

Campaign Begun to Urge Purchase of Thrift Stamps

A campaign is to be launched with more vigor in Patagonia for the sale of "thrift stamps" and War Savings stamps. The purchase of these stamps is not in any sense a donation of money but a saving of money. The government will return your money with interest added. Those who cannot afford to purchase liberty loan bonds can afford to buy, one by one, the thrift stamps at 25 cents each, which can be exchanged when a certain number accumulate for a War Savings certificate that will be redeemed in 1923 by Uncle Sam. You will be surprised how soon you can save \$5 by purchasing 25-cent thrift stamps, and you'll never miss the money.

In the purchase of these stamps you assist in your small way the government in meeting the tremendous expense incident to the conduct of this great world war. The 25-cent pieces that you invest may seem like a trivial amount, but think of the number of other people who are purchasing them and of the aggregate. The government hopes to raise \$2,000,000,000 by this means, and you can do your share.

He Bought War Stamps

There was a man in our town And dally he grew wiser; He saved each cent and saw it went To help to be the Kaiser.

HEALTH CONDITION OF ARMY IS BEST IN THE WORLD

Senator Ollie James said in a recent speech:

"The honest truth is that the health condition of the American army, notwithstanding they have gone through the most severe winter of a half century, is by far the best of that of any other army in the world."

"The death rate from disease per annum of the American troops is eight soldiers out of a thousand."

"In the Spanish-American war the death rate per annum of the American army from disease was 25 soldiers out of a thousand."

"In the China-Japanese war the death rate per annum from disease was 15 soldiers out of a thousand."

"In the Russo-Japanese war the death rate per annum from disease was 20 out of a thousand."

A TRIBUTE FROM FRANCE

"I have drawn roughly the results of the military effort of the United States for a period of less than ten months. I do not believe that any impartial man would say that this effort is now completed, but I declare that any impartial man must admit its wonderful extension and splendid achievements."—Andre Tardieu, French High Commissioner to the United States, in a speech at New York's celebration of the Jour de l'Alliance Francaise, last month.

Conquerors of The North

Men and women of the Yukon country are pictured in a lifelike and interesting manner in the new serial that will begin in an early issue of this paper—THE YUKON TRAIL.

You are introduced at once to the principal characters of this fine romance—Sheba O'Neill, Gordon Elliot and the masterful Macdonald.

The spell of the great river of the northern wilderness pervades the story and a life and death struggle gives the keynote of the tale.

The Yukon Trail

is a story of love, intrigue and desperate adventure.

Read It! You Will Enjoy It!

Subscribe for the Patagonian.

Preparations Being Made for Big Dance

Under the auspices of the Knight of Columbus, there will be given at the Patagonia Opera House a dance for the purpose of raising money for the soldiers' recreation fund. The movement is a worthy one, and while you are enjoying a pleasant evening you are also helping the boys who are doing the fighting for you. The following committee are making arrangements for the dance, and you are all invited to be present and "do your bit": F. B. Parker, Val Valenzuela, Jr., George Coughlin, J. D. Coonan, R. C. Blinson, Fred Valenzuela, Frank Reichert, C. A. Pierce, John Hoy, M. A. Hogan, Howard Kenner, W. D. Parker, T. L. Gillespie, J. E. Lawless, A. A. Gattin, C. C. Allen and Frank Neil.

FINDS BULLETS IN THE BODY

Electro Magnet, Proves of Value in Canadian Hospitals Along the Lines of Battle.

A sound "very much like the whistle of a steamboat" in a stethoscope placed on the patient's skin in the manner in which an electro magnet tells the position of a bullet in a wounded soldier's body, according to Surgeon General Fotheringham of the Canadian army medical service.

The new magnet has been found to be of great value in a large number of the Canadian hospitals in the battle zones, as with it the exact location of any electro magnetic substance, including the German bullet, can be determined. An easily discernible vibration is set up by the magnet when the bullet is not deep-seated.

In cases of deeply imbedded bullets the electro magnet is placed on one side of the patient's body and a stethoscope is moved about on the side opposite the magnet. The nearest point to the foreign body is indicated by the "steamboat whistle" and the skin is marked at that point. The operation for extracting the bullet follows.

Glass Eye That Moves.

Capt. J. L. Aymard, a British army surgeon, describes in the Lancet an improved glass eye which can move. The chief drawbacks to the ordinary glass eye are that, being simply a convex shell of glass, it tends to sink back into the socket and is fixed in a stony stare. Captain Aymard gets over these difficulties by placing in the socket of the eye a sphere of living cartilage or gristle taken without risk from the patient's ribs. It is all one operation. While one surgeon removes the destroyed eye, another surgeon removes the pieces of cartilage from near the patient's breastbone. Two pieces are made into a little globe, which is placed in the socket, and the thin outer covering of the eye, the conjunctiva, is sewn over to hold it in place. The ordinary glass eye shell is inserted over this and is prevented from sinking backwards. Some movement of the eye by the wearer is said to be possible.

Kate Field's Prophecy.

When, a good many years ago, Kate Field wrote those clever verses beginning: "They talk about a woman's sphere as though it had a limit," little she guessed how tremendously that sphere was destined to be enlarged by the coming of the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. As a matter of course, observes an exchange, the great world war is responsible for the very rapid advance the women are making in every sphere of the world's work. We are no longer surprised to find that women are doing anything and everything that men can do, from driving varnishes to shining shoes. A shoe-polishing "parlor" in which only women are employed is now doing business in Boston, yet even this innovation scarcely challenges attention in these times of shifting conditions.

Tempting Natives to Work.

Tempting natives of British New Guinea to work was a process which was explained during the hearing of a case in London recently. A man who has lived many years there said that he had solved a very difficult labor problem in New Guinea. The men could not be tempted to work for money, and he hit upon the idea of offering them beads, gaudy cloths, dog's teeth and mustel instruments. To get these they worked for a twelve-month and then induced others to do likewise.

Make your home service reach the firing line.

A single front, a single army, a single people.

Save or Starve. This is the S. O. S. of the hour.

Not "hit" but "almost"—the end is worth our "all."

Any food consumed over and above the needs of the human body is wasted.

In 1913 Europe produced 43 per cent of the world's sugar; since then she has had other engagements.

HAD HONEYMOON TRIP ABOVE THE CLOUDS



Lieut. Lawrence B. Sperry and wife (formerly Miss Winifred Allen), who were the first to experience a honeymoon above the clouds. The newly married couple left Governor's Island and alighted their way to Manassapaqua, L. L. the Sperry home, in 24 minutes. They claim this is the only way to really enjoy a wedding trip.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL NOTES

Mr. T. E. Heady, manager of the Canadian Cattle Company's San Rafael ranch, has returned from Los Angeles, where he had gone for medical treatment. He has been pronounced cured of a distressing intestinal disease, and feels like a new man.

Fresh Oysters—Peerless Parlors.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Kinsley of the San Rafael valley left Sunday for Bishop, Cal., on a combined business and pleasure trip. They will remain away for some time.

Mrs. Samuel Divilbiss, sister of T. E. Heady, returned last week from Los Angeles, where she had gone to consult a specialist.

New line "King's Chocolates for American Queens," at Peerless Parlors.—Adv.

Mrs. George Farrell, of Ajo, Ariz., sister of Mrs. T. E. Heady of the San Rafael ranch, is visiting at the ranch.

Rev. C. E. Gillett of Benson stopped Monday in Patagonia while on a business trip to Nogales.

Mr. Charles Francis of Elgin was a Patagonia visitor last Monday. Stopping on his way to Nogales.

Mr. E. E. Bethel, manager of the Washington Trading Company, made a business trip to Sonoma, last Monday.

The American Garage is ready to supply you with Red Seal Dry Batteries, the best dry batteries to be obtained. They are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Try them.—Adv.

Al Saxon of Nogales passed through Patagonia Thursday last week on his way to Elgin to notify his mother of the serious illness of her youngest son, Robert, in Los Angeles, a telegram having been sent to Nogales telling of the boy's condition. Mrs. Saxon, who is superintendent of schools of the county, was out on official business when the news was carried to her.

Mr. Ira Bowers, well-known cattleman of Sonoma, was in the county last Tuesday to secure some bunched Hereford bulls for his Mexico ranch.

The American Garage will close at 12 o'clock noon Sunday until 7 a. m. Monday in future, to give the proprietors an opportunity to rest a few hours each week.—Adv.

Mrs. Clyde McPherson, who has been on the sick list is much improved, and the doctor has ceased his visits.

Mr. Robert Campbell has purchased the property formerly owned by A. J. Hooks and has rented the house to Fred Sayers, who has moved his family there.

Mr. B. P. Oberl, manager of Geo. B. Marsh, Inc., of Nogales, was a Patagonia visitor Thursday last week. He later visited the San Rafael valley and other parts of the county interesting to residents in a new electric plant for private homes and business houses.

Mrs. Lloyd Maxwell and children of Los Angeles, are visiting Mrs. Maxwell's mother, Mrs. H. T. Wilson of the San Rafael valley.

Tomorrow night there will be a dance at the San Rafael valley schoolhouse. Dances there are always enjoyable, and a large crowd is expected.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hooks have sold their Patagonia home and have removed to Bisbee, where Mr. Hooks will engage in business.

Mr. H. C. Gasker and T. P. Tompson have purchased the Patagonia Lumber Room, formerly owned by Measimes, Bennett and Falls. It is the intention of the new owners to remodel the place and install a lunch counter and establish a quick service system, so the hungry may be fed quickly and at all hours.

W. D. Parker was a Patagonia visitor last Friday afternoon.

The year-old child of Jose Periza died February 27, we just learned, after an illness from pneumonia of ten days. No physician was called to attend the child. The poor should be told that the county health officer's duty is to attend the poor in time of sickness, and when they are unable to pay for medical attendance they should call immediately for the health officer, who, at present, is Dr. Ray Ferguson, whose residence is Duquesne.

WOMEN TO MEET AT HOME OF MRS. ANNA FORTUNE

A number of Patagonia women who are interested in Red Cross work will meet at the residence of Mrs. Anna Fortune next Wednesday, March 27th, at 2:30 p. m. All women of Patagonia and vicinity who wish to join in the Red Cross work are invited to be present.

SCHOOL BOARD ELECTION SOON

The last Saturday in March will be the date for the election of school trustees. The present board is made up as follows: E. H. Evans, clerk; H. B. Riggs, and C. B. Wilson. That these men have been efficient members of the board has not been questioned, and it would be well to retain them. While the position of school trustee is not an enviable one and the job is a more or less thankless one, yet someone must serve, and as there are no candidates out for the honor, it is likely that the present members will be asked to continue their duties.

How to Pay Your Income Tax to U.S.

Pay your income tax, if possible, by check, money order, or draft. This is the urgent request of the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

More than 6,000,000 persons this year will pay an income tax. The total to be collected under the war revenue act of October 3, 1917, in individual income taxes alone is \$266,000,000. The vast majority of these payments will be small amounts. If paid as requested it will avoid the necessity for the issuance of a receipt, and save much time and labor.

Taxes paid to deputies who are visiting every county in the United States to assist taxpayers in making out their returns are sent to the collector of internal revenue of the district in which the taxes are collected. Checks, money orders, or drafts can be handled without difficulty. Cash has to be sent by registered mail or by insured express.

In the conduct of the war Uncle Sam is beset with many difficulties. You can render one of his innumerable tasks less difficult by paying your income tax promptly, and by check, money order, or draft.—From the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

CANILLE

P. J. McCarty says it is all over the country—the wind.

James Finley has been suffering from rheumatism for several days.

Mrs. C. A. Johnson and Miss Mildred Hinson and little Emmett Hinson went to Tucson to visit Mrs. Hinson, who has for the last month been sick in a hospital in that city.

Well, the big barn dance is over and it was a grand success. The home folk of Canille thank their many friends of Nogales, Patagonia and the surrounding country for attending.

John Riggs has put his cattle on pasture at the Lawless ranch in the San Rafael valley.

Mr. J. W. Russell underwent an operation in the Copper Queen hospital in Bisbee recently. The operation was successful, and Mr. Russell will soon be home.

Ray Blair, the engineer of the Vaughn Cattle Growers' association, had a narrow escape recently, while putting down 200 feet of heavy casing in a well. The pulley broke and took Ray down with it from the top of a 40-foot derrick.

Miss Osceola Greenlee is going to California to enter a business college soon. Her many friends wish her success.

Mrs. Byer of Topeka, Kas., is visiting her sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Titus.

The mill at Royal City will be completed next month, and a movement is on foot to make Uncle Tom Wills mayor, judge and jury of the thriving little town.

Miss Deutch, the charming Canille teacher, says Canille is second to Los Angeles in the number of autos, judging by the number at the postoffice at stage time.

Canille loses, with much regret, its popular forest ranger, Mel Daley, who has been transferred to a forest station west of Nogales.

Tom Brazier and Mr. Samuel of Johnson Camp passed through Canille on their way to Mowry. Mr. Brazier was glad to meet his Santa Cruz county friends again, of whom he has many.

James Rountree of the firm of Rountree & Rogan, who has several wells contracted for on the Richardson land grant, paid a visit to friends in Vaughn and Canille.

Charles Everhart, while prospecting in the west Hanchuan mountains, close to Royal City, located a gold ledge that has every indication of being a good find. The "horn" tests were good.

Mr. Allen and son, Glenn, are having their claims surveyed. They have 21 claims and are finding shovels and wolfenite in paying quantities on most of them.

We will have to put every ounce of effort behind the man behind the gun.

The man who grows more food adds to the wealth of the world; the man who grows dollars may be adding only to his own wealth.

Let a food controller in your own home and count yourself fortunate that you have food in control.

Mining Will Soon Become Active in Patagonia District

The Flux mine started work Wednesday morning with a small force of men. As was reported in the Patagonian last week, Mr. F. B. Kullberg will manage the work. It is the intention of the new company to use the new system of separating the values from the mine that was patented by Mr. Kullberg and is used successfully in Idaho and Nevada. The machinery has been ordered, and as soon as it arrives the work will commence on a larger scale.

That the opening of the Flux will be of great benefit to Patagonia is apparent, as it is near by, and if the new system proves itself on this property it may revolutionize the mining industry in this district.

The company has been organized under the name of The Flux Syndicate. Mr. F. C. Kullberg is manager, and the directors are: F. B. Kullberg, J. M. McGregor, and Tom Stafford.

The Patagonians wish the company success.

Mr. Murray Saunders, who has a bond and lease on the Hardshell mine, has sent word from New York that H. K. Welsh will arrive in a day or two to start operations on this famous old property. Mr. Welsh will be in charge of the work as superintendent. Mr. Saunders has secured financial backing, and it is expected to develop the mine on a large scale. A new shaft will be sunk, and it is likely that the saving system will be the best to use on the property.

The Blue Eagle mine, owned by Lou Stevens and the heirs of his late brother, Harry Stevens, will start work immediately upon the arrival of Mr. F. A. Shaw from New York. Mr. Shaw secured an option on the property some time ago and went to New York and other eastern cities to interest capital in the mine. His mission was successful and the mine will begin development work under the management of John Glasson, who lately was superintendent of the Bradford mine, which has temporarily suspended operations.

ARIZONA BOYS DO GOOD WORK

Last season the average Arizona boy did 50 per cent more effective labor in the fields, as a member of the United States Boys' Working Reserve, than did the average imported laborer. And the boys were all the better for the experience an able exercise. In addition, all of them made money, for all of them received liberal pay. Many of them laid the foundations of good seed that are bound to grow. On top of all this, the work is one of pure patriotism. Every boy between 16 and 21 is asked to enlist in the Reserve at once, to let the State Council of Defense know what it can depend upon this summer in the way of agricultural help from Arizona's energetic and loyal boys.

In Indiana 14,500 boys have enrolled for work under the banner of the Boys' Working Reserve. Send in your name, boys, to Lindley B. Orme, Phoenix, who is head of the Boys' Working Reserve. You are needed on the farms of the state this year.

THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN

The campaign for the third Liberty Loan will be opened on the 6th of April, the anniversary of the declaration of a state of war between the United States and Germany.

The amount, terms, and conditions of the loan are dependent upon further legislation and will be announced as soon as congress has granted the necessary powers.

Secretary McAdoo chose the 6th of April as the day to open the campaign as the most fitting date to call for a patriotic response to the summons to duty by every American, to ask from the people at home the same fervent patriotism that actuates our gallant sons on the battlefields of France and on the waters of the Atlantic.

