



Hardshell Mine Is Preparing for Big Operations

The Hardshell mine, at Harshaw, is likely soon to be one of the big producers of this district. The present manager, Mr. H. K. Welsh, an expert mining engineer, according to report, is arranging for the work of retimbering the old shaft so the work of getting out ore will go ahead while churn-drilling on this immense property is going on to locate other bodies of ore believed to be there in quantity. The churn-drilling is a cheaper method of prospecting than digging, and the proper place to sink a new shaft can be determined by this method.

Patagonia is to be congratulated on having the wealth of the Daly estate back of the Hardshell, and no expense will be spared to prove up this big and valuable property.

Col. R. R. Richardson, owner of the property, worked it for many years, but for some time the property has been idle.

NEWS OF THE MINES

"Kid" O'Toole, one of the owners of the Henry Ford mine, has returned to Patagonia after an absence of several weeks in Bisbee.

Dr. John R. Magruder, the veteran mining man, well-known in mining circles in the southwest and Mexico, who has for several months made Tucson his headquarters, is looking over the Patagonia district this week.

Mr. Ed Massey, deputy mine inspector, of Globe, who has an option on the Henry Ford mine, near Patagonia, spent a couple of days in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Byron of Tucson were Patagonia visitors Monday. Mr. Byron is interested in the Castle Butte mine, which is considered one of the best copper prospects in the district.

Mr. H. B. S. Randall, general manager of the B-R mine, and Ray Hlabon of the same company visited Nogales Wednesday to negotiate for the purchase of 12,000 feet of 3-inch pipe to be used at the mine.

W. H. Barnett, who has, for several weeks, been with the Viceroy mine, has severed his connection with that company, and his smiling face is now seen again in Patagonia.

The Castle Butte mine has again been taken over on a bond and lease, it is reported, by Messrs. Miller and Schauer, the same gentlemen who have been working the property, together with Mr. C. F. Byron of Tucson. Several carloads of ore have been shipped from the Castle Butte lately, and the lessees are to begin work immediately developing the property. The addition of machinery will facilitate the work of taking out the ore, as the workings are too deep for hoisting with a windlass.

U. S. EXPLOSIVES LICENSORS OF SANTA CRUZ COUNTY

The intent and purpose of the federal explosives act is "To prevent disposal of persons from procuring explosives or their ingredients and to keep explosives and ingredients out of the hands of persons who will not protect them carefully enough to prevent them from being stolen or used for unlawful purposes."

The Patagonian has frequently been asked to whom applicants should apply for license to have in their possession explosives, and again we print the names of the official licensors for this county. They follow:

Laura Parsons, Nogales; George S. Francis, Patagonia; H. L. Carl, Nogales; W. M. Hendy, Duquesne; Josiah Bond, Alto; W. F. Christmann, Sonoita; R. R. McGregor, Elgin; Carl W. White, Anadaville.

A report comes from El Paso to the effect that Mexicans, under the impression that the country is to be invaded by United States troops, are entreaching along the border. This seems to be the result of German propaganda in Mexico. The movement on the part of Mexico is given serious consideration by the U. S. government, owing to the extent of the movement. Of course, the report of an American invasion of Mexico are entirely without foundation, but the German propagandist doesn't care what method is used so long as he gains the desired end.

Three landing fields have been obtained for the proposed Washington-New York airplane postal service, at Washington, Philadelphia, and New York. According to the postoffice department, the service will start not later than May 15.

The Following Men Soonto Be In Camp

Between April 26 and 30, inclusive, twelve men will be called to the colors. The local draft board has been notified to have the men in readiness to be sent to an instruction camp between those dates, and the following have been notified to report for entrainment on any of the dates, the particular day to be designated later. The first 12 names will be sent provided they show up on time; otherwise, alternates will take the place of the missing ones:

Ned Carter, Manuel Vasquez, Carl Love, Frederick A. Bjarr, Victor E. Golden, Otto G. Fleising, Charles W. Harvey, George Everett (Duquesne), Charles G. Thompson, Frank Snyder, Alexander C. Clark, E. L. Ridge (Sonoita), Cecil Boynton (Duquesne), Luther C. Black.

Nogales News

Herman Fettohr, a former bank official of Nogales, a registered alien enemy, has violated the terms of the registration act and departed for Mexico, it is said.

Tuesday morning Deputy U. S. Marshal Harold Brown took two enemy aliens to Fort Huachuca, where they will be interned for the period of the war.

Mrs. George E. Marsh, state representative, of Nogales, was a business visitor to Tucson last week.

Deputy United States Marshal Dillon of Tucson went to Nogales Monday and took several prisoners to that city.

Byron S. Butcher of the war intelligence office at Nogales, has gone east for an extended visit. He will include Washington, D. C., in his itinerary.

Thursday of last week Deputy Sheriff Clyde Shields visited Patagonia and took into custody Robert L. Cason, who is charged with deserting from the U. S. army in January, 1917. Cason has been employed around Patagonia for some time as a teamster, being employed by Ed Ellis for a time, and later working for C. B. Wilson. He was turned over to the military authorities by the sheriff.

MR. AND MRS. W. G. BOWMAN MOUVEN FOR LOST DAUGHTER

Last Thursday, after our paper was made up for the week, we learned of the death by accident of the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Bowman of Nogales. The little girl, who was but 4 years of age, was fatally burned when her clothing caught fire from blazing paper with which children were playing near the Bowman home on Cavalry hill. Little Georgia Bowman was one of the best-liked children of the border city, and her death has cast gloom over the entire city. The Patagonian joins the host of sympathizers in extending condolence to the heartbroken family in their hour of bereavement.

SONOITA'S COUNCIL OF DEFENSE

The organization of the Sonoita Council of Defense will take place next Tuesday night, April 29th, instead of on May 4th, as previously announced. A large delegation of speakers and visitors from Nogales will assist in the organization work, and all those interested in the success of the war with Germany are expected to be present and take part in the program of the evening. Efforts are being made to have Mrs. Brougham of England, who at present is in Tucson, come to the Sonoita meeting and speak on interesting topics concerning the British methods of war work. Mrs. Brougham is an able speaker, and has been very active in promoting the allies' defense and general war program. It is reasonably sure that the lady will be prevailed upon to attend.

W. S. S. AS PRIZES TO CHILDREN

Mr. Tracy Curtis, president of the First National Bank of Nogales, has placed in the hands of Mrs. Combs, principal of the local school, two War Savings Certificates, one to be given to the schoolboy selling the most Thrift Stamps and one to the schoolgirl selling the largest number of Thrift Stamps during the present campaign for their sale. Now, children, do your best. These War Savings Certificates will be worth \$5 each in 1923.

Two brothers named Hendricks who left Canada to escape military service, were taken into custody in Nogales this week. The authorities believe both men are of draft age and will eventually find themselves serving under the colors. After their arrest, one of the men is said to have stated that he would not fight for \$30 per month for any nation.

ASSEMBLES MACHINE GUN BLINDFOLDED.



The Yankees have always been noted for their ingenuity and ability to handle the most intricate pieces of machinery, so it is not surprising to see this army expert taking apart and then putting together again, while blindfolded, a machine gun. The photograph was made at an army training camp.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

H. C. Gasker of the Patagonia Lunch Room was a business visitor to the border city Wednesday.

Watkins' Chocolates now at the Peerless Parlors. They are the best chocolates on the market today.—Adv.

Mrs. James Bengson was a Nogales visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. McCarty of Elgin were in Patagonia Tuesday on a shopping trip.

The American Garage will close at 12 o'clock noon Sunday until 7 a. m. Monday in future, to give the proprietors an opportunity to rest a few hours each week.—Adv.

Supervisor George W. Parker, accompanied by his brother, Duke, spent Sunday in Nogales.

Messrs John Hoy and Richard Farrell, Sr., were business visitors to the city. Mr. Hoy's children accompanied them on the trip.

The women of the Red Cross in the district embracing Elgin, Sonoita, Rain Valley, Vaughn and Canille will give a dinner at the home of Mrs. R. E. McGregor, at Vaughn, next Sunday. Those wishing to help the good work of the Red Cross are cordially invited to attend and partake of the good things to be served. The proceeds will be given to the Red Cross.

Mr. J. D. Rountree, the veteran well-driller, who owns a ranch in the San Rafael valley, is now drilling a well on the ranch of Mrs. A. G. Best, in the canyon on the Patagonia-San Rafael valley road.

German Spies Are Many In America

In a late interview in Los Angeles, Chief of the U. S. Secret Service, Wm. J. Flynn made the astounding declaration that at least 250,000 German spies are working in this country. He urges the utmost caution in divulging information that might be of use to the enemy. A chance remark might lead to the torpedoing of a warship or the derailing of a troop train. Thousands of these spies are working as waiters, ready to note whatever is said by their patrons. One of Von Bernstorff's own staff is known to have been a waiter at a Washington dinner of representatives of the allied powers. The first-class hotels are full of men who report to a central organization at Geneva, Switzerland, believed to have 10,000 membership in the allied States.

Mr. Flynn positively states that none of the proceeds of the German business sold in this country prior to a year ago ever went to any branch of the Red Cross. Every cent went to Von Bernstorff, who used it to further German propaganda against the allies in this country.

NEW SWINDLE EXPOSED

Parents of soldiers in camps are warned by the war department of a swindle which has been successfully operated in various camps.

A telegram is sent informing that the soldier has a furlough, and requesting funds by wire to come home, awaiting identification. The rest is a mere matter of detail.

Parents and friends should be warned of this game and of the similar one where the telegraphic request is to mail money to the soldier, care general delivery.

Mrs. George W. Parker returned last week from Ashfork, with her adopted daughter, Mrs. Bessie Pitts, who is mourning the loss of her two young sons, who died recently within a few days of one another. Our sympathy is extended to the young mother.

Mr. Cannon, who has been a salesman in the store of the Evans Mercantile Company at Patagonia for several months, left Wednesday morning for Tucson to take charge of a music store owned by his brother, who has joined the United States army. Mr. Cannon made many friends while in Patagonia, and it was with regret that he was seen on his way to Pima county.

Siberia Has Vast Resources. The common notion of Siberia is based on latitude and climate. Because part of it is in the arctic circle the whole vast region has been assumed to be almost beyond the pale of civilized occupancy. Notwithstanding that much has been written describing Siberia as it is, the common notion is still that it is fit only for penal settlements and that the nihilists and other political exiles were sent to these settlements as a living death. This is not far from the truth. But the inhospitable regions in which the penal settlements were placed are far from being all Siberia, and even some of these districts are capable of sustaining the vigorous inhabitants of northern climates.

Siberia, in the economic sense, has all the resources which go to make a vast stretch of territory self-sustaining as an independent nation. It has forests, mines and great agricultural regions where every product of the temperate climate is capable of cultivation. The timber is in the north and west. The mines are in widely scattered districts.

Arthur G. Wilson, a rancher of the San Rafael valley, paid Patagonia a visit Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde McPherson of the San Rafael valley were business visitors Monday to Patagonia and Nogales.

Bud Baldwin and son, Clyde, of the San Rafael valley were in town Monday.

AMERICAN NAVY ELIMINATES WASTE



SLICING BACON ON BATTLESHIP

ACKIES in the American navy are classed as the best food body of men in the world. In the ship's galleys every effort is made to eliminate waste. In the upper photo one of the cooks on the North Dakota is operating a meat slicer that cuts bacon with the least possible wastage. Fat is fuel for fighters. Bacon is badly needed in the allied armies and navies. The sliced needs in port products are 1,000,000 pounds monthly, three times as much as before the war. Another waste eliminator on the North Dakota is the potato peeler, shown in the lower photo. Nothing is lost except the actual potato skin. There is a sufficient quantity of potatoes in America for greater use in every home and for all needs of army and navy. Eat more potatoes, eat less wheat.



HOW THEY ZELERATE RECORD ENP

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Skilled Mechanics Wanted to Enroll for Foreign Service

The following letter was received by Robert Campbell of Patagonia from the Nogales registrar for Santa Cruz County of the United States Public Service Reserves. The letter is self-explanatory:

Nogales, Ariz., April 18, 1918. Mr. Robert Campbell, Patagonia, Ariz. Dear Sir: I take the liberty of naming you assistant registrar for Santa Cruz County of the U. S. Public Service Reserves of the Patagonia district, hoping you will do your best to enroll everyone available in this special "over-there" railroad building and other operations. Applicants go when called, if satisfied with conditions and wages. No age limit nor physical unfit limit, except applicants must be able to do the work. Knowing you are one of the "grate cockers," you will do this little "bit." Yours fraternally and sincerely, Doc Francis, Chairman Santa Cruz County U. S. Public Service Reserve.

Those proficient in the following list of trades are urgently requested to register for immediate service, or when called: Ticket agents, ushert men, oil-house attendants, barbers, blacksmiths, boiler makers, boiler helpers, boiler washers, buglers, carpenters (bridge and car), clerks (all branches), conductors, cooks, steam shovel engineers, engine dispatchers, draftsmen, electricians, locomotive engineers, hoisting engineers, pile-driver engineers, stationary engineers, steam shovel engineers, engine house firemen, locomotive firemen, stationary engine firemen, steam shovel firemen, flagmen construction foremen, yard foremen, section foremen, hostlers, instrument men, airbrake inspectors, car inspectors, locomotive inspectors, staybolt inspectors, laborers, machinists, airbrake machinists, masons, mechanics, messengers, telegraph operators, plumbers, car, line, tender repairmen, riveters, roundhouse men, section hands, stonemasons, stockmen, switchmen, tailors, tinmiths, pile-driver topmen, trainmen, engine watchmen, neodyne welders, electric welders.

Mr. Campbell has blanks for applicants to fill these positions. You go to Europe as soon as places can be arranged for you.

PATRIOTIC OPERETTA AT SAN RAFAEL MAY 3RD

On Friday evening, May 3, at 8 o'clock, the pupils of the Red Rock school, at San Rafael valley, will give a patriotic operetta, entitled "America First." Following the program a social time, with lunch and dancing, will hold sway. An admission charge of 50 cents a person, or \$1 a couple, will entitle you to all the enjoyable features of the evening, the proceeds to be used for the purchase of a phonograph for the school. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

RED CROSS DANCE MAY 11TH

The women of the Red Cross of Patagonia will hold a dance on the 11th of May in the Patagonia Opera House, the proceeds of which will be donated to the organization. Music will be furnished by a military orchestra from Fort Huachuca. Everybody who can do so should attend this affair, as a fine lunch and social time are assured. While enjoying a pleasant evening you will also be helping one of the most worthy causes in America.

