Tonight's Meeting to Bring Concerted War Work Action

gonia Opera House, which has been do Colo., a story of German frightfulness nated for the evening by Col. R. R. Richarson, there will be held a public what has been told time and time again meeting, at which talks will be made in magazine and newspaper articles of by prominent men of Nogales in the in- atrocities committed by German army terest of the Council of Defense and fiends when they have the opportunity other timely war endeavers. The talks to butcher or torture an enemy exptured will be intersperced with patriotic songs by the Patagonia school children.

It is the duty of everybody win can do so to be present at this meeting. We in France. He wrote to his sister statwho live in the great southwest have ing that he was well treated and had not thoroughly understood what a great plenty to eat, etc., and soul his waich war the nation is now engaged in, as we have not felt its privations to the same know when he would be able to get extent that other parts of the country home. The watch would got run, and

There are more ways to assist the government in its battle than by shoul- of paper upon which was written a tale dering a gun or giving up your life ou the battlefield. We can assist by con- had been tortured and his bedy mutilserving food, loaning money, watching lated by having his nose and ears sev alien enemies to see that they do no harm, and engendering a spirit of patriotism in the hearts of those who are inclined to be critical and unfaithful in their duty as American citizens.

This is no time for people to let their personal cumities and dislikes afterfere with the duty they owe to their country. By harmonious action and effort | alone can the things be accomplished that of vital necessity to the welfare of the nation. Lay aside your personal

clings to the end that this cor.munity will do its utmost for the United States of America and help in the best way possible to keep before the poblic the fact that we are all needed in one way or another in the great work of accoing the country a free nation.

ONE HUNDRED AND ONE GERMAN LIES NAILED BY THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC

Kaiserite Busy in America Spreading German Propaganda

From Washington, D. C., comes the following:

German propagandists have been busy since the entry of the United States into the war. Fulsehoods of every character have been spread over every section of the country with the blea of abusing the confidence of the Ar crican people. So persistent has been the circulation of these carefully monliced pro-German lies that an official exposure of them has been issued as a pamphlet, ontitled "The Kniserite in America," by the Committee on Public Information, 8 | * Jackson place, Washington, D. C. A * ONLY AMERICA CAN HELP. * copy of this pamphlet may be and free * if inquiry will be directed to the committee.

Tales have been current about interned German prisoners being fed five meals a day, about Red Cross supplies * their nerves have been strained * heing sold to shopkeepers by dishonest officials, by criminal waste of food at training camps and many other like falsehoods either designed to discourage volunteer Red Cross work and the loyal * us. efforts of housekeepers to save food or |* calculated to create a troublesome disfrust of the government.

The circulation of these stories is often due to the folly of a citizen who wishes to appear to have "inside information! and who either innecently for intentionally starts a lie that capidly grows worse as it spreads. A collection of such lies and their refutation has been made by the St. Louis Republic. A hundred of them are included in "The Kalserite in America."

LOCAL COUNCIL OF DEFENSE TO BE ORGANIZED TONIGHT

The Patagonia District Conneil of Defense will be organized this evering at a big patriotic necting. The executive committee of the Santa Cruz County Council of Deferse accompanied by speakers, empaiga managers and others, from Nogalos will assist in the organization of the conseil. The organiza- 40 per cent August 15. tion committee appointed for Patagonia by the county council commists of H. J. Patterson, chairman of public defeuse committee; Mrs. Corge H. Francis, to of the third Liberty Loan and have chairman of public welfare committee; J. S. Gatlin, chairman of food conservation and production committee; and Howard eKener, chairman of monetary committee.

for the sale of the third Liberty Loan W. Parker, John Hoy, and Richard Far-Santa Cruz county has reported sub- rell, Sr. scriptions approximating \$60,000, or a uobt2epterle n C by c,APRILwC shrd about 21 per cent of the quota allotted Thursday night held a "get-logether" which is \$289,500 ...

the Nogales Red Cross, last Saturday subject discussed was the County Counmight in the horder city, netted the or | cil of Defense, recently organized, with ganization \$150. Mrs. A. M. Gillespie branches extending throughout the vasirected the entertainment.

Just Another Story of German 'Kultur'

In a letter received by Mr. Burns, a bookekeper at the Evans Mercani le Co. Tonight, at 8 o'clock, at the Pata- of Patagonia, from a friend in Denver, was told that is Lardly out of line with

> The story that comes from Denver was written by the sister of a soldier as a keepsake, stating that he did not ne lady took it to a jeweler, who, upon examination, found it to contain a piece too horrible to depict. The young man ered and other bodily mutilations inlieted. The man said he would commitmicide at the first opportunity.

> In the face of such stories as this, are you going to sit idly and "let Bill do it," or are you going to do al lyou can, financially and otherwise, to help put down a tyrant so inhuman as to torture and starve prisoners of west

> Buy Liberty Bonds, Thrift Framps and War Savings Certificates, Buy all you can, and keep on buying-if you ennuot go to the front and wipe out the score against the most informer brute that ever disgraced the earth by is presence.

ALLIED FOOD SHIPMENTS REACH LARGE TOTAL

A general idea of the quantity of food sent to European allies by the United States from July 1, 1914, to January 1, 1918, is given by figures just announced by the U. S. Food Administration. In that period the United States has furnished complete yearly rations for 57,100,033 people. In addition there was enough extra protein to supply this portion of the diet for 22,194,570 additional men.

The total export of wheat and wheat flour to the three principal allies is equivalent to about 384,000,000 bushels, Pork exports for the 31/2 years amounted to almost 2,000,000,000 pounds. Exports of fresh beef totaled 443,484,400 pounds. The amount of food exported to Russia is negligible compared with that sent to the western allies,

"On your side are boundless * rial; on this side a boundless de- # | gales. * mand for their help.

"Our men are war-weary and # * by more than three years of * * hard, relentless toil.

"Our position is critical, par- # * ticularly until the next harvest, * * but the United States can save *

"You Americans have the men, * the skill, and the material to * * gave the allied cause."

SIR JOSEPH MACLAY. British Shipping Controller. *

Those who eas't fight must do the ext best thing they eau.

When war work seems drudgery, stop and think of the trenches,

Every food-saving kitchen takes three potshots a day at the enemy,

The squirrel does not know how to enn, but he stores his fond for the lean

season. Learn a lesson from the squir-

The plan for the sale of the third Liberty Loan is as follows: 5 per cent cash 20 per cent May 28, 35 per cent July 18,

A telegraphic report says 600 com munities have oversubscribed their quo claimed the "honor elag."

The following committee has been appointed for the Patagonia district to further the interest of the third Liberty Loan: O. F. Ashburn, Col. E. R. Rich Since the opening of the campaign ardson, E. E. Bethel, E. H. Evans, Geo.

The Negales Chember of Commercial meeting to stimulate interest in war fund campaigns and enlighten the citi-The musicale given for the benefit of | zens on war measures. The principal rious communities in the county.



LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

Pete Bergier, who has been in Gila | caday morning to Patagonia.

The American Garage is rendy to supoly you with Red Seal Dry Batteries the best stry batteries to be obtained, They are guaranteed to give satisfartion. Try them .- Adv.

Mr. Herb H. McCutchan was called to loughlas Wednesday by a telegram anouncing the verious illness of his other, who was stricker with pneu-

Mr. Mark Fenner, the well-known attleman of this district, spent several lays this week in Patagonia.

"Woody" Rountree, who is interestof in a lease of the Eureka mine at Saro, was in Patagonia Wednesday. He eports a fine showing in the mine and the shipment of a small carload of ore. The lessees are jutting in a small mill and expect to turn out several tons of ore daily when the plant is completed

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lewis of Parker lanyon were in Patagonia Monday. Mrs. Lewis and two of their children leaving on the evening train for Indian Hot Springs, to be gone several days.

* supplies of men, food, and mate- * San Rafael valley spent Tuesday in No

Chas, T. Fraizer of Elgin was in Patagonia Wednesday.

Miss Laura Sorrells and Pete Bergier were Nogales visitors Wednesday,

Bob Bergier, who has been in the Pata- improved. gonia district for his wife's health for several weeks, has returned to Califor-

T. Nance of Parker Canyon was a Nogales business visitor Wednesday.

Nick Bereuch of Parker Canyon ar Bend for several days, returned Wed- companied by Dave Jones, who is here on a furlough from Camp Kearney, Cal., was a Patagonia visitor Wednesday,

> Watkins! Chocolates now at the Poerless Parlors. They are the hest chocolates on the market today,- Adv.

Corporal Lawrence Sipe and Dave Jones, two of our sublice bays from Camp Kearney, Cal., are home on furlough, and will remain for several days. any are looking fine, and say that the soldier camp is an ideal place in the way of comfort, and that the boys are all doing nicely.

Mrs. George W. Parker last week was called to the home of her mlopted day). daughter, Mrs. Bessle Pitts, of Ashfork, Ariza whose elder child died recently. Mrs. Patker hurried to Ashfork to give aid and comfort to Mrs. Pitts, as the aunger child also is sick.

The American Garage will close at 12 'clock noon Sunday until 7 n. m. Montay in future, to give the proprietors as opportunity to rest a few hours each

Miss Grace Porter, teacher of the Parker Canyon school, who recently was called to Yuma ewing to the death of per 4-year-old number, who was accidentally drowned, has returned to her duties at the school.

The third Liberty Loan drive is on in earnest. Don't forget that you who do not fight enn aid by loaning your dollars to Uncle Sam.

Mrs. Homer J. Howard, who has been Mr. Fred Bergie', brother of Pete and seriously sick for several days, is much

Last Friday Joe Collie, the wellnia, his wife not having improved here known young miner of this district, who as well as expected owing to the high recently returned from Duneau, Ariz., was stricken with heart trouble. He was in a serious condition for several days, and Monday evening was removed to a Nogales hospital.



OVER THE TOP

Farmers May Get

The official bulletin from Washingten, in a recent issue, has the following pertinent solvice about the farm labor situation and how to tkae advantage of Provest Marshal Crowder's ruling in the interest of farm labor for agricultural production. If the furmers do not act at once by furnishing the necessary affidavits the local boards cannot give form labor the deferred classification: "A new draft call of about 90,000

men shortly will be called to the colors, The propost marshal general has ordered that men netively, assistantely and completely engaged in the planting and caltivation of a crop but who are listed in places being well represented. Every-Class I of the draft and within the new quota should be deferred until the end of the new quota."

The local draft board being judicial bodies cannot defer the call of such men, however, unless the farmers emplaying them support their claims for such deferred Plassification with uffidavit. It is therefore of ital importance that farmers immediately execute and file such affidaryta with the local

will be found a place of comfort. All rooms are outside ones, and beds are clean and restful. \$1.00 per day .- Adv.

> NEW FOOD-CONSERVATION SCHEDULE

Timethy A. Riordsu, Federal Fodd Administrator for Arizona has sent out the following food-conservation schedde for the guidance of the public;

Sunday-Oue wheatless meal (mid

Manuay-All meals wheatless. Wednesday-All meals wheatless.

Thursday-One wheatless meal [mid-

Friday-One wheatless meal (mid-Saturday-One wheatless meal (mid-

Great Wheat Stocks Isolated.

It's the shortage in ships that Is putting the Allies and the United States on wheat rations, Great stocks of wheat are isolated in India, and Australia. At great sacrifice in ship space and use the Allies are forced to secure some wheat from Argentina.

On January 1, Australia had stored 100,000,000 bushels of wheat that was ready for export-but there were no ships, Then came the new crop with an exportable surplus of 80,000,-000 bushels. Now Australia has approximately 180,000,000 bushels waiting for ships.

India, at the same time, had 70,000,000 bushels of wheat stored for export. During April 50,000,000 bushels more out of the new crop will be added to

Argentina closed the last ship ping season with 11,000,000 bushels of wheat left in the stock available for export. The new crop will add 135,000,000 to the left over.

It is not a problem that the wheat does not exist in the world-it is entirely a problem of shipping, which has thrown on America the obligation of dividing our stock with the Allies.

American troops permanently took over a part of the firing line as an American sector in January, 1918.

Our 14-inch gwes weigh nearly 95 tons and are over 58 feet long, costing #118,

U Superstitious

In Signs

Do You If you do you are Believe tiser and a good ousiness man. Judicious advertising Always Pays

and especially when you advertise in a paper that is read by everybody in its terntory.

This newspaper reaches the eye of everybody who might be a possible buyer in this section.

Benefit Dance for New Classification Camp Recreation Fund Huge Success

The benefit dance, held last Saturday night in Patagonus, for the K. of C. war camp regreation fund, was a grand raccess, financially and socially. II is syldent that a spirit of patriotiess exists in our county, and needs but gu opportunity to make likely fell.

Col. R. R. Blebardson donated the use of the Patagonia Opera House for the affair, and the attendants came from all parts of the rounfy, Negaies, Sun Rafact valley, Senoita, Elgin, Canille, 3-R mine, Mansfield more gas other imly agrees that it was one of the most occessful benefit dances over given in l'atagonia, and we have a ptrionable pride in the knowledge of a thing well

The Opera Home was decorated with the national colors and Third Liberty. Loan posters. The music was consisted of a six-piece oreheatra from Nogales.

During the evening Hon, Judge W. A. O'Conner of Nogales addressed the assemblage on the subject of the Third Liberty Loan, urging those present to When visiting Nogales and in need of help make up the allotment of Santa hotel accommodations, the Hotel Burton Cruz County. Juage O'Cenner's talk was applauded by his hearers.

The Postless Pa lors denated a fivepound how of caudy and the Patagonia Restaurant gave two cakes to be given as prizes to holders of the "locky" aumbers. King's Cafe of Nogales also presented the committee with two cakes which were raffled off during the evening. These donations netted a substantial amount to be added to the total to he given the came recreation fund.

Donations in each were received from Cal. R. R. Richardson, Mrs. A. H. Fortune, Bracey Curtis, M. W. Equan and others whose name, we do not remem-

Affairs of this kind should be held oftener, as the attendante not only enloy a sociable svening, but assist to a great extent to furnish comfort to our soldiers.

CARD OF THANKS

The committee in charge of arrangements for the benefit dance bell last Saturday night wish to extend thanks for the donations received and to each individual who in any way helped to make the affair a success. A loquest also is made that outstanding tickets, money or donations in the hands of any of the out-of-town members of the committee be forwarded to Patagonia at once so that complete returns may be made to Nogales.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Last week R. N. Keston's oldest boy fell under the wheels of his truck and the vehicle passed over his body. How hadly the child was injured was not

time been suffering from pneumonia, in back in Patagonia from a Nogales hospital. He is much improved in health. Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Arthur and Mrs.

Richard Amado, who had for some

Grace A. Farrell fore Patagonia visf. tors last Saturday. M. N. Davidovich has gone to Cali-

fornia, where he expects to make aix future home with his family. They left Wednesday. John Costello took his wife to a Nogales hospital Toroiny evening. She has

been suffering for a long time, and an

operation was deemed necessary by the

attending physician Mrs. J. D. Rountres and Mrs. H. T. Wilson of the San Rafael valley were Patagonia visitors Monday.

Mrs. A. C. Rest, son, Earnest, and laughter, Mrs. Newell of Los Angeles paid a Sunday visit to the ranch of Miss Grace Van Osdale in the San Rafarl valleys.

Business Manuger H. R. Sisk, Ed Gillea, foreman, and Ed Stoller, linetype meratur, of the Nogales Herald, spent a night in the Ean Ratual volley as a result of the lighting system falling to work on their return true from Daughay, where they had give for a pleasure trip in Mr. Sink's man.

R. N. Reaton of the San Rafael valley has jurchased a tractor from Chas. Prunier of Eligin, who has given up farming no a basiness.

Last week, by alistake, we published a news item stating that Mr. Tom Pattison and wife made the trip from Patagonia to Nogales to return Mr. Biggs to Patagonia, when, in reality, it was Mrs. Pattison and the Riggies who were returned to Patagonia by Mr. Pattison nitus Mr. Rigga car was disabled.

AN EPITOME OF LATE LIVE NEWS

CONDENSED RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

FROM ALL SOURCES

BAYINGS, DOINGS, ACHIEVE-MENTS, SUFFERINGS, HOPES AND FEARS OF MANKIND.

Western Newspaper Union News Rervice. ABOUT THE WAR

The British have recaptured Ayette,

south of Arras. American forces now are occupying a sector on the Meuse heights

south of Verdun. Fierce fighting has broken out in the districts of Batoum, Kars and Ard-

ahm, in the Caucasus. Thirty German transports with troops have arrived at Hango, on the

southern coast of Finland, southeast of Helsingfors. The recent British aerial raids on Cologne caused 248 deaths, half of whom were soldiers, according to re-

ports received at Basia. In the week ending March 30 Teutonic submarines sank three Italian steamships of more than 1,500 tons

and destroyed one sailing vessel. At Dernancourt and southwest of Albert the Germans succeeded in getting a footing in allied defenses. The situation at Albert was restored by a

Just to the southwest of Albert, the British have withdrawn a short distance and the French have given up the village of Castle, west of Moreuli, says Friday's report.

