwt.	1.00
Cauliflower, lb.	10 @ 12 1/2
Onions, table, doz.	25 @ 30
Potatoes, cwt.	75 @ 1.25
Turnips, Colo., cwt.	1.25 @ 1.50

HIDES AND PELTS.

Dry Hides.

Flint, butcher, lb.	25c
Flint, fallen, lb.	20c
Flint, bull and stag, lb.	15c
Flint, culls and glue, lb.	16c
Salt hides, lb.	20 @ 22c
Horse hides one-half to two-thirds price of green salt.	

Green Salted, Cured Hides.

Over 40 lbs., lb.	12 @ 13c
Under 50 lbs., lb.	12 @ 13c
Glue and skin, lb.	10c
Bulls and stags, lb.	9 @ 10c
Part cured, lb.	1c less than green.
Green, 20 lbs. less than green.	

Dry Flint Pelts.

Wool pelts, lb.	42 @ 45c
Short wool pelts	37 @ 40c
Butcher shearings, No. 1, lb.	27c
No. 2 Murray shearings, lb.	18c
Hucks, saddles and pieces at value.	

Tallow and Grease.

Prime rendered tallow, lb.	10 @ 12
No. 1 tallow, lb.	10 @ 11
No. 2 tallow, lb.	9 @ 10
Brown and yellow tallow grease, lb.	9 @ 10
Califskin, salted	23 @ 32
Kip, lb.	12 @ 17
Branded	12 @ 17
Deacons, each	1.25 @ 1.50
Slunks, each	50 @ 75
Horns, No. 1, each	5.50 @ 6.00
Horns, No. 2, each	4.50 @ 5.00
Glue and pony, each	2.50 @ 3.00
Coit, each	50 @ 50

Green Salted Pelts.

Lamb and Sheep, each	50 @ 2.50
Spring lamb, each	15 @ 45
Shearings, each	10 @ 50

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Prices Quoted for Metals.

New York—Lead—\$7.00@7.12 1/2.	
Copper—\$23.12 1/2.	
Bar silver—99 1/2 c.	
St. Louis, Mo.—Spelter—\$6.00.	
Boulder—Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$20.00@22.50 per unit; crude ores, 60 per cent, \$22.00@25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00@12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40@12.20.	

Boston Wool Prices.

Boston—Wool—Secured hags:	
Texas—Fine 12 months, \$1.72@1.75;	
fine 8 months, \$1.50@1.55.	
Heavy—New Zealand, \$1.80; half-blood combing, \$1.62@1.65; three-eighths-blood combing, \$1.40@1.45; fine clothing, \$1.65@1.70; fine medium clothing, \$1.50@1.60.	
Pulled—Extra, \$1.80@1.85; AA, \$1.70@1.80; A supra, \$1.60@1.65.	

Grain in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.60@1.70.	
White, No. 2 white, 74@75c.	
Flax—\$3.95@3.90.	
Rye—\$2.05@2.05.	
Barley—\$1.10@1.14.	
Wheat—\$2.25@3.25.	

Kansas City Produce.

Kansas City—Butter—Creamery, 40 per cent, 35 per cent, seconds, 33c; packing, 28c.	
Beef—Firsts, 31c.	
Poultry—Hens, 22c; roosters, 17c; broilers, 45c.	

Chicago Live Stock Quotations.

Chicago—Hogs—Bulk, \$17.20@17.55;	
light, \$17.10@17.65; mixed, \$17.00@17.60;	
heavy, \$16.00@17.45; rough, \$16.10@16.55; pigs, \$14.25@17.45.	
Cattle—Native steers, \$14.25@17.75;	
stockers and feeders, \$9.00@12.00; cows and heifers, \$1.00@14.40; calves, \$8.00@14.00.	
Sheep—\$12.00@16.15; lambs, \$14.75@20.25.	

New York Cotton Prices.

New York—Cotton—May, 25.80;	
July, 25.52; October, 24.64; December, 24.40;	
January, 24.25; middling, 27.30.	

Linnseed.

Duluth, Minn.—Linnseed—\$3.83@3.90;	
to arrive, \$3.92; May, \$3.92 bid; July, \$3.97;	
October, \$3.58 bid.	

WESTERN MINING AND OIL NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Prices for Metals.

New York—Lead—\$7.00@7.12 1/2.	
Copper—\$23.12 1/2.	
Bar silver—99 1/2 c.	
St. Louis, Mo.—Spelter—\$6.00.	
Boulder—Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$20.00@22.50 per unit; crude ores, 60 per cent, \$22.00@25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00@12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40@12.20.	

Arizona.

The Castle Butte mine has again been taken over on a bond and lease.