DANCE AT SAN RAFAEL TONIGHT

Tonight, at the San Rafael schoolhouse, there will be held one of those delightful dances known the country over for their enjoyable features. Those who enjoy dancing and a midnight lunch are invited to be present. You are sure to be glad you attended.

WOODY GATLIN WANTS TO FIGHT

Woody Gatlin has received his classification, and wants to go to training camp with the next increment of Santa Cruz county boys who go away. This an unusual happening, as some others of that age are using every available pretense to be excused from serving their country in its time of need. Mr. Gatlin's action is highly commendable, and we congratulate him on his patriotic action.

Reflections.

His face would have stopped a clock. But how can one wonder at it when one learns that he was a wandering lecturer? Anyway, no one had even seen anything approaching the face that he looked into Puddin-the-Clay one wet and muddy November night and set up in the town hall, allowing words—calculated to make every drinker of anything stronger than barley-water at once reform and spend the rest of his existence in sobriety and virtue—slide out of the box, in the middle of it.

"Yes, my dear brothers," said the weird looking person, "far more than forty years I have slugged the glass," "and I bloom'd well believe yer, guv'nor," said a loud and hearty voice from the middle of the audience. "I've a face like yours I wouldn't never look in a pail of water even."—London Idios.

Holland has received another ultimatum from Germany. Well, it's about time for the Germans to find their eyes another "strip of paper" on their face.

The order prohibiting the sale of flour in lots of less than 12 pounds has been suspended. Floured dealers have been told that they may market several sizes of packages weighing less than 12 pounds, with a 2 pound minimum.

The Yukon Trail

By WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINE

An Alaskan Love Story

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ELLIOT AND SHEBA FIND THEY HAVE MUTUAL FRIENDS—HE AND MACDONALD BECOME RIVALS

Synopsis.—As a representative of the government Gordon Elliot is on his way to Alaska to investigate coal claims. On the boat he meets and becomes interested in a fellow passenger whom he learns is Sheba O'Neill, also "going in." Colby Macdonald, active head of the land-grabbing syndicate under investigation, comes aboard. Macdonald is attacked by mine laborers whom he had discharged, and the active intervention of Elliot probably saves his life. Elliot and Macdonald become in a measure friendly, though the latter does not know that Elliot is on a mission which threatens to spoil plans of Macdonald to acquire millions of dollars through the unlawful exploitation of immensely valuable coal fields. Elliot also "gets a line" on the position occupied by Wally Seifridge, Macdonald's right-hand man, who is returning from a visit to "the States," where he had gone in an effort to convince the authorities that there was nothing wrong in Macdonald's methods. Elliot secures an introduction to Miss O'Neill and while the boat is taking on freight the pair set out to climb a locally famous mountain. They venture too high and reach a position from which it is impossible for Miss O'Neill to go forward or turn back. Elliot leaves Sheba and at imminent peril of his life goes for assistance. He meets Macdonald, who had become alarmed for their safety, and they return and rescue Sheba.

CHAPTER IV—Continued.

About a mile below the falls he met two men. One of them was Colby Macdonald. He carried a coil of rope over one shoulder. The big Alaskan explained that he had not been able to get it out of his head that perhaps the climbers who had waved at his party had been in difficulties. So he had got a rope from the cabin of an old miser and was on his way back to the falls.

The three climbed to the falls, crossed the bridge and reached the top of the cliff.

"You know the lay of the land down there, Mr. Elliot. We'll lower you," decided Macdonald, who took command as a matter of course.

Gordon presently stood beside Sheba on the little plateau. She had quite recovered from the touch of hysteria that had attacked her courage. "You weren't long," was all she said.

"I met them coming," he answered as he dropped the loop of the rope over her head and arranged it under her shoulders.

He showed her how to relieve part of the strain of the rope on her flesh by using her hands to lift.

"All ready?" Macdonald called from above.

"All ready," Elliot answered. To Sheba he said, "Hold tight."

The girl was swung from the ledge and rose jerkily in the air. She laughed gayly down at her friend below.

"It's fun."

Gordon followed her a couple of minutes later. She was waiting to give him a hand over the edge of the cliff.

"Miss O'Neill, this is Mr. Macdonald," he said, as soon as he had freed himself from the rope. "You are fellow passengers on the Hannah."

Macdonald was looking at her straight and hard. "Your father's name—is it Farrell O'Neill?" he asked bluntly.

"Yes."

"I knew him."

The girl's eyes lit. "I'm glad, Mr. Macdonald. That's one reason I want-



Swung From the Ledge and Rose Jerkily in the Air.

ed to come to Alaska—to hear about my father's life here. Will you tell me?"

"Some time. We must be going now to catch the boat—after I've had a look at the cliff this young man crawled across."

He turned away, abruptly, it struck Elliot, and climbed down the natural stairway up which the young man had come. Presently he rejoined those above. Macdonald looked at Elliot with a new respect.

"You're in luck, my friend, that

we're not carrying you from the foot of the cliff," he said dryly. "I wouldn't cross that rock wall for a hundred thousand dollars in cold cash."

"Nor I again," admitted Gordon with a laugh. "But we had either to home-stead that plateau or vacate it. I preferred the latter."

Miss O'Neill's deep eyes looked at him. She was about to speak, then changed her mind.

CHAPTER V.

Sheba sings—and two men listen. Elliot did not see Miss O'Neill next morning until she appeared in the dining room for breakfast. He timed himself to get through so as to join her when she left. They strolled out to the deck together.

He came abruptly to what was on his mind. "I have an apology to make, Miss O'Neill. If I made light of your danger yesterday, it was because I was afraid you might break down. I had to seem unsympathetic rather than risk that."

She smiled forgiveness. "All you said was that I might have sprained my wrist. It was true too. I might have—and I did." Sheba showed a white linen bandage tied tightly around her wrist.

"Your whole weight came on it with a wrench. No wonder it hurt."

Sheba noticed that the Hannah was drawing up to a wharf and the passengers were lining up with their belongings. "Is this where we change?"

"Those of us going to Kuskak transfer here. But there's no hurry. We wait at this landing two hours."

Gordon helped Sheba move her baggage to the other boat and joined her on deck. They were both strangers in the land. Their only common acquaintance was Macdonald and he was letting Mrs. Mallory absorb his attention just now. Left to their own resources, the two young people naturally drifted together a good deal.

This suited Elliot. He found his companion wholly delightful, not the less because she was so different from the girls he knew at home. She could be frank, and even shyly audacious on occasion, but she held a little note of reserve he felt bound to respect.

Macdonald left the boat twenty miles below Kuskak with Mrs. Mallory and the Seifridges. A chauffeur with a motorcar was waiting on the wharf to run them to town, but he gave the wheel to Macdonald and took the seat beside the driver.

"Are you going to the hotel or direct to your cousin's?" Gordon asked Miss O'Neill.

"To my cousin's. I fancy she's down here to meet me. It was arranged that I come on this boat."

Elliot caught a glimpse of the only people in Kuskak he had known before coming in, but though he waved to them he saw they did not recognize him. After the usual delay about getting ashore he walked down the gangway carrying the suitcase of the Irish girl. Sheba followed at his heels. On the wharf he came face to face with a slender, well-dressed young woman.

"Diane!" he cried.

She stared at him. "You! What in heaven's name are you doing here, Gordon Elliot?" she demanded, and before he could answer had seized both hands and turned excitedly to call a stocky man near. "Peter—Peter! Guess who's here?"

"Hello, Paget!" grinned Gordon, and he shook hands with the husband of Diane.

Elliot turned to introduce his friend, but she anticipated him.

"Consin Diane," she said dryly, "don't you know me?"

Mrs. Paget swooped down upon the girl and smothered her in her embrace.

"This is Sheba—little Sheba that I have told you so often about, Peter," she cried. "Glory be, I'm glad to see you, child." And Diane kissed her again warmly. "You two met on the same boat, of course, coming in. I hope you didn't let her get lonesome, Gordon. Look after Sheba's suitcases, Peter. You'll come to dinner tonight, Gordon—at seven."

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"I'm in the kind hands of my countrywoman," laughed Gordon. "I'll certainly be on hand."

"But what in the world are you doing here? You're the last man I'd have expected to see."

"I'm in the service of the government, and I've been sent in on business."

"Well, I'm going to say something original, dear people," Mrs. Paget replied. "It's a small world, isn't it?"

While he was dressing for dinner later in the day, Elliot recalled early memories of the Pagets. He had known Diane ever since they had been youngsters together at school. He remembered her as a restless, wiry little thing, keen as a knife-blade. Always popular socially, she had surprised everybody by refusing the catch of the town to marry a young mining engineer without a penny. Gordon was in college at the time, but during the next long vacation he had fraternized a good deal with the Peter Pagets. The young married people had been very much in love with each other, but not too preoccupied to take the college boy into their happiness as a comrade. Then the Arctic goldfields had claimed Paget and his bride. That had been more than ten years ago, and until today Gordon had not seen them since.

While Elliot was brushing his dinner coat before the open window of the room assigned to him at the hotel, somebody came out to the porch below. The voice of a woman floated faintly to him.

"Seen Diane's Irish beauty yet, Ned?"

"Yes," a man answered.

The woman laughed softly. "Mrs. Mallory came up on the same boat with her." The inflection suggested that the words were meant not to tell a fact, but some less obvious inference.

"She's wonderfully pretty, and of course Diane will make the most of her. But Mrs. Mallory is a woman among ten thousand."

"I'd choose the girl if it were me," said the man.

"But it isn't you. We'll see what we'll see."

They were moving up the street and Gordon heard no more. What he had heard was not clear to him. Why should any importance attach to the fact that Mrs. Mallory and Sheba O'Neill had come up the river on the same boat? Yet he was vaguely disturbed by the insinuation that in some way Diane was entering her cousin as a rival of the older woman. He resented the idea that the fine, young personality of the Irish girl was being cheapened by management on the part of Diane Paget.

Elliot was not the only dinner guest at the Paget home that evening. He found Colby Macdonald sitting in the living room with Sheba. She came quickly forward to meet the newly arrived guest.

"Mr. Macdonald has been telling me about my father. He knew him on Frenchman creek where they both worked claims," explained the girl.

The big mining man made no comment and added nothing to what she said. There were times when his face was about as expressive as a stone wall.

The dinner went off very well. Diane and Peter had a great many questions to ask Gordon about old friends. By the time these had been answered Macdonald was chatting easily with Sheba. She listened with glowing eyes to the strange tales this man of magnificent horizons had to tell. Never before had she come into contact with anyone like him.

Paget was superintendent of the Lucky Strike, a mine owned principally by Macdonald. The two talked business for a few minutes over their cigars, but Diane interrupted gayly to bring them back into the circle. Adroitly she started Macdonald on the account of a rescue of two men lost in a blizzard the year before. He had the gift of dramatizing his story, of selecting only effective details. There was no suggestion of boasting. If he happened to be the hero of any of his stories the fact was of no importance to him. It was merely a detail of the picture he was sketching.

Gordon interrupted with a question a story he was telling of a fight he had seen between two bull moose.

"Did you say that was while you were on the way over to inspect the Kamatlah coal fields for the first time?"

The eyes of the young man were quick with interest.

"Yes."

"Four years ago last spring?" Macdonald looked at him with a wary staidness. Some doubt had found lodgment in his mind. Before he could voice it, if, indeed, he had any such intention, Elliot broke in swiftly—

"Don't answer that question. I asked it without proper thought. I am a special agent of the general land office sent up to investigate the Macdonald coal claims and kindred interests."

Slowly the rigor of the big Scotsman's steely eyes relaxed to a smile that was genial and disarming. If this news hit him hard he gave no sign

of it. And that it was an unexpected blow there could be no doubt.

"Glad you've come, Mr. Elliot. We ask nothing but fair play. The men who own the Macdonald group of claims have nothing to conceal. I'll answer that question. I meant to say two years ago last spring."

His voice was easy and his gaze unwavering as he made the correction, yet everybody in the room except Sheba knew he was deliberately lying to cover the slip. For the admission that he had inspected the Kamatlah field just before his dummies had died upon it would at least tend to aggravate suspicion that the entries were not bona fide.

It was rather an awkward moment. Sheba unconsciously relieved the situation.

"But what about the big moose, Mr. Macdonald? What did it do then?" The Alaskan went back to his story. He was talking for Sheba alone, for the young girl, with eager, fascinated eyes which flashed with sympathy as

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His voice was easy and his gaze unwavering as he made the correction, yet everybody in the room except Sheba knew he was deliberately lying to cover the slip. For the admission that he had inspected the Kamatlah field just before his dummies had died upon it would at least tend to aggravate suspicion that the entries were not bona fide.

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"Glad you've come, Mr. Elliot. We ask nothing but fair play. The men who own the Macdonald group of claims have nothing to conceal. I'll answer that question. I meant to say two years ago last spring."

But if 't was only Sheba Cross To climb from foot to crown, I'd soon be up an' over that. I'd soon be runnin' down. Then sure the great old sea itself Is there beyond the last, An' all the windy waltzers are Between us, so they are. Och anse!

The rich, soft, young voice with its Irish brogue died away. The little audience paid the singer the tribute of silence. She herself was the first to speak.

"Divided" is the name of it. A namesake of mine, Motra O'Neill, wrote it," she explained.

"It's a beautiful song, and I thank ye for singing it," Macdonald said simply. "It minds me of my own barefoot days by the Tay."

Later in the evening the two dinner guests walked back to the hotel together. They discussed casually the cost of living in the North, the rising of strawberries at Kuskak, and the best way to treat the mosquito nuisance, but neither of them referred to the Macdonald coal claims or to Sheba O'Neill.

CHAPTER VI.

Wally Gets Orders.

Macdonald, from his desk, looked up at the man in the doorway. Seifridge had come in jauntily, a cigar in his mouth, but at sight of the grim face of his chief the grin fled.