In southern Russia the Germans have captured the town of Ekaterinslav, an important commercial and industrial center on the Dnieper river, 250 miles southeast of Odessa.

A German attack north of Moreuil was repulsed by the French fire, and the enemy was unable to gain a footing in any part of the French positions, the war office announces, except at one point,

Friday, the German official statement claimed successes both north and south of the Somme and that the number of prisoners taken since the beginning of the drive has increased to 90,000 and the guns captured now total 1,300. The French estimate places German losses at 500,000.

Dispatches to Les Nouvelles state that on the occasion of the last entente allied air raid on Coblenz twenty-six persons were killed and 100 first step in arming the whole Russian wounded. Great damage was done, the railroad station being demolished. In the last raid on Treves, sixty persons were killed and hundreds were wounded, the railroad station was damaged and streets in the neighborhood were heaped with ruins.

WESTERN

During the last two months oil production increased 38 per cent in Oklahoma and 42 per cent in Kansas.

lery, one of the largest in the Sixth lining up his sparring partners. The internal revenue district, into a feed mill, was begun at Hammond, Ind.

Copies of two personal letters written upon official stationery of the executive office by Gov. G. W. P. Hunt to Charles Wolhischlegel, secretary of the Miami branch of the I. W. W., who is now in jail, were made public by the federal authorities at Globe, Ariz. Wolhischelgel was arrested in a raid on the I. W. W. hall in Miami.

The average loss by fire in Colorado for 1917 was only \$1.03 per person, according to insurance figures for the year. Colorado is the third lowest, the two lowest being Utah with 95 cents and New Mexico with 84 cents.

WASHINGTON

Orders have been issued to increase size of ships being built.

Secretary Baker's tour of inspection in Europe is about at an end.

Another Germanic "peace" offensive seen in Count Czernin's address,

President Wilson will answer Count Czernin's peace talk with assurances that America "will fight to a finish."

Official announcement was made by the State Department that the Japanese government has landed armed forces in Vladivostok,

King George sent greetings to President Wilson on the occasion of the first anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war.

Formulation of a national war labor policy based on the recent recommendations of the war labor conference board was recommended to President Wilson by Secretary of Labor

News reached Washington that Italy has sent a large force to join General Foch's reserve army.

War expenses have averaged about \$13,000,000 a day since the first of July, the Treasury Department an-

The great war thus far has cost over \$100,000,000,000, Representative Hull, Tennessee, financial authority in Congress, estimated.

The first anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war found General Pershing's veterans somewhere in the battle zone.

Secretary of War Baker, who has been on a trip to Rome and the Italian front, arrived in Paris.

Lieut C. R. Holmes and Private J. A. Murphy have been decorated with the French war cross for capturing a German sentinel.

Emperor William has conferred upon Baron von Richthofen, the German aviator, the Order of the Red Eagle with crown and swords.

The admiralty reports that only six British merchantmen of 1,600 tons or over and seven under that tonnage were sunk in the week ending March

As the excitement incident to the first few days of the German offensive dies down reports come in of the bravery in face of danger of various workers in the American Red Cross.

Italians are warned against the speech of Count Czernin by the Giornale D'Italia, as, it says, "Austria-Hungary has spoken of peace before

every new offensive against Italy." The Bolshevist government has crushed all its enemies, but cannot consider its power lasting owing to the disorganization of the country. Leon Trotzky declared in a speech at

Moscow. It is persistently rumored in well in formed circles at Copenhagen that Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, intends to resign as soon as peace with Rumania has been

finally secured. Erzerum, the principal city of Turk ish Armenia, is reported in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Moscow to have been recaptured from the Turks by an Armenian corps, aided by a detachment of Armenian volun

In an official statement issued by the government at Paris, Premier Clemenceau's denial of the truth of the assertion of Foreign Minister Czernin, that a conversation concern ing peace had been held between Aus tria and France, was given confirma-

The queen of Montenegro has presented to Mrs. Nina Larrey Duryea, Mrs. Laurence V. Benet and Mrs. Hubert Tuttle the gold medal of the queen's order, the highest distinction in her gift, in recognition of the services of the Duryea committee for the relief of Montenegrin refugees.

"We cut down the Germans as a harvester cuts down wheat," said a wounded lieutenant back from Lassigny. "We went on cutting them down until we emptied our cartridge boxes. Then our dragoons on their mounts came right up to the firing line and brought us more cartridges."

Russia will form an army of 1,500, 000 men, not inferior in power and equipment to the Germans and Japan ese, M. Podvoisky, assistant secretary of war, declared at a conference in Moscow of the various military de partment heads. This would be the nation.

SPORT

Rail birds at the track at Louisville, Ky., are picking Sun Briar to win the historic Southern classic, the Kentucky derby.

Jess Willard began training for his match with Fred Fulton, scheduled for July 4. His work consisted of a fivemile walk. He will walk that distance each day for a week. Then will be-Transfer or the Hammond distil- gin the work in the gym. He is now champion believes Colorado will get the fight.

Joseph L. Turre, Denver wireless expert, former Manual and Colorado Mines football star, left Denver for Washington, D. C., where he will enlist in the special radio section of the United States Army Intelligence Division, his work in Denver having won him an appointment to that branch of the service.

A pretentious golf program for the 1918 season was adopted for the Lakewood Country Club by the tournament committee at Denver, including a long series of events starting with sweeptakes on April 13 and continuing until late in November.

GENERAL.

The Cunard line steamship Valeria, a vessel of 5,865 tons gross register, has been sunk in the Irish sea. Robert P. Prager, 45, was hanged by

a mob at Collinsville, Ill., paying with his life for alleged pro-Germanism. Fire, supposedly of incendiary crgi-

in, swept the west bottoms wholesale business section of Kansas City, destroying property estimated at between \$3,000,000 and \$5,000,000.

Burro beef is the latest addition to the list of foods brought to the fore by war conditions. In the Altar district of the state of Sonora, Mexico, burros are now being slaughtered for their food value,

United States Senator-elect Irvine L. Lenroot declared in a statement at Milwaukee, Wis., that he would support President Wilson in the Senate as he did in the House in all measures helpful in the prosecution of the war.

The German press is warning Its readers not to expect too much of the offensive in the west, says a Reuter dispatch from London.

Lord Aberdeen, formerly governor general of Canada and lord lieutenant of Ireland, in a speech in New York declared peace can be achieved only by a victory for the allies,

Kathryn Denver, 15 years old, daughter of former Congressman Mathew R. Denver, was struck by a Pennsylvania passenger train at Wilmington, Ohlo, and almost instantly killed.

ARIZONA STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service Arizona men from Camp Funston

are off to the war.

Twenty-six young men enlisted at the Tucson recruiting station during March.

Seven miles of new road will open to the Rawhide and Cleopatra mines at Kingman Tucson capital plans large concen-

trator for production of tungsten and molybdenum Fire of unknown origin practically

destroyed the warehouse of Armour & Co. at Prescott. At Globe, the Iron Cap mine has

shows big ore body. the third Liberty loan, will speak at

Phoenix on April 18. Thrift stamp and baby bond sales totaling \$1610 were reported by the

Clarkdale Boy Scouts. Lettuce harvest in Salt River valley

continues, Glendale being the principal shipping point. The Tombstone mining district is more active today than it has been

probably since the early eighties, A search was begun of territory surrounding Jerome for William Waldrop,

mine union leader, who was kidnaped. Announcement was made at Tombstone that the mines of the Bunker Hill Mining Company of that place would close.

United Verde Copper Company delowing a similar payment made about a month ago. Arizona exceeded by nearly 300 en-

listments, its quota under the national shipbuilding registration of the public service reserve. It is stated that the Jerome Verde Copper Company has come into con-

tact with a body of 20 per cent ore on clared; the fourteenth level. Miami Copper is back to about normal production from its mill and now is increasing its daily capacity from

5,000 to 5,000 tons.

The student body of the Northern Arizona Normal school won its strike when the school board promised that it would give Dr. Blome the hearing for which they struck.

W. H. Keegan, secretary of the Gila. County Taxpayers' Association, has been bound over to the Superior Court of Gila county on a charge of blacklisting and illegal voting.

Warren district branch of the Serbian National Defense League of America was perfected with more than 200 charter members at a meeting of the Bisbee colony of Serblans.

Tom King of Tueson has located a number of claims in the vicinity of as America conceives it or dominion the Roadside mine, which, according as she conceives it shall determine to assays, run from 8.46 per cent to the destinles of mankind. 58 per cent copper, practically in outcroppings.

The lettuce crop of the Salt River said to have been secured from a sin- dust." gle ten-acre tract.

Coming as a complete surprise to the management as well as the public of Tombstone, orders came to suspend operations, on production work, on the Tombstone Bunker Hill Mines Company's properties.

Arizonians whose thoughtlessness or selfishness have led them into a lax observance of wheatless days are strongly condemned in a statement issued by the Federal Food Administration for Arizona.

Deputy Sheriff Percy Bowden arrested Remundo Mena of Pirtleville and confiscated a suit case full of booze,

Frank Creswell, one of the best known cattlemen in Maricopa county, is in a critical condition at the Sisters' hospital at Phoenix, as a result of an altercation with Gottored four wiles west of Phoenix.

Governor Hunt characterized the tarring and feathering of Walter Johnson, organizer for the L W. W. at Bisbee, and the similar treatment of Willlam Waldrop, chairman of the executive committee of the Western Federation of Labor, which occurred at Jerome, as deplorable and highly dangerous to the peace of the state,

Wilcox, was shot and killed by Roy Hearne, in the hills near the northern Cochise county town, Aronwood is a man between 50 and 60 years old. Hearne is about 25 years old. The taurdered man was in the hills cutting wood when he was killed. A woman was witness to the affair. Hearne is now in jail.

A delegation of about twenty church men, representing the several churches of Phoenix, called upon Governor Hunt to extend their felicitations to the state executive for his ansounced intention of including the national prohibition amendment in his call for the special session of the Leg-

John and Tom Powers and Tom Sissun_ slayers of Sheritt McBride of Graham county and two of his deputies, are now in the Clifton jail, their came having been transferred to less aley county.

FORCE WITHOUT STINT OR LIMIT

CHALLENGE FLUNG TO GERMANS BY PRESIDENT WILSON IN BALTIMORE SPEECH.

OPENSTHIRDLOANDRIVE

SAYS "ALL WE LOVE AND HAVE WILL BE GIVEN TO REDEEM WORLD FOR FREE MEN."

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Baltimore, Md.-President Wilson at a great Liberty Loan celebration here opened vein on 900-foot level, which April 6 gave America's answer to the German drive on the western battle Secretary McAdoo, in his tour for front; to the renewed propaganda for a German-made peace; to all proposals to end the war before Germany in awakened from her dream of world dominion.

> The President's answer was "Force, force to the utmost, force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make Right the law of the world and cast every selfish dominion down in the dust.'

A few hours before the President spoke, he had reviewed a division of citizen soldiers, called only a few months ago from the pursuits of peace; now transformed into fighting men to carry the ideals of America to the battle fields of Europe. At the moment a million more of their kind all over the land were celebrating the clared a dividend of \$7 a share, fol- opening of the third Liberty Loan; and orders for mobilizing the first of the great army of a second million were going out to the country.

> Those were some of the physical facts which backed his words when, after reviewing briefly the evidence that Germany seeks a peace for her world dominion, the President de-

> "I accept the challenge, I know shall know that you accept it, it shall appear in the utter sacrifice and forgetfulness with which we shall give all that we love and all that we have

> to redeem the world and make it fit for free men like ourselves to live in. This now is the meaning of what we do. Let everything that we say, my fellow-countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response till the majesty and might of our concerted power shall fill the thought and utterly defeat the force of those who flout and misprize what we honor and hold dear.

> "Germany has once more said that force and force alone shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men; whether right

"There is, therefore, but one response possible from us, force-force to the utmost; force without stint or valley is nearly harvested, with 50 car- limit, the righteous force which shall loads already shipped to New York | make right the law of the world and and Kansas City. Fifteen carloads are cast every selfish dominion in the

Warning anew that a triumph arms for Germany means ruin for all the Ideals America has won and lived for, the President reiterated he was willing to discuss at any time a fair, just and honest peace sincerely proposed-"a peace in which the strong and weak shall fare allke."

"But the answer," he said, "when I proposed such a peace came from the German commanders in Russia, and 1 cannot mistake the meaning of the answer.

"They are enjoying in Russia," the President declared, "a cheap triumph in which no brave or gallant nation can long take pride. A great peuple, helpless by their own act, lies for the time at their mercy. Their fair professions are forgotten. They nowhere set up justice, but everywhere impose their power and exploit everything for Schmid, a Swiss sheepherder, about their aggrandizement, and the peoples of conquered provinces are invited to be free under their dominion.

"Are we not justified in believing that they would do the same things at their western front if they were not there face to face with armies whom their countless divisions cannot overcome?

At the conclusion of the President's address subscriptions were opened for Liberty bonds. The Savings bank of F. H. Aronwood, an old-timer of Baltimore immediately took \$1,000,000 worth. Other large amounts were subscribed.

Gotham's Loyalty Shown.

New York .- Subscriptions of \$102, 000,000 were reported to the Liberty Loan committee of the New York federal reserve district for the first day of the campaign for the third loan.

Mulligan and Cohen Set Five Years. Denver.-Frank H. Mulligan, former city detective, and Philip Cohen, Fort Morgan and Sterling fruit merchant, convicted at Brighton of the cobbery of Mrs. Irene Nolan at the Model road house Jan. E. were senenced at Brighton to serve not less than five years nor more than seven n the penitentiary at Canon City. Sentence was imposed after Judge Thes had listened to arguments by atorneys for the defendants for new mials. Motions were everruled.

What "His Bit" Really Means. As first used in England, "His Bit"

was intended to convey the impression of "blw all," but the term "bit" as used in this country rather minimizes the task before us. Men think of one doing "his bit" in a sense of smallness rather than in a sense of consecration of their all. Let's find some new expressionstronger, more emphatic, more all-em bracing, and yet not prefune, which conveys the thought that we must do our utmost in this great world war .-Manufacturers' Record.

Cuticura Kills Dandruff.

Anoint spots of dandruff with Cuticura Ointment. Pollow at once by a hot shampoo with Cutienra Soap, if a man; next morning if a woman. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept X, Boston," At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50,-Adv.

Animals Admitted to Heaven.

According to the Mohammedan rellgion, ten animals were worthy of admission to heaven. They were:

The dog Kratim of the Seven Sleepers of Ephesus. These martyrs were walled in a cave and slept 230 years, the dog sleeping with them. Balaam's ass which reproved the

prophet. Solomen's ant which reproved the sluggard.

Jonah's whale. The ram of Israel which was offered In sacrifice by Abraham in place of Isnne.

The camel of Saleb. The cuckoa of Belkis. The ox of Moses.

Al Borak, the marvelous steed which arried Mohammed to heaven. The ass on which Jesus rode into

Jerusalem,-People's Home Journal,

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver, such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart caused by gases in the stomach. August Flower is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the that you accept it. All the world blood. Sold in all civilized countries. Give it a trial.-Adv.

Gets Big Wolf.

J. W. Fountain, a rancher of the Me-Kenzie Valley, living near Walterville, Ore., recently brought to Eugene the pelt of a huge black wolf trapped by hlm.

He caught it in two traps, set close to each other, and the animal had both broken and would have escaped soon and Mr. Fountain not arrived when he dld. There are several of these unlmals in that vicinity, and the ranchers have been losing cattle and sheep awa result of their depredations.

This wolf was one of the largest ever seen in this county, measuring over eight feet from tip to tip.

Ten smiles for a nickel. Always buy Red Cross Bag Blue; have beautiful, closs white clothes. Adv.

Low Visibility. "This is an up-to-date hotel, all

"In what particular?" "It has a luxuriously furnished smoking room for ladies." "Suppose a man's wife were in there and he wanted to see her a minute!

"I guess he'd have to call her out if

he wanted to get a good look at her.

right,"

never decides.