The Hardsell mine at Harshaw is likely soon to be one of the big producers of that district.

Miami Copper Company April production was 4,013,000 pounds of copper, compared with 5,174,365 pounds in March.

April production of the Inspiration Copper Company was 9,250,000 pounds of copper, compared with 8,750,000 in March and 6,200,000 in February.

It was reported at Tucson that an offer of \$50,000 had been made for the bond and lease of the North Star mine, in the Twin Buttes district.

Colorado.

The mining outlook is unusually good at White Pine this season.

The Freg Coinage Consolidated Mines Company has commenced shipping from the Pinto mine on Bull Hill.

A streak of gold ore assaying from two to ten ounces to the ton has been encountered at the Bartlett tunnel on Sugar Loaf, near Leadville.

High-grade ore running as high as twenty ounces to the ton has been encountered at the 600-foot level of the Dante mine, on Bull Hill, by Fred Cobb.

A two-foot streak of \$32 ore, which widens into eight feet of \$101 values, has been disclosed in the seventh level on the Cresson mine by diamond drilling.

The Molly B. Mining Company, a Denver promotion, is driving its tunnels right along into the big blanket vein in Yuba Dam Flats, according to a Breckenridge report.

The amount of new work at present under way in the Cripple Creek district is liberal for this season of the year, more especially so in view of the limited supply of good labor.

A new and rich flat vein has been cut at the 900-foot level of the W. P. H. mine at Cripple Creek by the W. P. H. Leasing Company, operating the mine under lease from the United Gold Mines Company, the owning corporation. A streak of white talc, forming the core of the vein, literally glistens with large crystals of calaverite.

Montana.

The April copper output of the Shannon Copper Company was 827,000 pounds.

Anaconda Copper Company for the year 1917 earned, after taxes, \$14.72 a share, against \$21.80 in 1916.

Butte and Superior April production amounted to 14,100,000 pounds of zinc concentrates and 250,000 ounces of silver.

April production of the Anaconda Copper Company was 26,566,000 pounds of copper, compared with 28,040,000 pounds in March.

April reports of operations in the Mid-Continent oil fields show 1,261 wells completed, 71,105 barrels new production, 262 dry holes and 73 gas wells. For March the report showed 1,065 wells completed, 99,916 barrels new production, 232 dry and 75 gaswells.

New Mexico.

The Oaks Co. in Mogollon district are saving ore from drift being driven west from Central shaft.

The Mogollon Mines Co. are shipping between sixteen and eighteen tons of bullion besides concentrates. Tonnage for April about 1,800 tons.

This summer the state of New Mexico will, in all probability, add to her list of natural resources the greatest of all—petroleum. San Juan county, in the northwest part of the state, is at present entering upon great oil activity.

At Mogollon the Deadwood hoist is now running and mine is being unwatered as fast as possible. This property will soon be producing again. Several hundred feet of additional tailing flume was cut in during the week. This is being put in to keep tailings out of Silver Creek.

Wyoming.

Officials of the Colorado-Wyoming Refining Company say they have contracted for a refinery site at Douglas, Wyo., and intend to erect a refinery within the year.

The Ohio Oil Company is preparing to erect three rigs on section 12-39-79, Salt Creek.

A. B. Lathrop and F. E. Lemon of Kimball, Neb., and Andrew J. Hull of Findlay, Ohio, have leased 650 acres of land near Laramie, and will ship a rig and start drilling.

An important test well is being drilled in the Grass Creek field by the Ohio Oil Company. This field is producing from the first sand, and the average depth of the holes is around 1,700 feet.



It's Poor Economy to Endure a Bad Back

In these days of rising prices, we need every ounce of strength and the ability to do a full day's work every day. The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. Sore, aching kidneys; lame, stiff back, headache, dizzy spells and a dull, tired feeling and urinary disorders are daily sources of distress. You can't afford to neglect kidney weakness and make it easy for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to take you. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

Personal Reports of Real Cases

A COLORADO CASE.

L. M. Drake, 530 W. Fourth Ave., Denver, Colo., says: "I thought I was going to die from kidney trouble and dropsy. My feet and limbs were terribly swollen. I couldn't work and could hardly walk. The kidney secretions were in awful shape and nothing seemed to help me. Finally I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they restored me to health. The cure has proven permanent and my kidneys have caused me no trouble since."

A NEW MEXICO CASE.

Mrs. Alice Burch, 515 E. Third St., Roswell, N. Mex., says: "About eight months ago I had an awful attack of kidney trouble. My back ached dreadfully and for four or five months I couldn't get out of bed. I couldn't move my limbs and my back felt as if it were broken. My kidneys were weak and I was greatly bothered on this account. I often got so dizzy, it seemed as if everything was whirling around. I doctored and used different kidney remedies, but wasn't helped any. Finally I got to using Doan's Kidney Pills and I felt like a different woman in almost no time. I continued until I was cured of the trouble."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box At All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Chemists

The Reason.