"Come in and shut the door," ordered the Scotsman. "I sent for you to congratulate you, Wally. You did fine work outside. You told me, didn't you, that it was all settled at last—that our claims are clear-listed for patent?"

The tubby little man felt the edge of irony in the quiet voice. "Sure, that's what Winton told me," he assented nervously.

"Then you'll be interested to know that a special agent of the land department sat opposite me last night and without batting an eye came across with the glad news that he was here to investigate our claims."

Seifridge bounced up like a rubber ball from the chair into which he had just settled. "What?"

"Pleasant surprise, isn't it? I've been wondering what you were doing outside. Of course I know you had to take in the shows and cabarets of New York. But couldn't you edge in an hour or two once a week to attend to business?"

Wally's collar began to choke him. The cool, hard words pealed like hail.

"Must be bluff, Mac. The muckrakers magazines have raised such a row about the Guttenchild crowd putting over a big steal on the public that the party leaders are scared stiff."

"I understand that, Wally. What I don't get is how you came to let them slip this over on you without even a guess that it was going to happen."

"That phase of the subject Seifridge did not want to discuss."

"Bet you a hat I've guessed it right—just a grand-stand play of the administration to fool the dear people. This fellow has got his orders to give us a clean bill of health. Sure. That must be it. I suppose it's this man Elliot that came up on the boat with us."

"Yes."

"Well, that's easy. If he hasn't been seen we can see him."

Macdonald looked his man Friday over with a scarcely veiled contempt.

"You're about as much vision as a breed trader. Unless I miss my guess, Elliot isn't that kind. He'll go through to a finish. If he sees straight we're all right, but if he is a narrow conservation fanatic he might go ahead and queer the whole game."

"You wouldn't stand for that." The quick glance of Seifridge asked a question.

The lips of the Scotsman were like steel traps and his eyes points of steel.

"We'll cross that bridge if we come to it. Our first move is to try to win him to see this thing our way. I'll have a casual talk with him before he leaves for Kamatlah and feel him out."

"What's he doing here at all? If he's investigating the Kamatlah claims, why does he go hundreds of miles out of his way to come in to Kuskak?" asked Seifridge.

Macdonald smiled sardonically. "He's doing this job right. Elliot as good as told me that he's on the job to look up my record thoroughly. So he comes to Kuskak first. In a few days he'll leave for Kamatlah. That's where you come in, Wally."

"How do you mean?"

"You're going to start for Kamatlah tomorrow. You'll arrange the stage before he gets there—see all the men and the foremen. Line them up so they'll come through with the proper talk. If you have any doubts about whether you can trust someone, don't take any chances. Fire him out of the camp. Offer Elliot the company hospitality. Load him down with favors. Take him everywhere. Show him everything. But don't let him get any proofs that the claims are being worked under the same management."

"But he'll suspect it."

"You can't help his suspicions. Don't let him get proof. Cover all the tracks that show company control."

"I can fix that," he said. "But what about Holt? You know how bitter he is—and crazy. He ought to be locked away with the litter-mice."

"You mustn't let Elliot meet Holt."

"How the deuce can I help it? No chance to keep them apart in that little hole. It can't be done."

"Can't it?"

Something in the quiet voice rang a bell of alarm in the timid brain of Seifridge.

"You mean—"

"A man who works for me as my lieutenant must have nerve, Wally. Have you got that? Will you take orders and go through with them?"

Wally nodded. His lips were dry. "Go to it. What am I to do?"

"Get Holt out of the way while Elliot is at Kamatlah. It isn't doing Holt any good to sit tight clamped to that claim of his. He needs a change. Besides, I want him away so that we can contest his claim. Run him up into the hills. Or send him across to Siberia on a whaler. Or, better still, have him arrested for insanity and send him to Nome. I'll get Judge Landor to hold him awhile."

"Leave it to me. The old man is going on a vacation, though he doesn't know it yet."

"Good enough, Wally. I'll trust you. But remember, this fight has reached an acute stage. No more mistakes. The devil of it is we never seem to land the knockout punch. We've beaten this bunch of reform idiots before Winton, before the secretary of the interior, before the president and before congress. Now they're beginning all over again. Where is it to end?"

"This is their last kick. Probably Guttenchild agreed to it so as to let the party go before the people at the next election without any apologies. Entirely formal investigation, I should say."

"This might be true, or it might not. Macdonald knew that just now the American people, always impulsive in its thinking, was supporting strongly the movement for conservation. A searchlight had been turned upon the Kamatlah coal fields.

The trouble had originated in a department row, but it had spread until the Macdonald claims had become a party issue. The officials of the land office, as well as the national administration, were friendly to the claimants. They had no desire to offend one of the two largest money groups in the country. But neither did they want to come to wreck on account of the Guttenchild. They found it impossible to ignore the charge that the entries were fraudulent and if consummated would result in a wholesale robbery of the public domain. Superficial investigations had been made and the claimants whitewashed. But the clamor had persisted.

A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
WHILE EGGS ARE PLENTIFUL SAVE FOR SCARCITY



For About Two Cents a Dozen Eggs Can Be Preserved in Water Glass Eight to Twelve Months.

EGGS PRESERVED FOR WINTER USE

Either Water-Glass or Limewater May Be Used by Any Housewife.

TWO PLANS ARE DESCRIBED

Use Only Firm-Shell, Fresh, Clean, and If Possible, Infertile Eggs—Cost Is Estimated at Two Cents Per Dozen.

While high prices for eggs last winter are still fresh in your mind it is well to make a resolve to preserve eggs this spring when they are plentiful for the season of scarcity which comes in the fall and winter. Putting up eggs in a water-glass solution or limewater is not an experimental enterprise. Thousands of women preserve eggs by these methods in the spring and early summer and keep them for winter use. Fresh eggs properly preserved will keep for eight to twelve months in excellent condition and may be used with good results.

If satisfactory results are to be obtained the eggs should be fresh and clean, firm-shelled and, if possible, infertile. Eggs laid during April, May and early June have been found to keep better than those laid later in the season. Eggs that float when placed in the solution are not fresh and therefore, cannot be preserved. When an egg is only slightly soiled a cloth dampened with vinegar can be used to remove such stains. Under no circumstances should badly soiled eggs be used for preserving. If put into the jar while dirty they will spoil, and washing removes a protective coating which prevents spoiling.

Cost of Preserving.
By the water-glass or sodium silicate method eggs may be preserved at a cost of about two cents a dozen if the price of sodium silicate is 30 cents a quart. It is not desirable to use the water-glass solution a second time. Here is the water-glass method as described by specialists of the United States department of agriculture:

Use 1 quart of sodium silicate to 9 quarts of water that has been boiled and cooled. Place the mixture in a 5-gallon crock or jar. This will be sufficient to preserve 15 dozen eggs and will serve as a guide for the quantity needed to preserve larger numbers of eggs.

Select a five-gallon crock and clean it thoroughly, after which it should be scalded and allowed to dry. Heat a quantity of water to the boiling point and allow it to cool. When cool, measure out 9 quarts of water, place it in the crock and add 1 quart of sodium silicate, stirring the mixture thoroughly. The eggs should be placed in the solution. If sufficient eggs are not obtainable when the solution is first made, additional eggs may be added from time to time. Be very careful to allow at least two inches of the solution to cover the eggs at all times. Place the crock containing the preserved eggs in a cool, dry place, well covered to prevent evaporation. Waxed paper covered over and tied around the top of the crock will answer this purpose.

Limewater May Be Used.
When water-glass cannot be obtained, limewater may be used in its stead. Dissolve 2 or 3 pounds of unslaked lime in 5 gallons of water that has previously been boiled and allowed to cool, and allow the mixture to stand until the lime settles and the liquid is clear. Place clean, fresh eggs in a clean earthenware jug

or keg, and pour the clear limewater into the vessel until the eggs are covered. At least 2 inches of the solution should cover the top layer of eggs. Sometimes a pound of salt is used with the lime, but experience has shown that in general the lime without the salt is more satisfactory.

Fresh, clean eggs, properly preserved, can be used satisfactorily for all purposes in cooking and for the table. When eggs are preserved in water-glass are to be boiled, a small hole should be made in the shell with a pin at the large end before placing them in the water.

WAYS TO PREVENT EGG LC3BBS.

Here are five ways to prevent spoilage of eggs from heat, the great enemy of both fertile and infertile eggs.

1. Keep the nests clean; provide one nest for every four hens.
2. Gather the eggs twice daily.
3. Keep the eggs in a cool, dry room or cellar.
4. Market the eggs at least twice a week.
5. Sell, kill or confine all male birds as soon as the hatching season is over.

Clean and Store Incubators.

After the hatching season is over, clean and disinfect the incubator. Empty the lamps and carefully store the parts inside the machine. Lamps containing oil which are allowed to remain in place on the incubator for some time after the hatching season may cause trouble when the machine is started again as the oil tends to work up into the hood. The incubator should be disinfected once a year or oftener if any disease is present in the hens or chickens. Some operators prefer to disinfect their incubators before or after each hatch. A strong solution of a reliable coal-tar disinfectant may be used to wash out the machine and to disinfect the egg trays and nursery drawer.

If the burlap on the bottom of the incubator is very dirty it may be cheaper to renew than to clean it. With an incubator of about 3 cubic feet capacity one may disinfect by pouring one-half ounce of formalin, which contains 40 per cent formaldehyde, on one-half ounce of permanganate of potash in a pan in the incubator. This produces a very penetrating gas and thoroughly disinfects the machine. The door of the incubator should be closed just as soon as the liquid is poured into the pan and left closed for 12 hours or longer. Incubators should be well aired before they are used after disinfecting, especially when formaldehyde or any disinfectant which produces a gas has been used.

Protect Chicks From Lice.

Dust the hen with a good insect powder before moving her and the chickens to the brood coop. The hen should be dusted every two weeks or as often as necessary until the chickens are weaned. If lice become numerous on chickens or if they are troubled with "head lice" a very little grease such as lard or vaseline may be applied with the fingers on the head, neck, under the wings, and around the vent. Great care should be taken, however, not to get too much grease on the chickens as it will stop their growth and in some cases may prove fatal. Sodium fluoride, a white powder, is an excellent remedy for all lice of chickens, entomologists of the United States department of agriculture have discovered. In *Farmers' Bulletin 801*, "Mites and Lice on Poultry," the specialists described the use of this new remedy for old and young chickens.

LEMONS DO MAKE THE SKIN WHITE

HOW TO MAKE A CREAMY LEMON BEAUTY LOTION AT HOME FOR A FEW CENTS.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply you with three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Squeeze the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle, then put in the orchard white and shake well. This makes a quarter pint of the very best lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier known. Massage this fragrant, creamy lotion daily into the face, neck, arms and hands and just see how freckles, tan, sallowness, redness and roughness disappear and how smooth, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless, and the beautiful results will surprise you.—Adv.

Wouldn't Stand for That.

A good story is told by Sir Auckland Geddes concerning an interfering snoon loafer and a Canadian soldier who bore on his shoulder the initials "C. E." which stand for Canadian engineers.

The soldier, his face a study in concentrated wrathfulness, had the civilian by the scruff of the neck and was apparently just on the point of giving him a thrashing when a belated policeman put in an appearance.

"Now, then, what's all this about?" demanded the constable.

"What's it about?" replied the Canadian, giving the wretched loafer an extra shake to emphasize his words. "Why, he called me a conscientious ejector. Now watch him being ejected."

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Made in America and sold for more than half a century.—Adv.

Signs of Spring.

"What makes you so uneasy? Is your conscience troubling you?"
"No, winter underwear."

FRECKLES

New Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription ointment—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Essential.

The novice was not enjoying his first trip through the air, and his more experienced companion regarded him with much amusement.

"I say, Bill, what's on your mind?" he demanded.

"I was just thinking about Abraham Lincoln," replied Bill thoughtfully.

"Abraham Lincoln?"

"Yes. I was thinking how truthfully he spoke when he said a man's legs ought to be just long enough to reach the ground."—Puck.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels. Ad.

Their Fight of Course.
Ten negroes of Dallas, Texas, called for physical examination, were discussing the world war while awaiting their turn, and of the number five were anxious to see France and have a trip on the ocean. One didn't want to fight "because I've all out o' practice."

"I ain't had a fight since I was fourteen years old," he said. "But if I ev'ry get in practice then Huns better watch out."

The tenth was asked if he would fight.

Scratching his head, he pondered for a moment, then declared:

"If they sends me to France and any of them Gelmans meddles wif me, I sho' will fight."

RELIABLE PRESCRIPTION FOR THE KIDNEYS

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription. Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

The birds sing sweetly at morn and eve—but do a bit of scratching between.

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
DENVER MARKETS.

CATTLE.

Fat steers, ch. to prime	\$15.50@16.50
Fat steers, good to choice	14.50@15.50
Fat steers, fair to good	12.75@14.50
Heifers, prime	12.00@13.00
Cows, fat, good to choice	11.00@12.50
Cows, fair to good	10.00@11.00
Cows, common to fair	7.00@9.50
Veal calves	10.00@14.25
Bulls	7.00@10.00
Feeders, good to choice	13.00@14.00
Feeders, fair to good	11.00@12.50
Feeders, common to fair	9.00@13.00
Stockers, good to choice	9.00@10.00
Stockers, fair to good	10.00@11.50
Good hogs	\$16.50@17.50

Sheep.

Lambs, light	\$20.25@20.50
Lambs, heavy	19.50@20.25
Ewes	15.00@16.00
Yearlings	18.25@17.00
Wethers	15.75@16.50

HAY AND GRAIN MARKET.
(F. O. B. Denver, Carload Price.)

Hay.

Buying prices—per ton	\$15.00@20.00
Nebr. upland, per ton	17.00@18.00
Prairie hay (new crop)	16.00@18.00
Colo. and Nebr., per ton	16.00@18.00
Timothy, per ton	20.00@22.00
Alfalfa, per ton	16.00@18.00
South Park, per ton	20.00@22.00
Gunison Valley, per ton	18.00@20.00
Straw, per ton	6.00

Grain.

Oats, Nebr., 100 bush, buying	\$2.00
Colo. oats, bulk, buying	2.00
Corn chop, sack, selling	3.25
Corn in sack, selling	2.25
Gluten feed, sacked, selling	2.25
Bran, Colo., per 100 lbs., selling	1.75

Flour.