The atmosphere inside is rather thick." Birmingham Age-Herald. The man who insists on seeing with

perfect clearness before he decides

Building-up for the Spring Attack at the Front is a good deal like putting the body in condition for an invasion of the germs of grip, pneumonia or "Spring fever" here at home,

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is hair thru. They may have frequent beadaches and sometimes "pimply" or pale skin and white lips. The reason for this is that during the winterrime, shut up within doors, enting too much meet and too little green vegetables, one henps fuel into the system which is not burned up and the clinkers remain to poison the system-a clogging up of the circulation-with inactive liver and kidneys. Time to put your house in order,

For an invigorating tonic which will clarify the blood, put new life in the body, sparkle to the eyes, and a wholesome skin, nothing does so well as a giyceric herb extract made from Golden Seal root, Blood and Stone root, Oregon grape root and Wild Cherry bark. This can be had in convenient, ready-to-use tablet form at all drug stores, sixty cents, and has been sold for the past fifty years as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Ry reason of the nerves feeding on the blood, when the blood is pure the nerves feel the effect, and neuralgis or other nerve pains disappear because such pain is the cry of the starved nerves for food. When suffering from herves for food. When suffering from backache, frequent or scanty urins, rheumatic pains here or there, or that constant tired feeling, the simple way to overcome these disorders is merely to solitain Dr. Pierce's Anuric from your druggist. In tablets, sixty cents.

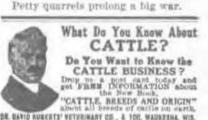
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"How old are you?" he was asked, and his answer was: "Eighteen." "It wasn't necessary for you to regis-

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Not to Be Expected. "Josephine had a quiet wedding, didn't she?" "Ou, no; she had to be there, you know,"



PATENTS Waters E. Colombia, Patent Lawyer, Washingood, D. C. Advice and Brooks free



COUGHIN

cenes of P Are Common in Western Canada



per acre—get \$2 a bushel for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre you are bound to make money—that's what you can do in Western Canada, In the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta you can get a HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES FREE

The thousands of U.S. farmers who have accepted

Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30

ada's generous offer to settle on homesteads or

wheat fields have averaged 20 bushels to the acre — many yields as high as 45 bushels to the acre. Wonderful crops also of Oats, Barley, and Flax. Mixed Farming is an profitable ar industry as grain raising. Good achools, churches: markets convenient, climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to

and other land at very low prices.

W. V. BENNETT Hoom 4. Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb. Canadian Government Agent



Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living Breut Good

A BSENCE of Iron in the 'ARTER'S IRON PILLS Blood is the reason for will greatly help most pale-faced people many colorless faces but

LATE MARKET

Western Newspaper Union News Service. DENVED WARM

DESTRUCTS.	
Cattle, Fat steers, ch. to prime\$12.75@14. Fat steers, good to choice. 12.00@12. Fat steers, fair to good 11.00@12. Heifers, prime 9.50@10. Cows, fat, good to choice 9.40@10. Cows, fat, fair to good 8.00@9. Cows, common to fair 6.75@5. Veal calves 12.00@14. Buils 7.25ec 12.00@14. Feeders, good to choice 10.00@11. Feeders, fair to good 8.75@9. Feeders, common to fair 7.75@ 8. Stockers, good to choice 9.25@10. Stockers, fair to good 8.25@9.	750 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 2
Good hogs	40

HAY AND GRAIN MARKET. (F. O. B. Denver, Carload Price.)

Sheep.

Lambs, light Sheep. \$18.50 @ 19.25 Lambs, heavy 17.75 @ 15.50 Ewes 13.00 @ 14.25 Yearlings 15.25 @ 16.00

Inny.
Buying Prices-per Ton.
Colo, upland, per ton \$18.00 @ 20.00
Neur, upland, per ton 17.00 cc 18.00
Prairie may thew cropt.
Timothy, per ton
Alfalfa, per ton16.00 218.00
South Park, per ton 20.00@ 22.00
Swittings Valley, ther ton, 18,005020.00
Straw, per ton 6.00
4-rula
Oats, Nebr., 100 lbs., buying 3.00
Colo., oats, bulk, buying3.00 Corn chop, sack, selling3.28
Corn in sack, seiling
Gluten Feed, sacked, selling 3.22
Bran, Colo., per 100 lbs., selling 1.77 %

Prour. Hungarian patent, 28 lbs. sacked, aubject to discount\$4.95

Turkeys, old toms 24 © Turkeys, choice 20 © Ducks, young 27 © Geese 25 © Roosters 15 © Live Poultry, (Prices net F.U.B. Denver.)	LUPKeva	# 10 per cent of fancy d. p	commission.	14
Ducks, young 27 93 Geese 27 93 Roosters 15 93	A. 44 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Old toma	24 60.2	d
Live Poultry.	A GURDYE.	Choles	20 891	12
Live Poultry,	Marchell	A Section of the second section in the second section is		ř
	Roostels	**********	15 @1	8
		-	-	
Ortices not banker.)	74.94			
Roosters, 1b,	Popular	teen not F.U.1	L Denver.)	

Turneys, to the or over....26 \$20 Ducks, young 30 Geese 23 \$25 Eggs. Creameries, ex. lst grade, lb. 41 G42 Creameries, 2d grade, lb. 39 G40 Process 26 G37 Packing stock 20 G31

Apples, Colo., new fancy, box. 1.00 @ 2.50 Pears, Colo. 3.00 Vegetables. | Reans, Linn, 15. | .15@ 16 | Rests, Colo. cwt. | 2.00 | Cabbage, Colo. | 2.50 | Carrots, cwt. | 1.00 | 1.00 | Cautiflower, 1b. | .10@ 12% | Califore, table, doz. | 2.5@ 3a | Potatoes, cwt. | 1.00@ 1.50 | Turnips, Colo., cwt. | 1.25@ 1.50

INDES AND PELTS. Dry Hiden.

Green Salted Cured Hides, etc. Over 40 ibs., ib. 8 @ 9 Under 40 ibs., ib. 8 @ 9 Glue hides and skins 4 and stag Part cured, le less, than cured, Calf and Kip, Green Salted,

Green Sulted Pelts. Lamb and sheep..... \$ 500 2.50

Dry Flint Petts. Wool pelts Short wool pelts Butcher shearlings, No. 1.... o. I murian shearlings..... 10 Bucks, saddles and ploces at value. MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS. Prices for Metals,

ungsten concentrates, per unit, Tungsten concentrates, per unit, \$24.50.
Boulder, Colo, — Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$22.00 per unit; crude ores, 60 per cent, \$22.00 per cent, \$25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00 pr 12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40 pr 12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40 pr 12.50.

Boston Wool Market. Boston - Wool - Scoured hasts:
Texas - Fine, twelve months, \$1.58@
1.72; fine, eight months, \$1.55@1.60.
Territory - Fine stuple, \$1.52@1.85; half-blood combing, \$1.70@1.75; three-eighth-blood combing, \$1.50@1.55; fine clothing, \$1.50@1.65; fine medium clothing, \$1.56@1.65; fine medium clothing, \$1.56@1.60;
Pulled - Extra, \$1.80@1.85; AA, \$1.70@1.80; A supers, \$1.50@1.55. Kansas City Produce.

Kansas City.—Butter—Creamery, 40½c; firsts, 38½c; seconds, 38c; pack-ing, 31c. Eggs—Firsts, 32½c, Poultry—Roosters, 20c; brollers, 25c.

Price of Sugar. New York. - Sugar - Centrifugal, 6,005c; fine granulated, 7.45c.

Chicago Live Stock Quotations, Chicago Live Stock Quotations.
Chicago.—Hogs.—Bulk. \$17,40@17.90;
light. \$17,40@18.90; mixed. \$17,10@
18.00; heavy. \$16.40@17.30; rough.
\$16.40@16.65; pigs. \$12.00@17.25.
Cattle—Native steers. \$10.10@10.55;
stockers and feeders. \$8.40@12.00; cows and helfers. \$6.80@12.50; calves. \$11.00
@16.;
Sheep—Sheep. \$12.25@17.10; lamps.
\$15.75@20.10.

Butter, Eggs, Potatoes and Roosters, Chicago, — Butter — Creamery, 34@ Chicago, Butter
40 bc.
Eggs Firsts, 32 23 bc; ordinary
firsts, 32 23 bc; at mark, cases ineluded, 32 22 bc.
Potaroes—Wisconsin, Michigan and
Minnesota, bulk, 80 2 95c; do sacks, 920
m \$1.00. \$1.00. Poultry-Roosters, young, 28c.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

Democracy and Liberty Undergoing the Supreme Test.

Americans Face Great Duties in Previding Food Products and Aiding Our Soldiers and Our Allies

(By HAPSBURG LIEBE of the Vigilantes.)

Democracy and Liberty are not always synonymous, perhaps, but they mean the same to us now, certainly. A military autocracy, after more than forty years of thorough and cumuing preparation, a great part of it by means of weapons of our own invention, has thrust our Democracy and our Liberty into the crucible to test it out, to see whether it would hold good. They did not believe it would hold good, those Prussian militarists; they do not belleve it yet. We believe it will, but our belief has been made up heretofore largely of egotism and blindness.

Democracy and Liberty, the world's with our own, is now undergoing the supreme test. Of course there is dross, and it is coming to the top rapidly. There is inefficiency, mismanagement, grave mistakes that even our national leaders have made; there has been some graft, no doubt; there has been some playing of politics; there has been profiteering, but all this is only the dross floating to the top of the crucible. We were never a military nation, you know. The biggest of our mistakes, I think, was in our shipbuilding program, but we were never a shipbuilding nation, either. However, this dross is all being cleared away.

Fully 60 per cent of the winning of this war depends upon us here at home. We have three great duties upon us hot, shampoo with Cuticura Soap, if a now as we never had them upon us before—those of us who can grow food products must grow more than ever: X, Boston." "At druggists and by mail. we must all aid in the saving of foods. and especially wheat, meats, and sugar; and all of us who can, though It may necessitate some sacrifice, must buy these new Liberty bonds. Properly carried through, these three great duties will prove the overbalancing power in the winning of the war, beyond a doubt. The growing of great crops and the conservation of food. and the buying of Liberty bonds, quickly mean enough food for our soldlers and our allies, and enough ships to carry It. If we fail in this the die of destiny is quite likely to fall with its skull-and-crossbones upward for us; if we do not fail, then Democracy and Liberty will come out of the crucible covered with glory. The result is inevitable.

WHO FIGHTS AT HOME? SAY !! (By ROLAND G. USHER, of the Vig-

Hantes.)

We cannot fight a war and still do business as usual. This means you and not other people. You might as well come to it first as last. The war is unusual and we shall have to have unusual business to deal with it.

The gist of it is this: The nation has just so many hands and just so much energy-just so much raw snaterial and labor. There are only 24 hours in the day and 365 days in the year. We can make only so many things in a given time with a supply of time and material. If we make some things we cannot make others. If we put sugar into candy to stuff idle women we cannot have lam to feed the soldiers. If we make autos for pleasure only, we cannot use that material, labor and energy for tanks and airplanes. If we burn the gasoline on Sundays, the boys In France cannot use it in battle.

The whole truth is that we must stop business as usual. And-this is where you come in-you must stop spending as usual. Do it now, 1'ut your money into gunpowder and not face powder; into tanks and not limousines; into food for the trenches instead of spending it in hotels and restaurants. But you cannot buy directly for the army. The government must do It. Give the government the money and BUY A LIBERTY BOND.

Your Bond Buys Explosives.

Many farmers here in America have used giant powder or dynamite in blasting out stumps and rocks and in preparing a hillside for an orchard. Explosives are dangerous to handle and we all duck our heads and run in France today our sons are having the stuff hurled at them every minute of the day and night with an occasional volley of gas shells that choke and strangle to death and they don't dare run. With the boys looking death in the face over there, we can do no more than look the issue squarely in the face here at home and buy Liberty Bonds and see that they are provided with ammunition to return the kalser just as good as he is sending across to our trenches.

We Are at War! Buy Bonds!

Do many farmers, far removed from the war, realize the seriousness of our present predicament? The very fact that the farmer is not immediately in touch with the war makes the danger more imminent. Russin is made up of farming population, probably three-fourths of which knew very little of what the war over there meant. As a result the army was not provisioned and money not kept in circulation and the military muchine collapsed. Support our army by buying bonds.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has been used for all allments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver, such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart caused by gases in the stomach. August Flower is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. Sold in all civilized countries. Give it a trial,-Adv.

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A negro lad, one of the dusky kind that come up from the South, appeared nt a local draft board recently and inquired for a questionnaire. "How old are you?" he was asked,

and his answer was: "Eighteen." "It wasn't necessary for you to regis-

ter for the draft," he was told. "Not necessary! Man, you don't know that town where Ah registered. Ah was working on the street when two big cops grabbed me and said, 'Niggah, you beat it over there and registah or we'll beat yoh hald."

He Did.

He finally managed to get the words from between his teeth.

"Will you marry me, Ethel?" he stammered.

She had just met somehody she liked better, and trying to let him down easy, she began; "I thought you knew better-"

He choked back the lump of bltterness when he realized the position which she was attempting to assume: "Oh, sure I do, but they have all turned me down," he replied.

Cuticura Kills Dandruff.

Anotht spots of dandruff with Cuticura Ointment. Follow at once by a man; next morning if a woman. For. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50 .- Adv.

What "His Bit" Really Means.

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The man who insists on seeing with perfect clearness before he decides



Building up for the Spring Attack at the Front is a good deal like putting the body in condition for an invasion of the germs of grlp, pneumonia or "Spring fever" here at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often cailed Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn when the charge is to be set off. Over out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pimply" or pale skin and white lips. The reason for this is that during the wintertime, shut up within doors, eating too much ment and too little green vegetables, one heaps fuel into the system which is not burned up and the clinkers remain to poison the system—a clogging up of the circulation—with inactive liver and kldneys, Time to put your house in order.

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WESTERN MINING AND OIL **NEWS**

Western Newspaper Union Naws Service,

Prices for Metals, New York-Lead-\$7.20 @ 7.40. Bar Sliver-917ac. Copper-\$23,12%

St. Louis.-Spelter-\$7,09. Boulder.-Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$20,00@22.50 per unit, Crude ores, 60 per cent, \$22.00@25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00@12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40

Arizona,

The Eureka mine, in the Salero district, is being operated on a lease from the Baca Float heirs, and will be ready soon to ship ore.

March production of the Minmi Copper Company totaled 5,174,365 pounds against 4,502,905 pounds in February and 4,700,483 pounds in January, The Bland mine at Patagonia is to

incorporate so stock can be sold for the purpose of raising money to develon the mine, which is now in good Mami Copper Company declared a

dividend of \$1 a share, compared with \$1.50 paid the previous quarter. The dividend is payable May 15, to stock of record May L.

Colorado.

Colorado produced \$15,955,100 in gold in 1917.

Two shifts have been put on at the Evergreen mine, Gilpin county, and also two in the mill.

The first unit of the mill of the Sunnyside Mining and Milling Company, with a capacity of 500 tons daily, is now in operation at Eureka, near Sil-

Leadville shippers of manganese ores are hampered by the lack of sufficient cars on the railroads that enter the camp, a condition that has pre-

vailed since early last fall. Idaho Springs reports that the Gem mine, which has been the standby of that district for many years, recently was the scene of one of the richest

strikes ever made in the camp, Rico station shipped fifty cars of ore (1,250 tons), in the short and stormy moath of February. Eastern chemical manufacturers are looking up the potash possibilities of Rico's Alunite ores.

Caribou, a mining camp on the divide about twenty-three miles from Boulder, which, it is said, had a population of nearly 12,000 during the silver boom of thirty years ago, will again become famous-and rich-it is emy is about to thrust again on a big believed by mining men,

Montana.

It is asserted at the Montana metropolis that Butte's payroll, approximating \$3,000,000 monthly, is unequaled by any city in the world of similar population, which can be estimated at 100,000.

Butte & Superior Company's outrun for March was 15,000,000 pounds of zinc and 285,000 cunces of silver, mined from 48,000 tons of ore. The mill recovery was 94 per cent.

partment sends out notice that the ture of Tammerfors the White Guards Anaconda Copper Company, in re- lost 2,000 men, while 12,000 of the Red sponse to the war demand, has made Guards were either killed or wounded arrangements to utilize low-grade man- or taken prisoner, ganese ores heretofore "stacked" as worthless. John D. Ryan in a letter to Secretary Lane says that ferre-manganese is to be manufactured through the utilization of low-grade manganese ores in the Butte mines that have enemy casualties. The Germans were never been worked before and that a driven off before reaching the Amerilarge toppage has been developed in can trenches by accurate machine gun opening up mines for ores of other and automatic fire. character.

New Mexico,

Timbering of Pacific shaft has been completed by the Oaks company and work has been started on the fifth level at Mogollon.

The Mogolian saw mill logging outfit will be started within a few days and say mill will be running several weeks earlier than usual.