NEW FOOD-CONSERVATION SCHEDULE

Timothy A. Riordan, Federal Food Administrator for Arizona has sent out the following food-conservation schedule for the guidance of the public: Sunday—One wheatless meal (mid-day). Monday—All meals wheatless. Tuesday—All meals beefless and porkless; one wheatless meal (mid-day). Wednesday—All meals wheatless. Thursday—One wheatless meal (mid-day). Friday—One wheatless meal (mid-day). Saturday—One wheatless meal (mid-day).



AN EPITOME OF LATE LIVE NEWS

CONDENSED RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

FROM ALL SOURCES

SAVINGS, DOINGS, ACHIEVEMENTS, SUFFERINGS, HOPES AND FEARS OF MANKIND.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

ABOUT THE WAR

For the third time in as many weeks eighteen merchantmen have been destroyed through mine or submarine.

British aviators have dropped a ton of bombs on the town of Coblenz, capital of the Rhine province of Prussia.

More than 100 names were contained in the casualty list cabled the War Department March 15 by General Pershing.

The Austrians report that Italian positions on Mount Pasubio on the mountainous section of the Italian battle line have been blown up.

In the Champagne region west of Mont Cornillet the French have regained trenches which the Germans had occupied since March 1.

Canadian troops in the region of Lens again have attacked enemy trenches with success and taken prisoners, according to the British official communication.

American troops east of Lunerville again raided German positions, and another party entered German trenches along the Toul and, unaided, drove the enemy back.

The Verdun offensive of the Germans, in which they failed utterly to break the French line, has been estimated in conservative quarters as having cost them something like 500,000 men.

American and French soldiers, operating together in Lorraine have conducted successful raids on widely-separated sectors, demolishing German trenches at three points to the width of 100 meters and depth of 300 meters.

Attacking over an eleven-mile front on the coastal sector in Palestine, East Anglian, South Anglian and Indian troops have advanced to an average depth of three miles, according to an official statement issued by the London War Office.

In the east the Germans now hold Odessa, the great Russian seaport on the Black sea, which probably will be used either as the base for an invasion of India by way of Persia or as the terminal of grain shipments from Russia to the Central empires.

During the first ten days of March, in addition to a vast amount of reconnoitering and photographing, the British destroyed thirty-nine German aeroplanes and brought down forty others out of control, despite the fact that the first two or three days of the month were so stormy that aerial activity was virtually impossible.

Against this great total, fifteen British machines are reported missing.

WESTERN

Frederick Ayer, millionaire medicine manufacturer and financier of Boston, Mass., died at Thomasville, Ga. He was 96 years old.

At Austin, Texas, a bill to give women the right to vote in primary elections and nominating conventions was passed by the House 84 to 34.

Former United States Senator Isaac Stephenson died at Marinette, Wis. Senator Stephenson had been ill at his home here a week, due to his age.

Aubrey Keif, formerly a Pueblo, Colo., newspaper man, now stationed in the aviation section at Fort Worth, Tex., is in a hospital there as a result of becoming lost while driving his aeroplane.

WASHINGTON

Congress may take a "win-the-war recess" to sell Liberty bonds.

Henry Ford's submarine chasers will be known as "Eagles," and will constitute the "Eagle class" of boats.

A 15 per cent increase in rates was granted by the interstate commerce commission to the Canadian railways running into the United States.

President Wilson called on all American boys of 16 years and over, not permanently employed, to enroll in the United States boys' working reserve.

The House passed the daylight bill, and under its terms all clocks will be set forward one hour on March 31, and the new time will prevail until Oct. 27.

A world-wide famine is in sight unless the farmers of this country are given relief, Henry C. Wallace of Des Moines, Iowa, told the Senate agricultural committee.

Every preparation is being made by Liberty Loan campaigners to get 18,000,000 subscribers to the third loan. Subscriptions to the second loan now are estimated at about 11,000,000 and to the first loan about 4,000,000.

Staten million buttons for subscribers have been ordered for the third loan.

American troops that repulsed the German raid on March 5 were from the Forty-second, or Rainbow, division, which is made up of National guardsmen, General Pershing reported.

FOREIGN

Dillon succeeds Redmond as leader of Irish Nationalists. China warns Bolsheviks not to invade Chinese territory. Movements of Secretary Baker in France are carefully watched.

The Deutsche Tages Zeitung of Berlin prints a Vienna dispatch to the effect that the Rumanian oil fields will be ceded territory to Hungary.

A son was born in London to Lady Haig, wife of Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, commander-in-chief of the expeditionary force in France and Flanders.

A number of American and British citizens, sailing from Finland on a neutral vessel, were captured by Germans, according to dispatches received at Stockholm.

Four groups of German gas projectors, in addition to the group of 200 projectors already reported destroyed have been discovered and likewise blown to pieces by the American artillery.

The mysterious movement of troops by Governor Chang Soulin of Mukden province, coupled with the reported desire of President Feng-Kwo-Chang to resign, is causing speculation in Peking.

Twenty-six persons are missing in consequence of a collision between a naval vessel and the British steamship Rathmore. Survivors have been landed at Kingstown, Ireland, by destroyers.

Twenty thousand casualties have resulted from the civil war which has broken out in Turkestan between the Soviets and the natives, according to dispatches received at Petrograd. Fierce battles are being fought.

As a result of the German landing at Hangoe, the southernmost tip of Finland, American Consul Haines and twenty Americans have fled from Hangoe to Bjorneborg, where they are clamoring for United States Minister Morris to send a ship for rescue.

The all-Russia Congress of Soviets, meeting at Moscow, by a vote of 453 to 29, decided to ratify the peace treaty with the central powers. M. Ryzhenov, a prominent Bolshevik theorist, and representatives of all the professional unions, resigned from the Bolshevik party after the vote.

One American woman was killed and an American man and woman were wounded in Monday's Hun air raid over Paris. Miss Wings Caroline Martin, 32, of Rockville Center, L. I., was one of six killed in a hospital struck by a bomb. She was a Young Woman's Christian Association canteen worker. Mrs. W. B. Phillips and a Mr. Salzer were wounded. The total casualties were 100 killed and seventy-nine wounded.

Three fliers were killed and four injured at Texas aviation fields, according to reports from Dallas.

The first trap shoot of the year on the registered program for Colorado will be held at the Lakewood Country Club in Denver on March 24.

The White Sox flag is adorned with eight service stars with the announcement that three more of Comiskey's recruits have gone to work for Uncle Sam.

Jeas Willard, heavyweight pugilistic champion, and Fred Fulton of Rochester, Minn., aspirant to the title, will meet in the ring July 4, Col. J. C. Miller of Oklahoma, promoter, announced at Kansas City. Colonel Miller said that Fulton had been guaranteed \$20,000 and that there would be a side bet of \$5,000. The principals will meet at an unnamed place April 1 to sign articles, Colonel Miller announced.

Farmhouses, barns and orchards were wrecked and many head of cattle were killed when cyclones swept through the country near Adrian, Mich., and Napoleon, Ohio.

Archibald Roosevelt, a son of Theodore Roosevelt, has been wounded in action with the American forces in France.

Gen. Theodore S. Peck, president of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, died at his residence at Burlington, Vt.

Farmers of Illinois are told in a statement issued by Governor Lowden, that they can do a real war service by raising poultry.

Nine hundred cases of eggs from China were received at Ogdensburg, N. Y. They were consigned from Shanghai to New York.

Mrs. Bianca de Saules, recently acquitted in New York of the murder of her husband, John I. de Saules, is now residing in Japan.

An amendment to the state constitution conferring suffrage on woman was lost in the Senate at Jackson, Miss., on a tie vote, 21 to 21.

One hundred and sixty-six saloons were closed in St. Louis county, Minn., at 12 o'clock Thursday night. Bartenders worked frantically until the stroke of 12 and disposed of all stocks, Duluth has been dry since July, 1917.

The food administration has suggested to bakers that a combination of wheat substitutes instead of a single substitute be used in Victory bread.

Formal notice of the transfer of the Right Rev. Charles J. O'Reilly, bishop of the eastern Oregon Catholic diocese, to be bishop of the Lincoln, Neb., diocese, was received at Baker, Ore.

Twenty-four hours of continuous rainfall boomed all streams in south central West Virginia, including the Kanawha and Elk Rivers, which overflowed. It is the worst flood since 1867.

WESTERN MINING AND OIL NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Metal Market Values. New York.—Lead, \$7.37 1/2 @ 7.62 1/2. Copper—\$23.12 1/2. Bar Silver—86 1/2 c.

St. Louis.—Spelter—\$7.50.

Boulder, Colo.—Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$20.00 @ \$22.50 per unit. Crude ore, 60 per cent, \$22.00 @ \$25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00 @ \$12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40 @ \$12.20 per unit.

Arizona. Calumet & Arizona February production totaled 2,900,000 pounds of copper, against 4,748,000 in January and 5,816,000 in December.

Old Dominion Copper Company, quarterly dividend \$1 a share, payable March 26. Three months ago the company declared the same dividend.

Verde Extension Copper Company declared a regular dividend of 50 cents and an extra of 25 cents a share, payable May 1 to stock of record April 5.

James M. Hyde, well known mining man and flotation expert, and Walter A. Scott, counsel for the Miami Copper Company, have recently taken out a patent (No. 1,246,665) for "an improved flotation process."

Colorado.

In the year before the war the United States consumed 250,000 tons of pure potash.

The Wellington Mines Company is keeping both of its concentration mills steadily at work on ore from the mine.

The Fink and Casson lease from the Carolina Company, on blocks 3, 7 and 14 of the Ajax, on Battle mountain, is shipping again.

In the shale region of Colorado potash producing alunitic is easily discernible at the base of the cliffs and also in the refinery residues.

Cripple Creek's output for February, the shortest and one of the stormiest months in the year, reached \$2,284 tons of a fire assay value of \$869,582.

Heirs of the Thomas F. Walsh estate are planning to extensively develop a large tract of ground known as the Roy group on Canterbury hill, Leadville.

With the distribution of the March dividend of 10 per cent, or \$122,000, the Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining and Milling Company has paid out \$6,051,162.50, which equals 495 per cent on the par value of the capital stock, \$1,220,000.

The concentration mill on the old Monte Christo property, in the Upper Blue River section, has been put in good condition for operation as soon as the weather will permit work to be resumed at quarrying the ore in the big open cut.

The June Bug mine, near the head of Gibson gulch, is being steadily worked under a lease by the Boyce brothers. They recently encountered a streak of iron ore from which assays showing 300 ounces in silver per ton have been had.

Montana.

Anaconda Copper Company's Alice mine has resumed zinc ore production after being shut down since last May. Operations started with a production of 200 tons daily and increasing later.

Butte Copper and Zinc Company has just closed contracts for the sale of 5,000 tons of manganese ore. The United States Steel Corporation is the purchaser of 2,500 tons, and the remainder was taken by an independent steel company.

New Mexico.

Examinations have been made on the Enterprise mine at Cooney and it is understood that this property is to be opened up.

Erection of the main building of the Socorro plants at Mogollon has started. Framing has been completed and is now being put in place.

At Mogollon the Oaks Company is putting in compressor plant on Deep Down mine. In the meantime development is confined to third level.

The Mogollon Company opened a new shaft 900 feet deep this winter, and, already, men are driving drifts from it. The shaft cost \$55,000. The other companies are driving new drifts boring tunnels, by which new ore comes into view.

The mines in the Mogollon district, ninety miles north of Silver City, produced in 1917, 12,690 ounces of gold, and 723,581 ounces of silver; all worth \$903,000, market price, Jan. 1. It was the product, mainly, of the Socorro Mining and Milling Company, the Mogollon Mines Company and the Oaks Company.

Wyoming.

Platte-Wyoming Company has spudded in on its test well near Guernsey. There are now eleven drilling rigs up in the Fossil field, and most of them are working.

The Wyatt Oil and Refining Company, operating in the Breunling basin, has brought in a fair producer at a depth of 200 to 400 feet.

Producers and Refiners Corporation has acquired 800 acres in the Castle Creek field and is sinking a well in conjunction with the French interests.

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

DENVER MARKETS. Cattle. Fat steers, ch. to prime, \$12.50 @ 14.00. Fat steers, good to choice, 11.75 @ 12.50. Fat steers, fair to good, 10.50 @ 11.50. Hefers, prime, 9.50 @ 10.00. Cows, fat, good to choice, 9.00 @ 9.75. Cows, fat, fair to good, 8.00 @ 8.50. Cows, common to fair, 7.50 @ 7.75. Veal calves, 12.00 @ 14.00. Bulls, 7.25 @ 9.00. Feeders, good to choice, 8.50 @ 10.75. Feeders, fair to good, 8.50 @ 9.25. Feeders, common to fair, 7.50 @ 8.50. Stockers, good to choice, 9.50 @ 10.50. Stockers, fair to good, 8.25 @ 9.00. Good hogs, \$16.99 @ 17.49.

Sheep. Lamba, light, \$15.50 @ 16.50. Lamba, heavy, 14.00 @ 15.25. Yearlings, 11.00 @ 12.00. Wethers, 12.00 @ 12.50.

HAY AND GRAIN MARKET. (F. O. B. Denver, Carload Prices.) Hay. Buying Prices—Per Ton. Colo. upland, per ton, \$22.00 @ 23.00. Colo. upland, per ton, 20.00. Prairie hay, per ton, 18.00 @ 19.00. Colo. and Neb., per ton, 15.00 @ 16.00. Timothy, per ton, 23.00 @ 24.00. South Park, per ton, 24.00 @ 25.00. Gunnison Valley, per ton, 21.00 @ 22.00. Straw, per ton (Grade), 6.00 @ 7.00. Oats, Neb., 100 lbs., buying, 3.05. Oats, oats, bulk, buying, 2.09. Corn chop, sack, selling, 2.23. Corn 40 sack, selling, 3.22. Gluten Feed, sacked, selling, 3.22. Bran, Colo., per 100 lbs., selling, 1.77 1/2.

Flour. Hungarian patent, 55 lbs. sacked, subject to discount, \$6.00.

DRESSED POULTRY. Less 10 per cent commission. Turkeys, fancy d., 22 @ 24. Turkeys, old toms, 24 @ 26. Turkeys, choice, 20 @ 22. Ducks, young, 27 @ 30. Geese, 25 @ 27. Roosters, 15 @ 19.

Live Poultry. (Prices net F. O. B. Denver.) Roosters, lb., 15 @ 18. Young, 23 @ 25. Turkeys, 10 lbs. or over, 22 @ 25. Ducks, young, 27 @ 30. Geese, 25 @ 27.

Eggs. EGGS, graded No. 1 set, F. O. B. Denver, \$2.00 @ 2.25. EGGS, graded No. 2 set, F. O. B. Denver, 1.75 @ 2.00. EGGS, case count, misc., \$1.50 @ 1.75. Case, less commission, \$1.00 @ 1.25.

Butter. Creameries, ex. 1st grad., lb., 43 @ 44. Creameries, 2nd grade, lb., 42 @ 43. Packing stock (net), 22 @ 23.

Fruit. Apples, Colo., new fancy, box, 1.90 @ 2.50. Pears, Colo., 2.00.

Vegetables. Beans, Navy, cwt., 12.00 @ 14.00. Beans, Pinto, cwt., 10.00. Beans, Lima, lb., 15 @ 16. Beans, Colo., cwt., 2.00. Cabbage, Colo., 2.50. Carrots, cwt., 1.50 @ 2.00. Cauliflower, lb., 1.00 @ 1.50. Onions, table, doz., 25 @ 30. Potatoes, cwt., 1.50 @ 2.00. Turnips, Colo., cwt., 1.75 @ 2.00.

HIDES AND PELTS. Dry Hides. Flint, butcher, lb., 22. Flint, fallen, lb., 21. Flint bull and stag, lb., 12. Flint, cow and goat, lb., 12. Flint, horse, 25 @ 30. Horse hides 1/2 to 2/3 price of green salted.

Green Salted Cured Hides, etc. Over 40 lbs., lb., 2 @ 3. Under 40 lbs., lb., 3 @ 4. Goat hides and skins, 4 @ 6. Bull and stag, 7. Part cured, 10 lbs., 1.00. Green, 2c less than cured.