Hungarian patent, 95 lbs., sacked, subject to discount	\$4.50
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DRESSED POULTRY.
Less 10 per cent commission.

Turkeys, fancy d. b.	32 @ 34
Turkeys, old toms	24 @ 26
Turkeys, choice	20 @ 22
Ducks, young	27 @ 29
Geese	25 @ 27
Hoosters	19 @ 21

(Prices net F. O. B. Denver.)

Hoosters, lb.	22 @ 25
Young	25 @ 28
Turkeys, 10 lbs. or over	26 @ 30
Ducks, young	27 @ 30
Geese	22 @ 25

Eggs.

Eggs, graded No. 1, set, F. O. B. Denver	32
Eggs, graded No. 2, set, F. O. B. Denver	28
Eggs, case count, misc. cases, less commission	\$2.00@ 2.25

Butter.

Creameries, ex. 1st grade, lb.	41 @ 42
Creameries, 2d grade, lb.	39 @ 40
Process	36 @ 37
Packing stock	38 @ 39

Fruit.

Apples, Cold, new fancy, box	1.00@ 2.00
Pears, Colo.	2.50

Vegetables.

Beans, Navy, cwt.	12.00@14.00
Beans, Pinto, cwt.	10.00
Beans, Lima, lb.	15 @ 16
Beets, Colo., cwt.	3.00
Cabbage, Colo.	2.50
Carrots, cwt.	1.00
Cauliflower, lb., rough	1.00@1.25
Onions, table, doz.	2.50 @ 3.50
Potatoes, cwt.	7.00 @ 1.50
Turnips, Colo., cwt.	1.25 @ 1.50

HIDES AND PELTS.

Dry Hides.

Flint, butcher, lb.	26c
Flint, fallen, lb.	24c
Flint, bull and stag, lb.	15c
Flint, culls and glue, lb.	15c
Salt hides, lb.	15c
Horse hides, one-half to two-thirds price of green salt.	

Green Salted, Cured Hides.

Over 4 lbs., lb.	28 @ 30
Under 4 lbs., lb.	28 @ 30
Glue hides and skins, lb.	4c
Bulls and stags, lb.	7c
Part cured, lb.	1c less
Green, 2c lb. less than cured.	

Dry Flint Pelts.

Wool pelts, lb.	40 @ 42c
Short wool pelts	35 @ 37c
Butcher shearings, No. 1, lb.	24c
No. 2 Murrain shearings, lb.	10c
Hucks, saddles and pieces at value.	

Tallow and Grease.

Prime rendered tallow, lb.	\$1.00 @ 1.12
No. 1 tallow, lb.	1.00 @ 1.11
No. 2 tallow, lb.	.95 @ 1.10
Brown and yellow, lb.	1.00 @ 1.10
Kerosene, lb.	.90 @ 1.10

Calf and Kip Green Salted.

Calfskin, salted	18 @ 22
Kip, lb.	10 @ 14
Branded, lb.	10 @ 14
Deacons, each	1.00 @ 1.25
Shunks, each	80 @ 75
Horse—No. 1, each	5.00 @ 5.50
Horse—No. 2, each	4.00 @ 4.50
Glue and pony, each	2.50 @ 3.00
Coll. each	50 @ 60

Green Salted Pelts.

Lamb and Sheep, each	50 @ 2.50
Spring lamb, each	15 @ 45
Shearings, each	10 @ 50

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Metal Market Values.

Bar silver, 99.9%	
Copper, \$23.12 1/2	
Lead, \$7.07 1/2 @ 7.12 1/2	
Spelter, \$6.37 1/2	
Tungsten concentrates, per unit	\$24.00

Bowling—Tungsten concentrates.

50 per cent, \$20.00 @ 22.50; per unit, grade ores, 50 per cent, \$22.00 @ 25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00 @ 12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40 @ 12.20.	
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New York Cotton Prices.

New York—Cotton—May, 36.50; July, 35.75; October, 28.51; December, 28.05; June, 27.94.	
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Chicago Live Stock Quotations.

Chicago—Hogs—Bulk, \$17.40 @ 17.80; light, \$17.30 @ 17.90; mixed, \$17.20 @ 17.85; heavy, \$16.40 @ 17.75; rough, \$16.40 @ 16.75; pigs, \$13.25 @ 17.35.	
Cattle—Native steers, \$11.90 @ 17.25, a new high record; stockers and feeders, \$8.40 @ 12.75; cows and heifers, \$7.60 @ 12.85; calves, \$9.00 @ 14.50.	
Sheep—\$13.00 @ 17.85; lambs, \$14.50 @ 21.50, a new high record.	

Houston Wool Trends.

Houston Wool—Standard Texas (fine 12 months, \$17.75 @ 1.75; fine 8 months, \$1.55 @ 1.60).	
Territory: fine staples \$1.85 @ 1.87; half-blood combing \$1.75 @ 1.78; three-quarter-blood combing, \$1.50 @ 1.53; fine clothing, \$1.60 @ 1.65; fine medium clothing, \$1.25 @ 1.30.	
Pulled extra, \$1.80 @ 1.95; AA, \$1.70 @ 1.80; A supra, \$1.60 @ 1.65.	

Chicago Grain and Provision Prices.

Chicago—Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.45 @ 1.48; No. 2 white, \$1.40 @ 1.43.	
Oats—No. 2 white, \$0.95 @ 0.98; standard, \$0.90 @ 0.93.	
Barley—\$1.40 @ 1.75.	
Timothy—\$5.00 @ 5.00.	
Clover—\$15.00 @ 25.00.	
Lard—\$25.35.	
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Chicago—Butter—Creamery, 34 @ 42c; Eggs—First, 25 @ 22 1/2c; ordinary firsts, 21 1/2 @ 22 1/2c; at mark, cases included, 21 1/2 @ 22 1/2c. Potatoes—Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota, bulk, \$1.00 @ 1.50; do, sacks, \$1.00 @ 1.50.	
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WRIGLEYS



Helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

"Give it to me, please. Granddaddy."

"Why Bobby, if you wait a bit for it you'll have it to enjoy longer!"

"Poo-poo! That's no argument with WRIGLEYS 'cause the flavor lasts, anyway!"

—After every meal



The Logic of It. "It is odd that gossips are so often given as authorities." Proof. "So you think art can improve on nature?" "Certainly. If not, why the 'Not at all, for what they say goes,' Easter egg?"

Meat is as Necessary as Steel and Ships

Food is the first essential of the fighting forces.

The American farmer and the packer have met every war emergency, and have promptly furnished an adequate supply of wholesome meat.

No other industry can claim a better record of war time efficiency.

Swift & Company has shipped to the United States Government and the Allied Nations,

Over 12,000,000 Pounds (400 carloads) per week, of beef, pork, and lard, since January 1, 1918.

In one week recently we shipped 24,000,000 Pounds (800 carloads) and the demand is increasing.

Our profits are limited by the Food Administration to 9 per cent on investment in the meat departments. (This means about 2 cents on each dollar of sales.) No profit is guaranteed.

We are co-operating with the Government to the best of our ability.

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Swift & Company U. S. A.

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Our entire stock of dinnerware, fancy china and glassware comes from the best potteries and glass factories in the world.

We can furnish you a complete dinner set in either plain white or beautiful designs of various colors. Or we can supply a sugar and cream set, tea set, salt and pepper shakers or any small sets or single pieces that you might need.

Our imitation cut glassware has the richness and beauty of genuine cut glass and we have the complete water sets, berry sets, etc., in unusually attractive designs.

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HUMORIST HAD LAST LAUGH

How Mark Twain Turned Joke on Vienna Authorities Will Be New Story to Many.

The letters of Mark Twain record but little concerning the years he spent in the Austrian capital, the Christian Science Monitor observes. The humorist did some special writing for American papers during those "Wanderjahrs." Indeed, the Vienna journalists took him to their hearts as a colleague of a particularly genial type and often invited him to a friendly "spread," at which the guests were members of the Austrian fourth estate. The story of how he got into trouble with the authorities, through the indiscretions of a Vienna journalist, has probably never been published.

As the tale goes, a certain reporter, either in a facetious or a vindictive mood, gave out that Mark Twain had been seen suspiciously loitering about the bridge which spans the Danube canal near the Ring strasse, and not far from the Hotel Metropole, at which the Clemenses lived. Mark could not let this reflection upon his character go unheeded. He hastened to explain—to apologize, in fact, for having given the authorities the slightest anxiety about him.

The explanation was thoroughly Twainlike. He had found by the bridge the longest German word he had ever seen used, in order to comprehend it in all its longitude and latitude, he had pinned one end of it to the bridge with the idea of unfolding it! Bearing his precious burden with him, he came to the opposite end of the bridge, only, alas, to find that he still had yards to spare! The apology was accepted with many a broad grin.

EXPLAINING GODS OF EGYPT

Prof. Flinders Petrie Has Thrown Much Light on Sources of Mythology of Ancient Land.

The question of the character and origin of the local gods of Egypt is still obscure; but a paper by Prof. Flinders Petrie, published in "Ancient Egypt," part 2, 1917, does much to clear it up. Professor Petrie collected the original records of these cults, and by marking the headquarters of each deity he arrived at important results. He appears in only one southern city, and his cult seems to have come from the northeast. The distribution of Mut, the mothergoddess, is decidedly eastern, while that of Amen is western. Set was certainly brought into Egypt by the desert road, as he had there two centers of the first class, and he was introduced by the Red sea way to the eastern delta.

The distribution of the Osiride triad indicates a settlement so early in the land that the worship was generally "diffused." Professor Petrie sums up his article thus: "The geography of the worship of the gods is thus seen to have a considerable value historically, as bearing on their origin and connections. When more complete research into the localities of various uncertain names may extend our identifications, it will be possible to get more light on the sources of Egyptian mythology."—Nature.

Where Civilization Started.

The earliest settlements were places of refuge for a pastoral and agricultural people and the light and dryness that characterized the dwellings show a step in advance toward more permanent abodes. In this period science places the beginning of civilization.

By these lacustrine men spinning and weaving were invented. Agriculture was born among them; animals were domesticated—the ox, the cow, the sheep, the goat, the dog. The uses of metal were discovered and the use of iron was achieved in.

Habitations similar to those still exist in the East Indies and among the American tribes of Maracabo. They existed also in Lake Prokha, in Thracia, during the time of Herodotus, the Greek historian.

Chinese Expertise of Human Hair.

Since the abolition of the queue after the fall of the Manchu dynasty long plaits of Chinese hair are no longer readily available. The dealers are relying more and more on the combings of women, although there are men who make it a part of their business to let their hair grow to about eight inches in length and then sell it to the barber, who in turn sells to the small trade in hair. For exporting, hair is combed according to length and tied in bunches. Most of the exports go to England, France and the United States, where the hair is bleached with persulfate, thinned with acid and boiled in dye. It is thus retained finer in texture and, incidentally, absolutely safe. The appearance of the hair is also completely changed.

Little Danger of Salt Famine.

So universally used, salt deposits are found in many parts of the world. The quantity of salt in the ocean is said to be equal to at least five times the mass of the Alps. Near Cronos, Poland, is a bed 500 miles long, 20 miles wide and a quarter of a mile thick. This mine is the greatest of its kind in the world and houses a supply vast under the earth's crust. Storage in operating the salt deposits. Ditches, canals, electric lights and all the accessories of above-ground villages are here found. Mine tunnels have been built in the Cronos works, it lives a long life of usefulness without once ever coming to the surface.

EASY TO WRITE WITH TOES

Assertion Made That "Accomplishment" Can Be Acquired in a Comparatively Short Time.

When next you go to the zoo, watch the monkeys use their hands, success is the Popular Science Monthly. Notice how they seize things with their fists. They do not use their fingers as we do. While the higher monkeys, such as gorillas and chimpanzees, may be taught to use their fingers, they never learn to use them as easily as do human beings.

The monkey is primarily a tree dweller. It lives in forests and swings from tree to tree, using its hands as hooks with which it grips the branches. The thumb is not brought into play. Some South American monkeys have lost the thumb through disuse; all that is left of it is indicated by a little lump under the skin.

In the higher monkeys the wrist is built like yours. It has the same number of bones. But the monkey has never used his wrist, and so it has lost the flexibility. The monkey can use his fist to better advantage than his hands.

Man, on the other hand, has used his feet so long simply for the purpose of walking, that he would experience considerable difficulty in using them as he uses his hands. Yet, it is amazing how quickly a man can learn to use his toes as he does his fingers. If you don't believe this, just try to write with your toes. At first the letters will be very large and awkward. But with a very little practice you will find that you can write with your feet more easily than with your left hand. If you are naturally right-handed, it is an attractive exercise with which to while away an hour. We know you will try the experiment.

LESSON WAS TOO REALISTIC

Class in First-Aid Work Promptly Proved That "Nerve" Was a Thing They Lacked.

A desire of a small town of central Missouri was instructing a class of 10 enthusiastic young women in first-aid work.

The lesson for the evening was on nerve, and he was endeavoring to enlighten them as to just what was meant by "nerve" and how it was especially necessary in the case of accidents.

The instructor continued by saying a distinguished physician had said that "Nerve means you must be cool, you must be very cool, you must be cool."

Just as he finished this explanation, a sermon was heard outside, followed by several pistol shots. The outer door into the basement of the town library, where the girls were held, had, was bang open. Two men, strange-looking, their clothes strewn in blood, rushed down the steps into the room.

There were moans from the writhing forms on the floor, but the class did not hear them. They had flown, not only to the outer door, but to a friendly shelter across the street.

Nor, when the doctor went across to them, and explained that the shooting affray was only a sham one between two college boys, which he was using to illustrate his lecture, would they return.

They had completely lost their "nerve," they explained, and their nerves were so shaken they must go home at once, and so they did.

Training Little Children.

Children are so open-hearted and ready and respond so sweetly and quietly to faith and trust that we often miss great happiness by not sharing our hopes and joys more freely with them.

If we keep the hand very close, our home will become the great meeting place of all children, and this love and companionship between parents and children will be like a powerful magnet whose attraction the children cannot resist.

So, from these beginnings the home tie will be so strengthened that we need never fear that the attentions of the world can draw our children from us, but can rest assured that they will always return to the "center of deep repose."