A force of men are working on the extension of the tailings flume in Silver creek. This will put through to storage dam built by the mills.

The South Percha mines located in the mineralized belt of the Black Range, about four miles south of Kingston, are again being operated after a lapse of almost 25 years. The ore taken out is being sacked ready for slipment. C. P. Brown, of the Empire Zinc Company is general manager for the company which has acquired these mines and under his direction a thorough survey of all the old workings has been made and a considerable force is now engaged in development work in the course of which rich ore is being traind.

Wyoming.

The Southwest Oil Company, operat. ing in the east Moorcroft field, has erected another rig on section five.

A \$10,000 road from Lunk to the Buck Creek field is being constructed | Liberty loan, by the town and county.

The Independent Torpedo Company of Findlay, Ohlo, is arranging to operate off holdings in Wyoming.

The eighth producer in the Warm Springs field, near Thermopolis, was | war. brought in on the Metz lease,

REPULSE HEAVY GERMAN ATTACK

TEUTONS HURL MASSES OF TROOPS AT ALLIES REGARD-LESS OF BIG LOSSES.

AT VLADIVSTOK

GERMAN RAID ON AMERICAN TRENCHES AT TOUL COLLAPSES WITH HEAVY CASUALTIES.

Western Newspaper Union News Service,

Paris, April 8.-Heavy fighting took place in the Oire and Somme regions but all the powerful German attacks Saturday were repelled by the French troops, except on the left bank of the Oise, where the French were forced to withdraw to positions previously prepared, according to the war office announcement.

The Germans are continuing their plunging tactics in the Amiens battle area, with their operations rapidly developing into a greatly magnified Ver-

The similarity with the classic example of a German attempt to beat down an enemy by sheer force is daily growing. This development obtrudes itself because of the narrowing of the area involved in the attack and the practice of hurling great masses of troops at the defenders of a narrow front, regardless of sacri-

Saturday, the main attack was do livered on the allied center, after the blow launched south of the Somme on Thursday and that driven in to the north of the river on Friday, had spent

Field Marshal Halg's report says that a German attack on the British lines opposite Albert Saturday was repulsed and that British counter attacks in Aveluy wood placed the British in positions formerly held by them.

The British on Sunday engaged in sharp local fighting at various points and repulsed German counter attacks. They also drove off by artillery fire two German attacks launched in the neighborhood of Bucquoy,

West of Noyon, a German detachment which had gained a foothold in the French lines were forced out by a counter attack.

The second phase of the great battle along the Somme, which the Germans began on Thursday last, has died down and there are signs that the en-

London.-According to a semi-officlai dispatch from Moscow, the following official statement has been issued there: In reference to the landing of Japanese at Vladivostok, the council of people's commissaries is undertaking political steps and at the same time orders all the soviets in Siberia to offer armed resistance to an enemy incursion into Russian terri-

A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exhange Telegraph Co From Washington the Interior De it is officially reported that in the cap-

> With the American Army in France, April 8.—Two German raids on different sectors of the American position northwest of Toul were repulsed with

TROOPS TO ENTRAIN APRIL 26.

Provost Marshal Crowder Calls 150,-000 Draft Men to Report. Washington.-On orders from Pro-

vost Marshal General Crowder the following quotas will entrain for the cantonments for the five-day period beginning April 26: Idaho, 604; Nebraska, 1,460; Nevada, 179; Utah, 618; Alubama, 3,301;

Arlzona, 470; Arkansas, 2,735; Callfornia, 4,363; Colorado, 1,029; Connecticut, 2:279; Delaware, 181; District of Columbia, 492; Florida, 3,350; Georgia, 6,356; Illinols, 8,801; Indiana, 5,968; Kansas, 1,921; Kentucky, 3,296; Louisiana, 4,549; Maine, 919; Maryland, 2,120; Massachusetts, 5,810; Michigan, 6,590; Minneaota, 3,513; Mississippl, 2,004; Missourl, 4,078; New Jersey, 2,137; New Mexico, 405; New York 10,171; North Carolina, 5,-054; North Dakota, 1,037; Ohio, 10, 302; Oklahoma, 2,291; Oregon, 923; Pennsylvania, 19,956; Rhode Island, 851; South Carolina, 1,909; South Dukota, 720; Tennessee, 4,751; Texas, 7, 817; Vermont, 421; Virginia, 1,965; Washington, 1,596; West Virginia, 1, 939; Wisconsin, 2,736; Wyoming, 325,

Liberty Bell Rings for Loan. Concord, Mass - The old bronze belt that summoned the farmers of

Concord to arms in 1775 to fight for their country's liberty rang again April 6 to call forth the resources of citizens in support of the country's

Washington,-President Wilson appointed Edward R. Stertinius second assistant secretary of war, and Fred P. Keppel third assistant secretary of

Two Assistant War Secretaries Named

Spring Colds Are the Worst

They lead to catarrh and pneumonia. They weaken the entire system and leave it unable to resist the sudden changes. They interfere with your digestion and lessen your ac-tivity. Neglected they soon become that dread disease known as sys-temic catarrh. Don't neglect them. It's costly as well as dangerous.

PERUNA Will Safeguard You

Have a box of Peruna Tablets with you for the sudden cold or exposure. Tone your sys-tem up with a regular course of the liquid Peruna, fortify it against colds, get your digestion up to normal, take care of yourself, and avoid danger. If you are suffering now begin the treatment at once. Give Nature the help she needs to throw off the catarrhal inflammation, and again become well.

Peruns has been helping people for 44 years. Thousands of homes rely on it for coughs, colds and indigestion. It's a good tonic for the weak, as well.

The Peruna Company

TYPHOD is no more necessary than S on all pox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost mirrorlous efficacy, and harmisseness, of Activiphoid Vaccination. He vaccinated NOW by was physician, you and your family. It is more vital then house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Rave you had Typhoid" is thing of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTTER LABORATORY, BERBELLY, CAL.

Wasted Energy.

"What a pity Narcissus, who pined (way because he couldn't est or sheep for admiring his own beauty, didn't live in these times." "Why, how would that have helped

"You poor boob, he could have kept on admiring bimself and got a lot out of it as a movie idal."

Had To Quit Work Gave Up Hope of Recovery, But Doan's Restored His Health. Has Been Well Since.

J. B. Ragless, carpenter, 210 W. 60th St., Chicago, Ill., anya: "My back gave out completely and I had to quit work. I could hardly endure the pain in my back and nights I tossed and turned, unable to sleep. Often in the morning my back was as stiff as a board, so that I couldn't stoop to dress



seemed to be whirling and sometimes I was so dizzy I had to grasp something to keep from failing.
"The kidney secre tions were irregular in

passage, getting me up at night and the passages hurned cruelly. I lost my appetite, was weak and listless and went down twenty-five pounds in weight. When I had almost given up hope, Dogn's Kidney Pills cured ma. Soon after, I passed an examination for life insurance and I'm glad to say cure las Insted

Sworn to before me. GEO. W. DEMPSTER, Notary Public,

Get Donn's at Any Store, 60s a Box DOAN'S HIDNEY FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Supply and Demand.

"Are the nurkets regulated by supply and demand?" "Yes," replied Mr. Dustin Stay, "The

latest system is based on a limited supply of stuff and a large demand for mornes."

Many a man's helief in his superfor wisdom makes a food of him.

CORNS LIFT OUT! COSTS FEW CENTS

Drops of magic! Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little Freezone on a touchy corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it off with the fingers. No pain! Try it!



Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without soreness or ignitation. Freezone is the much talked of discovery of the Cincinnati genius.

Crockery and Glassware

Our entire stock of dinnerware, fancy china and glassware comes from the best potteries and glass factories in the world.

We can furnish you a complete dinner set in either plain white or beautiful designs of various colors. Or we can supply a sugar and cream set, tea set, salt and pepper shakers or any small sets or single pieces that you might need.

> Our imitation cut glassware has the richness and * beauty of genuine cut glass and we have the complete water sets, berry sets, etc., in unusually attractive de-

Toiletsets, cooking sets, kitchen outfits-all at prices that will interest you.

IIIIII BUY AT HOME IIIIIIII

Come in and look around, even though you are not yet ready to buy.

The Patagonia ommercial Co

LET US MAKE YOU AN ESTEMATE

for furnishing the lumber for your proposed building or any improvements. When you get our figures you'll be surprised at their littleness, considering the fact that we deal in high grade lumber only. We shall be glad to furnish figures for any quantity of lumber your plans call for

PATAGONIA LUMBER COMPANY

J. W. MILLER, Manager.

Mail Orders Promptly Shipped

WE PREPAY FREIGHT TO PATAGONIA

LOWEST PRICES

Furniture

Hardware Implements

Samson Windmills

China and Glassware, Etc.

Geo. B. Marsh, Inc.

NOGALES

B. P. Olbert, Mgr.

ARIZONA

WOOD FOR SALE

We can furnish you with juniper, oak or mesquite wood—a full cord for \$9 cut to any desired length.

Transfer Service in Connection

PATAGONIA WOOD YARD

McCutchan and Miller, Props

THE BEST WAY

There is no better way of judging the character of a bank than by its Board of Directors.

We call your attention to the following representative men, who, with the officers, compose the Divectorate of this astitution:

A. E. DAVIS P. W. HAMILTON

LEOPOLD MAIER CHAS. E. GOETZ

A. G. SMITH, President

JO H.GETZWEILLER, Vice-Pres.

H W. ETZ, Vice President M. W. SMITH, Cashier

ARTHUR L. HENEY, Vice-Pres. K. N. COPLEN, Assistant Cashier

4 Paid on Time Deposits

3" Paid on Savings Deposits

COCHNE COUNTY STATE BANK

GROCERS HELP

SIGN PLEDGE TO CARRY OUT **FOOD ADMINISTRATION** PROGRAM.

POST CARDS IN STORES.

Explain New Wheat Ruling to Thousands of Customers-Insures Greater Food Saving.

Grocers of the nation have accepted enthusiastically the 50-50 basis for the purchase of wheat flour and are doing their utmost to explain the new reguintion to the housewife. This ruling by the U. S. Food Administration requires each purchaser of wheat flour to buy one pound of cereal substitute, one kind or assorted, for every pound of wheat floor. It was necessary to restrict the use of wheat flour in order that the ailies and our fighting forces abroad might be assured of an adequate supply of wheat to meet their vital needs. This supply must come from our savings because we have already sent our normal surplus.

Wheat saving pledge cards were forall retail food merchants, and these throughout the country. This card carry out the Food Administration program. In accordance with this order we will not sell may wheat flour except where the purchaser buys an equal weight of one or more of the following, a greater use of which in the home will save wheat:

"Cornment, corn flour, edible corn starch, hominy, corn grits, barley flour, potato floor, sweet potato flour, soy enn flour, fererita flour and men's, rice, rice flour, oatmeal, rolled oats and buckwheat flour."

Some confusion has resulted on the this "50-50" ruling to mean that an equal amount in value of substitutes must be purchased with wheat flour. This is a misraken idea. The ruling states that the consumer in purchasing flour shall "buy at the same time an equal weight of other cereals."

One exception to this ruling is concerning graham flour and whole wheat flour, which may be sold at the ratio of three pounds to five pounds of wheat flour. This provision is made because approximately 25 per cent. more of the wheat berry is used in the manufacture of these flours than standard wheat flour,

Another exception is that concern-

ing mixed flours containing less than 50 per cent, of wheat flour, which may be sold without substitutes. Retaliers, however, are forbidden to sell mixed flours containing more than 50 per cent, of wheat flour to any person unless the amount of wheat flour substitutes sold is sufficient to make the total amount of substitutes, including those mixed in flours, equal to the total amount in wheat flour in the mixed wheat thour and 40 per cent, substitutes it is necessary that an additional the great blessing that God has given, 20 per cent, of substitutes be purchased. This brings it to the basis of one pound of substitutes for each pound of wheat flour.

A special exemption may be granted upon application in the case of speciatly prepared infants' and invalids' food containing flour where the necessity is

Some misunderstanding seems to exist on the part of consumers in assuming that with the purchase of wheat flour one must confine the additional 50 per cent, purchase to one of the substitutes. This is not the case. One may select from the entire range of substitutes a sufficient amount of each to bring the total weight of all subsfitutes equal to the weight of the wheat flour purchased. For instance, it a purchase of 24 pounds of wheat flour selected as follows;

Cornmeal, 8 pounds; corn grits, 4 pounds; Mce, 4 pounds; buckwheat, 2 pounds; corn starch, I pound; hominy, 2 pounds; rolled onts, 3 pounds. These substitutes may be used in

the following manner: Cornmeal, 8 Pounds.-Corn bread, no flour: corn muffins or spoon bread, one-fourth flour or one-third rice or

tutes in whole brend. gravy, making custard, one-third sub- country. stitute in cake.

Rolled Oats, 3 Pounds,-One-fourth half substitute in muffius; breakfast porridge, use freely; ontment cookies. United States financially; it is a poor

Buckwhent Flour, 2 Pounds .- One-

Hominy, 2 Pounds -Bolled for dinner, baked for dinner, with cheese and diamond orders exchanged bu-Rice, 4 Pounds.-One-fourth substi-

tute in wheat bread, one-third substi- But a Libert" Loan button, almylo ga inte in corn bread, boiled for dinner ta | is, signifies a patriotic duty done bread cut), as a breakfast food, to thicken scups, rice pudding instead of cake or ple, rice batter cakes,

Several grocers have stated that their customers who strictly observe the 11 whentless meals each week find it necessary to buy substitutes in addition to those ordered under the 50-

EVERY WOMAN IN 50-50 PLAN CAN HELP NEXT LIBERTY LOAN

Woman's Committee for Twelfth Federal Reserve District to Form an Organization

By MRS. A. S. BALDWIN

(Chairman Woman's Liberty Loan Committee, Twelfth Federal Reserve District)

Now that we are actively in the war and our men are in the front line trenches; are being killed; are being gazsed; are being malmed for life, it would seem that every woman in the and should be in the front ranks of the civilian workers to help the men win the war.

Each of us has her part to play, however small it may be, and whether it be great or small it is of importance that each shall perform her part to the utmost of her ability.

Some can buy Liberty Bonds, some can influence others to buy. Perhaps warded by the Food Administration to some can only help by conserving the use of food and clothing and by econare being signed and posted in stores omizing in household expenditues, thus liberating and augmenting the states, "We pledge ourselves loyally to essentials which must be sent 'over there" for the use of our army and for the destitute civilian population of our nilles

> In whatever way each woman of this Twelfth Federal Reserve District can help, let her do her utmost that we who are farthest from the front may sustain our part of the struvele. and keep for ourselves and our children the blessings and privileges we have inherited, and thus make it possible to win like blessings for the mil-Hons who are now in actual bondage.

We should not only save to help, part of the consumer in construing but the great lesson to be learned also is to do now without non-essentials and to make sacrifices so that the labor which produces what we consider to be even essentials may be used to produce those things which are actually essential for the support and safety of those who are carrying the burden of this unprecedented struggle for freedom and democracy.

The mim of the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee is to form an organisation which shall make the woman in every home in the land realize these conditions and her reaponstbility, that the measage shall not reach per only from one direction, but from many, so that she shall be brought to a full realization of her responsibility.

PAY THAT DEBT. SAYS BILL HART

William S. Hart, of moving picture fame, is one of the enthusiastic advocates for a general response to the Government's appeal for subscripflour. For instance, if any mixed flour tions to its Liberty Loans. Here is what Hart says

"Every American who has accepted and has fived the large and free life bought by the blood of many brave and devoted men, and passed on to us a priceless heritage, has a chance now to repay.

"It is for him at this instant to testify to the world what he knows he owes bls country.

"He should at once, and cheerfully, give a little of his goods that his country has secured to him. "He should promptly say to the

world, which is listening, and perhaps cynteally criticising: 'When my coun try asks me for life or for money I cheerfully offer both. "He should demonstrate that pa-

triotism is something greater and more sacred than an idle sentiment. "And in contributing according to his means for the high purpose placed is made a range of substitutes may be before him by his President, he should oppreciate that in reality he is make ing no gift, but is investing in the greatest security in the world-THE PLEDGE OF THE UNITED STATES

A BADGE OF HONOR

OF AMERICA."

A Liberty Lean button is a badge one-third hominy; 20 per cent, substi- of honor, Rightfully obtained it marks the wenrer as one who has performed Corn Starch, 1 Pound.-Thickening a distinct, definite service to the

Not all can fight, not all can work Corn Grits, 4 Pounds,-Fried like directly for the Government, but in mush, used with meal in making corn buying a Liberty Loan Bond, or War Savings Stamps, every American rendors some service to the nation. It to one-third substitutes in bread, one- has been put within the reach and power of every citizen to aid the American who withholds support from the Government, from our soldiers and fourth substitute in bread, buckwheat saffers fronting death on battlefields

> Iron crosses to German soldiers, tween Purkish and German sovereline may be but the honors of structly and is an instents of honor.