Calf and Kip, Green Salted. Calfskin, lb., 20 @ 22. Kip, lb., 12 @ 14. Deacons, 1.00 @ 1.25. Slunks, 1.00 @ 1.25. Branded, .11. Horse, No. 1, 6.00 @ 6.00. Horse, No. 2, 4.00 @ 5.00. Goat and pony, 2.00 @ 3.00. Coat, 5.00 @ 6.00.

Green Salted Pelts. Lamb and sheep, 50 @ 2.50. Spring lambs, 15 @ 45. Shearings, 10 @ 45.

Dry Flint Pelts. Wool pelts, 33. Short wool pelts, 28. Butcher shearings, No. 1, 20. No. 2, 18. Bucks, angles and pieces, at value.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS. Metal Market Prices. New York.—Lead, \$7.37 1/2 @ 7.62 1/2. Spelter—East St. Louis delivery, \$17.80 @ 18.25. Bar silver, 86 1/2 c. Copper, \$23.12 1/2.

Boulder, Colo.—Tungsten concentrates, 60 per cent, \$20.00 @ 22.50 per unit; crude ore, 60 per cent, \$22.00 @ 25.00; 25 per cent, \$12.00 @ 12.50; 10 per cent, \$9.40 @ 12.20.

Chicago Grain and Provision Prices. Chicago.—Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.70; No. 4 yellow, \$1.45 @ 1.50. Spelter—East St. Louis delivery, \$17.80 @ 18.25. Bar silver, 86 1/2 c. Copper, \$23.12 1/2.

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ARIZONA STATE NEWS

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Victory bread may be sold seven days a week. The new Tucson city charter was defeated by 241 votes. Of the 95,000 men called March 29, Arizona will furnish 148.

Mrs. Mary E. Brown has been appointed postmistress at Parker. Thrift day at Florence netted a total of \$1,800 from the 1,400 residents. There is little doubt that 1918 will be the banner silo building year in Arizona.

Yee Wun, a Chinaman of Phoenix, has made application to enlist in the army. A postoffice has been established at Rowood, with P. H. Holcomb as postmaster.

A large number of Arizona boys have gone to the training camp at Fort Riley, Kan. The Cochise-Graham Cattle Growers' Association held an interesting meeting at Wilcox.

Citizens of Gleason have voted unanimously to issue \$6,000 bonds to complete the new school building. The inspiration war garden expert offers to help all Globe-Miami residents in putting their spare ground to good use.

Governor G. W. P. Hunt learned while a boy to knit. Now he puts in an occasional stunt knitting socks for Arizona soldiers. A pension has been granted to Anna A. Porter of Dos Cabezas at \$25 per month and to John Wisdom of Wickburg at \$20 a month.

Ben Olney, charged with the killing of John Hawkins, was bound over to the Superior Court of Gila county, following a hearing at Miami. By an unanimous vote of the Board of Supervisors of Gila county an order has been issued granting the incorporation of the town of Miami.

The Arizona State Bureau of Mines has been asked to gather samples of light volcanic rocks that are capable of developing good strength. Superintendent Martin of the Prescott public schools has announced that the sale of the War Saving stamps in the schools reached a total of \$1,471.

The "clean plate" is to be the order at all mess halls at Camp Funston, national army cantonment, says a bulletin issued by Brigadier General Winn. The cotton growers of Tempe are looking ahead to this year's crop and realize that the present ginning facilities will not be sufficient to give the increased acreage.

Since March 1 no imports other than perishable merchandise have been received from Sonora through Nogales, owing to restrictions placed by the treasury department at Mexico City. Imposing the heaviest penalty that has ever been given a bootlegger, Judge Stanford, in the Maricopa county Superior Court, sentenced Will Hellman to two years in the county jail and a fine of \$300.

J. L. Spoon, a former deputy sheriff of Gila county, pleaded guilty to violating the liquor law before Judge Stanford and was sentenced to seven-day-four days in the county jail at Phoenix, dating from Dec. 28. Governor Hunt has announced a call for a special session of the Legislature the date of which will be fixed later. The matter of enfranchising soldiers will be one of the items discussed and acted upon when the session convenes.

The reported discovery of potash near Jerome, is important, owing to the fact that potash has been one of the war minerals for which it has been difficult to find a substitute and new deposits of which are rare. Two beautiful American flags were on display in Phoenix, designed for the two regiments in which most of the Arizona boys taken in the army service are enrolled. One flag goes to the 15th Infantry at Camp Kearny and the other to the 34th field artillery at Camp Funston. Each will go as the gift to the regiment of the Arizona Society, Sons of the American Revolution.

At a meeting of directors of Inspiration Copper Company, C. F. Kelley, vice president of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, was elected a member of the board to succeed Eugene Meyer, Jr., resigned. Operations at the properties of the Inspiration Company are now running at 80 per cent of full capacity, sixteen of the twenty sections of the concentrating plant being in operation. Officials hope to start the additional sections as soon as a sufficient number of additional workmen can be secured.

Slayers of Sheriff Frank McBride and Deputies Mark Kempton and Dave Woolan of Graham county were captured by cavalrymen eight miles south of the international boundary line, near Hachita, N. M., and taken to Safford and placed in the county jail. The prisoners are Tom and John Powers, wanted as slackers under the selective draft law, and Tom Sisson, a master, who aided the youths and their father, who was killed, in a battle with the three slain officers and Deputy United States Marshal Frank Haynes of Globe.

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.



Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. From the first day I took it I began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound to my friends and have given my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

Kill Dandruff and Itching with Cuticura Soap 25c. Ointment 25c & 50c. "What's the matter, Henpeck, you look as if you had not slept last night?" "Oh, I slept soundly, but I awoke too soon. I had a splendid dream, and I had my fist drawn back to buff Marie on the nose—and then I awoke. I shall never get another such opportunity."

Red Cross Bag Blues, much better, goes farther than liquid blues. Get from any grocer. Adv.

OLD MAN FORGETS CHIVALRY. Good Old Brother Wack Most Ungallantly Puts Women in the Same Class as the Mule.

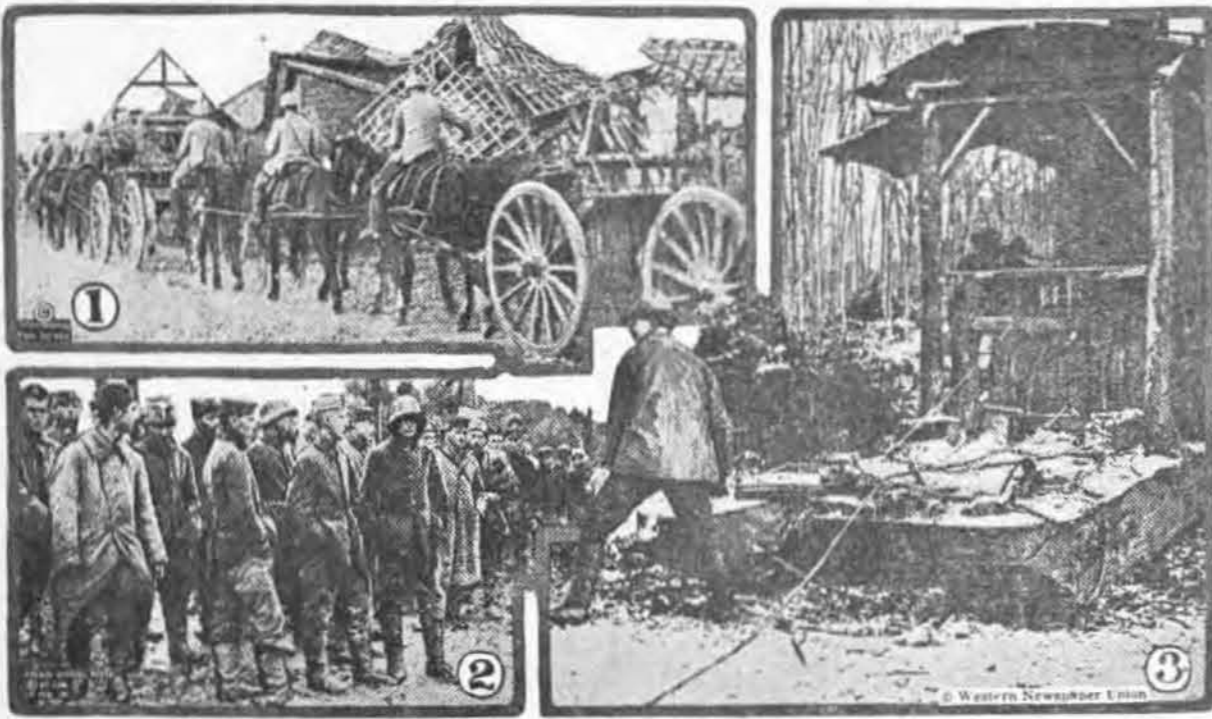
"No, ah?" replied Brother Wack to the expostulation of good old Parson Bagster. "It's plumb impossible to modulate a mule without cursin' him. It kin't be did. Long's I cusses dis varmint reglar and struts him wid a stah 'casually he does tops his ears for'ards and tridges right along wid de plaw. But de minute I draps de club and 'dresses him in confectionary language he turns his head and sners at me. Dar ain't no gratitude in him. He thinks he's got me bluffed. "A mule, ah, ain right stumblin like a 'woman. Hooey round her and buy her fine clothes and mouthe o' gold teeth, and she'll walk all over yer, uh-hollerin' for me'. But stay yer flat when she needs it and talk to her loud and co'ose, and she's as meek as an angle. Keep a mule and a 'woman thankful for what yo' don't do to 'em, and yo' got 'em gwine, every time."—Kansas City Star.

Never Falls. "The hostess said the affair was to be strictly informal." "That makes the girls dress up all right."

Hot Water. "Mr. Brown is always getting into hot water." "Yes. He is so cold-blooded, I suppose it is a kind of relief."







1—Screened behind the ruins, this French ammunition train is conveying food for the guns that are driving the Germans from France. 2—German prisoners in a French concentration camp, captured in a raid; many of them are mere youths, poorly clad, showing the dire straits in which Germany finds herself. 3—Portable American sawmill in a forest on the Alsace border; this camp follows the troops, providing the lumber that is needed.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

### German Occupation of Odessa Increases Teutonic Menace in East.

### NEW ROAD TO INDIA OPENED

### President Wilson, in Message to Russian Soviets, Issues Defi to Kaiser—American Troops in Many Raids.

Announcement that German troops have occupied Odessa is one of the most significant of recent developments. This action by Germany, in spite of the conclusion of the so-called peace with Russia, was expected ultimately, but it came somewhat as a surprise because of the fact that little had been heard of the Germans and Austrians in that region.

The occupation of Odessa, the greatest Russian port on the Black sea, is of the greatest importance for several reasons. First, it gives the Germans control of the center of a great agricultural section, the products of which are desired to feed the hungry peoples of the central empire.

With Odessa safely in their hands, the Teutons will have access to vast stores of wheat which can be transported overland or by sea to points where it can be readily shipped into Austria and Germany.

But the capture of Odessa will mean something more—an advance over the route to Persia and Afghanistan, and possibly India, which is to be followed now that the British have severed the famous Berlin and Bagdad route to the East.

The passing of Odessa into German control will make possible the completion of the German military line across Russia from the Baltic to Narva (81 miles from Petrograd) to the Black sea. It gives the Germans control not only of the resources of the Ukraine, but of the bulk of Russia's grain stores and of the vast export trade of Russia's southern provinces.

Control of this territory opens a route for a German land drive into the far East, by way of Batum, in Trans-Caucasia (which was taken from Russia at Brest-Litovsk and given to Turkey), Baku, across the Caspian sea to Krasnovodsk, in Turkestan, and through Merv to the border of Afghanistan, thus threatening the Indian empire.

Another route is through Teheran, across central Persia to Ispahan and thence to Shiraz, to the Indian frontier, spelling equal menace to Britain's far Eastern possessions.

The carrying out by the Teutonic powers of their plans for conquest in the East brought from President Wilson a move which was declared to be one of the boldest made by any government since the war began. This action was in the form of a message dispatched to the Russian congress of soviets in session at Moscow. In this message President Wilson pledged the power of the United States to secure a free Russia. He declared that the United States "will avail itself of every opportunity to secure for Russia once more complete sovereignty and independence in her own affairs and full restoration to her great role in the life of Europe and the modern world."

President Wilson's message was regarded as a second declaration of war—a declaration of war on the German government until it is compelled to relinquish its hold on Russia. The president proposed, in effect, that the United States and its allies shall fight until Russia regains unimpaired sovereignty and independence. The message was also regarded as a direct reply to the recent address on peace terms made by Count von Hertling, the German chancellor.

Reports from Jassy tell how the imperialistic spirit of the central empires is showing itself in growing demands for concessions by Roumania.

Not merely has the Dobruja been taken from Roumania, but Berlin and Vienna, who have expressed themselves plausibly as opposed to annexations, are now insisting upon a rectification of frontier that will give to Austria all the strategic mountain passes and dominating heights, including the Iron Gates of the Danube, along the western frontier of Roumania.

This is precisely what Austria did to Italy when the boundary line was delimited by treaty, and the fact that Austria controlled every vantage point along the Isonzo and in the Alps when the war began immensurably added to the difficulties of Cadorna's campaigning.

Berlin is determined that Roumania shall be placed in a helpless position at the feet of Austria, covered by Austrian guns and rendered forever incapable of acting otherwise than the central powers approve.

Intense aerial activity on the part of both the entente allies and the Teutonic forces has developed. Sixty German airplanes took part in a raid on Paris, which resulted in heavy casualties, final figures showing at least 100 persons to have been killed and 79 wounded. Among the dead was an American woman, Miss Winza Carolina Martin, who was a Y. M. C. A. canteen worker. Miss Martin was one of six persons killed in a hospital which was struck by a bomb. Among those killed were a large number of women and children who were crushed to death in a panic at the entrance to a subway station where hundreds sought refuge from the enemy bombs.

However, while the Huns were boasting of this most "successful" raid, the airmen of the allies were not idle. British aviators invaded Germany, making a daylight raid on Coblenz, one of the important railroad centers in western Germany, the seat of big military barracks and extensive munitions works. A ton of high explosives was dropped on the city, starting fires in many sections. This was the third daylight raid on the enemy country in a period of four days.

Behind the lines in Flanders and France the British aviators are also maintaining the effective work they have been doing lately. The territory from Lille south to Cambrai has been sown with bombs, railroad sidings and ammunition dumps in the region of Maubeuge, Valenciennes, Douai and Cambrai being attacked.

The enemy is getting all the worst of the air fighting, and his apparent inability to check the British flyers or to take the initiative himself in this important sphere rather discounts his loud boasts of readiness for a great offensive. It is to be doubted if he can venture any large-scale offensive while the overhead fields of battles are so thoroughly controlled by his opponents.

Announcement that Secretary of War Baker had landed in France gave rise to all sorts of speculation as to the real purpose of his trip. At Washington the official announcement was made that the secretary's visit to France is for purely military purposes and has no diplomatic significance. At the same time the view was expressed in some quarters that Mr. Baker's trip might have some connection with the views of American commanders that the allies should undertake a determined offensive on the west front this year instead of remaining on the defensive and awaiting the expected offensive of the German forces. The tremendous growth of the American expeditionary forces recently, with the promise that American troops will be ready to take part in a general offensive this year, is expected to give the views of the American high command great weight with the allied commanders. Secretary Baker has announced that he expects to make a thorough inspection of all the American forces abroad and to hold important conferences with American military commanders. It is known that he has been eager for several months to talk over with General Pershing the many problems that have arisen in connection with the war plans.

Secretary Baker arrived in Paris just in time to witness the pretentious air raid by German airplanes on the French capital. In an interview given out in Paris after the raid, Mr. Baker said: "It was my first experience of the actualities of war and a revelation of the methods inaugurated by an ene-

my who wages the same war against women and children as against soldiers. Aerial raids on towns, which are counterpart of the pitiless submarine war and the attack against American rights, are the very explanation of the reason why America entered the war. We are sending our soldiers to Europe to fight until the world is delivered from these horrors."

While no official announcement has been made, the general impression prevails that new plans of the American war department call for the dispatch of American troops to France much more rapidly than was proposed in the earlier plans. The indications are that an effort will be made to bring the American expeditionary force up to a strength of approximately 1,000,000 men by the middle of the summer, instead of 500,000 men as was contemplated by the original plans of the war department. The dispatch of many National army units is expected soon, in accordance with the plan that has been adopted of forming an army corps out of two divisions of the regular army, two divisions of the National Guard and two divisions of the National Guard. As many units of the National Guard are already overseas, with the larger number of regular army divisions, it is expected that the movement of several divisions of the National army will follow soon.