Worms That Thrive on Ice.

F. E. Matthews of the United States geological survey described some strange worms that abound on the lower parts of the Mount Ranier glaciers. They are dark brown, slender and about an inch in length. On favorable days in July and August millions and millions of them may be found crawling on the surface of the ice, evidently feeding there and feeding on organic matter from the glacier in the form of dust. "So plentiful is their abundance," says Mr. Matthews, "that the child of the ice that may enter several inches deep and come away with a load of the creatures on days when the sun is particularly hot, may gather them late in the afternoon."

Real Purpose of the State.

The ultimate purpose of the state is not to give men to leave them in peace, to subject them to the will of others, but, on the contrary, to allow each as far as possible to live in security; that is, to preserve for each his natural right to live without harm to himself or to his neighbor. The purpose of the state is to transform reasonable beings into individuals or animals; its object is to enable the citizens to develop in security their bodies and their minds, freely to enjoy their reason. The true end of the state, therefore, is liberty.—St. Louis.

EVERYONE MUST HELP.

Wars cannot be fought without money, and upon the Treasury centers every financial demand upon the Nation.

The men of the country cannot do it alone; the women of the country cannot do it alone; but all of us, the people of the United States, disregarding partisanship, forgetting selfish interests, thinking only of the supremacy of right and determining to vindicate the majesty of American ideals and secure the safety of America and civilization, can do the great and splendid work which God has called upon us to do.

W. G. McADOO,
Secretary of the Treasury.



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PAT PATTERSON, MGR.

SURE ???

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This bank makes special provisions for young married folks. Husband and wife can open a "Joint account" which permits either to draw out and deposit funds. It makes them SURE they won't be POOR in the evening of life.

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NOGALES ARIZONA
Drawer D

NO OUTWARD SIGN OF GRIEF

Dumb Agony of Cossack Woman, Talking Leave of Fate, More Impressive Than Flow of Tears.

It was the square of Yuzovets (on the Volga) that one of those tragic fragments which life casts up like driftwood was flung at our feet. A Cossack's last-taking of his mate; that was all, a million times repeated in a million different lanes, in that one summer. But it was more—symbol of woman's ancient and heartrent grief.

These shawled and hooded women of the North are too burdened with earth's sorrow to weep; they are like dumb cattle in their woe. The soldier himself was openly wiping his eyes on his coarse, dusty, brown sleeve, while under both arms he clutched absurdly two enormous loaves of black bread. A dainty little child in its mother's arms fluttered uncomprehending hands in the direction of the steamer; but from the Mongol-checked, gray-eyed woman there was no sign.

She neither touched her man in farewell, nor offered any of those small caresses by which we seek to mitigate our grief. The sullen silence of the North had laid its finger upon her, but her eyes followed her mate with the wild, unreasoning grief of the forest spring. She stood still staring, unaware of the baby in her arms, while the steamer moved slowly out into the gray mist. Long after dusk had closed down, I could see her face straining in the gloaming like a mask of despair—Olive Gilbreath in the Yale Review.

MERELY COUSINS OF CHRIST

Explanation of Biblical Passages That Seem to Say the Redeemer Had Brothers and Sisters.

To judge from the passages Matthew 12:44, 46; 13:55, 56; Luke 7:19; St. John 7:3, 5, 10, Christ undoubtedly had brothers and sisters. These passages, are, however, contradicted by others, from which we learn that the pretended brothers of Christ were only his cousins. Thus, according to Luke 8:15, and John 19:25, James was the son of one Alphaeus, or Cleophas, and Mary, the Virgin's sister. From Matthew 27:55, and Mark 15:40, we learn that James, or Joseph, was James' brother, and so, according to Luke 8:16, was also Jude. In other passages the fourth pretended brother of Christ is designated by the Jews as the brother of James, Jude and Joseph.

It is also claimed, in explanation of this theological puzzle, that the Jews were wont to apply the term brother to cousins, to relatives in collateral line, and even to mere friends (Genesis 12:14-20). The view that the above-mentioned personages were but Christ's cousins, and not his brothers, is held by Tertullian, Origen, Ambrosius, Irenaeus and, in fact, by all the Catholic church; also prominent protestants (Grotius, Calvin, etc.) share in it.

"Red-head" is Farmers' Friend.

"Red-head" is a regular doctor of the fruit orchard, systematically searching every crack and crevice in the bark and feeding with his sharp bill every spot which looks as though it might conceal beneath the bark a wood-borer. The hundreds of tiny holes drilled in the bark do not hurt the apple trees, but they mean that many an apple-borer has been discovered and transfixed in red-head's spiracular tongue, to be swallowed a second later with keen relish, or taken away to a gaping fish-bird.

The red-headed woodpecker usually selects a partly decayed tree in which to chisel a hole for its nest. Both father and mother bird take turns in the excavating. The one that is off duty forages in the vicinity for grubs, beetles, a little corn, and preferably hick nuts. At a loving call from its mate it returns promptly to take its turn on the job—about 20 minutes or half an hour to the shift. "Red-head" has a thrifty habit of storing away nuts for the winter, frequently to be appropriated, however, by the squirrels.

Language of Heaven.

A correspondent sends me a story which is a good parallel for, rather, the exact opposite of a parallel) to that of the minister who prayed in Gaelic.

There was in Dublin an old lady both eccentric and devout. One day she sent for a Jewish minister, and started to learn Hebrew most assiduously. Though she was eccentric, and her friends were rarely surprised at anything she chose to do, they did wonder at this, and asked her the reason.

"It would ill become me," she replied, "when I meet my Maker, as soon I shall, to address him in any but his native language."—London News.

To Make Your Shoes Last.

When your shoe leather gets dry or ailed, you should oil or grease it, says the popular Science Monthly. To do this, first brush off all mud and then wash the shoe in warm water, drying it with a soft cloth.

While the shoe is still wet, apply the oil or grease, rubbing it in with a swab of wood, or better still, with the palm of the hand. After treatment, the shoes should be left to dry in a warm but not in a hot place. Castor oil is recommended for shoes that are to be polished. For plainer footgear, fish oil or olive oil may be substituted with very good results.

GREAT BIRDS OF OTHER DAYS

Bones Discovered Prove That in the Miocene Period They Were Truly of Enormous Size.

In so far as birds are concerned, some of the oldest fossils, in the manner of them (Miocene), which have fallen into the hands of science, are those representing the great, flightless, fossil avian giants of Patagonia in South America. They belong to the phororhacines, R. W. Shufeldt writes in the Scientific American.

Judging from such parts of their fossil bones as have been found, they were evidently great terrestrial birds of prey. Some of the species were small, but this is made up for by the claws; and in the case of one of them (Avornis) it had a thigh bone considerably larger and longer than that of an ox.

Of all the remarkable flightless birds of this group, however, was the giant phororhacine. It must have been over eight feet in height, with a skull bigger than that of a full-grown horse, and much deeper from above downward. We know little or nothing of these birds or what led to their extinction. With its great hooked beak and powerful claws of great size, phororhacine must have been a terror to the animals upon which it preyed. Skulls and some other bones of this bird have been discovered.

CHANGED TO HEAD OF LIST

Old Negro Had Particular Reason for Refusing Henceforth to Be Known as Zeno.

A story is told of an old negro who had accumulated his savings in a bank in one of the Southern States, says the Columbus Dispatch. One day the bank failed.

Zeno was the name of the old man, and when told the bank had failed he spent hours around the door, as if he hoped in that way to get his money.

One day the receiver said to him: "Don't you know that the bank has to be examined before any depositors can get their money? This is not the first bank that has failed."

"Shure, Ah knows dat," Zeno answered, "Ah's heered tell of banks bustin' before dis, but dis bank nu de first time dat a bank evah busted right squin in mah face."

At last the examinations were over and the receiver announced that the depositors would be paid in alphabetical order. Some mistake had been made in figuring, and when they got down to Ws the money gave out and Zeno lost his savings.

But he didn't lose all his courage. He saved for a few months and had a little to put in another bank. He went to the cashier, who said: "All right, Zeno, we will be glad to open an account for you."

"Zeno nuthin'," he said, "Mah name 'spt Zeno no moah, mah name's Z. Zeno."

Things That Have Passed.

Here are some names out of the present generation, yet within the memory of the oldest inhabitants. They are commemorated by George Constant in the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Little girls and boys who could recollect names in sequence the books of the Bible, recited the histories and gave the per- and of the two, and circles, and to whom the names and antecedents of movie stars were no veiled mysteries.

Mothers whose delight was to set a sumptuous table of good food to their growing children, at which well-cooked steak and brown gravy, big fat biscuits and fresh milk in unlimited measure predominated, the whole flanked by home-made pies, cakes and jellies, and whose pet abolitionism was food eaten from a paper bag.

Memory cards, adorned by loving couples in their middle life, sent through the mails into 2102 urban sentiments of persons engaged in rustic gentle life, and emblazoned with roosting doves, hearts pierced with arrows and wreaths of forget-me-nots.

Whist.

The number of all possible distributions of a pack of cards in the game of whist, is 52,844 quadrillions, and 777,765 trillions and 477,762 billions and 829,277 millions and 4,018,000. The following illustration may give an idea of the immensity of this number: If on the entire surface of our globe, inclusive of all mountains and oceans, whist tables could be so placed that each table together with the four players should occupy no more space than one square meter (3.28 square inches), and if they should play whist incessantly, each game consuming only five minutes, it would require more than a thousand million years before every possible distribution of the 52 cards could be realized.

How to Read.

At least the printed words of an author represent but a poor fraction of what is in his thought and feeling, of what he would say— if he could. Therefore, it is well to follow Huxley's advice on "reading for the thought," and "get into the habit of looking intensely at words and seeing, yourself, of their meaning, visible by syllables— say, better by letters." So only does this help you to understand the author's meaning by comparing reading his words, but the use of concentration, fertility and persistence of mind will tend to bring you into such sympathy with the idea expressed, and with the picture that you are illumined by the words of the subject than the printed words alone remain.—William K. Tolson in Nautilus.

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Lead or Copper (by best methods).....			\$1.
Lead or Copper with Gold and Silver.....			\$1.50
Lead, Copper, Gold and Silver in same sample.....			\$2.00

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in quality, a little bit lower in price are what we rely on to swing trade in this direction. That we have struck the right spot is evidenced by the always growing number of steady buyers of sodas and other Soft Drinks here. One visit is all we ask you to make. After that you'll know of your own accord.

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THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

ABOUT THE WAR

British fleet enters Cattagat and sinks ten German trawlers.

British forced to retire from portions of Messines Ridge Wednesday.

There are now on the western front approximately 200 German divisions.

Total casualties among the American expeditionary forces abroad to April 16 are 3,550.

The losses to British shipping, by mine or submarine, in the week ending April 17, totaled fifteen.

There were heavy bombardments north of Montdidier, according to the Paris war office announcement.

The 1919 contingent of the French army (youths of 19 years) is just going to the barracks to begin training.

The capture by the Turks of the city of Batum is announced in an official statement issued at Constantinople.

Considerable fighting has developed along the front in northern Flanders between Langemarck and Kippe, held by the Belgians.

French troops in an attack north-west of Orville-Sorel made an advance of several hundred meters along a front of about two-thirds of a mile.

The line in front of Arras has again been the scene of fighting, but the British took the offensive and drove the Germans out of British trenches which had been carried by the enemy.

East of Amiens, along the Avre river, the French have made successful attacks against the Germans on several sectors, capturing the greater part of the Senecat wood and also advancing their line east and west of the stream.

Reinforced by French troops Thursday, the allied line is holding hard against further incursions by the Germans from the region of La Bassee to the north of Ypres. Everywhere the Germans have struck the line in an endeavor to press back the defenders they have been repulsed with heavy losses, and have succeeded nowhere in gaining further ground.

After gaining a footing Wednesday in the villages of Meteren and Wyt schate, the British were forced to make a second retirement, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from France. During Thursday, midway between Bailleul and Ypres, the Germans vigorously attacked the British positions south of Kemmel, which the British had recaptured from them Wednesday, but were unable to gain any advantage in the face of the strong defense.

WESTERN

David Keith, pioneer of the Pacific slope and one of the best known financiers of the West, died at Salt Lake City, Utah, of pneumonia.

A garment workers' strike, affecting approximately 3,000 employees at four factories in St. Louis, which began March 16, has been ended by mutual agreement.

Lieut. Gov. Edgar Howard of Columbus, Neb., filed a petition with the secretary of state as a Democratic candidate for nomination at the August primary as United States senator.

Prof. William Isaac Thomas, professor of sociology at the University of Chicago, arrested in Chicago with Mrs. R. M. Granger, wife of an American army officer in France, was formally dismissed from the university faculty.

Four hundred convicts in the state penitentiary at Santa Fe, N. M., tarred and feathered and led around with a rope about his neck Maj. John M. Hirkner of Camp Cody, Deming, held in the penitentiary as a federal prisoner in default of \$5,000 bail. He is charged with violations of the espionage act.

WASHINGTON

The Senate resolution for registration of men who have reached 21 years of age since June 5, 1917, was ordered favorably reported to the House. The registration date would be fixed by presidential proclamation.

One hundred and fifty thousand drafted men—nearly three times the month's quota—will be mobilized during May, Provost Marshal General Crowder stated. By June 300,000 men of the second draft of 800,000 will be in training camps, he said.

Señor Don Santiago Aldunate, Chilean ambassador to the United States, died suddenly at the embassy in Washington.

Ten brigadier generals of the national army were nominated by President Wilson to be major generals, and twenty-seven colonels were nominated to be brigadier generals.

President Wilson issued a proclamation naming Friday, April 26, as Liberty Day, asking the people to assemble and pledge anew their financial support to sustain the nation's

FOREIGN

Thirteen persons were killed and forty-five were wounded in Tuesday's long-range bombardment of Paris.

Germany's proposed new taxes, according to a telegram from Berlin, are expected to yield a total of 3,162,000,000 marks.

All the remaining stages of the man-power bill were concluded Thursday and the royal assent was given the measure.

Baron Burian has been appointed Austro-Hungarian foreign minister in succession to Count Czernin, according to a Vienna dispatch.