"All that our soldiers need is a still better rear organization." - George Clemenceau, former Premier of France, Jon. 14, 1916. It is up to you to provide that by buying Liberty

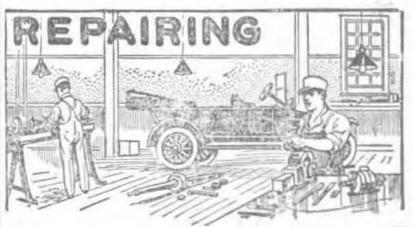
EVERYONE MUST HELP.

Wars cannot be fought without money, and upon the Treasury centers every financial demand upon the Nation,

The rich of this country cannot alone meet the needs of the Nation: the men of the country cannot do it alone; the women of the country cannot do it alone; but all of us, the people of the United States, disregarding partizanship, forgetting selfish interests, thinking only of the supremacy of right and determining to vindicate the majesty of American ideals and secure the safety of America and civilization, can do the great and splendid work which God has called upon us to do.

W. G. McADGO.

Secretary of the Treasury.



Let Us Solve Your Troubles

Our facilities for making repairs on all kinds of cars place us in a position to tackle the hardest kind of jobs.

THE PATAGONIA GARAGE PAT PATTERSON, MOR.

Are you two young folks sure you won't be poor in your old age? Are you providing for it or just alipping and tripping along with no fear of the years? If you fail to be thrifty old age will be

This bank makes special provisions for young married folks. Husband and wife can open a "joint account" which permits either to draw out and deposit funds. It makes them SURE they won't be POOR in the evening of life.

The First National Bank of Nogales,

Nogales, Arizona.

ASSETS OVER \$2,000,000.00

Staple & Fancy Groceries Hardware of All Kinds

Wholesale and Retail MAY BE HAD AT ALL TIMES

Patagonia's Up-to-Date Store EVANS MERCANTILE CO.

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Best Ventilated, Most Aitractive Playhouse in the Southwest

Courteous Lady Ushers Always in Attendance

High Class Entertainment in the Afternoon and Evening Furnished Under the Personal Direction of Past Masters in the Business

The Last Word in Movies

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CHILDREN'S, LADIES' AND MEN'S SWEATERS

BOYS' AND MEN'S MACKINAWS EVERYTHING IN DRY GOODS

Come in and ask to see the goods; it doesn't cost anything to look

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NOGALES

Bowman Hotel Building

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EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME

Write us when in need of furniture, chinaware, stoves, ranges. We carry a full line and will be glad to quote prices on application.

Agents for Baldwin Pianos and Player Pianos

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

J. E. Hopkins.

F. D. Valles.

Only the most capable men are employed by us, and carefulness is our motto. We treat every car we work upon exactly as though it were our own.

We will gladly quote you prices on storage with full service or part service. Or we can give you service without storage if you prefer.

Why not give us a trial and let the results determine future relations between us? Pay us a call and we can talk it over.

THE AMERICAN GARAGE

STAG BARBER SHOP

Geo, Januel, Prop. - Nogales, Ariz.

Hot and Cold Baths

To while away your leisure hours in harmless pleasure, and enjoy good fellowship, come to

HERB M'CUTCHAN'S PATAGONIA POOLHALL

CIGAR STAND COLD SOFT DRINKS GOOD CIGARS RE-FINISHED POOL TABLES

Patagonia-Nogales AUTO STAGE

Leaves Commercial Hotel, Patagonia, at 9:30 a. m.; returning, leaves Montezuma hotel, Nogales, 4:30 p. m.



NOVELTIES, JEWELRY, SOUVENIRS, INDIAN BASKETS, MEXICAN ART, CIGARS, TOBACCO, ETC.

Nothing in stock you would be ashamed to own or to present to a friend or relative.

Nugales, Arlzona Montezuma Hotel Bldg.

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SANTA CRUZ ABTRACT & TITLE COMPANY

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MILTONITE

IS A NEW PUNCTURE PREVENTIVE

and it absolutely prevents punctures in tires. 100, per cent less trouble. M. L. COLLINS, NOGALES, ARIZONA Distributor for Santa Cruz County, Arizona, and Sonora, Mexico

Hardware, Implements, Furniture, Glassware, Crockery, Rugs, Etc.

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ARIZONA

ALLIES DEMAND MORE CEREALS

American Meat Restrictions Relaxed to Effect Greater Wheat Savings.

Meat Supply' Here Considerably Enlarged - Food Administration, However, Warns Against

The allies have made further and increased demands for breadstuffs, had seen them before, Gargantuan these enlarged demands being caused to some degree by shortage in arrivals necessary for the U.S. Food Administration to urge a still further reduction in the consumption of bread and breadstuffs generally if we are to meet our export necessities. The Food Admin-Istration has issued a statement explaining the situation in detail, particularly the reasons which lend it, for the purpose of centering effort for the hold, time being upon the cereal situation ! to relax temporarily the restrictions on ment consumption.

Experience shows, this statement says, that the consumption of breadstuffs is intimately associated with the consumption of meat, For various reasons our supplies of meat for the next two or three months are considerably enlarged, and we can supply the which transportation facilities render possible and at the same time somewhat increase our own consumption. In these circumstances the Food Administration considers it wise to relax the voluntary restrictions on meat consumption to some extent with a view to further decreasing bread consump-

Conservation of food must be ad-Justed to meet necessities from time to time, for neither production, nor allied demands are constant factors, nor can any of these factors be anticipated for long periods in advance in the disturbed conditions in which we at present live. While the world situation is not one that warrants any relaxation in the efforts to eliminate waste or to relax economy in food, the Administration desires to secure better adjustment in food balances.

So long as the present conditions continue the only special restrictions we ask are the beefless and porkless Tuesday,

The mentless meal and the porkless Saturday are no longer asked,

The farmers of the United States are responding to the national call to increase hog production. Their increase, to all appearances, is being attained more rapidly. Of more immediate importance, however, are several complex factors which have effected an immediate increase in meat sup-

The transportation shortage before the government took over the rallrouds, the bad wenther in January and early to February, the large percentmature corn in the fast har vest and the necessity of feeding this corn as rapidly as possible to save it from decny, have not only resulted in backing up the animals-particularly hogs-on the farms for a longer period of feeding, but have resulted in a and will result, with improved transportation conditions, which already appear, in larger than normal arrivals at months. The weight of hogs coming to the market for the past two weeks indicates an increase in weight of year to the almost unprecedented average of 232 pounds, or a net increase in their meat value of over 15 per cent. This is a distinct addition to the nation's ment supply. It therefore now seems certain that we have such enlarged supplies for at least some months to come, that we can not ouly increase our exports to the allies to the full extent of their transportation facilities, but at the same time cun properly increase our domestic

The response of the public to our requests for reduced consumption of meat during the past few months has been most gratifying, and this service alone has enabled the government during this period to provide such supplies as transportation to the ailles

The Administration also suggests that in those parts of the country says: "In the evening we divide our where the old fashioned home preservation of pork is still the custom, this practice should be extended at the present time, as it will relieve the burden upon transportation to and from the packing houses and is economically sound as saving the cost of packing operations and at the same time will provide home supplies of pork to last over the months of decreased supplies.

The Food Administration desires to repeat that it does not want to give the impression that these are times when simplicity and moderation of living are not critically necessary, but that its sole desire is to secure an adstment between our different food supplies and meet changing conditions from time to time and to keep the publie fully and frankly advised of its position with the full confidence and restance that whenever it becomes necessary renewed appeals for saving will met the same loyal response as in the

LIFE PRIMITIVE AND RUGGED

Scenes on Bosom of Russia's Mighty River Cannot Be Duplicated Anywhere on Earth.

The days on the Volga are as alike as the white towns strung on the Volga chain, and all laden with a sense of life, sluggish and princil and potential. The scent of place, of new-mown hay, of drying nets, and the fragrance of Illies; brawny red-shirted sailors shouting and splashing each other with ARGENTINE ARRIVALS SHORT, water as they scrub the decks; the whistling of grain steamers; the sound of hammers from barges building along the shore; unchor chains rattling as we drop into the wharf where fishermen are unloading their shining catch. It is a robust river life, not familiar, but transposed into strange keys and staged Inrgely.

The rafts seemed the most essen tially Russian part of the Volga. We yellow logs, as delicious looking as taffy, dragged from a forest in Tver from the Argentine. It is, therefore, and bound together with suplings, each raft bearing a tiny but for the familles who make the journey with the rafts to the sea. Now we met them on the river, peopled with rollicking figures, who balanced themselves with long poles and laughed and shouted uninfelligible cries to us as the surge of the steamer threatened their foot-

The truckers, borilaki, we never say; debased men of herculean strength. muscles knotting in their hairy throats, thews straining like horses against the dead weight of the barges as Riepin had painted them. They have passed with the sails. But the other figureson the rafts, in the fishing bonts-are their brothers. And never have I felt life emerging so freshly from the black afflies with all of the meat products | mold .- Olive Gilbreath in the Yale Re-

FIRST THOUGHT IS ISOLATION

Aviator Longs for Sound of Human Voices When He Is Soaring Far Above the Earth.

I became conscious of a feeling of loneliness, writes James N. Hall, in the Atlantic, I remembered what J. B. had said that morning. There was something unpleasant in that isolation, something to make one look longingly down to earth; to make one wonder whether we shall ever feel really at home in the nir. I, too, longed for the sound of human voices, and all that I heard was the rone of the motor and the swish of the wind through wires and struts-sounds which have no human quality in them, and are no more companionable than the lapping of the wayes would be to a man adrift on a raft in midocean. Underlying this feeting, and, no doubt, in part responsible for it, was the knowledge of the fallibility of that seemingly perfect mechanism which rode so steadily through the nir; of the quick response which that ingenious arrangement of inonlimate matter would make to an eternal and inexorable law, if a few frail wires should part; of the equally quick, but less phiegmatic response of another fallible mechanism, capable of registering horror, capable, it is said, of passing its past life in review in the space of a few seconds, and thencapable of becoming equally inunimate

Determining Age of Planets.

A novel idea in estimating the physical condition of planets was put forth by M. Veronnet before the Academie des Sciences at a recent meeting in Paris. He based it upon a calculation great increase in their average weight of the quantity of water that rocks such as granite and porphyry absorb

before becoming perfectly dry. He said that on the moon all water market for the next two or three has been completely absorbed by slow diffusion as the rocks gradually cooled. Venus is still surrounded by a thick layer of vapor, while no water has yet from an average of 203 pounds tast, been condensed on the surface of Mercury, this planet being still in a condition in which its geological life has not begun, and consequently no clouds have yet formed on its surface,

> M. Veronnet calculates that the rocks of our earth now contain absorbed water which would cover the earth to an average depth of about 400 metres.

Titled Lady as Shoemaker.

It is an interesting fact that, although the women of the United Kingdom have invaded most employments that formerly were followed chi fly by men, the shoemaking trade has not experienced much change in this respect. Yet, something over a hundred years ngo, shoemaking was one of the "employments of high society" in i. adon. Lady Sarah Spencer, in a letter to ber brother, written about the year 1808, time between music and showaaking, which is now the staple trade of the family. I am today in a state of great vanity, for I have made a pair of shoes -there is news for you. So if all other trades fail I shall certainly establish myself, cross-legged, at the corner of an alley to earn a livelihood in the midst of leather, awis and band

Don't Have a Double Chin.

An investigator declares that the double chin can be controlled and very largely mitigated. It depends largely upon the carriage and pose of the head. The person who has a repented chin, or is threatened with one, should recall and practice Dr. Edward Everett Hale's fumous núvice: "Look up, not down." The person who sits, or stands, or walks, with no erect body and keeps the chin up-tilted, can defy the crease and the fatty ridges.

PATAGONIA BARBER SHOP

WM FESSLER, Prop. Children' Hair Cutting Shop Closed on Sunday

AGENT TUCSON STEAM LAUNDRY

Laundry sent on Monday, returned Saturday

A. F. KERR.

A. M. GILLESPIE

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CAPITAL, \$50,000,00

Member of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas

Transacting a General Banking Business in Nogales, Santa Cruz County, Arizona.

DIRECTORS: W. J. Neuman, S. Leeker, A. F. Kerr, J. E. Wise, J. A. Harrison, A. M. Gillespie

The Third LIBERTYLOAN Campaign Is Here INVEST FOR VICTORY

A. S. Henderson

General Merchandise HAY and GRAIN

Merchandise of all kinds costs more now than formerly, but we are still selling goods at the lowest possible margin of profit.

MR. MOTORIST!

WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT CORD TIRES?

Do you know that "FEDERAL" Cord Tires ride easier, coast further, last longer, and save more gasoline than any other cord tire on the market today? If you do not know these things write or call on us and be convinced.

Roy & Titcomb,

(Incorporated)
Automobile Accessory Department

Nogales, Arizona. "If It's a Federal It's Right"

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PENDERGRASS' AMUSE-MENT PARLOR

THE YUKON TRAIL

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An Alaskan Love Story

William Macleod Raine

The frozen north is in inexhaustible mine of stories, on which poet and novelist may draw to their heart's content. William Macleod Raine knows his Alaska well; but he has peopled it, not with prospectors, good seekers and squaw men, though all these play their part, but with city-bred men and women self-exiled to the wilderness, as they throw themselves heartfly into the contest for which the qualification is energy, and the stake the future of Alaska.

> CHAPTER I. Going "in."

glow of it still clung to the face of the broad Yukon, as a flush does to the soft, wrinkled cheek of a girl just roused from deep sleep.

mir it was still day. There was light tinued the miner. "His superintendent enough for the four men playing plnochle on the upper deck, though the women of their party, gossiping in Frozen Guich. He hammered his big chairs grouped near at hand, had at fist into the bread basket of the ringlast put aside their embroidery. The leader and said, 'Git!' That fellow's girl who sat by herself at a little dis- running yet, I'll bet. Then Mac called tance held a magazine still open in the men together and read the riot act

Gordon Elliot had taken the boat at Pierre's Portage, fifty miles farther you could bat an eye. It was the cleandown the river. He had come direct est hurry-up job I ever did see." from the creeks, and his impressions of the motley pioneer life at the gold diggings were so vivid that he had found an isolated corner of the deck where he could scribble them in a notebook while still fresh.

But he had not been too busy to see that the girl in the wicker chair was as much of an outsider as he was. Plainly this was her first trip in. Gordon was a stranger in the Yukon country, one not likely to be overwelcome when it became known what his mis-

From where he was leaning against the deckhouse Elllot could see only a fine, chiseled profile shading into a mass of crisp, black hair, but some quality in the detachment of her personality stimulated gently his imagina-

tion. He wondered who she could be, A short, thickset man who had ridden down on the stage with Elliot to Pierre's Portage drifted along the deck toward him. He wore the careless garb of a mining man in a country

which looks first to comfort. "Bound for Kuslak?" he asked, by way of opening conversation.

"Yes," answered Gordon.

The miner nadded toward the group under the awning. "That bunch lives at Kusiak. They've got on at different places the last two or three daysexcept Selfridge and his wife; they've been out. Guess you can tell that from hearing her talk-the little woman in red with the snappy black eyes. She's spillin' over with talk about the styles in New York and the cabarets and the new shows. That pot-belifed little fellow in the checked suit is Selfridge.

He is Colby Macdonald's man Friday." Elliot took in with a quickened interest the group bound for Kusiak. He had noticed that they monopolized as a matter of course the best places on the deck and in the dining room. They were civil enough to outsiders, but their manner had the unconscious selfishness that often regulates social acdvities. It excluded from their gayety everybody that did not belong to

"That sort of thing gets my goat," the over there have elected themselves politicians mostly."

"That's the way of the world, isn't it? Our civilization is built on the group system," suggested Eillot.

"Maybe so," grumbled the miner. "But I hate to see Alaska come to it. Me, I saw this country first in ninetypass. Every man stood on his own plank was thrown out. hind legs then. He got there if be the guts to stand the gaff."

"I suppose it was a wild country, Mr. Strong."

The little miner's eyes gleamed. stand for anything that wasn't on the level. It was a poor man's countrywages fifteen dollars a day and plenty of work. Everybody had a chance. Anybody could stake a claim and gamble on his luck. Now the big corporations have slipped in and grabbed the best. It ain't a prospector's propowe've got savings banks. The widefavor of moving pictures. And, as I anid before, we've got Society."

"All frontier countries have to come to it."