That the movement of troops will be more rapid than was at first believed possible is indicated by the announcement of the war department that the second draft, which will be made as soon as needed legislation can be secured from congress, will call out approximately 800,000 men. Only the rapid movement of many divisions now in cantonments in this country could make room for this large number of new draft men. In this connection it is predicted abroad that General Pershing's men will be holding 100 miles of front by the closing days of 1918, a longer front than was held by the British armies two years after the war began.

Americans at home continue to be electrified by reports of the exploits of Pershing's troops in the sectors which are now held by the Americans. Successful raids have been made repeatedly by the American troops while the American artillery has won many duels with the big guns of the enemy. One raid on the new United States front in Lorraine was declared to be the most successful encounter in which American soldiers have engaged during the war. In this raid, infantry units penetrated the enemy lines to a depth of between 400 and 600 yards at some points. The raid followed a bombardment by American guns which lasted four hours and which wrecked the enemy's front trenches and barbed wire entanglements. Three successive raids at different points on this sector all proved highly successful, the Americans capturing a number of prisoners and returning to their own trenches with small casualties. In a raid on the Toul sector, the American soldiers penetrated the German trenches to a depth of 300 yards. After some hand-to-hand fighting in which a number of the enemy were killed and wounded, the raiders returned to their lines with much material and information, although they captured no prisoners. It was reported that every American who left the front line on this raid returned.

The American troops in the Toul sector have been subjected to a terrific artillery fire, the German apparently having concentrated strong forces of artillery on this sector. It was reported that in some places the bombardment reduced the first line trenches to ruins but the Americans at those points continued to hold their positions in shell craters. The American artillery also has been active on all sectors held by Pershing's men, bombarding towns and roads in the rear of the German lines.

The first permanent advance of the American troops was made on the Lunerville sector, where Pershing's men occupied enemy trenches which they had forced the Germans to abandon through recent raids and heavy artillery fire. The trenches were consolidated with our own, enabling the Americans and French to operate from higher ground than before. Attempts made by the Germans to retake the position were repulsed.

## THE BIG WORK IN THE WAR

### The War Lord Salutes the Field Marshall.

Such is the striking title to a well-timed cartoon in an agricultural paper, showing the War Lord in salute to the farmer. The meaning of it is that without the assistance that the farmer renders in the matter of providing food for the army the fighting ability of that body would be proportionally decreased. While the army is fighting, the farmer is busy. The promptness with which he sprang into the breach was a patriotism equal to that of the man who enlisted and the farmer's record in this particular was worthy of the high record that has become his. All over the United States the appeal is being met by more production. Fields are enlarged, intensive agriculture has taken the place of slothful methods, more cattle are being fattened, more hogs grown, veal and lamb have become scarce commodities. This is all in keeping with the food-controller's demands, and with the heartiness that is now prevalent, it would seem as if the requirements of the boys at the front and the allies in Europe would be fully met.

Not only are the tilled acres of the United States being brought into requisition, but the wild pasture lands are doing tribute with their cattle and sheep. Working in conjunction with the United States, Western Canada is also doing its share and a pretty large share it is, too. By an arrangement with the United States Government it will now be possible through its employment bureau to secure for the Western Canada fields such help as can be spared. It is thought in this way Canada will have its help to seed its millions of acres of wheat land fairly well met. The large number of young men of the farms who have enlisted and gone to the front has left many of the Western Canada farms weak in the matter of man power. This means that Canada can take all that the United States can spare. The wages will be good and the housing comfortable.

In addition to this the free homestead lands of Western Canada offer the greatest inducement to the man with limited means who is willing to undergo some of the hardships naturally accompanying this enterprise. There is also the large area of uncultivated lands that are waiting the man with sufficient means to purchase and equip. And this is not expensive. The lands are cheap and the terms very reasonable. Equipped with tractor or horse power the cultivation cost is slight when the return is considered. Yields of wheat varying from 20 to 40 bushels per acre may be relied upon, and with a set price of over \$2.00 per bushel, it is an easy matter to arrive at the cost. Production, including interest on land, has been estimated at figures not exceeding ten dollars an acre. With a twenty bushel yield, at a two dollar price—forty dollars. Ten from forty and you have the profits many farmers made in Western Canada the past year.

The Dominion and Provincial Governments are working conjointly in an increased production propaganda. Among the important steps that have been taken to bring this about is the recent order by which it is made possible to take into Canada tractors that cost fourteen hundred dollars and less in the country of production. This will give those residing in the United States, owning lands in Canada, the opportunity to place them under cultivation at much less cost than in the past. Another inducement is the privilege of taking sheep and cattle in free of duty. Automobiles form a necessary part of the outfit of a good many farmers that would like to move to Canada. These are now accorded free duty. Provision is also made that those requiring seed and unable to obtain it in any other way, may get it from the Government. So from this it will be seen that it is not only the fertile lands of Western Canada that invite the settler, but the ease and cheapness with which a farmer may establish himself.—Advertisement.

**Such a Dear Friend.**  
Ethel—Agnes was at the cat show.  
Maud—As an exhibit?—New Haven Register.

**Soft, Clear Skins.**  
Night and morning bathe the face with Cuticura Soap and hot water. If there are pimples first smear them with Cuticura Ointment. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." Sold by druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

**Necessary.**  
"Riches have wings." "They need 'em to keep up with the cost of living."—Detroit Free Press.

**Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One Little Pellet for a laxative, three for a cathartic. Ad.**

During the past few years there has been a falling off in the yield of the banana.

A spring gun has been invented for casting fishing lines further than can be done by hand.

**When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy**  
No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. **MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO**

## SCRAPS OF HUMOR



### A SMALL OFFER

"A penny for your thoughts."  
"Of course! Just like a woman, always looking for bargains!"

If.  
If every day were pay day,  
How fine a man I'd be,  
With every day a gay day  
How glad my wife would be!

The inevitable.  
"I lost my pocketbook yesterday."  
"Much money in it?"  
"Fifty cents and some car tickets."  
"I wouldn't worry about that, if I were you."  
"I don't mind the loss at all, but when my husband finds it out he'll spend most of his time for years to come telling all our friends how careless I am with his money."—Detroit Free Press.

**No Great Student.**  
"I must have a part for Tottie Flub-dub. In the last revue she used to say 'Hurrh for the prince!' Couldn't you write that into this play?"  
"There is no prince in this play. We might have her say, 'Hurrh, boys; here comes the handsome captain!'"  
"I don't think she could learn that long a part."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

**How He Knew.**  
"What's that your daughter's playin' on the melodeon, Hiram?"  
"Oh, that's 'Old Black Joe,' Zekiel."  
"But it doesn't sound like it, Hiram."  
"No, I know it don't, Zekiel."  
"How do you know it's 'Old Black Joe,' then, Hiram?"  
"Cause it's the only piece she knows; that's how, Zekiel!"

**Woman's Economy.**  
Mrs. Styles—Women are more economical than men.  
Mr. Styles—I don't believe it.  
"You often hear of a bride being married in the same gown that her mother was married in."  
"That's true."  
"But you never heard of a man being married in the clothes his father was married in."

**ABSOLUTELY HONEST**  
"Is he absolutely honest?"  
"Yes, indeed. He wouldn't even steal lumber from the new house that is being built next door to his."

**Misanthropic Impression.**  
Although when Fate has made you fret  
A friendly hand you truly prize,  
A lot of sympathy you get  
Sounds like sarcasm in disguise.

**Gets the Circulation Medium.**  
"She takes only boarders who are blue-blooded."  
"How does she make sure that they are?"  
"She bleeds them."—Boston Evening Transcript.

**And He Did It.**  
Teacher—Now, Tommy, you remember I spoke of the word beetle. Give me a sentence with the word beetle in it.  
Tommy—The dog came into the house to be tied.—Youkers Statesman.

Neglected Colds bring Pneumonia  
**HILL'S CASCARA QUININE**  
The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiate—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

**BLACK LEG** LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED BY CUTLER'S BLACKLED PILL  
Write for booklet and correspondence. 25-cent pkg. Blacking Pills, \$4.00. 50-cent pkg. Blacking Pills, \$4.00. The only reliable, but Cutler's is the most reliable and strongest. The superiority of Cutler's pills is due to over 12 years of specializing in "BLACKLED" AND "BLACK LEG" pills. CUTLER'S. 15 California Street, San Francisco, California. The Cutler Laboratory, Berkeley, California.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 12-1918.

**Proof Indeed.**  
They had been discussing friends and exchanging views about them. Suddenly Jones mentioned Brown-Smith.

"Oh, he's a fine ring!" broke out Clarke enthusiastically. "He's the most wonderful man I know!"  
Jones looked startled at the great outburst of praise and asked in surprise:

"Indeed! How do you make that out?"

"Well," explained Clarke, "before he got a motorcar he promised the usual number of people that he would take them out for runs. And," he continued, in tones of awe, "he actually kept his promise to everyone of them."—New York Evening Post.

### KIDNEY TROUBLE OFTEN CAUSES SERIOUS BACKACHE

When your back aches, and your bladder and kidneys seem to be disordered, go to your nearest drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Kibler's Swamp Root. It is a physician's prescription for ailments of the kidneys and bladder.  
It has stood the test of years and has a reputation for quickly and effectively giving results in thousands of cases. This preparation so very effective, has been placed on sale everywhere. Get a bottle, medium or large size, at your nearest druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kibler & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

**Sterilize Drinking Glasses.**  
Drinking cups and glasses used in restaurants, at soda fountains and other places must be washed five minutes in boiling water containing a 5 per cent solution of lye, according to regulations promulgated by the California state board of health for the enforcement of the law governing the sterilization of drinking utensils.—The New American Woman.

**How's This?**  
We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

**All It Was Good For.**  
Judge—Why did you hurt this bottle in the umpire?  
Fan—It was empty.—Boston Globe.

Hawaii is the only place under United States' control where the humble cent is not used.



### THE SPRING DRIVE

Our boys are going "Over the top" and into "No man's land" this spring. No one has any doubt of their ability to get there. There will also be a spring drive on this side of the ocean, because March is the year's "blue Monday." It is the most fatal month of the year. March and April is a time when resistance usually is at lowest ebb. It is a trying season for the "run-down" man. But medical science steps in, and says, "It need not be!" We should cultivate a love of health, a sense of responsibility for the care of our bodies. Do not allow the machinery of the body to clog. Put the stomach and liver in proper condition. Take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, to be had at most drug stores in tablet or liquid form, tablets sixty-cents a vial, composed of native herbs. This puts the stomach and liver in proper condition. You may be plodding along, no spring, no elasticity, no vim, but as soon as you have put the body into its normal physical condition—slept the machinery, as it were—you will find new vim, vigor and vitality within you. A little "pop," and we laugh and live. Try it now. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for trial package. A little energy will save the day. The prime necessity of life is health. With spirit and energy you have the power to force yourself into action. The Golden Medical Discovery is the spring tonic which you need.



## We can supply all your Wants

Whatever you may need for your personal wear, for your family or for your home, we can fill your requirements satisfactorily to you. We can please you as to quality, variety of selection, and—most important of all—price.

There is no need of your going to half a dozen different kinds of stores to make your purchases. Our stocks are complete in every department and you can find right here just as wide a range to choose from as you could anywhere else.

We keep posted on all new products and the latest styles—we try to give you all the advantages of city buyers.

### BUY AT HOME

Our buying experience protects you against poor merchandise—we select the market's best.



## The Patagonia Commercial Co.

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA

### LET US MAKE YOU AN ESTIMATE

for furnishing the lumber for your proposed building or any improvements. When you get our figures you'll be surprised at their littleness, considering the fact that we deal in high grade lumber only. We shall be glad to furnish figures for any quantity of lumber your plans call for

### PATAGONIA LUMBER COMPANY

J. W. MILLER, Manager.

Mail Orders Promptly Shipped

### WE PREPAY FREIGHT TO PATAGONIA LOWEST PRICES

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NOGALES B. P. Olbert, Mgr. ARIZONA

### WOOD FOR SALE

We can furnish you with juniper, oak or mesquite wood—a full cord for \$9—cut to any desired length.

Transfer Service in Connection

### PATAGONIA WOOD YARD

McCabe and Miller, Props.

### A FRIEND IN NEED

This bank in times past has proven "A FRIEND IN NEED" to a great many of its patrons, and the occasion might arise with you that you may need such a friend.

Protect yourself for such a time by opening an account with this Progressive bank.

### WE MAKE REAL ESTATE LOANS. OUR SERVICE IS UNEXCELLED.

Banking by mail given prompt attention.

4% Paid on Time Deposits  
3% Paid on Savings Deposits

### COCHISE COUNTY STATE BANK

Tombstone Arizona Benson

### WHERE WILD FOWL BREED

Yukon River and the Lakes of That Hyperborean Region Favored Spot of Many Birds.

Until the acquisition of Alaska by the United States it was a wonder where certain wild fowl went when they migrated from temperate climes on the approach of summer as well as snowbirds and other small species of the feathered tribe. It was afterward found, observes a writer in the Kansas City Journal, that their habitat in summer was the waters of Alaska—the Yukon river and the lakes of that hyperborean region.

People wonder where the wild fowl come from. They see the sandhill crane, the wild goose heron and other fowl every spring and fall pursue their unventured way, but like the wind, they do not know whence they come or whither they go.

Up on Golovine bay, on the north side of Norton sound, is the breeding place of these fowls. All the birds in creation, seemingly, go to that country to breed. Geese, ducks, swans and thousands upon thousands of sandhill cranes are swimming there all the time. They lay their eggs in the blue-stem grass in the lowlands.

Myriads of robins and swallows are there, as well as millions of magnificent grouse, wearing red combs and feather moccasins. This grouse turns as white as snow in winter.

You can kill dozens of teal ducks or grouse as fat as butter balls in a few moments. The wild fowl and bears live on salmon berries and huckleberries, with which the hills are literally covered.

### NIGHT SHADOWS IN RUSSIA

Penetrating Light Makes Sleep Impossible Unless the Traveler Carries a Blue Curtain.

The particular journey herein recorded fell on a white night in June—one of those eerie white nights against which the Russian or Siberian traveler carries a canopy blue curtain. Olive Gilbreath writes in the Yale Review.

Without these blue guards sleep is out of the question and the senses, pursued by the penetrating light, are as ragged as the beggars staring out of the stations. Verst after verst, hour after hour, the plain unfolds endlessly, monotonously, like wool from a skein. A pale incandescence hangs over the earth, fringing objects ghostly. Trees blur in the half-light and grow phenomenally large; lakes and windmills scrape the sky. A tremor of primitive terror runs through one's limbs. One calls to the hills for deliverance—but there is not even a rise in the ground! With midnight springs up a delusive promise of respite from the light; a shadow creeps reassuringly over the earth, but it is dusk and not darkness. There is no relief. At 11 the sun dips below the horizon; at 2:30 it balances again like a replenished bag, spilling its orange and amethyst flood over the earth. The restless cycle has begun again, and still the plain unfolds endlessly, monotonously—brightly now. At seven one reaches Nizhnygorod. If it is June, the sun has been up five hours.

### Fat Beauties.

Throughout the empire of Morocco and in Tunis there are villages where the elder members of the adult population follow professionally the pursuit of fattening young ladies for the matrimonial market of Barbary.

The Moors, like the Turks and most other Orientals, give a decided preference to "moon-faced" wives over lean ones, and are more solicitous as to the number of pounds which their brides weigh than about the stock of accomplishments they possess.

A girl is put under the process of fattening when she is about twelve years of age. Her hands are tied behind her and she is seated on a carpet during so many hours every day, while her "papa" stands over her with a stick, and her mother, at times, pops into her mouth a ball of stiff maize porridge, kneaded up with grease and just large enough to be swallowed without the patient choking.

If the unfortunate girl declines to be stuffed she is compelled by torture, and gulps down the boluses, lest she should be beaten.

### Origin of a Postal Custom.

The steamship Oregon was lost off Fire Island on March 14, 1886, states the New York Sun. She was rammed by a coastwise schooner, remaining afloat for half an hour, a time which made it possible to save every person aboard. When her mail was fished up and delivered the pieces were stamped with a statement that they had been in the wreck, the first instance of a practice which is now employed by direction of the International Postal union. The credit for this simple device is believed to be due to Edward M. Morgan, at that time in a subordinate position in the New York post office, who foresaw that a few minutes' work with a rubber stamp would forestall an infinite of complaint.