The London Times correspondent in Christiania says the scheme for an air mail service between Great Britain and Norway is in a fair way toward realization.

Germany is so hard pressed for man power that permanently disabled soldiers are retained in the army and cripples are called to the colors. This statement was made in the Reichstag.

American troops have done brilliant work in the stiff fighting at Brule wood in the forest of Apremont, Lorraine, to which the French war office already has referred in its communications.

A Reuter dispatch from Eulaborg says that three days' fighting preceded the capture of Helsingfors. The Germans now are advancing along the Rikhimiyaka-Lakhti-Kotka railroad, which runs to Viborg.

David Lloyd-George, the British premier, announced in the House of Commons that the passage of the man power bill is imperative as Germany has just called a further half million men to the colors, says a Reuter dispatch from London.

The material losses in the fire which destroyed the aircraft factories at Friedrichshaven was enormous, including thirty squadrons of aeroplanes reserved for use against the American air fleets, it was announced in Paris. One hundred and forty persons were killed and 200 injured.

Several thousand prisoners and a large amount of booty were taken by the German troops which captured Helsingfors, capital of Finland, according to a communication issued from the headquarters of the German commander, General von Der Goltz. The city was taken by storm after desperate struggles in the streets and in forests around the town.

Referring to the situation at the front in the House of Commons, Premier Lloyd George said: "The fluctuation between hope and despondency must continue for some time yet. But I am still full of confidence."

Gen. Plumer (in command at Messines ridge) is quite confident. We have lost territory, but we have lost nothing vital."

SPORT

Cleveland inaugurated the American league season at Cleveland, Ohio, by defeating Detroit, 6 to 2.

Ruth held Philadelphia to four hits in as many innings at Boston in the first game of the season, Boston winning, 7 to 1.

The Jess Willard-Fred Fulton world's heavyweight boxing championship, scheduled for July 4, will be staged in an arena to be erected in the midway district between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

GENERAL

Charlie Chaplin, motion picture comedian, has been drafted and expects call for mobilization about June, it was announced at Los Angeles.

Choice fat bullocks sold at the Chicago stockyards for \$17.25 a hundred pounds, the highest price for April in the history of the market.

With a message to the British government and people that American labor is loyally behind President Wilson in the prosecution of the war, the British labor mission which for two months has been touring the United States has departed for England.

The funeral of Senator William J. Stone was held at Nevada, Mo. Knights Templar and other fraternal organizations escorted the remains to the church, where services were held. The funeral train arrived from Jefferson City, where the body lay in state.

Peremptory orders from Washington have led the Food Administration to issue a circular stating that anyone who has in his house more than six pounds of flour for each member of the family after May 1 will be liable to have his dwelling searched, the flour seized and his future supply totally shut off.

A veiled hint that the collier Cyclops may have fallen into German hands by design was contained in the admission by Herman Peperkorn, a resident of Salt Lake City and a relative of Lieutenant Commander Worley, that Worley was of German birth and had changed his name when entering the United States navy. Peperkorn confirmed the report that Mrs. Angermann of San Francisco had made the statement that Worley was of German birth.

Director General McAdoo is about to clip 1,000,000 miles a month from the total mileage traveled by passenger trains west of the Mississippi river.

Benjamin Kahn, a Billings, Mont., liquor salesman, was sentenced at Red Lodge to from seven and one-half to twenty years in the penitentiary for seditious utterances.

The first American soldier to escape from German captivity has arrived at Neuchatel, Switzerland, according to Swiss advices. The American in in-

ARIZONA STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Parker is to have a new hotel. The Legislature will be called in special session.

The S. P. depot at Tucson is to be reconstructed.

Three cavalry regiments are to be stationed at Nogales.

"Texas Day" for Texas-Arizonians was celebrated in Douglas.

Arizona's quota for the first call under the second draft is 470.

In the call for 49,843 men May 1 to 10, Arizona will furnish 318.

The spring offensive of General La Grippe has invaded the Warren district.

Many large purchases of third Liberty Loan bonds were made in the Warren district.

The Arizona Verde Oil Company has recently been organized by Prescott and Verde men.

State Bank Comptroller Jesse L. Boyce issued a license for the Round Valley bank of Springerville.

Tucson hotel and restaurant men have adopted the wheatless regime until after the new crop is harvested.

A lumber yard and some small buildings adjacent thereto at Tyrone were destroyed by fire, the loss being placed at \$20,000.

Ray Consolidated Copper Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1917, shows \$615 earned on stock (\$10 par) against \$7.42 in the previous year.

China Copper Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1917, had earnings equal to \$10.93 a share (\$5 par) against \$14.40 in the preceding year.

Dave Williams was tried in the Superior Court on the charge of killing Cashier T. H. Brandt of a Tombstone bank by Fred Koch, who implicated Williams.

Oatman reported a 100 per cent oversubscription to the third Liberty Loan bonds on the opening day. Thatcher also went "over the top" on the first day.

John Franks, aged 60, a deputy sheriff of Gila county, under Tom Arner at Christmas, was shot and killed by a Mexican named A. Sanchez, according to word received in Globe.

A Tucson branch of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy was perfected at a public meeting held in the Tucson Trades Council rooms, which was addressed by A. A. Worsley.

Chief of Police East, in his report for March, to the Douglas City Council, showed 111 arrests, \$1,242 collected in fines, \$1,577 recovered in stolen property and eleven policemen employed.

It was reported at Tucson that an offer of \$50,000 has been made for the bond and lease of the North Star mine, in the Twin Buttes district. A hoist is being erected on the property and operations are beginning.

Pledging themselves to support the food administration in its effort to win the war, seventy-five Cochise county grocers met in Douglas and formed an organization to help execute the orders of the food administration.

The Crimmon and Crepin strike in the Papago district, near Tucson, is more spectacular than ever in the development of high grade lead and silver ore than in the wulfenite at first encountered. Lead and silver running as high as 111 ounces of silver and 47 per cent lead was found encrusted in several inches of high grade wulfenite ore at a depth of about eight feet.

Phoenix postal receipts for February exceeded those of the same month last year by over \$3,000.

B. J. Mustain of El Paso, Texas; J. M. O'Connor of Maxwell, N. M., and an unidentified Mexican, were killed and five Mexicans seriously injured when a railroad motor car crashed into a switch engine in the railroad yards at Douglas.

Ramon Duarte was arrested at Tucson on the charge of criminal assault, the complaint being made by his alleged victim, Rosario Flores. The alleged offense occurred near Greaterville and the warrant was issued by Judge Robinson of that precinct.

"Jack" Greene, who was found dead at Nogales with a discharged deringer beside him, according to papers found among his effects, was the Right Hon. Lieutenant Jackson Barylge, son of the Countess of Darnley of Cobham Hall, Cobham, Kent county, England, to whom he left a letter. His papers showed he enlisted in the Royal Irish Fusiliers and was discharged in March, 1917. He had three bayonet wounds and a bullet wound in his thighs.

The Mascot properties at Wilcox, taken over under a long time lease and bond by the American Smelter and Refining Company, were turned over to the owners.

More than 21,000 motor vehicle licenses have been issued from the office of secretary of state thus far this year. They are still coming in at the rate of about fifty a day.

Roy Pope, a Globe pool room attendant, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Charles Hill, an employe of the Miami Copper Company, following a quarrel at the latter's home.

ALLIED TROOPS STOP HUN DRIVE

GERMAN WARSHIPS SHELL BELGIAN COAST POINTS BEHIND BRITISH FRONT.

RHEIMS HEAP OF RUINS

RAIN AND SLEET DELAY ARTILLERY—FRENCH HOLD GAINS NEAR AMIENS.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Amsterdam, April 20.—German torpedo craft bombarded the coast between Dunkirk and Newport behind the allied lines in Flanders Thursday morning, says an official statement from Berlin.

Over the battlefields of France and Flanders, where terrific struggles have been waged almost without intermission since March 21, there has come what appears to be a lull. Official reports tell little of actual conditions. They say that the situation is unchanged, which may indicate that both sides are exhausted exhausted by their exertions in the engagements that have been fought or that they are busy bringing up artillery and fresh troops to renew the struggle. Correspondents at the front tell of miserable weather—cold and rain and sleet—to add to the already known bad condition of the lowlands which are virtually quagmires through which the men and materials can be moved only with difficulty.

It appears, however, that the Germans have not repeated their thrust along the line running north of Bethune, where they met with a sanguinary repulse Wednesday and Thursday.

They employed about 75,000 men along a line variously reported to be from six to ten miles in length, but gained little or no ground. The La Bassee canal front is still in British hands and bridges flung across it by the Teutons have been swept away by the artillery fire.

The blow aimed by the French at the very apex of the German lines in Picardy, in front of Amiens, apparently has not been followed up.

French units occupied the dominating heights and advanced toward Anchin farm on the road between Ally-sur-Noye and Moreuil. Everywhere the Germans offered the sternest opposition, but nothing could stay the French advance.

When the fighting calmed down prisoners were still coming in. A number of machine guns fell into the hands of the French. The German casualties were very heavy.

The British destroyed bridges thrown across the La Bassee canal by the enemy. They hold the entire waterway in addition to having re-established their line west of Robecq.

Six different German divisions, it has been determined, were engaged in the unsuccessful attack in the Givenchy-St. Vivant sector.

Enemy attacks on the British lines in the northern part of the Lys battle area south of Kemmel were successfully repulsed.

The city of Rheims, which was set on fire several days ago by a vicious German bombardment, is now nothing but a heap of smoking ruins, according to Paris press accounts.

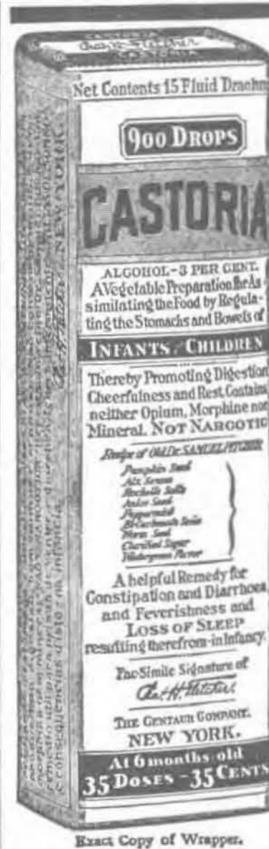
Italian troops have been sent to the western front to aid the embattled allied troops against the Germans. Announcement to this effect was made in the Italian Chamber of Deputies by Premier Orlando.

From Givenchy to St. Venant, an eleven-mile sector on the southern side of the salient, German troops were hurled in masses on the British positions in an effort to break through to the southwest behind Bethune and compel the British to fall back from Givenchy and along the front southward toward Vimy ridge and Arras. The defensive line held firm despite repeated desperate assaults which cost the Germans enormous losses, and Thursday night the battle had died down to an artillery duel. Correspondents at the front declare the British front is now more secure than it has been for days.

The long-range bombardments of Paris ceased for two days, and it was hoped that the French had found the exact location of a heavy German gun and put it out of action. This hope, however, failed when the bombardment of Paris was resumed Friday evening.

Nine Americans Slain in Tampico. New Orleans.—Nine Americans were killed in Tampico, Mex., on April 5 and 6, according to Capt. F. M. Sandler, who has just returned from there.

Dirigible Can Carry Fifty Passengers. Washington.—Demonstrations of a sixteen-foot model dirigible of the Zeppelin type swung on wires—a machine said to be superior to the German craft in that it is more mobile and can alight on water—were given to the Senate military committee by Alfred Herbert, a Montclair, N. J., inventor. He said his dirigible could be built 600 feet in length, carry fifty persons, machine guns and bombs, and attain a speed of seventy-five miles an hour.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

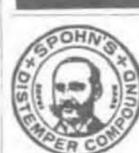
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathcock*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE SARGENT COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



COLT DISTEMPER

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young, SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It is wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S at 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 a dozen.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mrs. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

correct CONSTIPATION

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Great in its Good Work.

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills.

Really Bright Idea. Margaret had been enjoying a visit from her cousin, a young woman librarian from a distant city. When, her vacation being over, she began getting ready to go, Margaret was filled with dismay and begged to have her stay longer.

Her mother said, "No, they need her at the library and she must go."

Margaret sat thinking soberly a long time. Then her face cleared and she cried out, "Oh! mamma, couldn't we get her renewed for two weeks?"

Applicable Anywhere. What Kitchener said to the English landowner who questioned him, is worth remembering: "If the Germans should invade England, what uniform should I wear as a member of the Home League to repel them?" asked the landowner. "The suit you wish to be buried in," answered K. of K.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Bag Blues. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

The Sert. "What kind of men do they have for the crews of torpedo boats?" "I suppose they are sub-marines."

Slack Season for Hermits. "How long have you been a hermit?" "About ten years," said the picturesque declaimer.

Naturally. "What does that sign mean, Let All Observe Cornless Days?" "It belongs to a chiropodist."

"Do you live in this cave all the year around?" "Of course not. I've got a little farm down the mountainside, and I spend the winters there with my family. There's no demand for souvenirs when the summer hotels around here are closed up."

Downward Growth. Teacher—"Why do words have roots, Johnny?" "So that the language can grow."

Nebuchadnezzar had to eat grass. Is Hooverism really new?

Save the Calves!

Stamp Abortion Out of Your Herd and Keep It Out!

Apply treatment yourself. Small expense. Write for free booklet on Abortion, "Questions and Answers," State number of cattle in herd.

Dr. Barn Roberts Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Washville, W. V.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 16-1918.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 226,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than May 1st. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR DENVER, COLORADO; CHEYENNE, WYOMING

NERVES GAVE OUT Serious Kidney Trouble Had Made Life Miserable, But Doan's Removed All the Trouble. Hasn't Suffered Since.

"I had such severe pains in my back," says Mrs. Albert Akroyd, 324 W. Indiana Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa., "that they almost doubled me up. Many a day I could not do my housework and at every move it seemed as if my back would break in two. My feet and ankles swelled until I had to wear large-sized slippers and sometimes I couldn't stand up."



Mrs. Akroyd

"I had dizzy spells and dreadful headaches and fiery flashes passed before my eyes. Had a heavy weight been resting on my head, the pain could not have been more distressing. The least noise startled me, I was so nervous. I couldn't control the kidney secretions and the pain to passage was awful. "It began to look as though my case was beyond the reach of medicine until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. The first box benefited me and four boxes cured all the troubles. I have had no further cause for complaint."