"Hmp! In the days I'm telling you about that crowd there couldn't 'a' the miner back among his companions. this pampered heiress of the ages and hustled ment to fill their bellies three meals. Parasites, that's what they are. They're living off that bunch of glance in the direction of the angry He was the embodiment of the domiroughnecks down there and folks like men pressing toward him,

With a wave of his hand Strong pointed to a group of miners who had boarded the boat with them at Pierre's The midnight sun had set, but in a Portage. There were about a dozen of crotch between two snow peaks it had the men, for the most part husky, kindled a vast caldron from which rose heavy-set foreigners. Elliot gathered a mist of jewels, garnet and turquoise, from their talk that they had lost their topax and amethyst and opal, all jobs because they had tried to organswimming in a sea of molten gold. The lize an inciplent strike in the Frozen Gulch district.

"Roughnecks and booze fightersthat's all they are. But they earn their way. Not that I blame Macdon-Except for a faint murkiness in the ald for firing them, mind you," conup there was too soft. These here Swedes got gay. Mac hit the trail for to them. He fired this bunch on the boat and was out of the camp before

> "From what I've heard about him, he must be a remarkable man."

"He's the biggest man in Alaska,

This was a subject that interested Gordon Elliot very much. Colby Macfonald and his activities had brought him to the country,

"Do you mean personally-or because he represents the big corporations?"

"Both. His word comes pretty near being law up here, not only because he stands for the Consolidated, but because he's one man from the ground

"Do you mean that he's squarehonest?"

"You've said two things, my friend," answered Strong dryly. "He's square. If he tells you anything, don't worry because he ain't put down his John Hancock before a notary. Don't waste any time looking for fat or yellow streaks in Mac. They ain't there. No body ever heard him squeal yet and what's more nobody ever will."

"No wonder men like him," "But when you say honest- No! Not the way you define honesty down in the States. He's a grabber, Mac ia." "What does he look like?"

"Oh, I don't know." Strong hesitated, while he searched for words to show the picture in his mind. "Big as a house-steps out like a buck in the spring-blue-gray eyes that bore right through you." "How old?"

"Search me. You never think of age when you're looking at him. Forty five, mebbe-or fifty-I don't know.' "Married?"

"No-o." Hanford Strong nodded in the direction of the Kuslak circle. "They say he's going to marry Mrs. Mallory. She's the one with the red hair."

It struck young Elliot that the miner was dismissing Mrs. Mallory in too cavaller a fashion. She was the sort of woman at whom men look twice, and then continue to look while she appears magnificently unaware of it. miner went on sourly. "Those women Her hair was not red, but of a lustrous bronze, amazingly abundant, and Society with a capital S. They put on dressed in waves with the careful skill all the airs the Four Hundred do in of a coffeur. Slightest shades of New York. And who are they any- meaning she could convey with a lift how?-wives to a bunch of grafting of the eyebrow or an intenation of the musical voice. If she was niready fencing with the encroaching years there was little evidence of it in her opulent good looks.

The whistle of the Hannah blew for the Tatiah Cache landing while Strong seven-packed an outfit in over the and Elliot were talking. The gang-

A man came to the end of the wharf was strong-mebbe; he bogged down carrying a sultcase. He was well-set, on the trail good and plenty if he was thick in the chest and broad-shoulweak. We didn't have any of the ar- dered. Looking down from above, tificial stuff then. A man had to have Gordon Elliot guessed him to be in the early thirties.

Mrs. Mallory was the first to recognize him, which she did with a drawling little shout of welcome, "Oh, you, "Best country in the world. We didn't Mr. Man. I knew you first. I speak for you," she cried.

The man on the gangplank looked up, smiled and lifted to her his broad in among his socks and underwear was gray hat in a wave of greeting. "How do you do, Mrs. Mallory? Glad

to see you." The miners from Frozen Gulch were grouped together on the lower deck. sition any more. Instead of fare banks | At sight of the man with the suitcase a sullen murmur rose among them. open dance hall has quit business in Those in the rear pushed forward and man. He was talking with Mrs. Malclosed the lane leading to the cabins. One of the miners was flung roughly ously in a steamer chair she had the stroke. against the new passenger. With a brought aboutd at St. Michael's. It wide, powerful sweep of his arm the man who had just come abourd hurled | contrast greater than the one between

ordered the mate sharply,

The big Cornishman who had been dius. The bag and the hend of the bend men to their wills. miner came into swift impact. Like a bullock which had been poleaxed, the man went to the floor. He turned over with a groan and lay still.

The new passenger looked across the buge, sprawling body at the group of miners facing him. They glared in savage hate. All they needed was a nights to one another as they left. leader to send them driving at him with the force of an avalanche. The man at whom they raged did not give an inch. He leaned forward slightly, his weight resting on the balls of his feet, alert to the finger tips.

"Next," he taunted. Then the mate got busy. He hustled his stevedores forward in front of the miners and shook his fist in their faces as he stormed up and down. If they wanted trouble, by Jove! it was waiting for 'em, he swore in apoplectic

fury. The Hannah was a river boat

and not a dive of wharf rats! The man with the sultcase did not walt to hear out his tirade. He followed the purser to his stateroom, dropped his baggage beside the berth, and joined the Kuslak group on the

upper deck. They greeted him engerly, a little effusively, as if they were anxious to prove themselves on good terms with

"What was the matter?" asked Selfridge. "How did the trouble start?" The hig man shrugged his shoulders. It didn't start. Some of the outfit thought they were looking for a row, but they balked on the job when Tre-

lawney got his." Gordon, as he watched from a little distance, corrected earlier impressions. This man had passed the thirties. He had the thick neck and solid trunk of middle life, but he carried himself so superbly that his whole bearing denied that years could touch his splendid

Strong had stepped to the wharf to talk with an old acquaintance, but when the boat threw out a warning ignal he made a hurrled goodby and me on board. He rejoined Elliot. "Well, what d'you think of him?

physique.

Was I right?" The young man had already guessed who this imperious stranger was. "I never saw anybody get away with a hard job as easily as he did that one. You could see with half an eye that those fellows meant fight. They were

"Bluffed them-buh! I was where I ould see just what happened. Colby Macdenald wasn't even looking at Trelawney, but you bet he saw him start. That suitcase traveled like a streak of

all primed for it-and he bluffed them



Like a Bullock Which Had Been Poleaxed, the Man Went to the Floor.

You'd 'a' thought it weighed about two pounds. That ain't all, elther. Mac used his brains. Guess what was in that grip." "The usual thing, I suppose."

"You've got another guess-packed about twenty pounds of ore samples. The purser told me, It was that quartz that put Trelawney to sleep so thorough that he'd just begun to wake up

when I passed a minute ago." The young man turned his eyes again upon the big Canadian Scotslory, who was leaning back luxuriwould have been hard to conceive a belp. as he strode forward did not even looked down into her mocking eyes. nant male-efficient to the last inch of "Here. Keep back there, you fel- his straight six feet. What he wanted

lows. None of that rough stuff goes," he had always taken, by the sheer | swimmer. With one hand Macdonald | drowned Northrup after he had saved strength that was in him. Back of her smiling insolence lay a silken force tossed aside crouched for a spring. He to match his own. She too had taken by the hair of his head. launched himself forward with the what she wanted from life, but she awkward force of a bear. The suif- had won it by indirection. Manifestly case described a whirling are of a cir- she was of those women who conceive cle with the arm of its owner as a ra- that charm and beauty are tools to

The dusky young woman with the magnzine was the first of those on the upper deck to retire for the night. She flitted so quietly that Gordon did not notice until she had gone. Mrs. Selfridge and her friends disappeared with their men folks, calling gay good

Macdonald and Mrs. Mallory talked. After a time she too vanished.

The big promoter leaned against the deck rall, where he was joined by Selfridge. For a long time they talked in low voices. The little man had most to say. His chief listened, but occusionally interrupted to ask a sharp, incisive question.

Elliot, sitting farther forward with Strong, judged that Selfridge was making a report of his trip. Once ha caught a fragment of their talk, enough to confirm this impression.

"Did Winton tell you that himself?" demanded the Scotsman.

The answer of his employee came in murmur so low that the words were lost. But the name used told Gordon a good deal. The commissioner of the general land office at Washington signed his letters Harold B. Winton.

Strong tossed the stub of his cigarette overboard and nodded good night. A glance at his watch told Elliot that it was past two o'clock. He rose, stretched and sauntered back to his stateroom.

The young man had just taken off his coat when there came the hurried rush of trampling feet upon the hurricane deck above. Almost instantly he heard a cry of alarm. He could hear the shuffling of footsteps and the sound of heavy bodies moving.

Someone lifted a frightened shout. "Help! Help!" The call had come, he thought, from Selfridge.

Gordon flung open the door of his nom, raced along the deck and took the stairs three at a time. A huddle of men awayed and shifted heavily in front of him.

Even as he ran toward the mass, Elliot noticed that the only sounds were grunts, stertorous breathings. and the scraping of feet. The attackers wanted no publicity. The attacked was too busy to waste breath in futile cries. He was fighting for his life.

Two men, separated from the crowd, lay on the deck farther aft. One was on top of the other, his fingers clutching the gullet of his helpless opponent. The agony of the man underneath found expression only in the drumming heels that beat a tattoo on the floor. The spasmodic feet were shod in Oxford tans of an ultra-fashionable cut. No doubt the owner of the smart footwear had been pulled down as he was scaping to shout the alarm.

The runner hurdled the two in his stride and plunged straight at the struggling tangle. He caught one man by the shoulders from behind and flung him back. He struck hard, smashing blows as he fought his way to the heart of the melee. Heavy-fisted miners with corded muscles innded upon his face and head and neck. He did not care a straw for the odds.

The sudden attack of Elliot had pened the pack. The man battling against a dozen was Colby Macdonald. The very number of his foes had saved him so far from being rushed overboard or trampled down. His coat and shirt were in rags. He was bruised and battered and bleeding from the chest up. But he was still slugging

They had him pressed to the rail. A huge miner, heed down, had his arms around the waist of the Scotsman and was trying to throw him overhoard. Macdonald lashed out and landed flush upon the check of a man attempting to brain him with a billet of wood. He hammered home a short-arm jolt against the ear of the giant who was giving him the bear grip.

The big miner grunted, but hung on like a football tackler. With a jerk he raised Macdonald from the floor just as three or four others rushed him like kindling wood. The Scotsman and the man at grips with him went over the side together.

Clear and loud rang the voice of El-Hot. "Man overboard!"

The wheelsman signaled to the engine room to reverse and blew short, sharp shricks of warning.

"Men overboard-two of 'em!" explained Elliot in a shout from the boat which he was trying to lower.

The first mate and another man ran to help him. The three of them lowered and manned the beat. Gordon sat in the bow and gave directious while the other two put their backs into

Across the water came a call for "I'm sinking-hurry I" The other man in the river was a dozen yards from the one in distress.

he shat through the water. "Alt right," he called presently. "I've got him."

caught hold of the edge of the boat. him. The other clutched the rescued man "Look out. You're drowning him,"

the mate warned. "Am I?" Macdonald glanced with mild interest at the head that had been until that moment submerged. "Shows how absent-minded a man gots. I was thinking about how he tried to drown me, I expect."

They dragged the miner aboard. "Go shead. I'll swim down," Mae

donald ordered. "Better come shoard," advised the

mate.

"No. I'm all right." The Scotsman pushed himself back from the boat and fell into an easy stroke. Nevertheless, there was power in it, for he reached the Hannah be fore the rescued miner had been belped to the deck.

A dozen passengers, crowded on the lower deck, pushed forward engerly to see. Among them was Selfridge, his shirt and collar torn loose at the neck and his immaculate checked suit dusty and disheveled. He was wearing a pair of up to date Oxford pumps.

Macdonald shook himself like a New foundland dog. He looked around with sardonic amusement, a grin on his swollen and disfigured face.

"Quite a pleasant welcome home," he said ironically, his cold eyes fixed on a face that looked as if it might have been kicked by a healthy mule. "Eh. Trelawney?"

The Cornishman glared at him, and turned away with a low, savage oath "Are you hurt, Mr. Macdonald?" asked the captain.

"Hurt! Not at all, captain. I cut myself while I was shaving this morning-just a scratch," was the tronic answer.

"There's been some dirty work going on. I'll see the men are punished, sir." "Forget It, captain. I'll attend to that little matter." His jaunty, almost insolent glance made the half-circle ngain. "Sorry you were too late for the party, gentlemen-most of you. I see three or four of you who were 'among those present.' It was a strictly exclusive affair. And now, if you don't mind, I'll say good night,"

He turned on his heel, went up the stairway to the deck above and disappeared into his stateroom.

CHAPTER II.

The Girl From Drogheda. Gordon Eillot was too much of a night owi to be an early riser, but next norning he was awakened by the tramp of hurried feet along the deck to the accompaniment of brusque orders, together with frequent angry puffing and snorting of the boat. From the quiver of the walls he guessed that the Hannah was stuck on a sandbar. The mate's language gave backing to his surmise.

Elliot tried to settle back to sleep, but after two or three ineffectual efforts gave it up. He rose and did one or two setting-up exercises to limber his joints. The first of these flashed the signal to his brain that he was stiff and sore. This brought to mind the fight on the hurricane deck, and he smiled. It burt every time he twiched a muscle.

The young man stepped to the lookng glass. Both eyes were blacked, bis lip had been cut, and there was a purple weal well up on his left cheek. He stopped himself from grinning only just in time to save another twinge of of that."

"Some party while it lasted. I never saw more willing mixers. Everybody seemed anxious to alt in except Mr. Wally Selfridge," be explained to his reflection. "But Macdonald is the class. He's there with both right and O'Neill. "You always smell so sweet left. That uppercut of his is vicious, and clean and violety, Aunt Sheba," Don't ever get in the way of it, Gordon Elliot."

He bathed, dressed and went on deck.

Early though he was, one passenger at least was up before him. The young woman he had noticed last evening with the magazine was doing a constitutional.

Irish he guessed her when the deepblue eyes rested on his for an instant again. The rail gave way, splintered as she passed, and fortified his conjecture by the coloring of the clearskinned face and the marks of the Celtic race delicately stamped upon it.

The purser came out of his room and loined Elliot. He smiled at sight of the young man's face. "Your map's a little out of plumb this morning, sir," he ventured.

"But you ought to see the other felow," came back Gordon boyishly. "I've seen him-several of him. I've got to give it to you and Mr. Macdonnid. You know how to hit."

"Oh. I'm not in his class." Gordon Elliot meant what he said He was himself an athlete, had played for three years left tackle on his college eleven. More than one critic had picked him for the Ali-America team. But after all he was a product of training and of the gymnasiums. Macdon-"Gangway I" he said brusquely, and the modern business berserk who With strong, swift, overhand strokes ald was what nature and a long line of fighting Highland ancestors had made him.

> The purser chuckled. "He's a good The oarsmen drew alongside the un. Mac is. They say he liked to have human beings who "sckie like hens."

Elliot was again following with his eyes the lift of the girl's movements. Apparently he had not heard what the

With a grin the purser opened another attack. "Don't blame you a bit, Mr. Elliot. She's the prettiest collegn that ever sailed from Dublin bay."

"Who is she?" "The name on the books is Shebs D'Neill,"

"From Dublin, you say?" "Oh, if you want to be literal, her aggage says Drogheds, Ireland is Ireland to me.

"Where is she bound for?" "Kustak."

The young woman passed them with little nod of morning greeting to the



The Rail Gave Way.

Fine and dainty though she purser. was, Miss O'Neill gave an impression

of radiant strength. "What is she going to de in Kusiak?" Again the purser grinned. "What do they all do-the good-looking ones?"

"Get married, you mean?" "Surest thing you know. Girls coming up ask me what to bring by way of outfit. I used to make out a long tlet. Now I tell them to bring clothes enough for stx weeks and their favor-

ite wedding march." "Is this girl ongaged?" "Can't prove it by me," said the officer lightly. "But she'll never get out of Alaska a spinster-not that girl. A She may be going in to teach, or to run a millinery store, or to keep books for a trading company. She'll stay to bring up kiddies of her own. They all

Three children came up the stairraced pell-mell across the deck to her. The young woman's face was transformed. It was bubbling with tenderness, with gay and happy laughter. Flinging her arms wide, she waited for With incoherent cries of de-

The two oldest were girls. The oungest was a fat, cuddly little boy with dimples in his soft cheeks. "I dwessed myself, Aunt Sheba

light, they flung themselves upon her.

Didn't L. Gwen?" Sheba stooped and held him off to admire. "All by yourself-just think

We helped just the teenlest bit on the buttons," confessed Janet, the oldest of the small family, "And I tied his shoes," added Gwendelen, "after he had laced them.