### To Stop the Hurt.

We cannot prevent the little unkindnesses and selfishnesses of others from hurting, but by promptly applying the antibiotic of common sense, we can prevent them from ranking and poisoning. Because my neighbor has treated me in a manner of which he has reason to be ashamed, why should I double the injury by irritation and brooding? Let it end where it began—with the doer.—Exchange.

### LONG ISLAND AND NEW YORK

Stretch of Breeze-Swept Sand Has Been Made to Meet the Demands of Every Class.

Long Island is the safety valve and salve of New York. It is hard to see how the big city could get through a summer without this hundred miles of breeze-swept sand, which it can reach in a few minutes by bridge or tube or ferry, writes Nicksah.

It is a matter of endless admiration how Long Island has been made to meet the needs of New Yorkers of every taste and income. It has cheap beaches, where anyone may get a swim for a quarter, and exclusive beaches where \$10,000 a year is regarded as poverty. It has sport beaches full of cafes and music, and quiet beaches, where old ladies knit on shady porches. It has millionaire suburbs from which the many are ingeniously excluded; and middle-class suburbs with their neat little cottages, looking like advertisements out of paint catalogs struck primly in the middle of correct little lawns; and suburbs for those who have just enough money to get out of town in the summer. Most of these latter are situated in the lagoon district between Rockaway beach and the island proper. They stand on stilts in the shallow water. In the midst of wide green salt meadows. They are unpainted, for the most part, but toned into soft grays and purples by the sea air. They are alive with children and stout fishermen with long poles decorate all the wharves, while the narrow channels between the houses are full of rowboats and little launches. There is more picture and color in this bit of Long Island than in all the rest of it put together.

### MORE WORK FOR BUSY BEES

Artificial Comb, Patented by a Woman, Enables Larger Output by the Honey Producers.

Undoubtedly the most important invention ever produced by a woman was the machine for making artificial comb foundation for bees. The idea was originated by Frances A. Dunham, who patented the contrivance in 1881, says an exchange.

To produce material for comb building is for the bee very expensive. It uses up at least ten times as much of her gathered products, bulk for bulk, as is required for honey making. Hence the obvious economy of providing her with a ready-made comb of beeswax turned out from a machine.

Another advantage is that all the cells of the artificial comb are made of "worker" size, so that the eggs laid in them by the queen bee (the mother of the hive) produce workers only and no idle drones.

The workers build up the cell walls on the "ground-floor" pattern furnished for them, and (barring those used for brood purposes) fill them with honey. Being relieved of the bother and expense of making their own comb foundation, their output of money is proportionately augmented.

### Rings and Moons of Saturn.

The most distinctive feature of Saturn is his unique system of rings, writes Albert D. Watson in Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada. These are in the plane of Saturn's moons, with the exception of the outermost moon, which is apparently retrograde in motion. The rings consist of meteors.

From the center of the planet to the circumference of its outer ring there are, first, the 35,500 miles of the radius of Saturn. From the surface of the sphere to the inner margin of the inner rings is 6,000 miles. This, which is known as the crop ring, is 12,500 miles in width and runs into the middle ring which is 17,000 miles wide. Outside the middle ring is a space of 1,000 miles before the outer ring, 10,000 miles wide, is reached.

Saturn has ten moons, only one of which (Titan) is larger than ours. The first four, like our own and some of the moons of Jupiter, have been proven to turn always the same surface towards their primary. As no exception to this rule has been found, it is likely that it obtains in the cases of all moons.

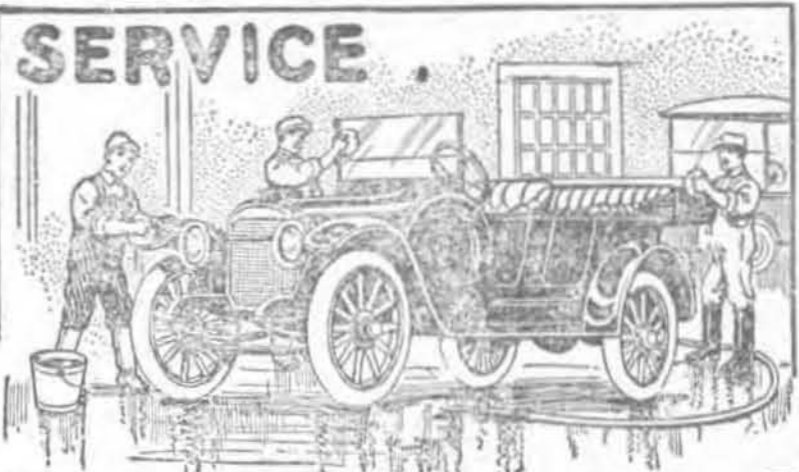
### World's Champion Speller.

Prof. David Jones, the world's champion speller, retired on a well-earned pension after scholastic teaching for 50 years in Missouri, notes an exchange. For 33 years the champion loomed an annual challenge to all comers to spell against him. Many tried to wrest from him his title, but none succeeded.

His record is 15,000 words correctly spelled straight off the reel at one sitting without a single mistake. Professor Jones defied in spelling contests heads of universities, famous teachers, scholars, authors, and professional proof-readers, and his sideboard is loaded with silver cups and other similar trophies, won all over the country at the once popular "spelling bees." With him spelling is an art, just as music or painting or sculpture is an art with others. He pounces on odd treasures a rare and difficult word as eagerly as an enthusiast does on a scarce and elusive butterfly.

### Wireless Messages.

A wireless telegraph message can be confused by one who has the same wave length as the transmitting station by sending out meaningless signals of the same wave length. A receiving set must be tuned to the same wave length as its transmitting set, when it will not take up signals of a different wave length.



### Put Your Car in Good Hands

No matter what work you may want done on your car, you can rest assured that it will be properly done if it comes to us.

THE PATAGONIA GARAGE  
PAT PATTERSON, MGR.

## SURE ???

Are you two young folks sure you won't be poor in your old age? Are you providing for it or just slipping and tripping along with no fear of the years? If you fail to be thirty old age will be chifty. This bank makes special provisions for young married folks. Husband and wife can open a "joint account" which permits either to draw out and deposit funds. It makes them SURE they won't be POOR in the evening of life.

## The First National Bank of Nogales,

Nogales, Arizona.

ASSETS OVER \$2,000,000.00

## SHOES

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Everything in Dry Goods

Come in and ask to see the goods; it doesn't cost anything to look.

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### Staple & Fancy Groceries Hardware of All Kinds

Wholesale and Retail  
MAY BE HAD AT ALL TIMES  
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Highest Market Price Paid for Hides  
WE BUY SCRAP IRON, METAL AND RUBBER  
P. O. BOX 268 NOGALES, ARIZ.

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Phones and Records  
International Drug Co.  
H. L. SCHERR, Prop. NOGALES, ARIZ. WE PAY POSTAGE ON OVER \$2



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 313 Morley Ave., Nogales

**SHOES**  
 Hats  
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**STAG BARBER SHOP**  
 Geo. Januel, Prop. - Nogales, Ariz.  
 Hot and Cold Baths

To while away your leisure hours in harmless pleasure, and enjoy good fellowship, come to

**HERB M'OUTCHAN'S**  
**PATAGONIA**  
**POOL HALL**  
**AND**  
**CIGAR STAND**  
 COLD SOFT DRINKS  
 GOOD CIGARS  
 RE-FINISHED POOL TABLES

Patagonia-Nogales

**AUTO**  
**STAGE**

Leaves Commercial Hotel, Patagonia, at 9:30 a. m.; returning, leaves Montezuma hotel, Nogales, 4:30 p. m.



**CURIOS**  
 NOVELTIES, JEWELRY, SOUVENIRS,  
 INDIAN BASKETS, MEXICAN ART,  
 CIGARS, TOBACCO, ETC.

Nothing in stock you would be ashamed to own or to present to a friend or relative.

**The Progressive**  
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Best Ventilated, Most Attractive  
 Playhouse in the Southwest

Courteous Lady Ushers Always in Attendance

High Class Entertainment in  
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 We furnish the abstracts and certificates

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IS A NEW PUNCTURE PREVENTIVE  
 and it absolutely prevents punctures in tires. 100 per cent less trouble.  
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 Distributor for Santa Cruz County, Arizona, and Sonora, Mexico

Hardware, Implements,  
 Furniture, Glassware,  
 Crockery, Rugs, Etc.

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 235-237 Morley Ave.,  
 NOGALES Drawer D ARIZONA

**NATURAL TO PAIR FOR LIFE**

Majority of Men and Women Require Warmth of Companionship, but Cynic Decries Compulsion.

There is something unhealthy and abnormal in the life of the unmarried when they have reached an age and a condition such that their impulses would lead them to marry. W. L. George writes in Harper's. The human tendency is to live in couples; there are a few rare people of strong individuality who had all they need within themselves, who, like Narcissus, can give a pure worship to their own image, but they are few, and nearly all men and women need the warmth of companionship.

Now companionship is a peculiar thing, generally not found in families. One can love one's sisters and one's brothers, but it is sometimes very difficult; one can love one's father and one's mother, but as one grows older this becomes almost impossible if one has to live with them. This because they are imposed upon one by the accident of birth; because one knows too much about them from long association, so that they cease to interest; because one knows too little about them, never having been quite frank in the presence of those common masters, the father and the mother, to whom private lives could not be revealed.

Brothers and sisters form a compulsory grouping, and that is nearly always detestable. Likewise, the association between parents and children is exquisite when the child is young and the parent venerable—only, when one is vigorous and thirty, one does not venerate the people of sixty, who have often lost their brightest faculties. A parent does not protect when he is sixty, because he cannot, because he is more likely to want protection himself. The relation between parents and children grows absurd when the children turn into men and women. It subsists on auld lang syne, on toleration tinged with impatience.

**ZOO SNAKE SWALLOWS MATE**

Boa Gulps Down Companion as Both Are Endeavoring to Feast on the Same Live Pigeon.

A snake's method of swallowing is almost automatic; the internal mechanism begins its work as soon as the reptile takes the food into its mouth. In his book, "Of Distinguished Animals," Mr. H. Perry Robinson relates an extraordinary incident that occurred a few years ago at the London zoological gardens.

The attendant put some pigeons into a cage occupied by two boas, one ten feet long, the other a foot shorter. In the night the larger snake seized a pigeon, and his mate unfortunately selected the same bird. The tip of the smaller boa's nose was drawn into the mouth of the other together with the pigeon, and after it the rest of the snake continued to go, although the eater must have been surprised at the almost intolerable length of what it had believed to be an ordinary pigeon. The next morning only one of the snakes was visible. Its enormously distended body no longer had the power of coiling, but remained stretched to its full length in a straight line, and appeared to be at least three times its normal circumference. It was almost painful to see the lightened skin, which had separated the scales all over the middle of the body. Twenty-eight days later the snake had not only digested its companion, but had regained its appetite as well as its normal size, and it immediately swallowed a pigeon put into its den.

**The Youthful Bed Slat.**

All sane men and women of decidedly mature years would, if asked how old was the use of slats in beds, reply that it was as ancient as beds themselves. The older folks would recall the four-post couches with the rope meshes that supported the ticks, and would answer that slats must have come in about a century ago. They would together only furnish additional proof of the additional shortness of the public memory. Because, he it known, the inventor of these supports just recently died in this city at the age of seventy-three years, says Cincinnati Enquirer. It was only about forty years ago that he designed the bed that rendered useless the old cords and permitted the use of the now almost universal pad or box mattress. Corded beds are now as obsolete as the saber-toothed tiger or the pterodactyl. Couches of this variety, venerable with years, still exist as show pieces, but their owners have surreptitiously substituted slats and supports for the ropes and pegs. In short, they are shams. There are other familiar utilities just as young-toothbrushes, for example. The grandfathers who slept on the cords never dreamed of a detachable linen collar, nor the grandmothers of "ulster silk" stockings made of cotton chemically treated.

**Your Mental Attic.**

We are living in a new age. We use the materials grown in the past for the erection of present structures, observes a writer. But the method of building changes with the age. Instead of the old lumber, men use iron and steel. Instead of crumbling bricks and uncertain firing, they use cement and stone. To build for the future you must use the best that science approves. You will need your attic for new tools and new storage. And to be modern the storage must be temporary. Long holdings are unprofitable. The oftener you can turn your possessions the better the income. Your mental attic follows the same rule.

**POPE PLAYS JOKE ON ARTIST**

Quotes Bible Verse to Verify Genuineness of Portrait of Himself Executed by an American Painter.

Pope Benedict is known to have a keen sense of humor. It has lately been expounded upon an American resident in Rome who thinks himself a portrait painter, says a Rome correspondent.

This gentleman, with the best intentions, asked the pope for permission to paint his portrait, which would later grace the walls of the Vatican, alongside of the masterpieces of the universe.

The pope granted the request, but stipulated that he should give only one sitting, and that the portrait should be finished by help of photographs.

The portrait was finished recently. The artist found it so good that he longed to have it shown first in America, lest his fellow citizens should reproach him for hiding such a work of art in Italy, without giving them a chance of admiring his genius. To this the pope graciously agreed. But the artist went further.

As there are so many spurious portraits of the pope, would his holiness write a few lines to prove to skeptical Americans that the artist had really painted the masterpiece? The pope promised a few words in a few days.

They arrived. To the painter's astonishment—and chagrin—they proved to be from the Gospel of St. Matthew, chapter 14:27. They ran: "It is I; be not afraid."

**PRICES DURING CIVIL WAR**

Sugar \$58 a Barrel, Rice \$31.35 a Barrel, Tobacco, Tea and Coffee Much Higher Than Now.

High as prices are, it may be some consolation to know that they are still below the Civil war records: Sugar then sold for \$58 a barrel, rice at \$31.35 a barrel, tobacco at more than double the present price, and tea at over \$199 for a 25-pound chest as compared with the present price of about \$20. Coffee was then four times as high as it is at present, says Leslie's.

If the difficulty in getting hold of sugar makes the American people realize we are at war, and inspires in them a willingness to follow Mr. Hoover's suggestions as to economizing in the use of certain foods, it will have accomplished some good.

While complaining of food scarcity, it is well for our people to know how little food others have. The German ration contains 41 of a pound of body building protein as compared with 1.08 in the standard ration. The German ration is not sufficient to maintain bodily health and vigor, but the civil population in the occupied districts of France and Belgium have to exist on even less than this.

**Funds for Liza Jane.**

A long row of husbands sat in a mess hall and a sergeant was on the other side of the table with papers in front of him from which he from time to time read extracts, recites the New York Times.

"Are you married?"  
 "I was married, but I ain't now."  
 "Wife dead?"  
 "No, she ain't dead, but we had a mutual separation."  
 "Any divorce?"

"No, sir, I could not pay for a divorce, but it is all husted up 'tween us. Please don't put her name down."

Her name did go down, and Liza Jane will be established when the next month rolls around and Uncle Sam hands her out \$15, with a little memorandum to the effect that this is an allotment from her husband, and a little extra thrown in to help her and the children, if she has any. That is not all. If he dies in battle, she gets \$4,500, or possibly more.

**Sufficient Unto the Day, Etc.**

When a father decided that his son needed application of the god, he informed the boy that punishment was not far off and went into the yard to cut a switch, says Indianapolis News. When he returned the boy was gone. He searched and did not find. Then he called his wife and both of them searched. They searched low but not high, for if they had cast their eyes aloft they would have seen that the boy had climbed a telephone pole and was safely out of harm's way for the time being. A neighbor spied him and gave away his whereabouts. The boy sought a compromise, saying he would come down at a declaration of peace and no sooner. The compromise was finally effected on the promise that the next time he needs a whipping he will get one twice as hard as is needed, to make up for the one he missed.

**A Romping Heavens.**

"Mamma," said Bobby, "does the Lord love little children?"  
 "Oh, yes, indeed," replied mamma.  
 "And does he like to romp with them?"  
 "Rompe with them? What put that idea into your head, Bobby?"  
 "My Sunday-school teacher says that whosoever the Lord loveth he chaseth."

**That Funny Feeling.**

Little Bobby had been visiting lately at a place where they have a big swing, which is highly popular with the rising generation. When he returned home his father asked him:  
 "Well, Bobby, did you swing in the big swing?"  
 "Yes, a little, papa. But it made my head ache in my stomach so that I had to stop."