Secure to before me, Thos. H. Walters, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

American Dollar Flag. Ten feet, nine foot 7 1/2 inches, 6 feet long. Double-stitched, sewed stripes, free delivery by parcel post on receipt of factory invoice, including post, handling and guaranteed holder, E. M. Send for free catalogue of flags and decorations. Write and order flag that you want. We make them and deliver them to you. AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.

WILSON NEVER BREAKS A COLD. 100% GUARANTEED. 25c. J. H. WILSON SADDLERY CO. DENVER. Require for the Wilson Never Breaks A Cold. Guaranteed.

Subtle Reasoning. My little grandson is quite a hand for "reasoning from analogy," and the other day was asking what his family name was. I told him his father's ancestors came from England, Wales and Scotland, while his mother's were English and Irish. He then asked: "Grandma, what was your name before you was married?" "I answered "Lyon."

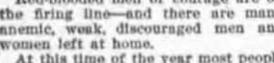
Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

Didn't Have to Buy Them. A little boy from a poor district and a little girl from the more comfortable part of the city sat side by side in Sunday school. The teacher said to the little girl: "Gladys, we missed you at Sunday school last Sunday." To which Gladys replied: "Oh! I stayed home because we bought a new baby at our house."

The little boy looked up at her in surprise and remarked: "Bought it? Huh! We get 'em for nothing."

If you happen to find your feelings all worked up, order a fresh supply.

Ghosts may talk, but very few people understand the dead languages.



Red-blooded men of courage are on the firing line—and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home. At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pimply" or pale skin. Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alterative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root. Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in sixty-cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

A good purge should be taken once a week even by persons who have a movement daily, in order to eliminate matter which may remain and cause a condition of auto-intoxication, poisoning the whole system. To clean the system at least once a week is to practice health measures. There is nothing so good for this purpose as tiny pills made up of the May-apple, leaves of aloë and sassa, and sold by almost all druggists in this country as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, sugar-coated easy to take.

Absolutely Nothing Better than Cuticura for Baby's Tender Skin. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

FURLONGS ARE TO HELP FARM WORK

WAR DEPARTMENT INTENDS TO LET ENLISTED MEN GO HOME TO SOW AND HARVEST.

HOW TO MAKE APPLICATION

Many Drafted Men Have Been Excused Under Vocation Provisions—Trade Tests Used to Secure Skilled Workers for Army.

(From Committee on Public Information.) Washington.—For the purpose of augmenting agricultural production it is the intention of the war department to grant furloughs to enlisted men to enable them to engage in farming during the present season. Commanding officers may grant such furloughs within prescribed rules whenever it appears they will contribute to increased farm production.

Furloughs may be given by commanding officers of posts, camps, cantonments, divisions, and departments. They will be for short periods, largely for seeding and harvesting time. They will not be granted to enlisted men of or above the grade of first sergeant, nor in an organization that has been ordered to move or is in transit from points of mobilization or training to a port of embarkation. All furloughs granted will be recalled and the men ordered to their organizations when they have received preparatory orders for duty overseas.

Furloughs granted for farm work will be without pay and allowances, except that enough pay will be retained in each case to meet allotments in force on the day of the order, war-risk insurance, and pledges on Liberty bonds. For specially qualified experts in agriculture furloughs may be granted by the secretary of war upon application by the secretary of agriculture, providing such furloughs are voluntarily accepted by the persons for whom application is made.

Individual applications for furloughs submitted by relatives will be on a form to be furnished by local draft boards. Two sections are to be made out and presented to the local board, which can complete the form.

If the furlough is granted the application will be filed by the commanding officer and a certificate furnished the soldier. If not granted, the application will be returned with reasons for disapproval. If the soldier initiated the application he will give the name of the person for whom he desires to work, from whom will be ascertained the need for farm service.

Furloughs may be granted en bloc to men who are willing to accept them, upon requests of farmers, when time consumed in traveling from the post to the place of labor will not exceed 24 hours. In making these applications farmers will use a form of the provost marshal general's office, also going to the local board.

Under provisions of the selective-service law making specified vocations a ground for exemption or discharge, apart from the "necessary industries" dealt with by the district boards, 67,716 men were excused from military duty.

Of the men exempted, 1,665 were federal or state officers; ministers, 3,976; divinity students, 3,143; in the military and naval service, 47,822.

County and municipal officials numbering 889 were discharged; custom-house clerks, 171; mail employees, 1,476; arsenal workmen, 2,353; federal employees designated by the president, 1,777; pilots, 1,772; mariners, 2,066.

The alien property custodian has been given power to sell, at private sale without advertisement, enemy-owned live stock, feed or food stuffs, hides and other animal products, agricultural products, fertilizers, chemicals, drugs, essential oils, lumber, cotton, tobacco, furniture, books, glass and china ware, wearing apparel, jewelry, precious stones, pictures, ornaments, bric-a-brac, objects of art, raw or finished textile materials, trunks, boxes, partially or completely manufactured metals, fabrics, rubber and rubber products, and all kinds of merchandise, in lots having a market value of not more than \$10,000.

Such sales may be held at places and under conditions prescribed by the alien property custodian.

Federal reserve banks are to rediscunt notes secured by farm tractors, according to the department of agriculture. Instructions have been issued to all federal reserve banks authorizing them to rediscunt tractor paper presented by any member bank, provided it has maturity not exceeding six months and the tractors are purchased for agricultural purposes.

In Oklahoma, county councils of defense are securing pledges from automobile owners to furnish transportation to speakers for community councils. The pledge provides that the chairman of the county council may hire a car at the expense of any signer who fails to furnish transportation at the time promised.

Investigations by the department of agriculture in 15 states show that of a total of 6,836,492 sheep, 34,683 were killed by dogs in one year and were sold for by the counties.

To increase the accuracy of selecting skilled workers among the enlisted men a system of trade tests has been developed. Exact and comprehensive definitions of the more than 600 different trades represented in the military organization have been brought together in a 300-page book, "Trade Specifications." Tables have been prepared showing the detailed needs of each unit for skilled and semiskilled workers. Work has been done in refining methods of selecting and training men for special duties in the navy, special service regarding selection of aviators, assistance to provost marshal general on the questionnaire, and assistance rendered the surgeon general for general intelligence tests for enlisted men and officers.

The war-service exchange of the committee on classification of persons desiring to serve the army. It informs the department, of labor of the needs which the war department has for men.

The committee on public information has made public editorial comment in the German press on the revelations in the Reichstag main committee in connection with investigations of the Daimler Motor Works. It was shown that the Daimler company was earning 173 per cent profit per annum, the company's sworn statement placing the profits at 11 per cent, and while the company was earning 400,000,000 marks monthly in excess of its peacetime profits it had threatened to reduce output unless higher prices were paid. The Berliner Tagblatt (Liberal), said:

"Energetic action of the authorities and the Reichstag is demanded. Such enterprises as the Daimler firm are not compelled to submit books for inspection, while every little trader selling vegetables must show his profits. We demand government confiscation of illegal profits and, if necessary, state control."

Vorwaerts (Government Socialist), said: "The Daimler revelations will hardly occasion the same surprise in financial circles as among the masses. The Daimler company's purpose was not to deceive the financial world, but the authorities, so that its real profits might be kept from the public's knowledge. The company reckoned upon the commercial ignorance of the government and this experience shows that such reliance is usually justified."

Attention of fertilizer manufacturers and dealers has again been called to the necessity of taking out federal licenses. All fertilizer manufacturers, including mixers, even though their output may be small, are required to take out licenses. Agents and dealers doing exclusively a retail business, whose gross sales do not amount to more than \$100,000 a year, are not required to take out licenses or to make applications for blanks. However, any retail dealer or agent whose gross sales amount to more than \$100,000 and who does not apply for a license, is liable under the provisions of the act of congress providing for the governmental control of the industry.

Application for license should be made to the law department, license division, United States food administration, Washington, D. C.

American soldiers and sailors in German prison camps prior to April 12, 1918, will not be deprived of their rights to war-risk insurance because of inability to make personal application, provided such application is made in their behalf.

According to a statement by the secretary of the treasury, applications for insurance may be made in behalf of such prisoners by persons within the permitted class of beneficiaries under the military and naval insurance law. This class includes wife, child, parent, brother, or sister. Application should be made to the bureau of war-risk insurance, at Washington, D. C.

The health of troops in the United States continues very good, according to a recent report to the surgeon general of the army by the division of field sanitation. Admission, non-effective and death rates are somewhat higher than last report, due chiefly to prevalence of influenza and bronchitis with complicating pneumonia, in many of our northern camps.

National Guard camps, as a group, continue with remarkably low rates. Very few new cases of measles and meningitis have occurred.

National army camps continue to have high sick rates as compared with camps of other groups, though the rates are lower than last report. Scattering cases of measles are reported from all camps.

Field and garden seed are unconditionally exempted from all embargoes, according to the department of agriculture. Instructions are issued to all railroads to do everything possible to expedite the movement of seed.

Over 200,000 applications for insurance by officers and enlisted men of the naval service had been filed by March 31. The average amount of insurance on each policy was about \$7,300, making a total of more than \$1,500,000,000. Payments on war-risk allotments are now about \$1,000,000 a month.

Wednesday, April 3, was a peak day in sales of war savings stamps, when \$4,120,932 was recorded at the treasury for the day's receipts from stamp sales.

WHERE FARMING IS PROFITABLE

The Future of Great Possibilities.

Some idea of the great wealth that the Western Canada farmer had in view a few years ago is now being realized. The amount received from the sale of wheat, oats, barley, flax and rye in 1917 was \$270,000,000, while the sales of live stock at Winnipeg alone netted \$40,000,000 additional. Of this sum hogs alone gave over eleven million dollars. The increase at Calgary and Edmonton were over 6 1/4 million dollars.

This money, so easily earned, is being spent in improvements in farm property, purchasing additional land, buying tractors, automobiles, and improving home conditions, providing electric light, steam heat, new furniture, pianos, buying Victory bonds, paying up old debts, etc.

Over five hundred tractors were sold in Southern Alberta in 1917. One implement agent reports that the increase in his business in 1917, over that of 1916, was equal to the total business in 1915. It is the same story all over the country. And it is not this evidence alone which proves the advancement and growth of the three prairie provinces, but the large increase in the number of settlers; the improvement in the extent of the cultivated areas and agricultural production; the increase in value of which over 1916 was \$77,000,000.

This wonderful progress that has been made in agriculture in Western Canada is but the beginning which marks the future of the greatest agricultural country on the continent, showing a future of great possibilities. There are millions of acres yet uncultivated, and of land as good as any of that which is now giving its owners a return of from twenty to thirty dollars an acre, figures that in many cases represent the cost of the land, with all cultivation costs included. It is true that the cost of production has increased during the past few years, but the price of the product has also increased to a figure which leaves a large balance to the credit of the producer.

Table showing Farm Needs and Prices in 1913 and 1917. Columns: FARM NEEDS, Price 1913, Price 1917. Rows include: Self binder, Mower, G. H. P. gas engine, Seed drill, Cream separator, Building, Bathroom, sink and septic tank, Pressure tank system, Steel shingles, sq. ft., Lumber, per 1,000 ft., Hemlock, Pine, Bricks, per M., Cement, per 350 lbs., Steel fence, 40 rods, Paint, per 10 gals., Pianos, Clothing and Food—Sugar, per cwt., Cottonseed, per ton, Linsseed, per ton, Blue serge suit.

Percentage increases are shown too in another way, leading to the same conclusion, from consultation of the Department of Labor's review of prices. Taking 100 as the index number of normal production in the decade from 1890 to 1900, the increases in prices of farm products have slightly outdistanced the increases in his needs.

Table showing Prices in 1913, 1916, 1917. Columns: 1913, 1916, 1917. Rows include: Grains and fodder, Animals and meats, Dairy produce, Rhdg. materials, House fur'sh'gs., Implements.

Long Quest. "Mrs. Robbins, I had an extra pair of trousers in this house." "So you did, Henry." "Yet they are nowhere to be found. Did you give them away to some tramp, Mrs. Robbins?" "No, indeed, Henry. I gave them to a most deserving man. He told me he had been hunting work for seven years."

Cuticura Beauty Doctor. For cleansing and beautifying the skin, hands and hair, Cuticura Soap and Ointment afford the most effective preparations. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c.—Adv.

Up for Inspection. This is a story told by a man home on furlough from Camp Custer: "The soldiers were lined up for inspection and every man was clean shaven but one. "Why have you such a beard?" asked the sergeant. "I couldn't find any barber shop any place," said the man.

Our most exclusive circles—silver dollars. One good way to derive an income from literature—sell books.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. At every drug store. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO.

WOMEN MUST HELP RAISE WAR FUNDS

Lovers of Home and Country Called to the Colors.

ALL CAN BUY LIBERTY BONDS

Wives, Sisters, Mothers, Sweethearts Never Before Called Upon to Play Such a Vastly Important Part—Lend Your Money.

(By DOROTHY DIX.) Buy a Liberty bond, ladies. No matter how many you have bought before, stretch a point and buy another.

You can't shoulder a gun and go off and fight for your country, as the men are doing. You can't put on a nurse's uniform and go and nurse wounded soldiers or drive an ambulance or work in a munition factory, as many other women are doing, but you can do your bit by backing up these other men and women, who are risking their lives to defend you with your money.

Without guns and munitions, without food and clothes, without hospital supplies, the army in France is just so many sheep led to the slaughter; if we let them die for the lack of the things that money buys, their blood is on our heads, and our crime against them will be blacker than the Boches, because they trusted us.

It takes money, money, money and yet more money to carry on war, and this war is to be the war of the longest pocketbook. It is the last ton of bombs, the last load of shrapnel, and the last big gun that will thunder out victory. Therefore, if we want to win this war, we must find more money, and it is particularly up to us women, who can fight with our hands, to fight with our dollars, and pour them like water at Uncle Sam's feet.

Women's Greatest Sacrifices.