Gwendolen snuggled close to Miss she whispered in confidence. "You're spoiling me, Gwen," iaughed the young woman. "You've kissed the

blarney stone. It's a good thing you're leaving the bont today." Miss Gwen had one more confidence to make in the ear of her friend. "I wish you'd come too and be our new

mamma," she hegged. A shell-pink tinge crept into the milky skin of the Irish girl. She was less sure of herself, more easily embarrassed, than the average American

of her age and sex. "Are your things guthered ready for packing, Janet?" she asked quietly.

Elliott obtgins an introduction to Miss O'NellI and while the boat is taking on freight they go for a stroll and have an amazing adventure together.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Caste in Khaki.

Mayme (as two officers pass without glance)-Gee, Gert, some army men are 'ntirely blind to the female sex. Gert-Sure. I guess they must be long to that reserve corps.-Judge.

Quid Pro Quo.

think like buman beings,"

"Here's a theorist declares hens "I don't doubt they think like the

UNITED STATES AT WAR ONE YEAR

Expansion of Armed Forces Outstanding Feature of Period.

1,528,924 MEN IN THE ARMY

Official Review of Twelve Months' Activities Shows What Various Departments of Government Have Done.

The United States has been an active participant in the great world war for one year. At the opening of the second year the government committee on public information has issued a review of the first twelve months of hostilities, showing what has been done by various branches of the government to place the United States in a position to play an effective part in the ultimate defeat of Germany and her allies. The committee on public intermation says that all statements contained in the following summary of the review are authorized by the war department, navy department, United States shipping board and treasury

The outstanding feature of the first year of war, it is pointed out in the review, has been the transformation of the standing army and National Guard, composed of 9,524 officers and 202,510 men into a fighting force that now aggregates 123,801 officers and 1.528,924 enlisted men.

A statement of the adjutant general shows that the regular army which in April, 1917, comprised 5,791 officers and 121,797 men, now is made up of 10.698 officers and 503,142 men. The National Guard in April, 1917, included 3,733 officers and 76,713 men, while now it comprises 16,893 officers and 431,583 men. The reserve corps in service one year ago included 4,000 men. Now it includes 96,210 officers and 77,360 men. The National army, which did not exist one year ago, now includes 516,839 men. A substantial vanguard (military

expediency prohibiting publication of actual numbers) of this army is meeting the enemy in France today or is encamped there awaiting the call to the trenches; in 16 cantonments and 16 deliveries on more than 17,000 macamps and on numerous aviation fields and in a variety of other schools in all parts of the United States the men of the remaining army are hardening and training for their part in the great

contest overseas. Behind the activities of this vast force lies a great industry organized to produce an adequate supply of munitions, equipment, and provisions, and to provide transportation to the firing line, almost every branch of essential industry of the country baving been drawn upon to produce these material requirements.

Expeditionary Forces. Military necessity particularly forbids a detailed review of the activities of the American expeditionary forces. General Pershing and his staff arrived in Paris on June 14, 1917, 69 days after the declaration of war. The first American troops arrived in France on June 26. On July 4, in celebration of our natal day add a new fight for liberty, American raded the streets of Paris and were greeted as the forerunners of great American armies and vast quantities of supplies and ammunitions,

On October 10, 1917, 187 days after the war was declared, American soldiers went on the firing line. In January American soldiers took over permanently a part of the line as an American sector, and this line is gradunlly lengthening.

Behind the fighting line in France the American forces have scientifically prepared a groundwork of camps, communications, supply bases, and works in anticipation of operations by the full force of the army. They are building and have built railroads, hospitals, ordnance bases, and docks in They have constructed immense barracks, erected sawmills, reclaimed agricultural lands, and carried forward many incidental enter-

The construction of an ordnance base in France, costing \$25,000,000, is now well under way. Great quantities of material used in the foreign construction work have been shipped from the United States-from Inbricated tronwork for an ordnance shop to nails and crosstles for railroads, and even the piles to build docks.

All the while there has been a fairly even flow of men and materials from the United States to France. The menin the trenches, back of the lines, on the construction projects, and in the hospitals have been stendily supplied. Our losses at sea, in men and materials, have been gratifyingly small. The greatest single loss occurred on February 5, when the British ship Tuscania was torpedoed and sunk. The bodies of 144 soldiers, en route to France, have been found and 55 others were still missing on March 16.

To secure an adequate number of competent officers to lend the new armies various plans were devised. Two classes at West Point were gradunted in advance of the usual graduating dates and special examinations were held in various parts of the country for appointments from rivil life, Three series of officers' training camps have been held. Of 63,203 candidates in the first two series of camps 44,578 qualified and were awarded commissions. In the third series of camps. opened January 5, 1918, about 18,000 | cost

candidates, consisting largely of enlisted men, have been in attendance.

Corps of Engineers. At the beginning of the war the engineer troops consisted of three regiments of pioneer engineers, with trains, one mounted company, one engineer detachment at West Point. The aggregate strength was approximately 4,125 officers and enlisted men. At present the aggregate authorized strength is over 200,000, with an act-

ual strength of approximately 120,000. Of the special engineer units recruited for service on railways and in the maintenance of lines of communication, many are already in France and others are awalting recruitment to full strength in order to be ready for oversens service. The first engineer troops, 1,100 strong, to be sent abroad, arrived in France about three months after war was declared. Since that time the number has been greatly augmented. These troops have been constantly engaged in general engineering work, including the construction of railways, docks, wharves, cantonments, and hospitals for the use of the American expeditionary forces. They have, in some instances, in the performance of their duties, engaged In active combat with the enemy.

Ordnance Department. Since the outbreak of war the commissioned personnel of the ordnance department has expanded from 97 officers, operating with yearly appropriations of about \$14,000,000 and with manufacture largely confined to government arsenals, to 5,000 officers in this country and abroad, transacting an unprecedented war program for the supply of ordnance, the total direct appropriations and contract authorizations for one year having been \$4,-756,503,185.

The ordnance storage properties embrace separate warehouse buildings and miles of railroad siding, all comprehended within the depot premises, which are inclosed by electrically charged wire barriers and lighted and patrolled with unremitting vigliance. One of these depots, now under construction, will include 100 separate buildings and 50 miles of railroad specially built to serve the depot's needs. The supply division of the ordnance department handles material amounting to approximately 10,000 carloads a

While building the foundation for greater production, the ordnance department has provided 1,400,000 rifles; has brought the rate of rifle production up to 45,000 per week, sufficient to equip three army divisions; secured chine guns; brought the rate of production of machine guns from 20,000 to 225,000 per year; increased the rate of production of 3%-inch to 9-inch callber guns from 1,500 to 15,000 per year; and has arranged for the manufacture of some 35,000 motortrucks and tractors for hauling heavy guns and ammunition, which are being delivered

almost as fast as they can be shipped. One billion rounds of ammunition has been purchased for the training of troops in the cantonments alone.

An idea of the extent of the ordnance program may be gained from the following few items of purchase: Twenty-three million hand grenades, 725,000 automatic pistols, 250,000 revolvers, 23,000,000 projectiles for all calibers of heavy artillery, 427,246,000 pounds of explosives, 240,000 machine guns, and 2,484,000 rifles.

The ordnance problem, however, is no less one of quality than of quantity production. The American soldier is being provided with weapons which give, him an additional safeguard to life and a further guaranty of victory.

Achievements of the ordnance department include the Browning machine rifle, model of 1918, and the Browning machine gun, heavy type, model of 1918, production of the former now being on a quantity basis by machine process, while similar produc-

tion of the heavier type is imminent. The heavy Browning machine gun, water cooled, in a government test fired 20,000 shots in 48 minutes and

16 seconds without malfunction, Quartermaster Corps.

The magnitude of the work of the quartermaster corps is indicated by the operation of the subsistence division, which is charged with the responsibility of seeing that food supplies for the army are available at all stations from the Philippines to Lorraine. Purchases recently made included 40,000,000 pounds dried beans. 110,000,000 cans baked beans of the 1917 crop, 65,184,475 cans of tomatoes, 91,000,000 cans of condensed milk, and 20,287,000 pounds of prunes.

The establishment of the subsistence division centralized the purchases of foodstuffs for the army, previous to which such products were distributed through the depot quartermaster. Effective January 1, the central control system has resulted in greater efficlency and a big saving. In January, for instance, \$100,000 was saved under this system as compared with the prices obtained by depot quartermasters, and in February a saving of \$30,740 was made on potatoes alone. The central control system is still being perfected.

Production of 10,000 new automobile trucks is in progress for the army, in addition to purchases of 3.520 passonger cars, 6,126 motorcycles, and 5,040 bleycles, with appropriate repair and replacement equipment.

In three months the cantonment division of the quartermester general's department built 16 cantonments, each one practically a small city, comprising about 1,400 separate buildings and

providing quarters for 47,000 men. In the construction of these 16 canconments over 22,000 Individual buildings of many types were erected for the housing of the National army while in training. The construction total of \$12,465,116,500 to the armed approximately \$136,000,000. | forces

slightly more than twice the cost of building the Panama canal. The contractors' profits on the several contracts averaged only 298 per cent.

Air Service. The air service has been called upon in the past 12 months to build an enormous structure of the most highly trained personnel and the most intricate equipment with practically no foundation to start from.

Three large appropriations, including the \$640,000,000 act passed without a roll call, made a total of \$691,000,000 available for the first year. All of this has since been obligated.

Last April the air service had an almost negligible force of 65 officers and 1,120 men, 3 small flying fields, less than 300 second-rate planes, practically no aviation industry, and only the most scanty knowledge of the kaleidoscopic development abroad. The first two months of war were required to secure information, establish a staff, and work out the program finally adopted. The problem was twofoldfirst, personnel; and, second, equip-

Today the personnel is over 100 times that of a year ago, practically every member a skilled man who has gone through an intensive course of training. Schools of 11 different kinds have been instituted, courses of instruction laid out, and instructors secured, including foreign experts in a score of lines, as follows: For flyers at ground schools and flying fields; for mechanics at the flying fields and at over a dozen different factories; for photographers, balloonists, adjutants, supply officers, engineer officers, armorers, and instructors of mechanics.

Development of Navy. The development of the navy during the first year of war has given the greatest satisfaction. Its growth and nchievements during this period may

be epitomized in the following para-Strength of the navy today is early 21,000 officers and 330,000 ca-

listed men; strength a year ago was 4,792 officers and 77,946 enlisted men. Estimated total expenditures of the navy during first year of war: Disbursements and outstanding obliga-

tions, \$1,881,000,000. Total naval appropriations, real and ending, \$3,333,171,665.04.

American destroyers arrived at a British port to assist in patrolling European waters 28 days after the declaration of war.

There are now four times as many vessels in the naval service as a year

Nearly 73,000 mechanics and other civilian employees are working at navy yards and stations. When war was declared, 123 naval

vessels were building or authorized, and contracts have been placed since that time for 040 vessels. More than 700 privately owned ves-

sels have been purchased or chartered by the navy. Six new authorized battleships are designed to be of 41,500 tons, the larg-

est battleships in the world. Our 35,000-ton cruisers, 35 knots, will be the fastest in the world, their speed equaling the fastest destroyers. Prompt repairs of 109 interned German ships, partially wrecked by their crews, added more than 700,000 tons to our available naval and merchant fonnage.

The navy has developed an American mine believed to combine all the good points of various types of mines, and is manufacturing them in quanti-

During the year the latest type of naval 16-inch gun was completed for our new battleships; it throws a projectile weighing 2,100 pounds. Navy has in its possession now a

stock of supplies sufficient for the average requirements for at least one Several hundred submarine chasers, built since the war, have been deliv-

ered to the navy by 31 private concerns and six navy yards; many of these boots have crossed the Atlantic, ome in severe weather. Naval training camps have a ca

pacity of 102,000 in summer, 94,000 men in winter.

Shipping Board's Progress.

Up to date congress has authorized \$2,034,000,000, of which \$1,135,000,000 been appropriated, for the United States Shipping board and Emergency Fleet corporation; on March 1, \$353,247,955,37 of this sum had been expended.

The Emergency Fleet corporation had requisitioned March 1, 425 steel vessels and contracted for 720 steel ressels, making a total of 1,145 steel ships, of an aggregate dend-weight tonnage of \$.164,508 tons; it had let contracts for 400 wooden vessels, aggregating approximately 1,715,000 dead-weight tons; it had repaired and put in operation 788,000 dend-weight tonnage seized from Germany and

On March 5 the building program of the Emergency Fleet corporation was being carried on in 151 plants.

First Year's War Cost. Total estimated expense of the "nited States government in the first

year of war, without loans to the attles, is \$12,007,278,679.07. To help meet this expense, the trens-

ury department floated \$6,616,532,300 subscriptions to Liberty bonds. Bonds, certificates of indebtedness, War Savings certificates, and Thrift

stamps issued by the treasury up to March 12, totaled \$8,500,802,052.96. The United States government had loaned to foreign governments asso cinted in the war on March 12, 1918,

\$4,430,329,750, To March 12 the war risk insurance bureau had issued policies for a

Lemons Whiten and Beautify the Skin! Make Cheap Lotion

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months, Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the hidden roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful for rough, red hands,

Your druggist will sell three ounces of orchard white at little cost, and any grocer will supply the lemons. Adv.

Contrariness.

"Spenking of the kaiser's contrary or arbitrary attitude in this peace talk," says a well-known tegislator, 'reminds me of the Kansas farmer who was ejected in the state legislature a few years ago. The farmer was called to the chair during a session to not as speaker pro tem. A motion was made to lay a certain resolution on the table. The speaker put the motion like this:

" 'All those who want the resolution to lay on the table say age! All those who want to be contrary say no!"

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Charlet Vilitabre In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Musical Beginnings,

Mrs. Boynton caught a glimpse of her young son going to the library one afternoon concealing something behind him. Upon investigation, she discovered he had a new parous plaster which he had found in the medicine closet.

"Why, Edmund," said the mother, "what in the world are you going to do with that plaster?"

"I am going to see what time it will play on the planola, mother," replied the boy.-Puck.

How's This? We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrithat cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is tak-

en internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 25c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohlo.

Resented the Snub-An Irishman was at work on a holsting machine that carried hods of bricks to the top of a building, and brought them down empty. Happening to get caught, he was carried to the I fear compaision, not temptation." top floor, and in the orderly but rapid progress of the machine was brought to the ground rather suddenly. A fellow-workman leaned from the second the laundress. All grocers. Adv. story scaffolding and cried;

"Are you burt, Pat?" "You go to the divvie!" shouted Pat. "I passed you twicet and ye triver spoke to me."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet

for a laxative, three for a cathartic. Ad-An implement has been parented by n New York man to enable a blind

worry about labor strikes. person to thread a needle.



Roofing and Shingles

In every community under the sun, Certain-teed Roofing is giving longer and better roofing service, at a lower cost, than other kinds of roofing. Certain-tend costs less to buy, less to lay and less to maintain than any other type of roof. It is weatherproof, water

Ortain feet

proof, spark proof and fire-retarding. It cannot rust or corrode. It cannot melt under the hottest sun. It is not affected by gases, acids, fumes, smoke, etc. Certain-tent is established everywhere as the most advantageous and economical roof,

for factories, round houses, elevators, garages, warehouses, hotels, farm buildings, stores, out-buildings, etc.

In chingles, red or green, it is very popular for residences. Certain-and Roofing is guaranteed 5, 10 or 15 years according to thickness. It is sold by good dealers everywhere.

Certain-teed Products Corporation Manufacturers of

Certain-teed Paints-Varnishes-Roofing Offices and Warehouses in the Principal Cities of America

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE PARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than May 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and seturn.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR DENVER, COLORADO: CHEYENNE, WYOMING

"Are you not tempted to retire from polities?"

"No," replied Senator Sorghum; "that's a proposition concerning which

"I thought I knew what it was to have responsibilities," said the head of a large concern. "But you found yourself mistaken?"

"Yes. My wife went away, leaving a poodle, a Maltese cat and a bowl of goldfish in my care."

Builders of air castles are spared all

HAVE YOU A



office are and gives relief to corns and rest-tase bunions. The Plattgburg Camp Manual advises The Plattedry and the Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning. Ask your dealer to-day for a 25-, box of Allen's Foot-Ease, and for a 2-, stamp be will mail it for you. What rememprance could be so acceptable?

Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O .- "I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change — heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pink-ham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. Godden, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn .- "Lydia E. Pinkham'n Vegetaempound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."

Mrs. FLOBENCE ISELLA, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.