"I hear you have a college graduate for a cook. Isn't that very expensive?"
 "Not very. She works for her board and clothes."
 "How is that?"
 "She's my wife."

But the man who refuses to work when offered a job is generally ready to work a friend.

Her Choice.

Gladya—Would you sooner be an old man's darling or a young man's slave?
 Penelope—A young man's slave—it is so much easier breaking a young man in and making him toe the mark.

Natural Sequence.

"What did Gings do when his wife made such a sweeping attack upon him?"
 "Why, he dusted."



Santa Cruz Patagonian

HOWARD KRENER - Editor and Owner.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
(In Advance)

One Year\$2.00
Six Months 1.50
Three Months 1.00

Entered at the postoffice at Patagonia, Arizona, as second-class mail matter.

RED CROSS DANCE AT ELGIN

At Floral Hall, May 25th, the Elgin Chapter of the Red Cross will give a dance that is expected to be the best of the kind ever attempted in that part of the county. The proceeds of the evening will be given to the Red Cross, and will be added to Santa Cruz County's quota of \$4000 for the second Red Cross drive, which starts May 29—next Monday.

Floral Hall is at Sonoita. The ladies of Sonoita will serve dinner, beginning at 9 p. m., and will continue the service until morning.

Any entertainment for the Red Cross deserves your patronage. Remember the date of this affair, so you will not make other arrangements for Saturday, May 25.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Have Catarrh Cure act thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists. Tco. F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O.

LEGALS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
(025088)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, May 11, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Mrs. Dora Wood, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on May 11, 1914, made Homestead Entry, 025088, for SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 25, Township 19 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 18th day of June, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Alonzo T. Lowe, Leonard J. Wood, George C. Crayne, Irvin Douglas, all of Sonoita, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
1st pub. May 17—5th pub. June 14

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL

AUTO BATTERY WORK
done quicker and better than elsewhere. We employ an expert, and guarantee our work.

NOGALES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY
Nogales, Arizona

HOTEL BURTON
Nogales, Arizona

RATES \$1.00 PER DAY
All Outside Rooms

Cleanest and Best Beds in Arizona

GOING TO NOGALES?

When hungry, you just naturally start for the best food served there.

KING'S CAFE
Formerly, the New England Kitchen

NOTICE TO MINE OWNERS—To fully protect yourself from liability for indebtedness contracted by your lessees, you should publish your "Notice of Non-Liability," usually called "Mine Warning" notice in Santa Cruz Patagonian. The rates are low. Inquire.

This Is the Only Place

to get

Periodicals
and
Magazines

WATKINS' CHOCOLATES
CANDIES
ICE CREAM
and
COLD DRINKS

The Place to Bring the Ladies

—THE—

Peerless Parlors

Melntyre & Ijams, Props.

From the date of the establishment of flying schools and camps in this country and at Camp Borden, Toronto, until April 24, 1918, there have been 102 deaths in flying accidents.

You are simply loaning your money to the government at a good rate of interest, backed by the entire nation.

LEGALS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
(025294)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, May 11, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey G. Mowery, of Canille, Arizona, who, on May 24, 1913, made Homestead Entry No. 022524, for NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 13, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 14, Township 22 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 19th day of June, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: A. R. Anderson, S. E. Hunter, Charles F. Davis, W. A. Varker, all of Canille, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
1st pub. May 17—5th pub. June 14

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
(021129-024470)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, May 11, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Brossart, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on February 5, 1913, made Homestead Entry No. 021129 for SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 30, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 31, and on February 25, 1914, made Additional Homestead Entry No. 024470 for SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 29, Township 20 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 17th day of June, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Roland C. Larimore, George J. White, Gabriel P. Woodward, John S. Gashwiler, all of Sonoita, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
1st pub. May 17—5th pub. June 14

THE OWL SAYS:



My! the days are getting warm and the nights too. We can always tell by the large number of people who gather round our fountain.

After the show, visit our fountain. Will you help Santa Cruz county reach its Red Cross quota?

Some young men used to be satisfied with saying "Please excuse me" but the expression of a few of these young men these days has been changed to "please exempt me."

A smile with every sale.

Don't forget that mail orders are given prompt and careful attention. Send us your prescriptions.

Some guy came to the Owl yesterday and after licking up two Ice Cream Sodas said "the whole philosophy of life is in knowing when and how to shift your gears."