In no war in all history have women been called upon to play such a tremendous part as in this war. Never before have women had to give so many of their husbands and sons and brothers to be cannon fodder. Never have women before gone into the trenches and fought side by side with the men. Never have they gone into factories to make munitions of war with their own hands. Never have they had to take upon their shoulders the heavy burdens of hard physical labor that men laid down when they went forth to battle. And never before did their country call on women to make such sacrifices as they are called on to make now.

It is because this war touches women more nearly in every way than any other war has ever done, because more women's hearts have been broken by it, more women impoverished and made homeless, more mothers have seen their babes slain before their eyes, more mothers have beheld their young daughters ravished, that women must use their utmost effort to put an end to war.

Women must see to it that there is never another war to lay waste to the world and drench it with women's tears, and this can only be accomplished by our winning this war.

And to do that we must have money. So, let every woman who has some loved one at the front buy a Liberty bond. Let every woman who has a hearthstone that she would keep safe buy a Liberty bond. Let every woman who has a babe that she loves, or a young daughter whose purity she would guard, buy a Liberty bond.

Reasons Are Numerous.

Let every woman who has a particle of sympathy in her soul for the forlorn women and children of Belgium and France buy a Liberty bond. Let every woman who believes in justice, and freedom, and right buy a Liberty bond. Let every woman who hates war and craves for peace buy a Liberty bond.

The trip that you had planned, the new truck you were going to get, how pitifully small is the sacrifice of these for the sake of those who are sacrificing their lives to protect you and yours.

Buy all the Liberty bonds you can, and then go in debt for some more, so shall you prove yourself a worthy daughter of Uncle Sam.

This is a time when money talks and tells the kind of a patriot you are. The woman who hasn't a bunch of Liberty bonds if she's rich, or who isn't paying on a Liberty bond if she's poor, is a traitor to her country and should hang her head in shame every time she passes a man in khaki or feels the fold of the red, white, and blue floating over her unworthy head.

The Badge of Citizenship.

The Liberty Bond button is no longer a mark of liberality or even of patriotism; it is the badge of citizenship. Are you wearing one?

War and the Weather.

The Almighty makes the weather, not man, and if the weather doesn't suit us, we have to wait. The farmer knows what a day's rain will do in the way of upsetting plans. One can't plow in the mud and a cutting of hay or wheat may be damaged or ruined by one night's downpour.

The war department, too, is up against the weather in France. Three inches rainfall may make the country impassable for half a million men and horses and motortrucks and ruin the chances of victory or bring defeat.

WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Perry, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without any benefit and several doctors told me nothing but an operation would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to a factory and work all day. Come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. ANNA METERIANO, 36 West 10th St., Perry, Ind.



Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. A hair preparation of scientific formula. For restoring color and beauty to gray or falling hair. Sold at \$1.00 at Druggists.

All Knitting. Jane—Do you knit? Susie—No. Jane—Get busy, kid; even bones knit.

\$100 Reward, \$100. CALARPH is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100. For an issue of CALARPH, that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists Ref. Testimonials Free. E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A New Tale. Son and heir was in one of his joyful moods, asserting that he was not going to be this, that or the other when he grew up; he was going to be something else. Auntie reigned all interest and begged to know what he was going to be.

"I'm going to be a big papa, and not work at all." "Oh, you don't mean that?" Not work at all? I never heard of a papa not working at all," auntie exclaimed. "No, I'm not going to work at all. Just going to stay at home and be a new papa." At this auntie burst out laughing and said:

"Oh, you mean you're going to be a sort of new woman?" "No, no, no," the fat retorted. "I'm going to be a new man."

The Infant Mind. "Where are you going, mamma?" "To a surprise party, dear." "Can't I go, too, and Archie and Edna?" "No, dear, you weren't invited." "Well, don't you think they're lots more surprised if you look us all?"—Boston Evening Transcript.

Vindictive. Friend—What would you like best to plant this year? Farmer—My summer visitors.

Her conversation is naturally flowery when a girl talks through her Easter hat.



When Coffee Disagrees There's always a safe and pleasant cup to take its place INSTANT POSTUM is now used regularly by thousands of former coffee drinkers who live better and feel better because of the change. "There's a Reason"

Santa Cruz Patagonian

HOWARD KEENER - Editor and Owner.

Subscription Rates table with columns for duration (One Year, Six Months, Three Months) and price.

Entered at the postoffice at Patagonia, Arizona, as second-class mail matter.

NEW FOOD-CONSERVATION SCHEDULE

Timothy A. Bioriani, Federal Food Administrator for Arizona has sent out the following food-conservation schedule for the guidance of the public:

WARY OLD BIRD IS TRUTH

Fact Worth Remembering When One Is Tempted to Criticize Errors Seen in Newspapers.

"Where do you get the absurd facts you print?" is a favorite query put to newspaper men.

There is just one answer to be made to the query above, and that is: "Newspapers get such of their facts as are absurd from the absurd human beings who for one reason or a thousand refuse to relate facts accurately."

Japanese Arts and Letters.

The Yamato association has been formed by distinguished Japanese citizens for the purpose of making Nippon's achievements in arts and letters better known to the western world.

The association will publish works on Japanese history, literature and art and make translations into European languages of the best works of Japanese writers, ancient and modern.

Glass Industry in America.

Glass was first manufactured in America by the people of Jamestown, Va., during the year 1615.

In Norway, where no gasoline has been obtained for many months and automobiles have practically quit running, experiments are being made to operate motor cars with neat, heavy gas.

"BETTER BLIND THAN DEAF"

Scientific Writer Points Out Why the Former Affliction Is Less Hard to Bear.

Scientists have shown that sound not only informs the intellect, as does sight, but that, much in excess of that sense, it excites feelings—that is, sound pure and simple has a specific relation to feelings widely different from that of sight.

Its primary effect was the creating of moods, Margaret Baldwin writes in the Atlantic magazine. This being so, the simple fact is that sound has far more to do fundamentally with originating our emotions, or how we feel from day to day, than has what we see.

It should be said in passing, that there is very little recognition of this fact by the person with normal hearing. Slight and sound are so interwoven for him that he does not discriminate as to what belongs intrinsically to each in the province of feelings.

A scientific writer points out that we can see with indifference the writhings of a suffering animal that is still, but that, if there are cries of pain, it prefigures emotions at once. We are distressed. In reports of terrible marine disasters, it is almost never said by people that they can never forget the sights they saw, but always that they can never forget the cries of the drowning.

Although one would hardly hesitate to say that the excess of the blind man's calamity over that of the deaf man is sufficient to overbalance this elemental function of sound to produce moods, yet the universal fact remains that the blind are more cheerful than the deaf.

NOTHING BUT SHEER WISDOM

Possibly Aunt's Idea in Burning Chicken Feathers Was to Destroy Circumstantial Evidence.

The dainty and winsome heiress of a Kentucky planter, recently graduated from a fashionable northern seminary, was devoting the morning of the first day of her return to the old homestead renewing acquaintance with her father's dark retainers.

"Aunt Martha," inquired the young lady, after watching the work of the ex-slave a few moments in silence, "why do you burn those feathers so carefully and systematically? Is it because of some religious idea or a superstition?"

"No Missus Lucy," came the answer from the deliberate old woman, as she watched the last telltale feather crumple into nothing. "Tain't no 'ligion an' tain't nuffin tuh do wid no seewpustishums. It's wisdom. Jes plain, out-an'-out, wisdom."

Red Cross workers at line of communication centers in France encourage American soldiers on shipping trips, to see that they receive correct change and otherwise advise them in their encounters with French shopkeepers.

Total amount of foodstuffs shipped during March from the United States and Canada to the allies, according to the food administration, was about 1,100,000 tons, compared with 750,000 tons in February.

Subscribe for the Patagonian.

The fuel administration has issued a warning against the use of domestic sizes of hard coal by industrial plants.

Argentina is again said to be on the verge of declaring war on Germany, and German newspapers are preparing the people for the news.

A total of 10,000 women are now at the front of the Transvaal-Bertha railway, according to a statement in the Leipziger Illustrirte Zeitung.

THE OWL SAYS:

We'll say that the Red Cross movie dance was a pippa. Ferd Van Moutchik was all there as Julian Blithe.

The primary election is Saturday. The Owl has ordered a fresh supply of Coca Cola.

Tasteless Caster Oil sold at the Owl. It is the best bowel lubricant known.

Aching, tired, swollen feet are easily relieved by using our foot powder.

An epidemic of gripe is sweeping the country. The first move to take is to be regular. Come to the Owl.

A young lady who passes much of her time on a park bench in the city park sent us an "Ode to an Oriole." After reading the aforesaid ode we came to the conclusion that the author could pass her time much better in the home—two confines of her mother's kitchen.

Don't forget that mail orders are given prompt and careful attention. Send us your prescriptions.

In the morning when you first get up drink a glass of water in which is mixed our Effervescent Sodium Phosphate. This pleasing, fizzy drink immediately settles your stomach, clears your mouth and throat, permits the reception of food to the stomach, starts you off right for the day and flexes you up without dragging or dooping. An unusually pure and refined product. Get it at the Owl.

Buy a Liberty Bond now and help win the war.

Gentle Spring has lived up to her name so far.

Dear Mr. Owl: What has become of the old fashioned bootblack who used to shine your shoes for a nickel?

That's easy. He has been replaced by the new-fashioned Nogales bootblack who gives your shoes the "once over" for a dime and expects a tip on top of that.

Try our liniment. It reaches the sore spot.

"BUSINESS IS GOOD."

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION Halls and Dolson Owners—Owl Drug Store NOGALES ARIZONA

LEGAL ADVERTISING.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 10, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that John L. Thigpen, of Sonora, Arizona, who, on December 1, 1914, made Homestead Entry No. 024631 for SW 1/4, NW 1/4 SW 1/4, and on March 25, 1915, made additional Homestead Entry No. 023978 for E 1/2 SW 1/4, SW 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 29, Township 20 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonora, Arizona, on the 1st day of May, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Herman G. Pugh, George J. White, Guy B. Bryant, Ira D. Brooks, all of Sonora, Arizona.

J. L. IRVIN, Register, First pub. March 29—5th pub. April 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 24, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Jesse Valero, of Patagonia, Arizona, who, on February 12, 1912, made Homestead Entry No. 024702, for NW 1/4 SW 1/4, SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Lot 4, Section 14, Township 23 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 30th day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Raymond R. Kharhart, of Nogales, Arizona; George W. Parker, of Patagonia, Arizona; Victor J. Wager, of Nogales, Arizona; Perry Wilson, of Patagonia, Arizona. JOHN L. IRVIN, Register, First pub. March 29—5th pub. April 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, April 6, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Davis, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on February 8, 1913, made Homestead Entry, No. 021170, for SW 1/4, Section 22, and on March 14, 1914, made Addition of Homestead Entry, No. 024329, for E 1/2 SW 1/4, SE 1/4 NE 1/4, Section 21, and SW 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 22, Township 20 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonora, Arizona, on the 20th day of May, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Jesse E. Little, Jerry Butler, both of Elgin, Arizona; Richard T. Fossett, George J. White, both of Sonora, Arizona. JOHN L. IRVIN, Register, 1st pub. April 19—5th pub. May 17

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 30, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Raymond L. Schack, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on January 22, 1914, made Homestead Entry No. 020802, for W 1/2 SW 1/4, Section 12, Township 20 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonora, Arizona, on the 15th day of May, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Henry V. Pils, August Jopson, Elmer King, Charles E. Davis, all of Elgin, Arizona. JOHN L. IRVIN, Register, 1st pub. April 12—5th pub. May 30

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL

Frank J. Duffy E. B. Pardon

Duffy & Pardon ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW NOGALES ARIZONA

STORAGE BATTERY WORK Done quickly and better than elsewhere. We employ an expert, and guarantee our work.

NOGALES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY Nogales ARIZONA

Bowman Mercantile Company Dealer in HAY AND GRAIN NOGALES ARIZONA

HOTEL BURTON Nogales, Arizona RATES \$1.00 PER DAY All Outside Rooms Cleanest and Best Cuis in Arizona

GOING TO NOGALES? When hungry, you just naturally start for the best food served there.

KING'S CAFE Formerly, the New England Kitchen

T. B. FITTS, M. D. Physician and Surgeon PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

Liberty Loan subscriptions on April 23 totaled over \$1,500,000,000.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists. 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WANT ADS.

One cent a word each insertion. No charge less than 25 cents. FOR SALE—Single jacks, picks, shovels, mine belts, and machine drills all at next-to-nothing prices. Inquire at the Patagonia office.

LOST, OR STOLEN from my pasture in the San Rafael valley, abandoned barrel cavalry horse branded I C on neck with No. 6 on front hoof. Liberal reward paid for return of animal to A. G. Wilson, San Rafael. Htp

NOTICE TO MINE OWNERS—To fully protect yourself from liability for indebtedness contracted by your lessees, you should publish your "Notice of Non-Liability," usually called "Mine Warning," notice in Santa Cruz Patagonian. The rates are low. Inquire.

This Is the Only Place to get Periodicals and Magazines. WATKINS' CHOCOLATES, CANDIES, ICE CREAM and COLD DRINKS. The Place to Bring the Ladies—THE—Peerless Parlors. McIntyre & Ijams, Props.

BUY AT ONCE THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN BONDS AND THRIFT STAMPS and HELP WIN THE WAR

"FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE" YOU SHOULD EAT AT THE SHAMROCK CAFE 327 Morley Avenue Next to Lyric Theater NOGALES ARIZONA T. P. THOMPSON and F. M. WILSON, Props. United States Food Regulations Strictly Observed

MAIER BROTHERS BENSON ARIZONA Wholesale Dealers in GENERAL MERCHANDISE Low Prices Square Deal

THE WHITE HOUSE BLOCK BROS. 313 Morley Ave., Nogales SHOES Hats Underwear Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings

The old standby for FRESH BEEF, MUTTON, PORK AND VEGETABLES PATAGONIA MEAT MARKET VAL VALENZUELA SR., Proprietor.

ANNOUNCEMENT Owing to the fact that we are compelled to make 30-day settlements with wholesalers, it is absolutely necessary that our customers observe the same rule with us. By paying cash for your purchases, or by making payment within 30 days, you help to keep the cost of merchandise to you at a much lower level than is possible under other conditions. War-time restrictions are responsible for this condition, and in order to give you the lowest possible prices we establish this rule. Patagonia Commercial Co.