In Such Cases

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good

LYDIA E.PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES (In Advance) One Year Six Months

Entered at the postoffice at Patsgonia Arizona, as second-class mail

Three Months

THRIFT AND CONSERVATION

Last year at this time the great cry was conservation. This year it is thrift. Last year the nation was urged by the Government to conserve the natural resources and the products of the farms and fields and factories. Greater crops were urged, and canning clubs and city gardens were the order of the day. This year the nation is being taught the lesson of spending its money wisely. The nation is being shown the importance of putting every cent where it will do the most good.

Conservation and thrift go hand in hand. The fact that the farmer is being told this year to be thrifty does not mean he is not to plant every acre available and till his crops carefully and harvest them when they areready for the resper. It means that he must invest wisely the money he gets for the splendid crops he has demonstrated he is able to raise.

The farmer, as-a rule, can find something for which to spend almost every dollar he gets. There always is ma chinery to be bought or repaired. notes to be met, fertilizer to be purchased, harness, lubricating oil and groceries and clothing to be paid for in the neighboring town. But in the last few years most of the thrifty farmers have been so well paid for their produce that they are now "on their feet," or more nearly so than ever before.

This country has been good to them, for they have fived in peace and have been provided by the Federal Loan Bureau with cheap money with which to pursue the arts of peace. Any economies they can practice at this time will give them additional money with which to lend financial aid to the Government in its great war for righteousness and fair dealing.

Every dollar loaned to the Govern ment is a practical protest against the plans of a greedy, unscrupulous, soulless power intent on world conquest. and every dollar thus advanced serves to shorten the period of war and bring nearer the day of universal and enduring peace.

"Who will dare to weaken our Western front by a single troop or a single gun?"-George Clemencoau, Premier of France, Dec. 25, 1915. If you fall to buy Liberty Bonds you will weaken the front!

"We could not have endured such aggressions and survived as a selfrespecting nation of free people."-Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, at San Francisco, Oct. 11, 1917. American blood calls to you. Buy Liberty

Where the Allied Loans Co

More people than you would believe are under the impression that the money which Undle Sam is lending to the Allies leaves America for expenditure in Europe and other for eign countries.

This is a mistaken idea. Virtually all of it is expended right here at home for American produced goods, munitiens, and food stuffs.

Since the declaration of war against Germany on April 6, 1917, Congress has authorized the lending of \$7,000. 600,000 to the Allies, to be paid over before July 1, 1918. Up to November 1, the Allies had received advances aggregating \$3,691,400,000. They had expended in America for supplies \$2,758,900,000, and bad remaining to their credit in the United States treasury a balance of \$932,500,000.

From April to November the Allies had been borrowing from Uncle Sam at the rate of approximately \$500,000,-600 a month.

And they had been spending it with us almost as rapidly as they got it! So the money which you put into Liberty Bonds in the two preceding campaigns has been trickling back through channels of commerce in an uninterrupted stream. What the Al-Hes are not spending is being scattered by Uncle Sam, who is confronted with the task of supplying and caring for a developing army of nearly 2,000,000 mer.

And so it will continue as long as the war lasts. The men effect must be supplied with munitions, clothing and food. Every line of American endeavor will profit. The larger the bond sales, the greater the growth of the Allied armies and their requirements; the more tremendous the expenditures.

Every dollar you put into Liberty Bonds is an added stimulus to Amerfean industry and American pros-

Besides making more and more certain the defeat of the Kalser's ambition to rule the world with his matied fist.

"We seek no 'place in the sun' exgert the sun of Liberty."-Otto H. Kahn, Jan. 13, 1918. Every Liberty Bond brings another ray of freedom. Mought yours?

Santa Cruz Patagonian U. S. Must Cut Use Of Wheat by One-Half

America Consumed 42,000,000 Bushels Monthly. From Now Until Harvest Must Use Only 21,000,000.

RATION PER PERSON IS 11 POUNDS OF WHEAT PRODUCTS WEEKLY

Military Necessity Calls for Greater Sacrifice Here-Allied War Cread Must Be Maintained-Our Soldiers and Sailors to Have Full Allowance.

If we are to furnish the Allies with the necessary propor-

tion of wheat to maintain their war bread from now until the next harvest, and this is a military necessity, we must reduce our monthly consumption to 21,000,000 bushels a month, as against our normal consumption of about 42,000,000 bushels, or 50 per cent. of our normal consumption. This is the situation as set forth by the U. S. Food Administration at Washington. Reserving a margin for distribution to the army and for special cases, leaves for general consumption approximately 11/2 pounds of wheat products weekly per person. The Food Administration's statement continues: Many of our consumers are dependent upon bakers' bread. Such bread must be durable and therefore, requires a larger proportion of wheat products than cereal breads baked in the household. Our army and navy require a full allowance. The well-to-do in our population can make greater sacrifices in the consumption of wheat products than can the poor. In addition, our population in the agricultural districts, where the other cereals are abundant, are more skilled in the preparation of breads from these other cereals than the crowded city and industrial populations.

With improved transportation conditions we now have available a surplus of potatoes. We also have in the spring months a surplus of milk, and we have ample corn and oats for human consumption. The drain on rye and barley, as substitutes, has already greatly exhausted the supply of these grains.

To effect the needed saving of wheat cent, of the average monthly amount we are wholly dependent upon the purchased in the four months prior to voluntary assistance of the American March 1. people and we ask that the following rules shall be observed:

1. Householders to use not to exceed cense such use entirely. a total of 11/2 pounds per week of wheat products per person. This means not more than 1% pounds of victory brend containing the required cetera, percentage of substitutes and one-half pound of cooking flour, macaroni, crackers, pastry, ples, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, all combined,

2. Public eating places and clubs to observe two wheatless days per week, Monday and Wednesday, as at present. In addition thereto, not to serve to aby one guest at any one meal an aggregate of breadstuffs, macaroni, crackers, pastry, ples, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, containing a total of more than two ounces of wheat flour. No wheat products to be served unless specially ordered. Public enting establishments not to buy more than six pounds of wheat products for each pinety meals served, thus conforming with the limitations requested portion of substitutes. of the householders,

weight of other cerents.

in other weights. We also ask bakers for the accessary patience, sacrifice not to increase the amount of their and co-operation of the distributing wheat flour purchases beyond 70 per trades.

5. Manufacturers using wheat products for non-food purposes should

6. There is no limit upon the use of other cereals, flours, and meals, corn, barley, buckwheat, potato flour, et

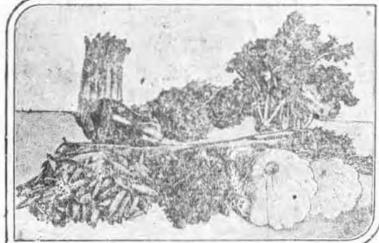
Many thousand families throughout the land are now using no wheat products whatever, except a very small amount for cooking purposes, and are doing so in perfect health and satisfaction. There is no reason why all of the American people who are able to cook in their own households cannot subsist perfectly well with the use of iesa wheat products than one and onehalf pounds a week, and we specially ask the well-to-do households in the country to follow this additional programme in order that we may provide

the necessary marginal supplies for

those parts of the community less able

to adapt themselves to so large a pro-In order that we shall be able to 3. Retailers to sell not more than make the wheat exports that are abone-eighth of a burrel of flour to any solutely demanded of us to maintain town customer at any one time and the civil population and soldiers of the not more than one-quarter of a barret allies and our own army, we propose to any country customer at any one to supplement the voluntary co-operatime, and in no case to sell wheat tion of the public by a further limitaproducts without the sale of an equal tion of distribution, and we shall place at orfce restrictions on distribution 4. We ask the bakers and grocers to which will be adjusted from time to reduce the volume of Victory bread time to secure as nearly equitable dissold, by delivery of the three-quarter (ribution as possible. With the arrival pound louf where one pound was sold of harvest we should be able to relax b fore, and corresponding proportions such restrictions. Until then we ask

Plan Your War Garden Now, Save Time and Money.



HELP INCREASE OUR EXPORT FOOD STOCKS

N CITY and country more war gardens are needed this year than ever before. Patriotism prompted 2,000,000 Americans to plant gardens last year, according to estimates of the United States Department of Agriculture. Transportation facilities of the nation will be strained this year hauling munitions of war and foods for the Allies. The surplus food cre- GOING TO NOGALES? ated by home gurdens will help in the railroad problem. And the nation will out less of the goods we must export-wheat, ment, fats and sugar. Every boy and ciri that helps with the garden is helping win the war. Leaders of instruction in

garden making may be secured from the Department of Agriculture at Wush-

The many ration in 1917 cost 43.67 eats as against 37.65; in 1910,

Our 35,000-ton croiser, expable of 35 | the sunual pay of the army sow ex | T. B. FITTS, M. D. & knots, wall be the fastest in the world reests \$500,000,000.

> Production of 10,000 new automobile make la in progress for the army.

men to 100 times that number. Eleven requirements for one year, Lots of schoot: bave been installed.

There are may fine times as many search in unval service as a year ago, The estimated pay of officers and men a the mays for the first year or war

A standard system of inspection by which foders, food administrators may keep cheek on commercial linkers is to ing washed our by the department of agriculture and the food minimum a Con-

Millions of individual savers, with he best of intentions, "forget" to save orders they are linked together in a War Savings Society, whose business It a to see that they do not forget. Plant hose "'fut get me note" everywhere,

THE OWL SAYS:

Certainly we speak Spanish

Lady clerks will serve you at the Gwl,

A lacy entered the Owl County of Santa Cruz es.

State of Alicana, Causty of Santa Cruz es.

State of Alicana, Causty of Santa Cruz es.

Before me, a notary put the State and county afor ally anaerand county afor ally anaerand county afor very superior delivery system. and purchased some Epsom salts. "Will you take them?" neked

late Shop" candlest If not, why

. . . Where They Should Go-Enkers to Cakes, Pa. Emologie to Wood, Cal. The sleepy to Gap, Pa. The said in Rust, Minn, Deadbeats on Grafis, O. Crauls to Pec liar, Mr. Actions to Stor City, Ark. Smail men to Bigger, Ind. Banke's to Deposit, N. Y. tild merias to Antiquity, O. Lovers to Spoonville, Mich. Comblers to Phon Heel, N. C. Physicians to Doctortown, Ga. Prohibitionists to Drytown, Cal. Prescriptions to Owl Drug Store.

Now wasn't that one sweet and

Don't forget that mail orders age given prompt and careful attention. Send as your prescriptions.

Ruch in at the Owl, hastly ent one of our lanchemetter, then rush out about your losiness. Service, huh?

Latest magazines await you at our magazine counter,

Buy your Liberty Bond today. . . .

With fears of joy in our eyes "acsiness is 6000."

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

Halls and Dolson Owners-Owl Drug Store

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL

E. R. Pordom Frank J. Duny Duffy & Purdum

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW NOGALES

ETCRACE BATTERY WORK lone quicker and botter than elsewhere.

We employ an expert, and guarantee NOGALES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND

POWER COMPANY

Bowman Mercantile Company Dealer in

HAY AND GRAIN

HOTEL BURTON

Nogales, Arigona RATES 31 00 PER DAY All Datside Rooms

Cleanest and Best Bols in Arizona

When hungry, you just naturally

start for the best food served there. KING'S CAFE formerly, the New England Litcher,

Physician and Surgeon PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

The air personnel in the first year of The pavy now has in its possession a was increased from 65 officers and 1120 stock of supplies sufficient for average

LEGAL ADVERTISING

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Notice is lovery given that flaymond

L. Schoek, of Figin, Arizona, who, on January 22, 1913, made Homestead Entry So. 521975 for Egg Junuary 22, 1913, made Homestead Entry So. 521975, Section 3, Township 20 8, hange 17 k., U. & S. R. B. & Missionan, has ided notice of intention 1; El₂SEl₃, Section 5, Township 20 8, make three-year Proof, to establish igange 18 c., G. & S. R. R. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make filed notice of intention to make five year Proof, to establish claim to the lami above described, before year Proof, to establish claim to five year Proof, to establish claim to five year Proof, to establish claim to five year Proof, to establish five property of the lamination of the laminat the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. & Commissioner, at Sooita, Arizona, on the 15th day of May,

Claimant names as witnesses: Henry V. Pike, August Jepsen, Elmer King, Charles E. Davis, all of Elgus, Arimun-JOHN L. HEVIN, Register. 1st pub. April 12-5th pub. May 10

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, STC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912,

of the Santa Cruz Petagoniau, puls ished weekly at Patagonia, Arigona, for April, 1918.

Before me, a notary poolic in and for 17 E, G, & S, R, B, & Meridian, has filed the State and county aforesaid, person notice of intration to make three-year ally appeared Howard Keeper, was, Proof, to establish claim to the land having been duly sworn needing to above described, before W. P. Christlaw, deposes and says that he is the mann, U. S. Commissioner, at Souoita owner of the Santa Cruz Patagonian, Arizona, on the Effed day of April, 1918, owner of the Owl sterks thinking and the following is, to the best of his haswledge and helief, a true state man F. Spring, Edward S. Black, "Oh, no!" she flustered, "they are for John."

Girls does be being you "Chocollist Shop" and Regulations, printed on the reverse late Shop" and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this fact, why are the owner of the Santa Craz Patagonian, Arizona, in the Effed day of April, 1918, Chains as witnesses: Herman F. Spring, Edward S. Black, Chains O. Patagon, all 3 of Elgin, Arizona, in the Effed day of April, 1918, Chains as witnesses: Herman F. Spring, Edward S. Black, Chains O. Patagon, all 3 of Elgin, Arizona, in the Effed day of April, 1918, the state of the test of the heat of the best of the heat of the heat of the heat of the constant names as witnesses: Herman F. Spring, Edward S. Black, Chains O. Patagon, all 3 of Elgin, Arizona, in the Effed day of April, 1918, the state of the heat of the constant names as witnesses: Herman F. Spring, Edward S. Black, Chains O. Patagon, and the Effed day of April, 1918, the day of the Spring, the Effed day of April, 1918, the day of the Landson and F. Spring, Edward S. Black, Chains O. Patagon, and the Effed day of April, 1918, the day of the Spring, the the Link day of April, 1918, the day of April, of this form, to wit:

I. Thut the names and undresses of the publisher, cuitor, managing uditor, Tublisher, Havard Record editor, Howard Record; Managing Editor, nove; business managers, some.

That the awayes are: Howard

That the known bemthablers, is origingers, and other security bridges ridian, has filed notice of introtion of

other seessities are: None, 4. That the two paragraphs next Negales, As alone, give name of the owner, these April, 1918. being no other stockholders, or security

HOWARD KEENER, Owner Sworn to and subscribed hefore methis ith day of April, 1918, T. B. FITTS, Notacy Public.

/My commissi or expires March 13th

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One cent a word each insertion. No charge less than 25 cents.

FOR SALE-Single lanks, picks, show els, mine bells, and machine drill; all at wext-to-nothing prices, Inquire at the "stagonian office.

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State of Ohio, City of Toledo,

State of Ohlo, City of Toledo,
Lucas County, ss.
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is senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co., doing business in the
City of Toledo, County and State aftersaid, and that said firm will pay the
sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for
each and every case of Cafeirh that
cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S
CATARRH CURE, FRANK J. CHENEY
Sworn to before me und subscribed Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON.

18eal)

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. (UZGUJ4--ULTUTH)

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phyenix, Arizona, March 16, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that John In operitament of the interior, U. S. Land.
Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March December 1, 1914, made Homostead Enand on March 25, 1915, house adultional esomer, at Sougita, Arizona, on the 1st day or May, 1918.

Cinimus; names as witnesses: Herman C. Passow, George J. White, Cay S. Bryant, Ita D. Brooks, all of Sonaita,

J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. March 29-5th pub. April 26

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(924711) Department of the Interior, U. S. Lund Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 2,

Notice is hereby given that Frank T. Berry, of Elgin, Arisain, who, on April 18, 1914, made Homostond Entry, No. 924711, for WhSWE, Section 5, NM, 8Kbi, Lots 2 and 4, NEUSWE, SEE NWE, Section 6, Township 29 S., Range

Department of the Interior, T. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 23, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Juan Sc. lano, of l'atagonia, Arrzoan, who, on February 12, 1912, unde Homestead En-try, No. 616703, for NigNWid, SWig NWig, Lot 4, Section 14, Township 23 S., Range 17 E. O. & S. R. R. & Mes exchange or holding I per cent or more of make five-year Proof to establish claim total amount of bonds, mortgages, or to the land above described, before Wi O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arimita, on the 30th day of

> Claimant names as witnesses: Baymand R. Earhart, of Nogales, Arisma; theorge W. Parker, of Patagania, Arizona; Vietar J. Wager, of Nogales, Arizona; Perry Wilson, of Patagania, Arizona, JOHN L. HEVIN, Register.
> First pub. March 29—5th pub. April 26

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