**PATAGONIA BARBER SHOP**  
 WM. FESSLER, Prop. Children's Hair Cutting  
 Shop Closed on Sunday  
**AGENT TUCSON-STEAM LAUNDRY**  
 Laundry sent on Monday, returned Saturday.

A. F. KERR, President. R. E. BUTLER, Cashier. W. H. LAND, Vice-President.

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 CAPITAL \$50,000.00

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Transacting a General Banking Business in Nogales, Santa Cruz County, Arizona.

DIRECTORS: W. J. Neuman, S. Leeker, A. F. Kerr, J. E. Wise, J. A. Harrison, W. H. Land.

Merchandise of all kinds costs more now than formerly, but we are still selling goods at the lowest possible margin of profit

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Dealer in  
 GENERAL HAY AND  
 MERCHANDISE GRAIN  
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**MR. MOTORIST!**  
 WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT CORD TIRES?  
 Do you know that "FEDERAL" Cord Tires ride easier, coast further, last longer, and save more gasoline than any other cord tire on the market today?  
 If you do not know these things write or call on us and be convinced.

**Roy & Titcomb,**  
 (Incorporated)  
 Automobile Accessory Department  
 Nogales, Arizona.  
 "If It's a Federal It's Right"

One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home appointment for the traveling public is the

**COMMERCIAL HOTEL**  
 PATAGONIA, ARIZONA  
 Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby.  
 Dining Room in connection

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**PENDERGRASS' AMUSEMENT PARLOR**



# King of the Khyber Rifles

By  
Talbot Mundy

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A Story That Combines the Thrill of Modern Detective Fiction With the Romance of Arabian Nights Tales

## CHAPTER XVII—Continued.

Morning looks down into Khyber hours after the sun has risen, because the peepers shut it out. But the peaks on every side are very beacons of the range at the earliest peep of dawn. In silence they watched day's herald touch the peaks with rosy jeweled fingers—she waiting as if she expected the marvel of it all to make King speak.

It was cold. She came and snuggled close to him, and it was so they watched the sparkle of dawn's jewels die and the peaks grow gray again, she with an arm on his shoulder and strands of her golden hair blown past his face.

"Of what are you thinking?" she asked him at last.

"Of India, princess."  
"What of India?"  
"She lies helpless."  
"Ah! You love India?"  
"Yes."

"You shall love me better! You shall love me better than your life! Then, for love of me, you shall own the India you think you love! This letter shall go!" She tapped her bosom. "It is best to cut you off from India first. You shall lose that you may win!"

She got up and stood in the gap, smiling mockingly, framed in the darkness of the cave behind.

"I understand!" she said. "You think you are my enemy. Love and hate never lived side by side. You shall see!"

Her hands slipped into his, soft and warm; her eyes fastened on his and held them. As if she did so King sank, like a sack half-empty and toppled over sideways on the floor asleep.

He neither dreamed nor was conscious of anything, but slept like a dead man, having fought against her mesmerism harder than he knew.

Statesmen, generals, outlaws, all make their big mistakes and manage to recover. Very rarely always it is an apparently little mistake that does most damage in the end, something unnoticeable at the time, that grows in geometrical proportion, minus instead of plus.

Yasmin made her little mistake that minute in believing King was utterly mesmerized at last and utterly in her power. Whereas in truth he was only weary. It may be that she gave him orders in his sleep, after the accepted manner of mesmerists; but if she did, they never reached him; he was far too fast asleep. He slept so deep and long that he was not conscious of men's voices, nor of being carried, nor of time, nor of anxiety, nor of anything.

## CHAPTER XVIII.

When King awoke he lay on a comfortable bed in a cave he had never yet seen, but there was no trace of Yasmin, nor of the men who must have carried him to it. He had no idea how long he had slept. It did not matter. He had probed Khyber caves, and knew the whole purpose for which the lawless thousands had been gathering and were gathering still. Remained, to thwart that purpose. He began at the beginning, where he stood.

Behind him in a corner at the back of the cave was a narrow fissure, hung with a leather curtain, that was doubtless the door into Khyber's heart; but the only way to the outer air was along a ledge above a dizzy precipice, so high that the huge waterfall looked like a little stream below. He was in a very eagle's nest; the upper rim of Khyber's gorge seemed not more than a quarter of a mile above him.

Round the corner, ten feet from the entrance, stood a guard, armed to the teeth, with a rifle, a sword, two pistols and a long curved Khyber knife stuck handy in his girdle. As he looked, a little procession of women, led by a man, came up the ledge. The man was armed, but the women were burdened with his own belongings—the medicine chest—his saddle and bridle—his unfurled mat—pack. They came past the dumb man on guard and laid them all at King's feet just inside the cave.

He smiled, with that genial, face-transforming smile of his that has so often melted a road for him through sullen crowds. But the man in charge of the women did not grin. He was suffering. He growled at the women, and they went away like obedient animals, to sit half-way down the ledge and await further orders. He himself made as if to follow them, and the dumb man on guard did not pay much attention; he let women and man pass behind him, stepping one pace forward toward the edge to make more room. That was his last entirely voluntary act in this world.

With a suddenness that disarmed all opposition the other humped himself against the wall and bucked into the dumb man's back, sending him, weapons and all, hurtling over the precipice to the caverns into which the water tumbled thousands of feet away. The other ruffian spat after him, and then walked back to where King stood.

"Now heal me my ills!" he said, grinning at last, doubtless from pleasure at the prospect. He was the same man who had stood on guard at the "guest-cave" when Ismail led King

out to see the Cavern of Earth's Drink. The temptation was to fling the brute after his victim. The temptation always is to do the wrong thing—to cap wrath with wrath, injustice with vengeance. That way wars begin and are never ended. King beckoned him into the cave, and bent over the chest of medical supplies. Then, finding the light better for his purpose at the entrance, he called the man back and made him sit down on the box.

The business of lancing boils is not especially edifying in itself; but that particular minor operation probably saved India. But for hope of it the man with the boils would never have stood two turns on guard hand running and let the relief sleep on; so he



"Thou Liest! It was My Men Who Got the Head That Let Thee In! Else Why Art Thou Here?"

would not have been on duty when the message came to carry King's belongings to his new cave of residence. There would have been no object in killing the dumb man, and so there would have been an expert with a loaded rifle to keep Muhammad Anim lurking down the trail.

Muhammad Anim came—like the devil, to scotch King's faith. He had followed the women with the loads. He stood now, like a big bear on a mountain track, swaying his head from side to side six feet away. King jumped, nearly driving the lance into a new place in his patient's neck.

"Let him go!" growled Muhammad Anim. "Go, thou! Stand guard over the women until I come!"

The mullah turned a rifle this way and that in his paws, like a great bear dancing. The very Orakzal Pathan who had sat next King in the Cavern of Earth's Drink, was creeping up behind the women and already had his rifle leveled at the man with boils.

"Aye!" said the mullah, watching King's eyes. "He has done well, and the road is clear!"

The man with boils offered no fight. He dropped his rifle and threw his hands up. In a moment the Orakzal Pathan was in command of two rifles, holding King from among the women, whom he seemed to regard as his plunder too. The women appeared supremely indifferent in any event. King nodded back to him. A friend is a friend in the "Hills," and rare is the man who spares his enemy.

"None comes to earn a living in the 'Hills,'" growled the mullah, swaying his head slowly and devouring King with cruel calculating eyes. "Why art thou here?"

"I slew a man," said King. "Thou liest! It was my men who got the head that let thee in! Speak! Why art thou here?"

But King did not answer. The mullah resumed.

"He who brought me the message yesterday says he has it from another, who had it from a third, that thou art here because she plans a simultaneous rising in India, and thou art from the Punjab where the Sikhs all wait to rise. Is that true?"

"Thy man said it," answered King. "Then hear me!" said the mullah. "Listen, thou." But he did not begin to speak yet. He tried to see past King into the cave and to peer about into the shadows.

"Where is she?" he asked. "Her man Rewa Gunga went yesterday, with three men and a letter to carry down the Khyber. But where is she?"

So he had slept the clock round! King did not answer. He blocked the way into the cave and looked past the mullah. The Orakzal Pathan crouched among the women, and the women grinned. The mullah stared into King's face, with the scrutiny of a trader appraising loot. Fire leaped up behind his calculating eyes. And without a word passing between them, King knew that this man as well as Yasmin was in possession of the secret of the Sleeper. Perhaps he knew it first; perhaps she snatched the keeping of the secret from him. At all events he knew it and recognized King's likeness to the Sleeper, for his eyes betrayed him. He began to stroke

his beard monotonously with one hand. The rifle, that he pretended to be holding, really leaned against his back and with the free hand he was making signals.

King knew well he was making signals. But he knew too that in Yasmin's power, her prisoner, he had no chance at all of interfering with her plans. Having grounded on the bottom of impotence, so to speak, any tide that would take him off must be a good tide. He pretended to be aware of nothing, and to be particularly unaware that the Pathan, with a rifle in each hand, was pretending to come casually up the path.

In a minute he was covered by a rifle. In another minute the mullah had lashed his hands. In five minutes more the women were loaded again with his belongings and they were all half-way down the track in single file, the mullah bringing up the rear, descending backward with rifle ready against surprise, as if he expected Yasmin and her men to pounce out any minute to the rescue.

They entered a tunnel and wound along it, stepping at short intervals over the bodies of three stabbed sentries. The Pathan spurred them with his heel as he passed. In the glare at the tunnel's mouth King tripped over the body of a fourth man and fell with his chin beyond the edge of a sheer precipice.

They were on a ledge above the waterfall again, having come through a projection on the cliff's side, for Khyber is all rat-runs and projections, like a sponge or a borer's nest on a titanic scale.

They soon reached another cave, at which the mullah stopped. It was a dark ill-smelling hole, but he ordered King into it and the Pathan after him on guard, after first seeing the women pile all their loads inside. Then he took the women away and went off muttering to himself, swinging his right arm as he strode, in a way few natives do.

"Let us hope he has forgotten these!" the Pathan grinned, touching the pile of rifles. "Weight for weight in silver they will bring me a fine price! He may forget. He dreams. For a mullah he cares less for meat and money than any I ever saw. He is mad, I think. It is my opinion Allah touched him."

"What is that, under thy shirt?" King asked.

The Pathan grinned, and undid the button. There was a second shirt underneath, and to that on the left breast were pinned two British medals.

"Oh, yes!" he laughed. "I served the raj! I was in the army eleven years." "Why did you leave it?" King asked, remembering that this man loved to hear his own voice.

"Oh, I had furlough. I knifed a man this side of the border. It was no affair of the British. But I was seen, and I entered this place. It is a devil of a place."

"Now the art of ruling India consists not in treading barefooted on scorpions—not in virtuous indignation at men who know no better—but in seeking for and making much of the gold that lies ever amid the dross. There is gold in the character of any man who



"What is Under Thy Shirt?" King Asked.

once passed the grilling tests before enlistment in a British-Indian regiment. It may need experience to lay a finger on it, but it is surely there.

"I heard," said King, "as I came toward the Khyber in great haste (for the police were at my heels)—"

"Ah, the police!" the Pathan grinned pleasantly. The inference was that at some time or other he had left his mark on the police.

"I heard," said King, "that the sarkar has offered pardons to all deserters who return."

"Hah! But thou art a hakim, not a soldier!"

"True!" said King.

"In India I earned my salt. I obeyed the law. There is no law here in the

'Hills.' I am minded to go back and seek that pardon! It would feel good to stand in the ranks again, with a stiff-necked sahib out in front of me, and the thunder of the gun-wheels going by. The salt was good! Come thou with me!"

"The pardon is for deserters," King objected, "not for political offenders."

"Haugh!" said the Pathan, bringing down his flat hand hard on the hakim's thigh. "I will attend to that for thee. I will obtain my pardon first. Then will I lead thee by the hand to the karnal sahib and lie to him and say, 'This is the one who persuaded me against my will to come back to the regiment!'"

"Thou art a dreamer!" said King. "Untie my hands; the thong cuts me."

The Pathan obeyed.

"Dreamer, am I? It is good to dream such dreams. By Allah, I've a mind to see that dream come true! I never slew a man on Indian soil, only in these 'Hills.' I will go to them and say, 'Here I am! I am a deserter. I seek that pardon! Truly I will go! Come thou with me, little hakim!'"

"Nay," said King. "I have another thought. You who were seen to slay a man, and I who am a political offender, do not win pardons so easily as that. They would hang us unless we came bearing gifts."

"Gifts? Has Allah touched thee? What gifts should we bring? A dozen stolen rifles? A bag of silver? And I am the dreamer, am I?"

"Nay," said King. "I am the dreamer. There are others in these 'Hills'—others in Khyber who wear British medals!"

"The Pathan nodded. 'Hundreds. Men fight first on one side, then on the other, being true to either side while the contract lasts. In all there must be the makings of many regiments among the 'Hills.'"

King nodded. He himself had seen the chieftains come to parley after the Tirah war. Most of them had worn British medals and had worn them proudly.

"If we two," he said, speaking slowly, "could speak with some of those men and stir the spirit in them and persuade them to feel as thou dost, mentioning the pardon for deserters and the probability of bonuses to the time-expired for re-enlistment; if we could march down the Khyber with a hundred such, or even with fifty or with twenty-five or with a dozen men—we would receive our pardon for the sake of service rendered."

"Good!"

The Pathan thumped him on the back so hard that his eyes watered.

"We would have to use much caution," King advised him, when he was able to speak again.

"Aye! If Bull-with-a-beard got wind of it he would have us crucified. And if she heard of it—"

He was silent. Apparently there were no words in his tongue that could compass his dread of her revenge. He was silent for ten minutes, and King sat still beside him, letting memory of other days do its work—memory of the long, clean regimental lines, and of order and decency and of justice handed out to all and sundry by gentlemen who did not think themselves too good to wear a native regiment's uniform.

"In two days I could do the drill again as well as ever," he said at last. Then there was silence again for fifteen minutes more. "I could always shoot," he murmured; "I could always shoot."

When Muhammad Anim came back they had both forgotten to replace the lashing on King's wrists, but the mullah seemed not to notice it.

"Come!" he ordered, with a sideways jerk of his great ugly head, and then stood muttering impatiently while they obeyed.

They marched downward through interminable tunnels and along ledges poised between earth and heaven, until they came at last to the tunnel leading to the one entrance into Khyber caves. Just before they entered it two more of the mullah's men came up with them, leading horses. One horse was for the mullah, and they helped King mount the other, showing him more respect than is usually shown a prisoner in the "Hills."

Then the mullah led the way into the tunnel, and he seemed in deadly fear. The echo of the hoof-beats irritated him. He eyed each hole in the roof as if Yasmin might be expected to shoot down at him or drench him with boiling oil and hurried past each of them at a trot, only to draw rein immediately afterward because the noise was too great.

It became evident that his men had been at work here too, for at intervals along the passage lay dead bodies. Yasmin must have posted the men there, but where was she? Each of them lay dead with a knife wound in his back, and the mullah's men possessed themselves of rifles and knives and cartridges, wiping off blood that had scarcely cooled yet.

When they came to the end of the tunnel it was to find the door into the mosque open in front of them, and twenty more of Muhammad Anim's men standing guard over the eyeless mullah. They had bound and

gagged him. At a word from Muhammad Anim they loosed him; and at a threat the hairless one gave a signal that brought the great stone door sliding forward on its oiled bronze grooves.

Then, with a dozen jests thrown to the hairless one for consolation, and an utter indifference to the sacredness of the mosque floor, they sought outer air, and Muhammad Anim led them up the Street of the Dwellings toward Khyber's outer ramparts. They reached the outer gate without incident and hurried into the great dry valley beyond it. As they rode across the valley the mullah thumbed a long string of beads. Unlike Yasmin, he was praying to one god; but he seemed to have many prayers. His back was a picture of determined treachery—the backs of his men were expressions of the creed that "he shall keep who can." King rode all but last now and had a good view of their unconsciously vaulted blackguardism. There was not a hint of honor or tenderness among the lot, man, woman or mullah. Yet his heart sang within him as if he were riding to his own marriage feast!

Last of all, close behind him, marched his friend, the Orakzal Pathan, and as they picked their way among the howlers across the mile-wide mont the two contrived to fall a little to the rear. The Pathan began speaking in a whisper and King, riding with lowered head as if he were studying the dangerous track, listened.