Dainty toilet articles sold at the Owl.

We always keep a large assortment of stationery on hand. Several of our fancy boxes of stationery have been slightly damaged in transportation. We offer them to you at an extremely low price. Come in and look them over.

Swearing at mules has been forbidden in the army. The mules will miss it. It's the only language they understand. In fact, its cruelty to deprive them of it.

Rubber gloves—all sizes—at the Owl.

All mail orders given prompt attention.

Boost our drug store to your friends.

Lucky phone number—98. When you want a quart of ice cream call that number. He deliver free and freely.

Boost the church that you attend.

Boost the street on which you live.

Boost, boost, boost!

Nogales—where the air is filled with sunshine and the service flag with stars.

Again we repeat with enthusiasm caused by advertising: "BUSINESS IS GOOD."

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

Halls and Dolson
Ownes—Owl Drug Store
NOGALES ARIZONA

LEGALS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
(026599-036773)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, May 11, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur B. Anderson, of Canille, Arizona, who, on January 22, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 026599, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 13, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 14, Township 22 S., Range 18 E., and on November 17, 1917, made Additional Homestead Entry No. 036773 for SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 14, Township 22 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 19th day of June, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Harvey G. Mowery, S. E. Hunter, Stephen Alexander, S. L. Mathes, all of Canille, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
1st pub. May 17—5th pub. June 14

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
(017757)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, April 27, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Richard Farrell, of Patagonia, Arizona, who, on June 29, 1912, made Homestead Entry, No. 017757, for a tract of land described by metes and bounds, as follows:

Beginning at corner No. 1 from whence the W. C. $\frac{1}{4}$ corner to Sections 1 and 6, Township 23 S., Ranges 10 and 17 E. bears S. 74 degs. 21' E. 40.90 chains;

Thence S. 8 degs. 07' W. 11.00 chains to corner No. 2;

Thence S. 74 degs. 23' W. 77.68 chains to corner No. 3;

Thence N. 9 degs. 06' W. 9.99 chains to corner No. 4;

Thence N. 69 degs. 40' E. 26.55 chains to corner No. 5;

Thence N. 6 degs. 27' E. 23.79 chains to corner No. 6;

Thence S. 78 degs. 06' E. 54.02 chains to corner No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 151.01 acres in Sections 1 and 2 (unsurveyed), Township 23 S., Range 16 E., of the G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, Arizona, in the Coronado National Forest, has filed notice of intention to make five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 4th day of June, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Allen T. Bird, of Nogales, Arizona; Ernest C. Best, of Patagonia, Arizona; Raymond K. Barthart, of Nogales, Arizona; Clyde Baldwin, of Patagonia, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register.
1st pub. May 5; 5th pub. May 31

WANT ADS.

One cent a word each insertion. No charge less than 25 cents.

WANTED—Use of a tent for the 4th of July picnic. The committee of arrangements will see that the tent is returned to the owner in good condition. See Mrs. Bethel, at the Washington Trading Company.

WANTED—Contract to haul ore with first-class freighting outfit. Address Ed Ellis, Elgin, Ariz. 531f

FOR SALE—12 head of mules, from 7; bands high down; all broke and young; 3 good work mares; 1 good work horse; 4 ore wagons, chains and stretchers; harness for 18 head of stock. Address Ed Ellis, Elgin, Ariz., or inquire at the Patagonian office. 531f

FOR SALE—Ford truck; perfect condition; price \$225. Nogales Cash Grocery, Nogales, Arizona. 5171f

WANTED—Second-hand 8-foot windmill. Address Guy S. Bryant, Sonoita, Arizona. 5172p



A SOCIAL GLASS

of our root beer, ginger ale or other carbonated beverages is not attended with any dark brown taste or any cold gray dawns of the morning after. Have a box of it in the house so that you may offer your friends a delicious drink that they will not regret tomorrow. They'll enjoy it all right. So will you.

PENDERGRASS' AMUSEMENT PARLOR

There are now 20 uniforms for women in war work in the United States.

A group of 100 women telephone operators, to serve with the Expeditionary Forces, have already been sent to France, and 150 are now in training schools to meet future demand. Wives of officers and men who are eligible for duty in France are not accepted.

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PATAGONIA MEAT MARKET
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Even on the hot summer days you can keep your kitchen comfortably cool by using a New Perfection Oil Cook Stove. No dirt or dust to contend with; no smoke or odor. Lights at the touch of a match and heats in a jiffy. Easy to operate and more convenient than coal or wood. Economical. Bakes, broils, roasts, toasts,—all the year round. In 1, 2, 3 and 4 burner sizes, with or without ovens or cabinets. Ask your dealer today.

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