"She sent her man Rewa Gunga toward the Khyber with a message," he whispered. "He took a few men with him, and he is to send them with the message when they reach the Khyber, but he is to come back. All he went for is to make sure the message is not intercepted, for Bull-with-a-beard is growing reckless these days. He knew what was doing and said at once that she is treating with the British, but there were few who believed that."

There are more who wonder where she hides while the message is on its way. None has seen her. Men have swarmed into the Cavern of Earth's Drink and bowled for her, but she did not come. Then the mullah went to look for his ammunition that he stored and sealed in a cave. And it was gone. It was all gone. And there was no proof of who had taken it!

"Hakim, there be some who say—and Bull-with-a-beard is one of them—that she is afraid and hides."

"His men say he is desperate. His own are losing faith in him. He snatched thee to be a bait for her, having it in mind that a man whom she hides in her private part of Khyber must be of great value to her. He has sworn to have thee skinned alive on a hot rock should she fail to come to terms!"

## CHAPTER XIX.

The march went on in single file until the sun died down in splendid fury. Then there began to be a wind that they had to lean against, but the women were allowed no rest.

At last at a place where the trail began to widen, the mullah beckoned King to ride beside him. It was not that he wished to be communicative, but there were things King knew that he did not know, and he had his own way of asking questions.

"D—hakim!" he growled, "Till-man! Poulitcer! That is a sweeper's trade of thine! Thou shalt apply it at my camp! I have some wounded and some sick."

King did not answer, but buttoned his coat closer against the keen wind. The mullah mistook the sullen for one of another kind.

"Did she choose thee only for thy face?" he asked. "Did she not consider thy courage? Does she love thee well enough to ransom thee?"

Again King did not answer, but he watched the mullah's face keenly in the dark and missed nothing of its expression. He decided the man was in doubt—even racked by indecision.

"Should she not ransom thee, hakim, thou shalt have a chance to show my men how a man out of India can die! By and by I will lead thee a messenger to send to her. Better make the message clear and urgent! Thou shalt state my terms to her and plead thine own case in the same letter. My camp lies yonder."

He motioned with one sweep of his arm toward a valley that lay in shadow far below them. As they approached it the rock clove in two and became two great pillars, with a man on each. And between the pillars they looked down into a valley lit by fires that burned before a thousand hide tents, with shadows by the hundred fitting back and forth between them. A dull roar, like the voice of an army, rose out of the gorge.

"More than four thousand men!" said the mullah proudly.

"What are four thousand for a raid into India?" sneered King, greatly daring.

"Wait and see!" growled the mullah; but he seemed depressed.

He led the way downward, getting off his horse and giving the reins to a man. King copied him, and partway found their way along the dry bed of a water-course between two spurs of a hillside, until they stood at last in the

midst of a cluster of a dozen sentries, close to a tamarisk to which a man's body hung spiked. That the man had been spotted to it alive was suggested by the body's attitude.

Without a word to the sentries the mullah led on down a lane through the midst of the camp, toward a great open cave at the far side, in which a bonfire cast fitful light and shadow. Watchers sitting by the thousand tents yawned at them, but took no particular notice.

The mouth of the cave was like a lion's, fringed with teeth. There were men in it, ten or eleven of them, all armed, squatting round the fire.

"Get out!" growled the mullah. But they did not obey. They sat and stared at him.

"Have ye tents?" the mullah asked, in a voice like thunder.

"Aye!" But they did not go yet.

One of the men, he nearest the mullah, got on his feet, but he had to step back a pace, for the mullah would not give ground and their breath was in each other's faces.

"Where are the bombs? And the rifles? And the many cartridges?" he demanded. "We have waited long, Muhammad Anim. Where are they now?"

The others got up, to lend the first man encouragement. They leaned on rifles and surrounded the mullah, so that King could only get a glimpse of him between them. They seemed in no mood to be treated cavalierly—in no mood to be argued with. And the mullah did not argue.

"Ye dogs!" he growled at them, and he strode through them to the fire and chose himself a good, thick burning brand. "Ye sons of nameless mothers! Then he charged them suddenly, bending them over head and face and shoulders, driving them in front of him, utterly reckless of their rifles.



"So Thou Art to Ape the Sleeper in His Bronze Mail, Eh!"

His own rifle lay on the ground behind him, and King kicked its stock clear of the fire.

"Oh, I shall pray for you this night!" Muhammad Anim snarled. "What a curse I shall beg for you! Oh, what a burning of the bowels ye shall have! What a sickness! What running of the eyes! What sores! What boils! What sleepless nights and faithless women shall be yours! What a prayer I will pray to Allah!"

They retreated into outer gloom before his rage, and then came back to kneel to him and beg him withdraw his curse. He kicked them as they knelt and drove them away again. Then, allhaunted in the cave mouth, with the glow of the fire before him, he stood with folded arms and dared them about.

After five minutes of angry contemplation of the camp he turned on a contemptuous heel and came back to the fire, throwing on more fuel from a great pile in a corner. There was an iron pot in the embers. He seized a stick and stirred the contents furiously, then set the pot between his knees and ate like an animal. He passed the pot to King when he had finished, but fingers had passed too many times through what was left to it and the very thought of eating the mess made his gorge rise; so King thanked him and set the pot aside.

"Thou! 'That is thy place!' Muhammad Anim growled, pointing over his shoulder to a ledge of rock, like a shelf in the far wall. But though he was allowed to climb up and lie down, he was not allowed to sleep—nor did he want to sleep—for more than an hour to come.

The mullah came over from the fire again and stood beside him, glaring like a great animal and grumbling to his beard.

"Does she surely love thee?" he asked at last, and King nodded, because he knew he was on the trail of information.

"So thou art to ape the Sleeper in his bronze mail, eh? Thou art to come to life, as she was said to come to life, and the two of you are to plunder India? Is that it?"

CO BE CONTINUED



## Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada  
CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY  
TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed, first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## GERMANS TAKE NIKOLAYEV CITY

DUTCH YIELD TO AMERICAN AND  
BRITISH DEMANDS AND WILL  
TURN OVER SHIPS.

## JAPAN STILL UNDECIDED

PRESIDENT WILSON EXPECTED  
TO DEFINE STAND ON SLAV  
SITUATION IN ADDRESS.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London, March 18.—The Germans have occupied Nikolayev, in addition to Odessa, according to a flier dispatch from Petrograd. Both Odessa and Nikolayev were taken without fighting. The fleet at Odessa had fled to Sebastopol. The Germans immediately suppressed the Soviets in both cities and seized the naval yards at Nikolayev. The German advance continues in the direction of Kherson. The first train direct from Berlin arrived at Odessa Saturday.

The Hague.—After a cabinet council lasting into the night, the government cabled to London a message which, according to reliable information, probably will lead to satisfactory conclusion of the shipping difficulty. An Amsterdam dispatch on Saturday said it had been learned on excellent authority that the Dutch government had accepted the demand of the entente allies relating to the use of Dutch ships in the danger zone.

Washington.—Eighty-five names, including those of nine officers—one killed in action, one in an accident and seven slightly wounded—were contained in the casualties list issued Saturday by the War Department.

Moscow.—The all-Russian Congress of Soviets has ratified the peace agreement with Germany by a large majority. The opposition, notably the Social Revolutionaries of the left, made a valiant, but futile, effort to prevent the acceptance of the treaty, which was characterized by the minister of justice as being "anti-revolutionary and anti-Socialistic."

He stated that the Social Revolutionary party repudiated the responsibility for the acceptance of the treaty, would resign from the government and devote all its power and influence to the organization of armed resistance to German imperialism.

Washington.—First intimations from official sources that President Wilson might soon make a statement bearing on the Russian debacle came Saturday when it was stated that the President in his close study of the situation has got to the point where he is thinking of such a course.

There is no official indication of the medium the President will choose or when he will choose it, but it is generally believed that as usual he will direct his statement to the world through an address to a joint session of Congress.

Premier Terachi and Foreign Minister Motono told parliament at Tokio nothing had been decided upon with reference to the Siberian situation. The military situation has reached a state of perfected preparedness.

McAdoo Issues Plea to Labor. Washington.—Secretary McAdoo called on American labor not to object if the nation's war policy of conserving credit results in curtailing building operations, but to seek some other kind of employment if necessary, as a patriotic duty.

## NEW ARMY FACES AMERICANS.

Twelve Teuton Flyers Brought Down in Battle.

Paris, March 18.—Active artillery fighting on the Verdun front and in the Woevre is reported in the official communication. The text of the statement reads: "There was intermittent activity by the artillery on the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) and in the Woevre. A German raid in the sector of Pilreay was repulsed. A German raid in Lorraine was repulsed, and a large number of bombs have been dropped by French aviators.

Interesting possibilities are suggested by the revelation in Saturday's German official statement that a new German army group has been created on the front in northern France.

A British air squadron bombed Zweibrucken says the British official report on aviation. The report says: "Twelve hostile machines were brought down and seven others were driven down out of control. None of our machines is missing."

The British casualties reported for the week ending March 16 numbered 2,562.

## Cohen Found Guilty as Nolan Robber.

Denver.—Philip Cohen, Fort Morgan fruit merchant, was convicted by a jury in the District Court at Brighton of having robbed Mrs. Irene Nolan, wife of Harry T. Nolan, of \$3,400 worth of diamonds at the Model roadhouse on the morning of Jan. 2, while she was with the Rev. G. J. Burke.

## Cyclone Destroys Australian City.

Brisbane, Australia.—Most of the houses in Innisfail have been demolished by a cyclone.

**His Armless Joke.**  
That all misfortune is only relative is indicated by the philosophy of the armless man who, for many years, has been carrying "copy" from a downtown news agency to the uptown newspapers at night. An editor on his way to his midnight luncheon had washed his hands when he discovered that the towel was missing. As the armless "copy" carrier passed he heard the editor say something more forceful than elegant. "You ought to be like me, and then you wouldn't need any towel," said the armless one, laughing contentedly.—New York Times.

**Better Than His Press Agent.**  
"George Washington was a most truthful man."  
"I have always thought so. An evidence of his truthfulness is the fact that he never gave any personal endorsement whatever to that cherry tree story."

If a man would have a good mother-in-law it is up to him to make good.

## Five Bottles Peruna Restored Me To Complete Health



I Have  
Been In  
The Best  
Of Spirits  
Since, And  
Feel That I  
Owe My  
Health To  
Peruna

Mr. C. N. Peterson, dealer in fine boots, shoes and cigars, 132 E. Main St., Council Bluffs, Ia., writes: "I cannot tell you how much good Peruna has done me. Constant confinement in my store began to tell on my health and I felt that I was gradually breaking down. I tried several remedies prescribed by my physician, but obtained no permanent relief until I took Peruna. I felt better immediately and five bottles restored me to complete health. I have been in the best of spirits since, and feel that I owe my health to it."  
Our booklet, telling you how to keep well, free to all. The Peruna Co., Columbus, Ohio.  
Those who object to liquid medicines can now procure Peruna Tablets.

## Swift & Company Publicity

At a recent hearing of the Federal Trade Commission there was introduced correspondence taken from the private files of Swift & Company, which showed that the Company had been considering for some time an educational advertising campaign.

The need for this publicity has been apparent to us for several years. The gross misrepresentation to which we have recently been subjected has convinced us that we should no longer delay in putting before the public the basic facts of our business, relying on the fair-mindedness of the American people.

The feeling against the American packer is based largely on the belief that the income and well-being of the producer and consumer are adversely affected by the packers' operations, resulting in unreasonably large profits.

Swift & Company's net profit is reasonable, and represents an insignificant factor in the cost of living.

For the fiscal year 1917 the total sales and net profit of Swift & Company were as follows:

Sales  
**\$875,000,000.**

Profits  
**\$34,650,000.**

This is equivalent to a \$3,465. profit on a business of \$87,500.



If Swift & Company had made no profit at all, the cattle raiser would have received only one-eighth of a cent per pound more for his cattle, or the consumer would have saved only one-quarter of a cent per pound on dressed beef.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

**As Age Advances the Liver Requires**  
occasional slight stimulation.  
**CARTER'S  
LITTLE LIVER PILLS**  
correct  
**CONSTIPATION**  
Genuine  
brand  
signature  
*Beutlood*

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Great in its Good Work

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

**HORSE SALE DISTEMPER**  
You know that when you sell or buy through the sales you have about one chance in fifty to escape SALE DISTEMPER. "SPOHN'S" is your true protection, your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat all your horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed." 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 dozen bottles, at all good druggists, horse goods houses, or delivered by the manufacturers.  
**SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Colver, Ind., U.S.A.**

Talks Too Much.  
"Sir, you do me a great wrong to call me an addlepat. You have no scientific instrument for gauging my brain power."  
"I don't need a scientific instrument for that purpose, sir. You have an instrument yourself that gives you away."  
"What is that?"  
"Your tongue."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Their First Mention.  
Bobby, for once, expressed great interest in the sermon. "Fancy flying machines being mentioned in the Bible!" he said.  
"But are they?"  
"Why, didn't the vicar say Esau sold his heirship to his brother Jacob?"—Stray Stories.

**LEMON JUICE IS  
SKIN WHITENER**

CHEAP HOME-MADE BEAUTY LOTION TO REMOVE TAN, FRECKLES, SALLOWNESS.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach a darkened skin and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener and beautifier. Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and mix two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to whiten rough, red hands.—Adv.

Shock.  
"At the restaurant the other night George asked Miss Wrink how she would like a little wild duck."  
"What did she answer?"  
"She changed color, and said, 'Oh, this is so sudden!' and fainted."

It is a pessimistic cuss indeed who does not expect that the future will be as kind as the past.

Peru was the first country to add instruction in aviation to its public school curriculum.

**BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP**

will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insuring a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in building up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

**Important.**  
"The turnover is vital to successful merchandising."  
"In that case," said the baker, "maybe I'd better put more turnovers in the oven."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Some men seem to have married in order to secure a victim to listen to their troubles.

**Nerves All Unstrung?**

Nervousness and nerve pains often come from weak kidneys. Many a person who worries over trifles and is troubled with neuralgia, rheumatic pains and backache would find relief through a good kidney remedy. If you have nervous attacks, with headaches, backaches, dizzy spells and sharp, shooting pains, try Doan's Kidney Pills. They have brought quick benefit in thousands of cases.

**A Colorado Case**

Mrs. A. P. Cerny, 1013 Ninth Ave., Longmont, Colo., says: "My back caused me a lot of distress, especially when I did any heavy housework. I also had headaches that blurred my sight until I could hardly see. As soon as I started taking Doan's Kidney Pills the pain left my back and the other troubles disappeared. I am sure Doan's have cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

**Inflammation and Swellings**  
of all kinds in livestock can be quickly reduced by using Dr. DAVID ROBERTS' Antiseptic Poultice. One package makes ten pounds of Poultice.

Read the Practical Home Veterinarian book for free booklet on abortion in cows. If no dealer in your town, write Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**  
A toilet preparation of merit. Tones to straggling strands. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

**American Dollar Flag**

Run fast, rain proof, 3x5 ft. 6 feet long, double-stitched sewed stripes; free delivery by parcel post on receipt of ten dollar price. \$1.50 including pole, ball and guy-ropes. \$2.50. Send for free catalogue of flags and decorations. We make more and better flags than any other concern in the world. Prices same as before the war.  
**AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.**

Require for the  
**Wilson Never Break Trace**  
Guaranteed  
**J. H. WILSON  
SADDLERY CO.  
DENVER**

**STOP YOUR COUGHING**  
Noneed to let that cough persist. Stop the irritation, and remove tickling and hoarseness, by relieving the inflamed throat with  
**PISO'S**

**Too Much.**  
A playwright and an actor were in conversation when the former, who has been none too successful of late, exclaimed gloomily:  
"People will praise my work after I am dead."

"Well," said the actor, in a consoling tone, "perhaps you are right, but don't you think it's a great deal of sacrifice to make for a little praise?"  
—Everybody's Magazine.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Bag Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All crocers. Adv.

**Too True.**  
Ellen—"Cheer up, old top, you'll get her yet."  
Lee—"You're always looking on the dark side."—Panther.

In New Zealand the men outnumber the women by many thousands.

**Good Subject.**  
"What are that couple over at your dinner table scuffling about?"  
"I think, sir, they're fighting over the war bread."

**Important to Mothers**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Wm. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

**Quite a Record.**  
The Gulf stream is more rapid than the Amazon, more impetuous than the Mississippi, and its volume more than 1,000 greater.

New Hampshire was the first state to establish a railroad commission.

**Of Course.**  
"He entered the aviation corps."  
"Wanted a chance to rise quickly, I presume?"

**FRECKLES**  
Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles as the prescription within—double strength—guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

The man with a good appetite never wastes time speculating on the elements of war bread.

## How to Make Oatmeal Bread

Healthful to Eat—Saves the Wheat

- |   |                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1 cup flour                                 | 1 cup cooked oatmeal or rolled oats |
| 1 1/2 cups corn meal                        | 2 tablespoons shortening            |
| 1 teaspoon salt                             | 1 1/2 cups milk                     |
| 5 teaspoons Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder | No eggs                             |
| 2 tablespoons sugar                         |                                     |

Sift together flour, corn meal, salt, baking powder and sugar. Add oatmeal, melted shortening and milk. Bake in greased shallow pan in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

This wholesome bread is easily and quickly made with the aid of

## Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

If used three times a week in place of white bread by the 22 million families in the United States, it would save more than 900,000 barrels of flour a month.

New Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes", containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free.

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER, 1013 Independence Boulevard, Chicago**

## FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR



Santa Cruz Patagonian

HOWARD KEENER - Editor and Owner.

Subscription Rates table with columns for One Year, Six Months, and Three Months.

Entered at the postoffice at Patagonia, Arizona, as second class mail matter.

Light Best Suited to Eyes. Recent investigations into the kind of light best suited to the eyes have important practical significance.

Agriculture in France. The French government has undertaken to supply the depleted ranks of the farmers and to give assistance to the amateur farmer by means of a correspondence course.

At the Tombs of the Kings. A Syrian maid dipped her water jar into the muddy well in the corner of the great square where sleep the nobles and kings of Jerusalem.

"The well is swimming with dangerous microbes," said a doctor who was touring the Holy Land.

"We have drunk the water for years," replied the maid piously.

"Have any of your family died from typhoid?" went on the doctor, giving the girl a kindly smile.

"Yes, two brothers and one sister, but many die of typhoid in the city."

"As I suspected. Why not go to the river for water?"

"The journey is long and I have much service to perform at home."

"Then, you must boil the water before you use it for drinking."

The maid laughed. Whoever heard of boiling water before drinking it? She looked at the doctor and asked if he had had sunstroke.

Then the doctor laughed, and replied that he was a doctor.

At the mention of that word the girl bowed to the stranger and said that she would do as the doctor had told her. A doctor had once saved her father's life.

Sorrow and Sympathy. Adam Bede had not outlived his sorrow—and not felt it slip from him as a temporary burden, and leave him the same man again.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, March 2, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Frank T. Berry, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on April 18, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 624711, for W1/2SW1/4, Section 5, N1/2E1/4, Lots 3 and 4, NE1/4SW1/4, SE1/4NW1/4, Section 6, Township 20 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 22nd day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Herman F. Young, Edward E. Black, Charles O. Patman, all of Elgin, Arizona; Alton T. Lowe, of Sonoita, Arizona. JOHN L. IRVIN, Register. 1st pub. March 22—5th pub. April 19.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Harry W. Casson, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on July 15, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 625348, for W1/2SW1/4, NE1/4SW1/4, SW1/4SW1/4, Section 17, and on December 15, 1915, made Additional Homestead Entry, No. 629033, for SW1/4SW1/4, SE1/4SW1/4, Section 17, Township 20 S., Range 17 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 1st day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Frank G. Geiger, George J. White, Richard T. Fossett, George W. Grayne, all of Sonoita, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. March 1—5th pub. March 29.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Marquis L. English, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on March 27, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 629991, for N1/2NW1/4, Section 14, and N1/2NE1/4, Section 15, Township 20 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 1st day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Gabriel P. Woodard, George J. White, John H. Colyer, Richard T. Fossett, all of Sonoita, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Nellie L. Barrett, widow of Marcus Barrett, deceased, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on March 28, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 617660, for Lots 1 and 2, N1/2SW1/4, Section 35, Township 20 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 2nd day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Rudolph R. Collier, Michael T. Lavelle, William H. Collier, Albert L. Hanson, all of Elgin, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

DRIVING RIVETS SLOW WORK

Not Only That, but Enormous Number of Them Are Needed in a Steel Ship.

The largest single item in the labor of fabricating a steel ship is in the riveting of her hull; therefore the driving of rivets is taken as a standard of size and of progress by most of the shipbuilders. To build a 10,000-ton ship a week means the driving of about 650,000 rivets in that time.

Riveting, despite all the inventions devised to speed it up, remains hand work and slow work. A riveting gang consists of two men and two boys—the riveter, his "holder," the passer boy and the heater boy. The gang drives from 300 to 375 rivets in the course of a ten-hour day and is fired at the end of it. But when you know that it takes four men all of a working day to drive an average of a little less than 350 rivets, you can begin to see the full size of the labor problem of driving at least 650,000 rivets a week necessary to turn out a 10,000-ton ship at the end of that length of time.

Look at the matter from another angle, writes Edward Hunsford in Harper's. Ten ships a week—the tremendous program for 1918 to which we stand committed—means 6,500,000 rivets a week. And the rivet capacity of our five greatest yards—with a total working force of 50,000 men at the end of 1917—was but 1,250,000 rivets a week. And riveting represents only about 20 per cent in the construction of a ship.

RAISE MISCHIEF WITH WIRES

Remarkable Effect of Aurora Borealis on the Telegraph Wires of the Country.

When the aurora borealis, or "northern lights," pay us a visit there is trouble on all the telegraph and telephone lines. The reason for this seems to be that the aurora borealis, which is really an unusual electric emanation from the sun, sets up abnormal earth currents. The strength of these currents has been measured many times and found to have a potential varying between 425 volts positive and 225 volts negative and a resistance of about 2,000 ohms.

Donald McNeal, assistant electrical engineer of the Postal Telegraph company, who has given much study to this subject, made an official report in 1892, quoted in the Electrical Experimenter, in which he described the effects of earth currents on the ten Atlantic cables then in existence. Most affected was that from Great to Mifflin Island, and the disturbances were greater at the western than at the eastern end, so that often St. Louis could send messages to Great but could not receive any.

Long cables were more affected than short ones, southerly ones more than northerly ones, and the abnormal currents seemed to travel mostly from east to west. Sometimes the earth currents are so strong that they injure the condensers. But they are most erratic in their nature and behavior.

The First Romanoff.

Romanoff is the name of the Russian imperial dynasty regnant in the male line from 1613 to 1793, and thenceforward in the female line. Constant intermarriages with German princely houses, however, have made the Romanoff strain of today more German than Russian. Nay; the oldest ancestor of the house of Romanoff, Andrew Kobyla, is said to have come to Moscow from Prussia (1641). The name Romanoff was given to the family by the boyar Roman Yurievitch, the fifth of direct descent from Andrew, who succeeded in getting a female member of his family on the throne of the czars by marrying his daughter to Ivan the Terrible. In February, 1613, Mikhail Fedorovich Romanoff, a boy of seventeen, was proclaimed czar, grand duke and autocrat of all the Russias in the Red square of Moscow. With this accession to the throne of the famous, or rather ill-famed, dynasty began a 204 years' misrule that—let us hope—has ended forever with the forced abdication of Czar Nicholas, in March, 1917.

Feel Growing Plants.

Scientists have found the way to make the sun shine, as it were, upon agriculture. They charge the soil with electricity and the crops, fooled into believing that the sun is shining, commence to grow at a rapid pace. There is no deception about the results of this experiment, which are hailed as an achievement of vast importance in these days of war when the production and conservation of food are so tremendously vital.

In experiments that have been conducted under the auspices of the English government young strawberry plants are said to have increased in yield by 50 per cent, and even odd plants are reported to have given 30 per cent more fruit. Potatoes can easily be persuaded, scientists claim, into the belief that a charge of electricity is genuine sunshine, as a result of which they forthwith grow prodigiously.

MAKE WAR ON ONION MALADY

Strong Efforts Going On to Stamp Out Disease That Is Known as Neckrot.

To combat neckrot—a destructive storage rot of onions—in various localities of the United States, the United States department of agriculture next season is to assist growers in testing a method of controlling the disease with the hope of putting the method on a practicable basis for commercial use. Specialists of the department will be assigned to the districts affected to advise farmers and to help in the installation and equipment of necessary structures.

The districts known to be infected include the principal onion-growing centers in Massachusetts, Connecticut, Ohio, Indiana, Delaware, Wisconsin and Oregon. The disease occurs in other states also. Losses of from 25 per cent to 75 per cent in white onions have been recorded in the vicinity of Chicago and in northern Indiana. Red and yellow onions are not attacked so seriously as the white variety.

The disease known as neckrot is caused by a fungus. The parasite enters the wounded neck of the bulbs at harvest time and gradually rots the scales until they become dried up and worthless. Of the control measures that have been tried, artificial drying of the onion sets in crates just after harvest has given the best results. The object of this method is to cure the necks as soon as possible, and thus check the fungus before it enters the flesh scales. In various lots treated recently the rot was reduced from 41 per cent to 1 per cent; from 47 per cent to 7 per cent; from 53 per cent to 7 per cent, and from 92 per cent to 10 per cent.

RAILROADS USE MUCH COAL

Require Almost Twenty-Five Per Cent of the Total Output of the Country.

Figures compiled by C. E. Leshar of the United States geological survey show that 120,000,000 tons of bituminous coal, 6,725,000 net tons of Pennsylvania anthracite and 22,050 tons of coke were used by the railroads in the United States in 1916. The increase in the quantity of bituminous coal used by the railroads in 1916 was 14,000,000 tons, which was 11.5 per cent more than 1915. The increase in the consumption of anthracite by the railroads was but 535,000 net tons, or 8.5 per cent. There was an increase in railroad consumption of nearly 4,000,000 tons of coal from Illinois and 4,800,000 from West Virginia. The quantity of coal from Pennsylvania used by the railroads decreased nearly 3,000,000 tons.

The quantity of bituminous coal used by the railroads in the eastern district increased from 57,530,000 to 62,700,000, or 11 per cent. The increase in the Southern district was from 22,000,000 to 23,900,000, or 5.1 per cent, and in the Western district, from 43,500,000 to 50,000,000, or 15 per cent. The total quantity of bituminous coal used by the railroads was about 27 per cent of the total production as against 28 per cent in 1915. The Pennsylvania anthracite used by the railroads in 1916 was 7.7 per cent of the total anthracite produced and the combined bituminous and anthracite need 14,775,000 tons, was 21 per cent of the output, the same as in 1915.

Making Life Worth While.

To increase your earning capacity, you must be an energetic, live specimen of humanity. You should be thrubbing with surplus power. You should possess a degree of strength that will give you confidence and courage and endurance. Then you can go on day after day, relieves a writer, adding to your skill and knowledge and power in your profession. And when you have climbed to the highest point on any sphere of endeavor, you will be ready to look around for other work, and continue to experience the delights that come only with the daily struggle, required for the attainment of the objects one has in view. Do not forget the value of systematic effort. Do not waste your energies. Intelligent direction is all important. Perse, to be of value, must be applied at the proper place. Effort, to be productive of reward, must be directed by superior intelligence.

Made the Account Even.

"There's nothing like reptiles," said a recruiting officer. "A subordinate sent a doctor the other day a \$10 box of chums, saying he knew they hadn't been ordered, but they were so excellent he was sure the doctor would enjoy them. Bill included. Terms strictly cash."

"The doctor wrote back: 'Delighted with the chums. Though it is true you haven't called me in, I venture to send you herewith two prescriptions for rheumatism and dyspepsia, respectively, that I am sure you will like, as they have given universal satisfaction to my patients. My charges being \$3 for prescription, we are now quits.'"

Effective Shells.

Controversy has long raged regarding the actual men-killing power of the big guns. It has been claimed that \$20,000 worth of big shells must be fired to kill one of the enemy. Perhaps it is true that an enormous amount of steel must be hurled by the big guns to insure fatalities. Yet the actual number of men killed on all sides by artillery fire probably runs into the millions.

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL

Frank J. Duffy E. R. Pardon

Duffy & Pardon ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

NOGALES ARIZONA

STORAGE BATTERY WORK

NOGALES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

Bowman Mercantile Company Dealer in HAY AND GRAIN

HOTEL BURTON

NOGALES, ARIZONA

GOING TO NOGALES?

When hungry, you just naturally start for the best food served here.

KING'S CAFE

Formerly, the New England Kitchen

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 16, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Willbur (Wesley) L. of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on April 24, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 621749, for SW1/4NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4, NE1/4SW1/4, Section 9, Township 20 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 1st day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: James J. White, John Colyer, Charles Brant, George Grayne, all of Sonoita, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Nellie L. Barrett, widow of Marcus Barrett, deceased, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on March 28, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 617660, for Lots 1 and 2, N1/2SW1/4, Section 35, Township 20 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 2nd day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Rudolph R. Collier, Michael T. Lavelle, William H. Collier, Albert L. Hanson, all of Elgin, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

This Is the Only Place

to get

Periodicals and Magazines

Candies, Lunches, Toys, Hot and Cold Drinks

Peerless Parlors

McIntyre & Lamm, Props.

THE OWL SAYS:

Boys, we have a rifle of the Badger Fight. It is the skin of the ferocious badger. Come in and lamp it.

The owl weather is good for the farmers, consequently it is good for the Owl in the long run.

Don't forget that mail orders are given prompt and careful attention. Send us your prescriptions.

If you feel all run down and weak try a little of Owl and watch the results. It will completely overhaul you.

The Owl carries a full line of one station shells, landings and cotton.

Physicians, we have a good quantity of Fish vaccine.

These early morning "Owl" bits at night the Owl soda clerks are ready. Come in and join the "Owl" things. Our clerks love to wait.

Don't blame us for this one, it was sent in by Joe Bush, the motor head.

"Have you seen, Al?" "At what?" "Alcohol. Remember this last night but he ain't been since Gasford against a lamp post and took a bath."

The finest box chocolates in Nogales are sold at the Owl.

Come to the Owl and rest awhile. Our soda bottles are exciting. Our beverages are delicious.

Prescriptions brought to the Owl will be filled promptly and accurately. No matter on what drug store your prescription is written bring it to the Owl.

Do your bit with "Owl" bits. Buy a "Owl" Stamp at our cigar counter.

Everybody tells us the slogan: "BUSINESS IS GOOD."

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

Halls and Dolson

Owners—Owl Drug Store

NOGALES ARIZONA

WANT ADS.

One cent a word each insertion. No charge less than 25 cents.

LOST—Pair of eye-glasses, in a case. Liberal reward will be paid for their return to R. R. Richardson, Patagonia Commercial Company. Stif

FOR SALE—Single jerks, picks, shovels, mule bells, and machine drill; all at cost—ten things prove. Inquire at the Patagonia office.

FOR SALE—Paroled Plymouth Road-holy chicks, pigs and young turkeys require at this office.

FOR SALE—A good work and brood mare and a 25-inch single-disc plow but little used. For prices write Frank T. Berry, Elgin, Ariz.

NOTICE TO MINE OWNERS—To fully protect yourself from liability for indebtedness contracted by your lenders, you should publish your "Notice of Non-Liability," usually called "Mine Warning," notice in Santa Cruz Patagonian. The rates are low. Inquire.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 16, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Willbur (Wesley) L. of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on April 24, 1914, made Homestead Entry, No. 621749, for SW1/4NW1/4, NW1/4SW1/4, NE1/4SW1/4, Section 9, Township 20 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 1st day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: James J. White, John Colyer, Charles Brant, George Grayne, all of Sonoita, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Marquis L. English, of Sonoita, Arizona, who, on March 27, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 629991, for N1/2NW1/4, Section 14, and N1/2NE1/4, Section 15, Township 20 S., Range 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 1st day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Gabriel P. Woodard, George J. White, John H. Colyer, Richard T. Fossett, all of Sonoita, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

LEGAL ADVERTISING. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, February 15, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Nellie L. Barrett, widow of Marcus Barrett, deceased, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on March 28, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 617660, for Lots 1 and 2, N1/2SW1/4, Section 35, Township 20 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. B. & Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. F. Christmann, U. S. Commissioner, at Sonoita, Arizona, on the 2nd day of April, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Rudolph R. Collier, Michael T. Lavelle, William H. Collier, Albert L. Hanson, all of Elgin, Arizona. J. L. IRVIN, Register. First pub. Mar. 1—5th pub. Mar. 29.

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